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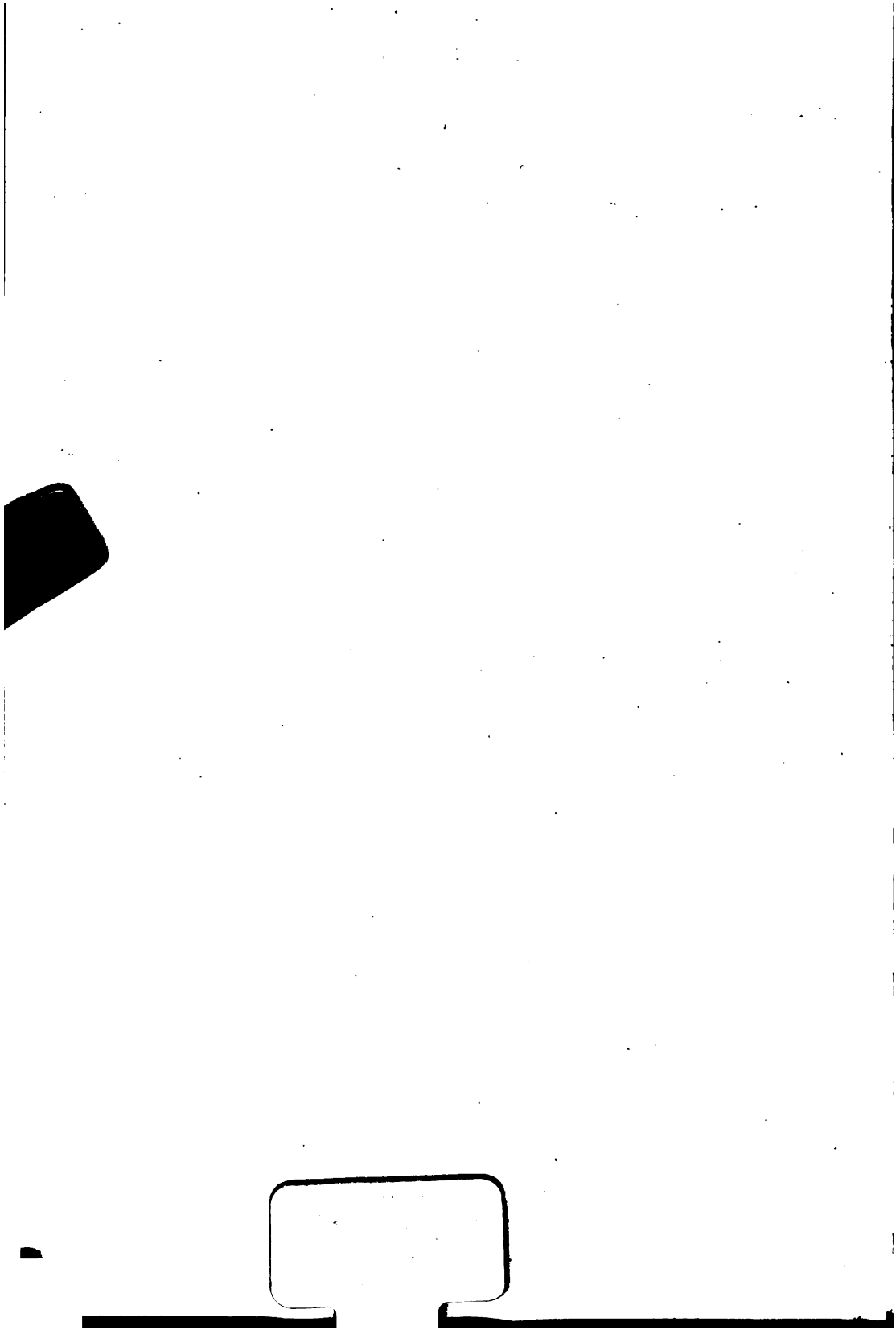
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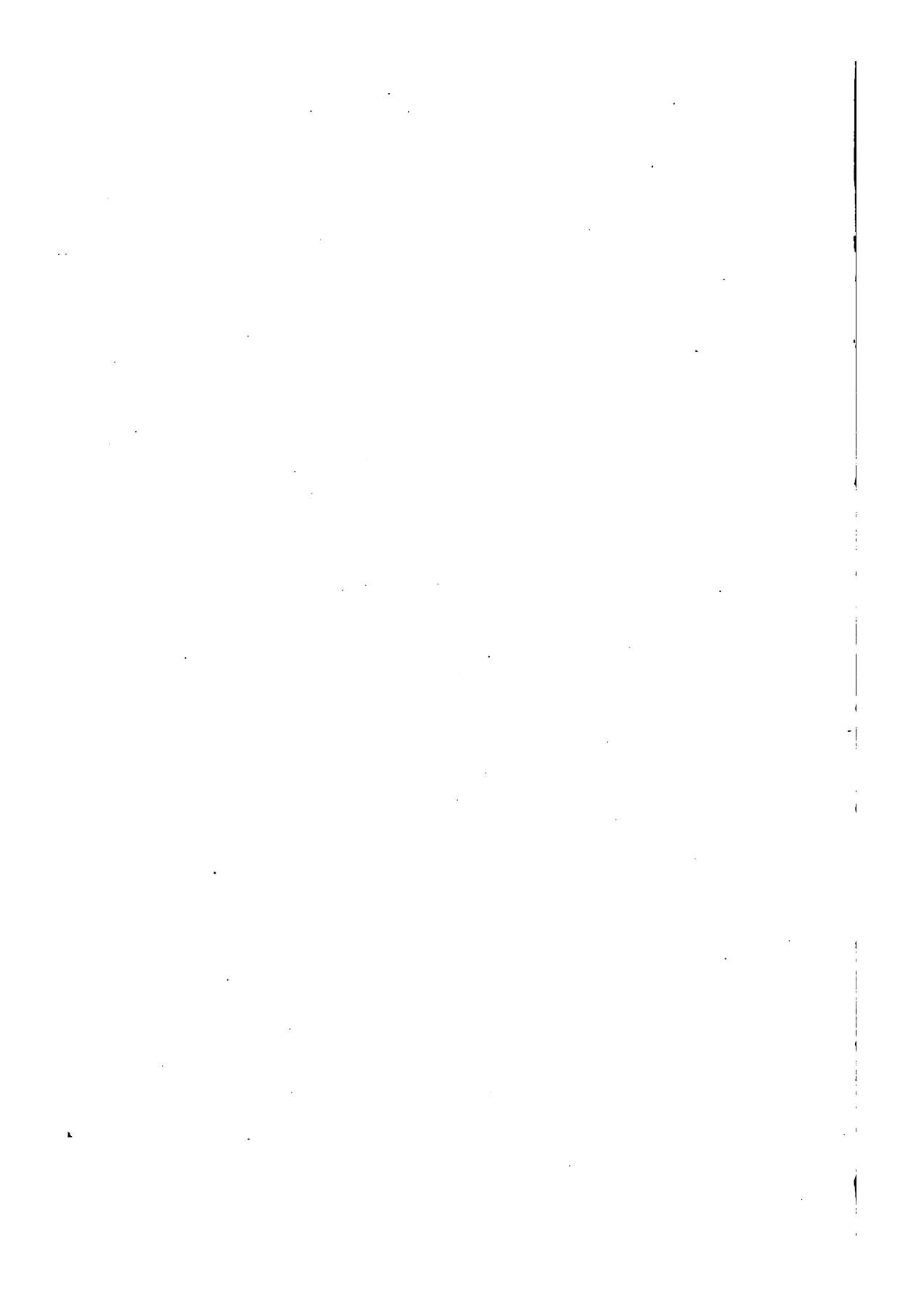
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THIRD BIENNIAL REPORT

OF THE

State Board of Control

OF

Wisconsin Reformatory, Charitable and
Penal Institutions,

FOR THE

Two Fiscal Years Ending September 30, 1896.



MADISON, WISCONSIN:
DEMOCRAT PRINTING COMPANY, STATE PRINTER,
1896.

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MEMBERS AND OFFICERS OF THE BOARD.

CLARENCE SNYDER, ASHLAND,
Term expires April 15, 1897.

JAMES E. HEG, LAKE GENEVA,
Term expires April 15, 1898.

RICHARD GUENTHER, OSHKOSH,
Term expires April 15, 1899.

WILLIAM P. LYON, MADISON,
Term expires April 15, 1900.

*** LEMUEL ELLSWORTH, MILWAUKEE,**
Term expires April 15, 1901.

* Mr. Ellsworth was succeeded by E. R. PETHERICK, of Milwaukee, February 19, 1897.

PRESIDENT,
JAMES E. HEG.

VICE-PRESIDENT,
RICHARD GUENTHER.

SECRETARY,
D. S. COMLY, MADISON.

TABLE OF CONTENTS.

	Page.
Report of the board.....	1
Tables accompanying report of the board.....	37
County quotas in the hospitals.....	46
State Hospital—	
Report of the superintendent.....	49
Statement of current expenses.....	75
Northern Hospital—	
Report of the superintendent.....	85
Statement of current expenses.....	110
School for the Deaf—	
Report of the superintendent.....	123
Statement of current expenses.....	151
School for the Blind—	
Report of the superintendent.....	161
Statement of current expenses.....	173
Industrial School—	
Report of the superintendent.....	183
Statement of current expenses.....	209
State Prison—	
Report of the warden.....	219
Statement of current expenses.....	255
State Public School—	
Report of the superintendent.....	267
Statement of current expenses.....	280
County insane asylums and insanity statistics.....	289
Pauperism and poorhouse statistics.....	331
County jails and jail statistics.....	339
Police stations	346

LOCATION OF STATE INSTITUTIONS AND COUNTY ASYLUMS.

State Hospital for Insane.....	Mendota
Northern Hospital for Insane.....	Winnebago
School for Deaf.....	Delavan
School for Blind.....	Janesville
Industrial School for Boys.....	Waukesha
State Prison.....	Waupun
State Public School.....	Sparta
Home for Feeble-Minded.....	Chippewa Falls
Milwaukee County Hospital.....	Wauwatosa
House of Correction.....	Milwaukee
Industrial School for Girls.....	Milwaukee
Veterans' Home.....	Waupaca
Brown county asylum.....	Green Bay
Chippewa county asylum.....	Chippewa Falls
Columbia county asylum.....	Wyocena
Dane county asylum.....	Verona
Dodge county asylum.....	Juneau
Dunn county asylum.....	Menomonie
Fond du Lac county asylum.....	Fond du Lac
Grant county asylum.....	Lancaster
Green county asylum.....	Monroe
Iowa county asylum.....	Dodgeville
Jefferson county asylum.....	Jefferson
La Crosse county asylum.....	West Salem
Manitowoc county asylum.....	Manitowoc
Marathon county asylum.....	Wausau
Milwaukee county asylum.....	Wauwatosa
Outagamie county asylum.....	Appleton
Racine county asylum.....	Racine
Richland county asylum.....	Richland Center
Rock county asylum.....	Janesville
St. Croix county asylum.....	New Richmond
Sauk county asylum.....	Reedsburg
Sheboygan county asylum.....	Sheboygan
Vernon county asylum.....	Viroqua
Walworth county asylum.....	Elkhorn
Winnebago county asylum.....	Oshkosh

REPORT
OF THE
STATE BOARD OF CONTROL.

OFFICE OF THE STATE BOARD OF CONTROL,
MADISON, Wis., November, 1896.

HON. WILLIAM H. UPHAM, Governor of Wisconsin:

In compliance with law, the State Board of Control of charitable, reformatory and penal institutions has the honor to present to you, for the use of the legislature, its third biennial report, for the two years ending September 30th, 1896.

In April, 1895, the legislature repealed the organic law by which the original Board of Control was created and by Chapter 202, Laws of 1895, made a new Board of five instead of six members. The method of auditing accounts was changed and the payment of bills was made directly from the state treasury instead of through the local treasurer of the state institutions as heretofore.

In compliance with this law, you appointed as members of the Board Hans B. Warner, for the five years' term; Richard Guenther, for four years; James E. Heg, for three years; Clarence Snyder, for two years, and Lemuel Ellsworth, for one year, Mr. Warner and Mr. Snyder having been members of the old Board.

The new Board organized on April 15th, 1895, by the election of Hans B. Warner as president and D. S. Comly, secretary.

On Tuesday morning, the 18th of August, 1896, the Board was plunged into deep grief on account of the death of President Warner, at his home in Ellsworth, after an illness of only

General Report of the Board.

one week. The State Board of Control desires to record in these annals of the State its profound sense of loss in the death of Hans B. Warner. There are many good men in the State, and not a few able officials, but it is seldom that so wise, so true, so honest and capable a man finds his way into that very department of the public service for which he is especially adapted. He was considerate, courteous, sympathetic, but at the same time just and courageous. Suffering of every kind touched his heart, and he strove to alleviate it, but he was, above all, a practical man who lent himself to no visionary schemes. Under all the circumstances, the State Board of Control records its conviction that in the death of Hans B. Warner the State has suffered a greater loss than almost any other death could have inflicted, while the poor, the heavy laden and the imprisoned lost a friend who was always deeply interested in their welfare.

On August 31, 1896, Hon. William P. Lyon, of Madison, was appointed to fill the vacancy caused by the death of Mr. Warner, and with this exception the personnel of the Board remains as when organized.

The State Board of Control has, as its first duty, the maintenance of the state reformatory, charitable and penal institutions, which are eight in number:

The State Hospital for the Insane at Mendota.

The Northern Hospital for the Insane at Winnebago.

The Industrial School for Boys at Waukesha.

The State Prison at Waupun.

The School for the Deaf at Delavan.

The School for the Blind at Janesville.

The State Public School for Dependent Children at Sparta.

The Home for the Feeble-minded at Chippewa Falls.

Your Board has also supervision over all other charitable and correctional institutions, caring for crime, pauperism, disease and insanity. In a state so large as Wisconsin such institutions are necessarily numerous, and differ widely in accommodations and necessities. From a prison for hardened criminals to homes

General Report of the Board.

for the aged and for orphans there is a wide range, within which every degree of suffering may be found. To govern so many state institutions, caring for every phase of human affliction, to advise those who have the management of all the other institutions referred to, so that the best methods shall be adopted for the care and treatment of every inmate, requires much anxious thought and no little study.

To visit and inspect the three semi-state institutions, the twenty-three county asylums for the chronic insane, the sixty-six county jails, the fifty poor-houses, the two-hundred and more village and city lock-ups, and all the private charitable institutions, has involved many thousands of miles of travel and has occupied much valuable time, that could far better have been spent by the Board in more thoroughly acquainting itself with the needs of Wisconsin, and its conditions and methods in comparison with those of other states, and in formulating such policies and changes as existing imperfections or omissions of the present charitable and correctional system of the state make important. The work of the Board is essentially one of education and demonstration. The Board desires to be thoroughly useful to the state. How then, can it accomplish this function to the best advantage, when it is compelled by law to spend a large portion of its time and energies in visiting little village lock-ups which are seldom used except as shelters for tramps?

The Board respectfully submits that this work, which is not without its peculiar importance, can be best done by an inspector appointed for the purpose, who should work under the direction of the Board and whose inspections should have the same force in law as if made by a member of the Board. We would therefore urge that the legislature authorize the Board to appoint an inspector of the minor charitable and penal institutions, at a salary not to exceed \$1,500.00 a year and actual traveling expenses, such inspector to report to the Board and work wholly under its direction.

General Report of the Board.

In this connection we may state that for the first time in the history of the state, so far as can be learned, every institution of a charitable or correctional nature in Wisconsin has been visited by the Board during the past year; all of the twenty-three county asylums for the chronic insane have been visited each quarter, and other semi-state institutions as the law requires. We will refer to these institutions later.

The Board is directly responsible for the maintenance and management of the eight state institutions. It has been its endeavor to visit each one weekly, so that by careful inquiry into their needs, by a study of the sociological conditions and the economic questions involved in their conduct, by a comparison of them with similar charities in other states, these institutions, which have cost the people of Wisconsin so many dollars, might be brought fully up to the standard of the best thought and administration of the times. We believe that we speak wholly within the bounds of fact when we say that the state institutions of Wisconsin, in the kind and condition of buildings, in essential equipment, in conscientious and intelligent management, in thoroughness of the work done and in the *results accomplished*, have never been better than they are to-day, and, taken as a whole, are surpassed by those of no other state in the Union, and are equalled by but few.

The Board takes pleasure, therefore, in inviting the most thorough inquiry into their condition and management, assured that such inquiry will develop the fact that public funds have been judiciously, wisely and conscientiously expended, and that in every instance the maximum of benefit has been secured at the minimum of cost.

The Board has recognized the great financial depression that has rested upon the whole country, and has insisted that in this emergency the burdened tax-payer should always be remembered, and the strictest economy practiced, consistent with its full duty to the defective, dependent and delinquent classes with which it has to deal. While the Board has thus insisted upon rigid

General Report of the Board.

economy in the management of the affairs of the various institutions, nothing has been denied to any of them necessary to the proper discharge of their functions, and economy has not been obtained at the cost of the comfort or orderly condition of the inmates. The dietary in each has been improved on the most enlightened lines; liberal expenditures have been made in repairs and renewals, new features have been introduced whenever the efficiency of the institutions seemed to require them, new furniture has taken the place of that worn out; improved machinery has been supplied wherever needed, new methods have been adopted where the Board was satisfied that they were valuable and practical and not merely the theories of professional reformers.

In short, it has been the policy of the Board, within the bounds of true economy, to furnish for all these institutions whatever enlightened public opinion would commend and a truly liberal policy would dictate. The state has a character and dignity to uphold, which is nowhere more manifest than in the condition of its public institutions.

The general appropriations made by the legislature have proved sufficient for the biennial period, except at the state prison, and there will be a surplus in each of the other institutions. At the state prison, there was a deficiency two years ago of \$30,000.00. The legislature was shown that the conditions that caused that deficiency were likely to continue and an amount was asked for sufficient to cancel the then existing deficiency and provide adequate means during the biennial period. Instead, however, of granting this request, an appropriation was made sufficient to wipe out the deficiency and only enough to cover the actual expenses for one year, the argument being that as the Board had created a deficiency in the prison biennium it might as well do so again. This is an exceedingly dangerous course to establish, because it compels the Board to exercise one of the functions of the legislature and because there is always the temptation before a board, knowing the numerous needs of every institution, to reason, that so long as it is abso-

General Report of the Board.

lutely necessary to create a deficiency, it might as well get enough while doing so to cover the purchase of things badly needed but not absolutely necessary.

The legislature can estimate very closely as to the probable expenses of any institution for two years, and the appropriation, if made in accordance with such estimates, would not be exceeded except under the direst necessity.

In July of this year the Board was obliged to ask for a credit of \$40,000.00 to provide for an expected unavoidable deficiency at the state prison. This amount will not be exhausted before the end of the appropriation year. At each of the other institutions there will remain unexpended balances at the close of the terms for which their respective appropriations were made.

The annexed tabular statements will give the exact cost of maintaining each institution during the biennial period, together with other interesting data connected therewith.

THE INSANE.

The most humane, generous and scientific care of the insane, compatible with that economy rightly due to the tax-payers, is the problem vexing the philanthropic mind in every state. Wisconsin, however, seems to have come nearer to solving the question than any other commonwealth. Its system of caring for all the insane is unique but very simple. The so-called "Wisconsin System" is being carefully investigated by sociologists and alienists from many other states and it is not unknown in Europe.

The fundamental principle of this system is that the energies of the state hospitals for the insane shall be devoted to the cure of the curable. When a person has been declared insane he is sent to one of the state hospitals, where every effort known to science is made for his cure. So long as there is any hope that

General Report of the Board.

hospital treatment can benefit either the mind or the body of the patient he is kept at the hospital, but when it is felt that there is no hope for his recovery, the patient is transferred to that one of the twenty-three county asylums for the care of the chronic insane nearest to his home and friends.

These county asylums are under state supervision. The State Board of Control makes such rules and regulations for these institutions as are deemed necessary and it is only by careful compliance with these rules that the counties can obtain payment from the state for the care of the insane, at the rate of \$1.50 per week for each inmate.

One of the first acts of this Board was to transfer to the county asylums all patients in the state hospitals certified to be chronic and deemed eligible. Numerous patients known to be incurable had been kept at the hospitals for years simply because they were capable of doing considerable work.

In this way the hospitals were overcrowded and unable to properly care for the newer and acute cases possibly curable. The unimprovable cases were transferred in order that the state institutions might be, what the law evidently intended they should be, hospitals, in the fullest sense of the word, for the attempted cure of the new cases of insanity. Of course, in sending away the insane able to do considerable work, the cost per capita was increased, as the same expense at least was necessary, while the population was lowered. And moreover the remaining population comprised the most violent, disturbed and filthy classes. The superintendents were instructed to employ every known and approved method in the cure of these cases. Numerous new features in the way of baths, dietary, schools, entertainments of a musical and literary character, have been introduced. The results have been gratifying to the highest degree. Never in the history of these institutions have so many patients been returned to their homes, cured or improved, as during the past year. The people of Wisconsin may well take pride in the fact that the hospitals

General Report of the Board.

for the insane in this state are recognized all over the land as at the very front for scientific and progressive interest and investigation in the problems of practical psychiatry and results accomplished.

Much has been done in the line of material repairs and renewals, old leaky roofs have been repaired, floors have been re-laid, the buildings have been repainted inside and outside, new carpets have taken the place of old, worn and discarded coverings. In short, never before have the buildings and furnishings been in better or more complete condition than at present. If they are not allowed to deteriorate, a small sum annually spent will now keep them in excellent order; but it is false economy to postpone a needed repair, as has been too often done, in order to make a better financial showing to the legislature. The Board of Control believe they are trustees for the people and that it is their duty to care for the property of the people with the same care that they would bestow on their own individual possessions.

In short, in its care of the insane it has been the policy of the Board, to take a large and common-sense view of its duties, and not one narrow and pedantic. It has tried to be progressive, willing to follow scientific progress and ready to adopt the lessons of experience. It has kept entirely within the sums appropriated by the legislature and purchases have been made on the same basis that they would be made by the average provident householder in buying for himself.

It has been the custom since the organization of the state hospitals to permit the general public to visit the hospital wards at stated hours. From careful observation, however, we are satisfied that the indiscriminate visiting of the public to hospitals for the insane is productive of harm to the inmates. The majority of visitors are mere sightseers and curiosity seekers, and do not appreciate the object the state has in view in the establishment of such institutions. A change would be heartily approved by the Board.

General Report of the Board.

STATE HOSPITAL FOR THE INSANE.

The state hospital is now under the management of Dr. William B. Lyman, recently of Galesville, who succeeded Dr. John B. Edwards as superintendent on July 1st, 1895. He has proved a valuable man, being progressive and enterprising, a ripe scholar, an excellent business manager and a successful physician. He has inaugurated many improvements.

During his term of office the number of new admissions has been considerably larger than ever before in the history of the institution, the number admitted during the last year being 391, while for the year ending Sept. 30th, 1895, the number was 364. This is nearly 20 per cent. larger than during any other two years of the hospital. As will be seen by the tables of statistics, the percentage of recoveries has also been much larger than during any previous period.

One of the best improvements at this hospital was in establishing an infirmary for the sick and bed-ridden. Heretofore all these were kept on the general wards with the noisy, the violent and the filthy. New furnishings for the wards have taken the place of the ragged, worn-out carpets and curtains, much painting has been done and in general the building is now in first-class repair.

Considerable trouble has been experienced with the boilers, which are 17 years old and in such condition that they must continually undergo repair. This is not only expensive, but there is positive danger in the use of these old boilers. Automatic stoker furnaces were attached last year and have proved very successful, both in a decreased amount of fuel required and in the ability to use cheaper grades of coal. Large improvements have also been made in the laundry and considerable new machinery and appliances have been added.

Capt. Chas. A. Carter, of Milwaukee, is the efficient steward of this institution and to his excellent business judgment is due much of the credit for the good financial showing made.

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General Report of the Board.

The detailed report of the superintendent submitted herewith as a part of our report, will give a more comprehensive idea of the work accomplished and the work to be done, if the recommendations meet with your approval and that of the legislature. We wish to endorse the recommendations of the superintendent for the appropriation asked for, having carefully considered the same in conference with him and together eliminated everything excepting what we fully believe should be allowed this institution, if it is expected and desired that its advancement to a yet higher position of usefulness be realized.

The recommendation of the superintendent that an asylum be built adjoining one of the state hospitals for the care of the disturbed chronic insane cases is worthy of more than passing attention. The so-called "Wisconsin system" will not be a complete success until facilities are provided for the proper and safe care of the more noisy, violent and dangerous classes of the chronic insane. One of these cases in a county asylum will disturb the sleep of all other inmates and in many other ways add difficulties of management. They cannot well be kept at the state hospitals, for their number would increase so as to crowd out the newer cases of insanity possibly curable. If these patients could be gathered under one roof in a department specially adapted to their care, it would prove a great blessing to county asylums. Such department should also be used for the care of the criminal insane, and such insane convicts as the governor from time to time orders transferred from the state prison pursuant to the requirements of law. A well constructed building with a maximum capacity of 150 patients would be sufficient.

NORTHERN HOSPITAL FOR THE INSANE.

On July 1st, 1895, Dr. W. A. Gordon, of Oshkosh, succeeded Dr. D. G. Hathaway, who had been in charge since the preceding October. Dr. Gordon has proved to be the right man in the right place and his success has gained him a reputation

General Report of the Board.

second to none in the country. A large number of improvements and many innovations have been made at this institution. The greatest of these is the congregate dining-room for patients for which many former superintendents had asked. The amusement hall was utilized for this purpose as an experiment. It proved so successful that the Board decided to enlarge the hall to twice the size and make it the permanent dining-room. In doing this, a very fine cold storage room, sufficient for all the present and future needs of the institution, was constructed from the lower story and basement. The entire cost of the dining-room and cold storage was about \$5,200.00. As the saving in subsistence alone has proved to be \$1.09 per capita per month or an aggregate of \$600.00 per month, it will be seen that the entire cost has been more than saved already. The dining-room is used by all the patients except the bed-ridden and a very few who are excessively noisy, or dangerous. The beneficial effects of the congregate dining-room are so great that it would be difficult to persuade a return to the old plan of ward dining-rooms.

Complete Turkish bath rooms have been put in on both the female and male sides of the institution. The old bath-tub system has also been entirely over-hauled and spray and douche baths put in, vastly improving the condition of the inmates.

For years the hospital has not been entirely free from typhoid fever. A systematic effort was made to discover the cause and it was found that the sewer and the intake water pipe were dangerously near each other where they enter the lake. The sewer pipe was changed so as to enter the lake at a remote spot and for over a year typhoid fever has been entirely eliminated.

A school has been inaugurated which promises beneficial results. Daily entertainments of music, readings and recitations have proved of great help in restoring the diseased minds to normal channels.

One of the best wards has been turned into an infirmary,

General Report of the Board.

where all the sick and bed-ridden are cared for instead of the former inhuman method of keeping them on the wards.

Much work has been done in general repairing. Almost every roof has had to be renewed, while the buildings have been newly painted. When it is known that it takes two men, working steadily, over a year to properly paint the interior of the hospital, the magnitude of the entire work may be recognized.

The institution should be fitted out with electric lights, both as a matter of economy and safety. A saving of several thousand dollars a year could easily be made, in addition to insuring to a large degree against the dangers of fire, through patients. Indeed, the state, being its own insurer, cannot wisely neglect a matter so important.

The Board recommends that an appropriation of \$4,000.00 be made to build an addition to the south end of the amusement hall, the upper story to be used for a school room, the lower stories to be used as an enlargement of the peeling room, help's dining-room, etc. These rooms are very badly needed.

Mr. E. E. Finney, of Oshkosh, is the steward at this institution and his indefatigable industry has been of great value in furthering all the activities of the hospital.

SCHOOL FOR THE DEAF.

This institution continues to hold its advanced position in the front rank of schools for the deaf. Prof. John W. Swiler, who has been superintendent for sixteen years, still remains in charge, ably assisted by the best teachers to be obtained in this country.

The discipline of the school has been most excellent and the biennium has been one of more than usual progress and interest, judging from the expressed sentiments of those connected with the school. A class of 16 was graduated at the end of the

General Report of the Board.

school year of 1895, the Board being present on that occasion. The members of the class to be graduated in 1897 number twenty.

The long-wished-for Manual Training department is now about to become an actuality. The \$10,000.00 appropriated for the purpose in 1895 has been sufficient to build and equip completely a fine structure admirably adapted for the purpose intended. The building contains large rooms for iron and wood-working departments, for a sewing school, a cooking department and an art studio. It will be ready for occupancy before December 1st.

Prof. E. J. Bending, of Beloit, for five years teacher of manual training in the Florida Agricultural College, and Miss A. F. Struckmeyer, of Ashland, a lady of much experience in teaching domestic arts, have been engaged to take charge of the classes of the manual training department.

All the roofs of the building have been re-covered, the buildings generally repainted and overhauled, the electric wiring entirely renewed, and many other needed repairs have been made. The vaulted storage battery gave out entirely and the Board was compelled to obtain electric current from the village electric light company, until arrangements could be made to put in a larger dynamo and engine. This is now being done, as it is highly essential to have electric service day and night, since the machinery of the manual training department will be run by electric motors.

The increasing number of day-schools for the deaf established in the cities of the state has had the effect of decreasing the average attendance at the state school. The Board, while not desiring to argue the question of the benefits of the day-schools, and disclaiming any intention to discourage the continuance of these schools, feels free to say that the deaf, from the very nature of their infirmity, have far more need of industrial instruction than of any other teaching. This they do not and obtain in the day-schools. The cost of the day-schools state is large, while the expenses of the state school are

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General Report of the Board.

trifle less on account of the reduction in numbers. We fear that a large crop of young people—book educated but unskilled as to means of acquiring a livelihood—will be sooner or later gathered by the state through the adoption of this day-school policy.

SCHOOL FOR THE BLIND.

On Sept. 7, 1895, Mr. L. S. Pease who had been superintendent of the school for the blind for three and one-half years, was succeeded by Mr. Howard F. Bliss of Janesville, who has made a most efficient and energetic superintendent. The children have found him a kind and practical adviser, and the state a careful and competent manager. The parents, also, as a rule, seem to have put their seal of confidence upon the management.

Twenty-five thousand dollars were appropriated for a new school building by the legislature of 1895. This amount was used in the completion of the main structure by the addition of the east wing. Not only have sufficient school rooms been furnished by this addition, but a large assembly hall and gymnasium, a comfortable hospital, dormitory rooms for the smaller girls, and several additional sleeping apartments have been obtained. The new wing is modern in all its appointments and is well equipped. The school has now sufficient room for 150 pupils or more.

Early in the year the storage battery gave out entirely and the Board was unable to make arrangements with the city electric company for lights. We were therefore obliged to put in a dynamo and engine of sufficient capacity to light the new addition as well as the old structure. When this was done it was found that the wiring in the old part which had been condemned, had become positively unsafe and very dangerous because of its liability to set fire to the institution.

The Board had no alternative but to have the entire building re-wired, and it decided that so long as it was necessary to

General Report of the Board.

spend considerable money in this direction the work ought to be done thoroughly well. All the wires are now concealed and in iron armored conduits, thus preventing any future trouble. The entire expense of renewing the electric lighting outfit, including engine and dynamo, was \$4,400.00.

For years past, the expense for heating the building had been exceedingly high, as it was thought necessary for the prevention of smoke to burn only hard coal, the efficiency of which, ton for ton, was known to be but little greater than that of soft coal, which could have been obtained at less than half the cost. This Board investigated the subject and it was decided to install smoke-consuming down-draft furnaces under the boilers, which was done at a cost of \$2,200.00. The result is that the buildings are heated better than ever before, there is comparatively no smoke and so cheap a grade of soft coal is used that a saving of over \$2,000.00 a year has already been effected, although the engines are now run all night and all day, as against only a portion of time previously.

In addition to these extraordinary expenditures, one hundred and ten iron beds were bought at a cost of \$550.00, new machinery and permanent improvements were added to the laundry to the amount of \$500.00, and \$500.00 was spent in adding to the direct heat radiation. All of these large necessary expenditures have come out of the current expense fund and have thus very greatly increased the per capita cost of the school. They do not properly belong to the maintenance of the school, and if deducted from the total expense account, it will be seen that the per capita cost is somewhat less than in previous years.

The institution is now in most excellent condition and beyond an appropriation for a pipe organ and some needed new furniture, and a sum necessary to paint the entire interior of the main building, nothing of an unusual nature will require attention for some years to come.

The possibility of more careful and scientific care of the eyes of children brought under the supervision of the school, deserves

General Report of the Board.

the attention, we think, of the philanthropic people of our state. We are inclined to believe that a curative department to not only the school for the blind but of the deaf as well, might be a most valuable innovation.

Pursuant to the instructions of the last legislature, the Board bought the twenty-six acres of land adjoining the institution on the east, paying therefor the sum of \$6,000.00. This is a valuable acquisition, well worth the sum paid for it. It has been neatly fenced and otherwise improved.

INDUSTRIAL SCHOOL FOR BOYS.

Mr. J. G. Hart of Waukesha was chosen July 1st, 1895, as superintendent to succeed M. J. Regan, of Eagle. He has shown decided ability in solving the numerous perplexing problems that this institution presents.

Many improvements have been inaugurated here. The buildings are old and some of them poorly constructed, and the necessity for repairs will be more urgent as the years go by. It has been the policy of the board to be content with no temporary makeshifts in attending to these repairs, but to do the work so thoroughly that it will be unnecessary to do it again. The report of the superintendent gives a more detailed account of this work.

The last legislature made an appropriation of \$5,000.00 to establish a manual training school—a department very badly needed. For many years the chief industries of the institution were the making of hose by machinery, and of shoes, partially by the aid of machines.

When the boys were sent from the school they were no better fitted for the battle of life, so far as industrial education went, than they were when they went there. Knitting hose by power machinery develops neither mind nor muscle, nor is the experience of the slightest value to a boy when he leaves the institution. The manual training school, however, teaches the boy

General Report of the Board.

the use of tools; it trains his mind to exactness in detail and it is the first step, and the incentive, to industrial occupation which is the best reformatory agent after leaving the school.

The appropriation was partially used in thoroughly equipping a wood-working department with the best modern machinery. The balance will be consumed in adding an iron-working department in the near future, it having been thought best to proceed very slowly but thoroughly in the development of the manual training department.

The general health of the institution has been good. Early in 1896 several cases of small-pox were suddenly developed, but by rigid quarantine and the most energetic efforts on the part of the superintendent the disease was confined to the few original cases. The State Board of Health gave us effective service during this trying period, which we desire to publicly acknowledge herein.

The great need of this institution is a central heating plant. The cottages are now heated by furnaces, all of which are old and have been repaired almost up to the limit. They require constant care and supervision and still are dangerous. With a less amount of coal the buildings could be better and much more safely heated than at present by a central heating plant. In addition, the bathing facilities, which at present are simply abominable, could be made first class and up to all requirements.

The Board desires to call attention to the fact that greater care should be exercised by the magistrates in committing boys to this institution. Many are here that should never have been sent here at all. Step-fathers and step-mothers often have boys committed for a trifling fault, mainly to get rid of the care of such boys and save expense. The school was organized for no such object, and the power of the state should be invoked to prevent such abuse of its beneficence.

Parents should be compelled to contribute a due proportion of the cost of state care and education of their own neglected

General Report of the Board.

children. Nothing can justify giving negligent and dishonest parents an advantage over thrifty and conscientious ones by allowing them to send their boys to the state industrial school on a general but indefinite charge of "incurability."

The law further should not permit any boy to be sent here who is simply a vagrant, destitute of proper training through the depravity or willful neglect of his parents or guardian. Although the proposition is denied by some, we feel, nevertheless, satisfied that sentence to the reform school must be, from its very nature, blighting in tendency upon the whole future life of a boy. And we feel free to emphatically declare that the confinement in the same institution and under like conditions, of the youthful but hardened criminals with boys who are simply unfortunate in their training, or unhappy in their family relations, is but poorly promoting the interests of society.

From the first of October, 1892, to the first of October, 1896, there were committed from all the counties of the state 759 boys. Of this number 459 were sent on criminal charges and 300 on the general charge of incurability. A charge of \$1.00 per week is made against the counties on commitments of the latter class. It will be noticed that 60 per cent. of the commitments from the entire state are for crime.

During this same period 167 boys have been committed from Milwaukee county, of which 144 were for crime and only 23 for incurability.

In the entire state, leaving out Milwaukee county, a charge is made against the counties for the care of 47 per cent., while those sent from Milwaukee county only 14 per cent. are chargeable against that county. The law seems to offer a temptation to "economical" communities to make a charge of crime against a boy when he is really only refractory. We recall instances where boys have been sent to the school for theft, which consisted of snaring a couple of pigeons on the street. The law should be changed so that a charge of \$1.00 per week be made against the counties for all boys committed, whether for crime or incurability.

General Report of the Board.

The school work, under direction of Prof. F. G. Kraege, has accomplished most excellent results. The corps of teachers is an able one, deeply imbued with the spirit and importance of their work. The matrons and superintendents of the cottages are all conscientious and careful and feel the responsibility of their duties. To them is due much of the growth of moral character in the boys, upon whom example has far greater power than precept.

STATE PRISON.

John J. Roberts, of Waupun, succeeded P. B. Lamoreaux as warden of the prison on July 1st, 1895. His administration has been one of marked business ability and has tended to place the prison on a much higher plane as a corrective institution as well.

The discipline has been greatly improved, the Board and the warden feeling convinced that the most important element in the plan of government and reformation of criminals lies in a discipline that while rigid shall be absolutely impartial.

The contract with M. D. Wells & Co. for the labor of convicts has been satisfactory in every way. This contract calls for the services of not less than three hundred men at the rate of fifty cents a day in the manufacture of shoes. The firm has paid the state during the past two years the sum of \$103,718.37. The contract with this firm will expire on December 31st, 1897.

The piece-price contract made by the previous Board with the Paramount Knitting Company, of Chicago, is by no means as satisfactory. This company contracted to take the finished product of the knitting plant, for a period of five years, paying a certain amount per dozen for the work on the goods. The result has not been what was anticipated. Although most carefully managed it is found that the knitting shop, during the past year, produced a net income of only \$1,322.64. This

General Report of the Board.

is for 17,067 days of convict labor, or 7 $\frac{3}{4}$ cents for the labor of each convict per day. This contract does not expire until January 1st, 1900, and cannot be terminated until January 1st, 1898.

The tailor shop plant, on the other hand, has been very profitable. It netted \$3,951.45 for 8,016 days' labor, or 49 3-10 cents per day for the labor of each convict employed.

Many improvements have been made during the biennial period, among which may be mentioned a new gate, many new floors, extension of the hospital, etc., together with painting and many necessary repairs.

The appropriation of \$15,000.00 made by the legislature of 1895 for an electric light plant was most necessary and wise. The improved sanitary condition of the cell-rooms, by the removal of the ill-smelling kerosene lamps, is in itself sufficient to have warranted the cost.

The sanitary condition of the prison for years has been deplorable. There has been essentially no ventilation of the cell-rooms and, filled with the noxious odors of the wooden buckets, and the air-tainting kerosene lamps, it is no wonder that these dormitories have proved the disease-breeding places the prison physician pronounces them to be. Consumption, asthma and catarrh abound on every side, and the unsanitary conditions are doubtless in many instances the cause.

The introduction of electric lights afforded a slight relief but not nearly sufficient.

At last, on consultation with your Excellency, and at your suggestion, the Board decided to take vigorous measures to change existing conditions. Contracts were let to open air-ducts from each cell into a large galvanized iron chamber over the roof and exhausting into a receiving room in the attic and thence to the open air.

In the receiving rooms are large fans, operated by electric motors, which exhaust the foul air from every part of the building at all times of the day and night. The cost of this great improvement was only \$1,857.00. The old wooden cell-buckets

General Report of the Board.

have been condemned and are to be replaced at once by enameled iron buckets of approved pattern.

The roofs of the cell-houses are all flat and quite defective and have been repaired year after year until the base of the work is almost gone. This is particularly the case in the south cell-rooms and the women's building. The present roofs should be replaced with slate roofing, carrying the water over and outside the walls of the buildings, instead of boxing it within the walls as is now the case. This would give ample space for an extra tier of steel cells at small expense, giving 142 additional cells which are needed very badly.

We endorse the recommendation of the warden that a number of small cottages be built on the vacant state land adjoining the prison, to be rented to prison officers at a fair rental. If the officers could all live with their families near the prison it would tend to improve the general tone of the corps, and would be much better for the discipline of the institution.

It will be noticed from the report of the warden that in 1895 the daily cost per capita was a trifle over 46 cents while in 1896 it was a trifle less than 40 cents. Moreover, in 1895 the per capita per diem earning was 24.3 cents while in 1896 it was over 26.3 cts. Thus, while in 1895 the net daily cost per capita was 22.2 cents, in 1896 it was only 13.1 cents or 9.1 cents less. This is a result highly gratifying to the Board.

The recommendations of the warden and physician for increased hospital facilities are in line with the exact needs of the institution and deserve attention.

The Board renews the recommendations of previous reports for a Reformatory for first offenders. In spite of the reforms which have been wrought in prison discipline, the criminal who has been apprehended by the officers of justice for the first time, is thrown into contact, more or less closely, with offenders to whom the practice of crime has become a life profession. His term of imprisonment is usually a short one but it is long enough to permit of a schooling in which he shall learn new methods of depredation and new artifices of concealment.

General Report of the Board.

Society seems to be educating him, at its own expense, to acquire a skill whereby he can more effectually prey upon the honest.

Economic considerations — from the narrowest monetary aspect of the question to the most advanced penological conclusion — call for a separation of first offenders from habitual criminals, and this can be accomplished only when an institution is provided for the less hardened class.

New books, costing \$500.00, have been added to the prison library, and in their selection valuable assistance from the officers of the Milwaukee public library is acknowledged.

THE STATE PUBLIC SCHOOL.

This institution — in many respects the grandest and most profitable in its results of all the charities of the state — is continuing its successful career under the management of S. S. Landt, of Adams county, appointed superintendent July 1, 1895, to succeed F. L. Sanborn.

This is not a school only; the state becomes the guardian of neglected, abandoned and dependent children, and takes them as wards under its control, with the end in view of giving them a fair opportunity of becoming useful citizens. Many when first received are not prepared to go into homes and could not be placed therein without doing an injustice to the people with whom they might be domiciled. Many need first to have the filth of the slums removed or the taint of a squalid home eradicated. This takes time, but in average cases a year at the State Public School fits the child to become an inmate of a good home.

To find the right home for a particular child requires rare discrimination, tact and address. To know that the children placed in homes are not ill-treated or neglected requires constant vigilance and much discretion. More than 1,600 children

General Report of the Board.

have been received since the school was opened. Of this number 950 are out in homes under indenture and 54 have been adopted. Further statistical information can be found in the tables accompanying the institution report in another part of this volume.

The legislature appropriated \$6,000 for a hospital building; but it was found absolutely impossible to construct such a building as was needed for that sum. The Board, after consultation with you, and with your approval and that of the secretary of state and attorney general, increased the amount of this appropriation to \$9,000.00, and the new hospital building is now nearly ready for use. This structure has been very badly needed, as at times there have been upwards of fifty cases of measles at the same period, and there is, and always has been, the danger of new pupils bringing disease into the institution. This the new hospital will prevent, as all new inmates will be kept for a time in the hospital, under quarantine, until all danger of contagion is passed.

The affairs of this institution have been so economically managed that there will be a large surplus in the current expense fund remaining to its credit at the end of the appropriation year.

The lighting of the buildings has been very unsatisfactory, as the present gasoline gas plant does not give good light, and is, moreover, unsafe. The Board is investigating the question of installing acetylene gas or electricity, as being much safer and affording better light.

A central heating plant is a vital necessity here. There can be no question as to the saving of a large sum annually if such system be installed. The present furnaces are old, in very bad condition, and will have to be renewed at an early day. They require constant attention and give decidedly unsatisfactory service, even when at their best.

The state public school was organized as a preventive, not a reformatory institution. We believe it closes effectually many

General Report of the Board.

of the gates that were open to pauperism and crime. We see in the establishment of such schools evidences of far-sighted statesmanship. With benevolent purposes in behalf of poor and neglected children is mingled an equal regard for the safety and prosperity of the commonwealth, that the ranks of degeneracy may be broken and the lines of pauperism diminished. The institution is doing a noble work and the state will find that as a matter of economy it will prove within one generation the most profitable investment it has made in the line of public charity.

THE HOME FOR THE FEEBLE-MINDED.

The legislature of 1895 instructed the Board of Control to acquire, by purchase or donation, sufficient land for a home for the feeble-minded and epileptic of the state and appropriated \$100,000.00 for this purpose and the erection of suitable buildings.

In doing this the legislature builded well. The insane, the blind and the deaf, for many years have enjoyed the fostering care and liberal favors provided for them by the state. Their claims upon the practical sympathy of the community have been munificently responded to and no one questions the duty of a prospering people to make the helpless the objects of their special care. But during all these years, the public has ignored and neglected the idiot and the feeble-minded classes equally abject, equally deserving and in all respects equally entitled to our care and support. We confidently believe that the establishment now nearly ready for them, if carried to the hoped-for development, will be the means of giving consolation to as many homes and happiness to as many stricken hearts as any or all of our other magnificent state institutions of which the people of Wisconsin are so justly proud.

The feeble-minded are fully as numerous as the insane and are no more capable of caring for themselves. The advent of a

General Report of the Board.

feeble-minded child into any family brings a burden of sorrow and care which has not its equal upon the calendar of domestic afflictions.

In compliance with the requirements of the act of the legislature organizing this institution, the Board of Control visited many localities offering land or a bonus. The Board ultimately accepted the offer of Chippewa Falls of 600 acres of land and \$10,000.00 in money and decided to locate the institution on Silver Spring Park, a mile and one-half from the city of Chippewa Falls. In coming to this decision, the Board was guided by numerous considerations:

First. The location is about the right distance from a prosperous and growing city.

Second. The land is bounded for a mile and a quarter by the deep and swift flowing Chippewa river.

Third. Never failing springs of unlimited capacity, the analysis of whose water shows it to be the equal of any table water in existence, are located on these grounds.

Fourth. A tract of 190 acres offers natural facilities for park purposes, surpassed nowhere.

Fifth. Railroad facilities are excellent. The Wisconsin Central railroad runs across the property and the company has already located a station and put in sidetracks for the use of the institution. The great Omaha system is less than half a mile distant, while a branch of the St. Paul system extends into the city less than two miles away.

Sixth. The farming lands — over 300 acres under cultivation — are of most excellent quality and finely adapted for the use of an institution of this character.

Seventh. A part of the land is heavily covered with young trees — providing shade — an essential element in an institution for the care of feeble-minded people.

The Board of Control obtained warranty deeds to the state of the 600 acres donated. In addition, a part of the cash bonus was used in purchasing adjoining lands likely to be needed in the near future, so that now the state owns a clear title to 1021

General Report of the Board.

acres of good land. The rest of the bonus, in accordance with a verbal agreement with the officials of the city of Chippewa Falls, has been used in grading and laying out drives and walks through 190 acres of this land set aside for the park grounds of the institution. The Board engaged the services of the widely known landscape engineers, S. Nelson & Sons, of Chicago, under whose supervision a beautiful park has been planned and by whom all the buildings now or to be erected have been located.

In the plans and arrangements of the buildings the Board has given much careful study and consideration. Visits to similar institutions in other states were made by members of the Board and the architect, in order to profit by the experiences and experiments of others. The services of Architect John Charles, of Menomonie, Wis., were engaged. He had built a number of the county asylums for the insane, and his work as a careful, conscientious, and intelligent student of the perplexing problems met in the construction of this institution has confirmed the reputation he had already gained.

The first point to be settled was the ultimate capacity of the institution. The highest authorities in the land were consulted and they agreed that no institution of this kind should contain over 1,000 inmates. The Board, in view of the fact that the census shows about 3,000 feeble-minded and idiotic persons in the State, decided to cover the extreme limit and set the final capacity of the home at 1,000. Everything so far has been constructed with that object in view. The power-house and heating plant has been built large enough for all future requirements; and so has the laundry building. The sewer system, the water-works pipes and the electric light mains are all large enough for any future use. It will be only necessary to put in additional machinery. The underground pipes will not have to be disturbed nor will the buildings need to be enlarged. When the institution has been completed to its limited capacity of 1,000, there will be about twenty buildings, as follows:—

General Report of the Board.

An administration building.
 A dormitory for boys of 1st grade.
 A dormitory for girls of 1st grade.
 A dormitory for boys of 2nd grade.
 A dormitory for girls of 2nd grade.
 A dormitory for boys of 3rd grade.
 A dormitory for girls of 3rd grade.
 A dormitory for boys (epileptics).
 A dormitory for girls (epileptics).
 A custodial cottage for boys.
 A custodial cottage for girls.
 A gymnasium and assembly hall.
 A school building for boys.
 A school building for girls.
 A kitchen and general dining room for both classes.
 Hospital building, laundry, power house, shops, farm colony,
 barns, railway station, etc.

The appropriation of \$100,000.00 made by the legislature of
 of 1895 has been used as follows:

Contract for one custodial building and one dormitory	\$57,987
Contract for power house and laundry	10,350
Contract for steam-heating equipment.....	15,794
Contract for sewerage system.....	2,857
Contract for electric light plant.....	2,491
Contract for pumping machinery.....	1,720
Contract for water works system.....	1,735
Preliminary work, architect's plans, surveying, superintend- ence of construction, lumber, implements and tools.....	4,037

The capacity of the present buildings will be about 250 and
 and at a cost not to exceed \$400.00 per bed, and in this is in-
 cluded the cost of the power plant, laundry, sewerage, lighting
 and heating systems.

The buildings have been constructed with a view to solidity
 and permanence, and not one dollar has been spent for orna-
 mentation. Nevertheless the cottages are handsome and impos-

General Report of the Board.

ing. There is nothing cheap and flimsy about them, but every kind of material used is of the very best. The roofs are slate, the gutters and cornices of copper, all the partitions are of brick and the buildings are of slow-burning construction throughout and as nearly fire-proof as is necessary.

The institution will be ready for the reception of inmates in January and doubtless the Board of Control will soon receive enough applications to fill all available space. Ex-Senator C. K. Erwin of Tomah, was appointed steward on October 20th and he has been engaged in equipping the institution since that date.

It will be necessary for the legislature to appropriate sufficient means for maintenance during the coming two years, which from correspondence with similar institutions elsewhere we estimate as follows:

For 1897 for 250 inmates at \$3.50 per week.....	\$45,500
For 1898 for 250 inmates at \$3.50 per week.....	45,500
Total	\$91,000
Less \$1.50 per week paid for 250 inmates by counties at the end of year 1897.....	19,500
Total for 1897 and 1898.....	\$71,500

The legislature should also provide for additional buildings, as the institution cannot operate economically nor begin to do its intended work with a population less than 500 or 600. If \$100,000.00 can be appropriated for 1897 and \$50,000.00 for 1898 this beneficent charity can accomplish more for less money and be of greater value to the people than any other public institution in the state.

It should be understood that many of those who will become inmates of this Home are now in poorhouses, etc., and maintained at public charge. To provide for them all under one roof will be no more expensive in the end and will be vastly more humane.

General Report of the Board.

SEMI-STATE INSTITUTIONS.

Of the Milwaukee County Hospital for the Insane, the Industrial School for Girls and the Wisconsin Veterans' Home, the Board of Control exercises only the function of supervision. They are well managed institutions and are apparently doing well the work for which they were organized.

The Milwaukee County Hospital for the Insane is located at Wauwatosa and its duty is to care for the acute insane of Milwaukee county. As a matter of fact, however, a large proportion of the inmates are chronic and should be separated from the more recent cases in order that the possibly curable may have the full benefits of hospital treatment.

The state pays Milwaukee county \$2.75 per week per capita for the care of the inmates of this institution, while it pays the other counties but \$1.50 for the care of incurable insane. As five-sixths of the inmates in the Milwaukee County Hospital belong to the incurable class, it is seen that a discrimination exists in favor of Milwaukee county. The state already owns one-half interest in the original cost of the establishment and there can be no valid reason why this institution should not belong wholly to the state and be placed on the same footing as the other state hospitals for the insane. There should be but one system in any state of caring for the insane. Wisconsin having adopted the policy of having its state hospitals for the insane all that that word implies, cannot afford to divide its authority or its responsibility by allowing any one or more counties to adopt other policies.

The state paid to Milwaukee county for the two years ending September 30th, 1896, the sum of \$90,899.42 for the care of the latter's own insane, supported in this institution.

The Wisconsin Industrial School for girls, at Milwaukee, is in charge of a corporation, and is managed by a local board of trustees appointed by such corporation. It is well conducted. The state owns the buildings and donates the use of them to the corporation. The proper authorities of any county which contains

General Report of the Board.

no similar institution may commit vagrant or disorderly girls under sixteen years of age to this school, and the county from which they are committed pays the corporation for the support, correction and education of each girl so committed not exceeding \$2.50 per week.

In former years considerable sums of money were annually appropriated by the legislature to private corporations organized for charitable and reformatory purposes; but the propriety of such appropriations has been often questioned, notably by the Board of Control in its last biennial report, and the legislature has practically ceased to make them. It donates, however, to the Wisconsin Industrial School for girls the use of the buildings occupied by the corporation, and thus contravenes the principle above mentioned. Doubtless the attention of the legislature will in due time be called to the question whether an industrial school for girls should not be established and maintained by the state on a similar, if not identical, footing to that of the Wisconsin Industrial School for Boys at Waukesha.

As a general proposition, supported by growing sentiment, the state does itself an injustice when it farms out to any private party or corporation any atom of its function for the punishment of the criminal or the reformation of the incorrigible.

The Wisconsin Veterans' Home, located at Chain o' Lakes near Waupaca, is well and economically managed. The state owns the buildings and grounds and pays \$3.00 a week for each inmate cared for at the institution. The United States government pays back to the state \$100.00 per annum for the care of each male inmate. The state paid for the care of the inmates of this Home for the two years ending September 30, 1896, the sum of \$95,479.54, and received from the federal government \$41,514.79 in return.

The legislature of 1895 appropriated \$25,000.00 for the purpose of enlarging buildings and making needed improvements. This seems to have been wisely expended, as appears from reports of committees of the Board of Control, on file in the executive office.

General Report of the Board.

HOUSE OF CORRECTION.

The Milwaukee House of Correction is a prison for the punishment of short term criminals from Milwaukee county. Its chief industry is the manufacture of chairs, which is done on the county account plan, the county employing an agent to dispose of the products of the prison.

The attention of the legislature is called to the fact that there is no law under which an insane convict of the House of Correction can be transferred to the Hospital for the Insane. Cases of insanity do occur, and authority should be given to the governor, as at the state prison, to make the transfer of insane convicts when necessary.

COUNTY ASYLUMS FOR THE CHRONIC INSANE.

Twenty-three counties now have asylums for the care of the chronic insane, mention of which has been made previously in this report. The counties are as follows:

Brown,	Marathon,
Chippewa,	Manitowoc,
Columbia,	Milwaukee,
Dane,	Outagamie,
Dodge,	Racine,
Dunn,	Rock,
Fond du Lac,	Sauk,
Grant,	Sheboygan,
Green,	Vernon,
Iowa,	Walworth,
Jefferson,	Winnebago.
LaCrosse,	

These institutions had at the close of the year ending September 30th, 1896, 2,816 inmates, and the state has paid during the two years ending the same time, the sum of \$419,966.02 for the care of these inmates.

General Report of the Board.

Two more counties — Richland and St. Croix — have asylums nearly ready for occupancy, each having a capacity of about one hundred. They have been constructed on modern ideas, and will be comfortable homes for the incurable insane.

In January, 1896, Chippewa County Asylum was opened for inmates. This is a handsome modern structure, finely equipped and furnished and excellently managed.

In accordance with resolutions passed by a former Board of Control, in 1894, that the Board from and after September 30th, 1894, would not allow state aid for the care of congenital idiots, the present Board took measures to investigate and found that 99 congenital idiots were being confined in county asylums at state charge. State aid for these idiots was denied. The law contemplates that each county should care for congenital and other idiots not dangerous, at its own expense. This may be done in county asylums or poor-houses as may be deemed expedient. The Board recognized the perplexities of a county possessing no asylum and burdened with the care of congenital idiots, but there seemed to be no alternative to the enforcement of a strict compliance with the statutes. The organization of the Home for the Feeble-minded will soon enable all counties to care for this unfortunate class in the most humane way known.

The Board has by frequent inspections and by conferences and consultations with officers of county asylums endeavored to raise the tone of these institutions to the highest possible point. We see that eternal vigilance on the part of the state is absolutely necessary to the continued success of the system. The state contributes a very large sum towards their maintenance and it should demand and receive the highest excellence of service.

A state asylum of medium size for the care of the disturbed and dangerous chronics, and a special inspector under the authority of the Board, who should give most of his time to these county asylums, would make the county asylum system of Wisconsin as nearly perfect as could be hoped for.

General Report of the Board.

POOR-HOUSES AND PAUPERISM.

It does not appear from the statistics received that pauperism is increasing to any alarming extent in Wisconsin. "The poor ye have with you always," but it is not apparent that the number is larger than usual, notwithstanding the hard times and general financial depression.

The three systems of poor relief prevailing in Wisconsin are the county, town and mixed systems. The county system, especially where careful supervision is made of out-door relief, seems to accomplish the best results, by reducing the poor-house population to the lowest numbers.

Poor-houses throughout the state are generally in fair condition, the exception being nearly always where the county farms out its paupers to the care of the lowest bidder—a most deplorable method.

State Boards of Charities of many states have made, in recent years, thorough inquiry into pauperism and its causes. The conclusion reached by these inquiries has made it clear that by far the greater number of paupers have reached that condition by idleness, improvidence, drunkenness or some form of vicious indulgence. It is also the concensus of opinion that these vices and weaknesses are very frequently, if not universally, the result of tendencies which are to a greater or less degree hereditary. The element of heredity enters so largely into the problem of general degeneracy that it would seem to demand the special attention of law-makers. Vice, pauperism, idiocy, and insanity are to an alarming degree hereditary and are closely allied. The day may possibly come when public opinion shall demand that the pruning knife be applied in order that the taint of degeneracy may not affect the entire body politic. To protect itself society may reach the conclusion that criminals, paupers and the insane shall not be allowed to again mingle with the world, with the ability to reproduce their species and continue their kind into further generations.

General Report of the Board.

COUNTY JAILS.

During the past two years new jails have been erected in the counties of Crawford, Forest, Pepin, Price, Vilas, Waupaca and Wood, and a new sheriff's residence has been added to the jail of Grant county. Clark and Portage counties are about to erect new jails, the plans for which will soon be submitted to the Board for approval. Adams is now the only county in Wisconsin having no jail.

Some of the new jails above mentioned were made necessary through condemnation notices served by the Board, which declared abundant reasons why the formerly existing jails should no longer be used. The Board moves slowly in the matter of condemning jails. Many are ripe for condemnation in counties where the conditions are not favorable to the erection of suitable buildings to take their places. It is, in many cases, wise to wait for prospects that these counties will soon be able and willing to construct the proper quarters for misdemeanants and persons awaiting trial. The construction of a jail which answers modern requirements as to the classification of offenders, and provides facilities for cellular separation, now regarded a necessity by penologists, occasions large expense, and the Board should closely scrutinize all plans for new buildings and reject such as do not come up to the mark.

When counties are not able to do their duty in this matter, and where an enforcement of it can be brought about only through demands by the Board which result in oppressive local taxation, it is better to wait for the coming of such municipal growth as guarantees the ability to pay for an adequate improvement, than to accept a building which will prove but little better adapted to modern needs than the old one.

The construction of nearly every jail in the state is most faulty, because of its lack of proper facilities for such administration as will protect young offenders from every form of communication or contact with the hardened prisoners, who consti-

General Report of the Board.

tute a rapidly growing class. It should be said, here, that generally, where jail facilities enable a sheriff and jailer to do something in the way of saving young offenders from contact with other classes they do not make full use of such facilities. No remedy for this occurs to the Board which does not involve a radical change of the law in reference to jail government. If every jail were managed by a local Board appointed by the governor, and conducted as a corrective as well as a minor penal institution, there can be no question that it would cease to be a hatchery of crime. It costs more to feed and care for prisoners in cellular separation than when they are permitted to herd together, and therefore little hope or reliance can be placed in the sheriff's interest in reformatory work under present conditions. When the jails of the state cease to be run as means of increasing the revenue of the sheriff's office it will be possible to make them, what every consideration of public safety requires they should be, agencies for arresting progressive criminal tendencies, and punishing instead of fattening the depraved wretches who as tramps, habitual drunkards or petty thieves infest these institutions. The latter are perhaps more happy in confinement where their gregarious instincts are encouraged, as they generally are, than at large.

Cellular separation would make jail life unattractive to the class referred to, the incentive to enter it would be withdrawn, and society could not help being the gainer were it adopted in every county of the state.

PRIVATE BENEVOLENT INSTITUTIONS.

The many institutions of this class continue to do good work. They are annually inspected by the Board, to whom it has often been a matter of surprise that so much could be accomplished at such small cost. Not the least of the advantages accruing to the state through the existence of these institutions is the fact

General Report of the Board.

that in their peculiar scope of usefulness they enlist the co-operation of good citizens everywhere, and incite charitable impulses which sweeten life in many communities. This reacts upon the communities where such enterprises exist and makes them better places in which to live. Preeminently their influence is civilizing and refining. They may, indeed, be called adjuncts to culture.

Respectfully submitted,

JAMES E. HEG,
RICHARD GUENTHER,
LEMUEL ELLSWORTH,
WM. P. LYON,
CLARENCE SNYDER,
Board of Control.

Cost of Maintaining the Institutions.

TOTAL COST.

Average population, yearly and weekly cost per capita.

INSTITUTIONS.	Total cost.		Average population.		Yearly cost per capita.		Weekly cost per capita.	
	1895.	1896.	1895.	1896.	1895.	1896.	1895.	1896.
State Hospital for the Insane.....	\$117,608 14	\$103,475 01	450	397	\$261 35	\$260 64	\$5 03	\$5 01
Northern Hospital for the Insane.....	140,331 53	117,891 87	592	556	237 05	212 04	4 56	4 07
School for the Deaf.....	42,005 49	39,799 54	199	180	211 08	221 11	4 05	4 25
School for the Blind.....	29,538 86	37,215 76	101	101	292 47	368 47	5 62	7 09
Industrial School for Boys.....	69,494 16	63,270 74	369	343	188 33	184 46	3 62	3 55
State Prison.....	103,176 98	85,030 47	625	606	165 08	140 31	3 17	2 69
State Public School.....	43,016 83	46,097 41	270	237	159 32	194 50	3 06	3 74
Total.....	\$545,171 99	\$492,750 80	2,606	2,420	\$209 20	\$203 63	\$4 02	\$3 92

Current Expenses.

STATEMENT OF CURRENT EXPENSES

At the several institutions for the fiscal years ending September 30, 1895 and 1896, after taking into account the supplies on hand at the beginning and close of each year, and receipts and transfers from the different departments.

CLASSIFICATION OF ITEMS.	STATE HOSPITAL FOR THE INSANE.		NORTHERN HOSPITAL FOR THE INSANE.		SCHOOL FOR THE DEAF.		SCHOOL FOR THE BLIND.	
	1895.	1896.	1895.	1896.	1895.	1896.	1895.	1896.
	Amusements and means of instruction.....	\$418 14	\$880 92	\$560 22	\$523 09	\$306 33	\$332 84	\$507 04	$459 33
Barn, farm and garden.....	*1,935 56	*6,869 78	*6,304 87	*13,404 41	*138 99	*23 10	*467 69	30 77
Boot and shoe factory.....	7,382 30	6,263 44	7,865 01	5,118 82	146 52	259 13	62 69	108 45
Clothing.....	540 62	569 76	347 60	423 91	432 30	458 60	.....	.....
Discharged patients.....	*419 05	*247 32	*237 85	*267 24	*65 79	*42 85	*41 33	*26 12
Discounts.....	1,214 63	1,439 86	1,416 33	1,485 74	113 84	172 26	118 09	156 50
Drug and medical dep't.....	681 15	1,335 84	913 58	923 42	499 31	249 42	311 67	564 09
Engines and boilers.....	131 94	216 60	151 71	87 84	.....	.....	.....	.....
Elopers.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Freight and express (not otherwise classified).....	24 15	40 19	40 76	35 85	30 55	11 45	.....	.....
Fire apparatus.....	183 30	157 68	1,243 62	170 54	9 25	.....	8 78	.....
Fuel.....	14,980 89	9,716 48	15,644 70	11,934 96	5,139 64	3,025 24	3,408 70	1,732 93
Furniture.....	406 57	261 17	1,722 79	81 07	81 07	55	56 05	732 89
Gas and other lights.....	2,037 04	1,922 21	1,801 25	2,460 49	1,346 90	1,060 77	733 34	3,844 78
House furnishing.....	5,872 43	4,048 06	6,724 30	4,634 05	968 45	1,027 36	592 09	1,226 71
Laboratory.....	.....	.....	86 72	14 24	.....	.....	.....	.....
Laundry.....	567 53	654 37	1,039 68	858 45	179 36	206 39	186 35	180 85
Library.....	148 79	303 12	555 18	368 16	84 72	6 94	.....	.....
Machinery and tools.....	71 76	58 67	168 16	102 30	20 81	1 10	10 93	10 04
Miscellaneous.....	587 83	334 32	122 43	271 00	724 07	461 18	559 35	809 06
Officers' expenses.....	373 11	280 38	224 17	242 28	153 22	73 90	120 56	96 72

Current Expenses.

Printing office.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Printing, postage, stationery and telegraph.....	1,075 00	886 13	948 53	874 62	446,719	434 96	327 06	281 08	275 44
Real estate, including buildings, etc.....	3,506 99	4,259 82	7,134 67	5,889 21	210 00	300 00	25 00	300 00	.....
Repairs and renewals.....	4 50	65 75	.....	9 05	964 88	1,974 96	2,114 56	1,974 96	4,171 40
Restraints.....	3,813 90	3,813 90	4,397 45	4,397 45	1,466 36	1,466 36	1,259 34	1,466 36	1,259 34
State board of control.....	37,472 46	32,583 85	51,410 08	45,364 60	9,085 10	8,036 41	6,437 12	8,036 41	7,953 63
Subsistence.....	228 68	201 02	135 89	167 23	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Surgical instruments and appliances.....	352 63	396 50	372 33	92 72	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Tobacco.....	37,896 41	39,822 05	41,947 09	45,123 50	19,476 47	20,024 59	12,990 92	20,024 59	13,289 50
Wages and salaries.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	218 25	.....	239 45
Work departments.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Totals.....	\$119,982 75	\$110,592 11	\$146,874 25	\$131,563 52	\$42,210 27	\$39,865 49	\$30,047 88	\$37,241 88	.....
*Gains deducted.....	*2,374 61	*7,117 10	*6,542 72	*13,671 65	*204 78	*65 95	*509 02	*26 12	.....
Net expenditures.....	\$117,608 14	103,475 01	140,331 53	117,891 87	42,005 49	39,799 54	29,538 86	37,215 76	.....
Deduct receipts for maintenance of inmates.....	1,795 82	1,972 69	208 00	751 28	.....	.....	80 00	80 00	.....
Total costs.....	\$115,812 32	\$101,502 32	\$140,123 53	\$117,140 59	.....	.....	\$29,458 86	\$37,135 76	.....
Received from counties.....	44,540 38	40,251 28	52,453 29	53,075 94	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Net cost to the state.....	\$71,271 94	\$61,251 04	\$87,670 24	\$64,064 65	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....

Current Expenses.

STATEMENT OF CURRENT EXPENSES — Continued.

At the several institutions for the fiscal years ending September 30, 1895 and 1896, after taking into account the supplies on hand at the beginning and close of each year, and receipts and transfers from the different departments.

CLASSIFICATION OF ITEMS.	INDUSTRIAL SCHOOL FOR BOYS.		STATE PRISON.		STATE PUBLIC SCHOOL.	
	1895.	1896.	1895.	1896.	1895.	1896.
	Amusements and means of instruction...					
Accounts receivable	\$790 66	\$1,307 55	\$127 64	\$69 56	\$246 53	\$342 35
Armory	49 15		10 50	*770 71		
Agents' expenses	*198 03	*1,382 31	2,233 75	*1,737 69	1,973 20	2,976 86
Barn, farm and garden	668 52	554 59			*565 77	*2,002 73
Boot and shoe factory						
Children's transportation	6,315 73	4,926 95			538 73	656 90
Clothing			8,888 48	7,582 40	4,739 39	4,622 63
Convicts' earnings			225 42	266 76		
Discharges			4,792 10	4,636 35		
Discounts	*49 14	*174 00	*126 19	*219 20	*71 09	*126 03
Drug and medical department	704 71	1,203 28	948 18	1,128 88	1,069 49	1,181 62
Engines and boilers	106 22	217 59	455 25	1,047 18	79 10	69 11
Escapes	329 30	433 37	163 30	286 82	79 01	13 67
Exchange			25 00	22 40	29	
Freight and exp. (not otherwise classified)	6 73	5 80	11 20	7 25	6 30	4 95
Fire apparatus	91 06	449 00	239 96		6 42	14 32
Fuel	6,044 13	4,072 46	10,752 74	9,343 17	4,468 42	3,490 74
Furniture	229 06	265 29	54 39	86 78		
Gas and other lights	1,539 53	1,087 79	1,222 35	1,192 89	689 19	203 29
House furnishing	3,521 63	3,532 03	3,240 44	1,888 90	1,118 33	1,703 89
Indebtedness			468 51	761 09		
Laundry	618 19	774 88	836 74	736 43	226 34	245 29

Current Expenses.

Library.....	9 12	17 06	330 65	31 98	20 64	10 46
Machinery and tools.....	161 27	131 35	575 86	118 64	667 72	786 83
Miscellaneous.....	506 62	758 28	176 25	458 49	92 36	90 96
Officers' expenses.....	88 12	44 25	548 26	226 58	269 85	307 18
Printing, postage, stationary and telegraph.....	522 30	592 19	2,814 03	506 33	859 62	1,989 06
Repairs and renewals.....	4,678 20	3,431 15	2,604 94	1,233 30	1,380 10	1,380 10
State Board of Control.....	2,077 91	2,077 91	.....	2,604 94	.....	.....
Stock factory.....	1,414 39	425 73	37,127 91	27,778 15	10,134 68	10,567 38
Subsistence.....	18,634 62	17,230 53	900 59	870 19	.....	.....
Tobacco.....	.....	.....	23,548 72	24,859 91	14,943 43	16,674 12
Wages and salaries.....	20,634 26	21,288 02	.....	.....	.....	.....
Totals.....	\$69,741 33	\$64,827 05	\$103,303 17	\$87,758 07	\$43,653 69	\$48,226 17
*Gains deducted.....	*247 17	*1,556 31	*126 19	*2,727 60	*636 86	*2,128 76
Net expenditures.....	\$69,494 16	\$63,270 74	\$103,176 98	\$85,030 47	\$43,016 83	\$46,097 41
Deduct receipts from prisoners' earnings.....	.....	.....	55,065 37	55,816 15	.....	.....
Received from counties.....	7,724 63	8,849 25	.....	.....	.....	.....
Net cost to state.....	\$61,769 53	\$54,421 49	\$48,111 61	\$29,214 32	.....	.....

Movement of Population.

MOVEMENT OF POPULATION

In the several institutions for the biennial period ending September 30, 1896.

	STATE HOSPITAL.		NORTHERN HOSPITAL.		SCHOOL FOR DEAF.		SCHOOL FOR BLIND.	
	1895.	1896.	1895.	1896.	1895.	1896.	1895.	1896.
Number present or enrolled Oct. 1, 1894-95.....	479	455	597	605	188	180	100	98
Returned from homes and on leave.....	364	391	461	481	49	41	13	27
Admitted during the year.....								
Total.....	843	846	1,058	1,086	237	221	113	125
Discharged recovered.....	100	104	101					
Discharged improved.....	182	164	116					
Discharged unimproved.....	79	128	172					
Died.....	45	41	63	46	1			3
Not insane.....	2	7	1					
Sent home on leave absence.....				317				
Sent to county asylums.....				199				
Escaped.....				4				
Honorable discharges.....					2	9		
Dismissed as incapable.....					2	4		
Died in school.....						1		
Dismissed.....						1		
Gone to other schools.....					3	2		
Over school age.....					4	2		
Absentees.....					27	23		
Time expired.....					2			7
Graduated.....					16			
Dropped during year.....							15	10
Suspended.....								2
Released on parole.....								
Discharged of age.....								
Sentence expired or reduced.....								
Pardoned.....								
Order of court.....								
Transferred to hospitals for insane.....								
Placed in homes on indenture.....								
Returned to counties.....								
Transferred to Industrial School.....								
Hospital for treatment.....								
Number present or enrolled Sept. 30.....	455	402	605	520	180	179	98	103
Average for the year.....	450	397	592	556	199	180	101	101

Movement of Population.

MOVEMENT OF POPULATION—Continued.

In the several institutions for the biennial period ending September 30, 1896.

	INDUSTRIAL SCHOOL FOR BOYS.		STATE PRISON.		STATE PUBLIC SCHOOL.	
	1895.	1896.	1895.	1896.	1895.	1896.
Number present or enrolled Oct. 1, 1894-95.....	351	345	662	615	266	283
Returned from homes and on leave.....	30	53			89	118
Admitted during the year.....	209	178	317	318	217	159
Total.....	560	576	979	933	572	560
Discharged recovered.....						
Discharged improved.....						
Discharged unimproved.....						
Died.....	1	1	5	5	1	2
Not insane.....						
Sent home on leave absence.....						
Sent to county asylums.....						
Escaped.....	10	13				
Honorable discharges.....						
Dismissed as incapable.....						
Died in school.....						
Dismissed.....						
Gone to other schools.....						
Over school age.....						
Absentees.....						
Time expired.....						
Graduated.....						
Dropped during year.....						
Suspended.....						
Released on parole.....	229	231	4			
Discharged of age.....	5	3				
Sentence expired or reduced.....			318	313		
Pardoned.....			31	19		
Order of court.....			4	6		
Transferred to hospitals for insane.....			2	8		
Placed in homes on indenture.....					262	321
Returned to counties.....					25	9
Transferred to Industrial School.....						2
Hospital for treatment.....					1	1
Number present or enrolled Sept. 30.....	345	328	615	582	283	225
Average for the year.....	369	343	625	606	270	237

Estimate of Appropriations Needed.

ESTIMATE OF APPROPRIATIONS NEEDED.

Estimate of expenditures and the appropriations required for each of the two coming appropriation years.

	State hospital for the insane.	Northern hospital for the insane.	School for the deaf.	School for the blind.
Amusements and means of instruction...	\$500 00	\$800 00	\$800 00	\$1,500 00
Agents' expenses				
Barn, farm and garden	1,500 00	2,000 00	700 00	1,200 00
Boot and shoe factory			500 00	
Clothing	6,500 00	6,500 00	200 00	200 00
Children's transportation				
Convicts' earnings				
Discharges	400 00	450 00		
Drugs and medical department	1,200 00	1,400 00	200 00	200 00
Engines and boilers	1,000 00	900 00	1,500 00	500 00
Elopers	200 00	200 00		
Fire apparatus	300 00	300 00	200 00	500 00
Freight and express (not otherwise classified)	50 00	50 00	50 00	25 00
Fuel	12,000 00	14,000 00	4,500 00	3,000 00
Furniture	400 00	400 00	200 00	500 00
Gas and other lights	2,200 00	2,300 00	1,200 00	1,000 00
House furnishing	5,000 00	6,000 00	1,000 00	1,000 00
Laundry	600 00	800 00	250 00	500 00
Library	200 00	350 00	200 00	
Machinery and tools	75 00	100 00	300 00	200 00
Miscellaneous	500 00	500 00	600 00	800 00
Officers' expenses	300 00	300 00	200 00	150 00
Printing, postage, stationery and tele- graph	800 00	900 00	400 00	350 00
Printing office			300 00	
Repairs and renewals	3,000 00	3,000 00	2,000 00	3,000 00
Sock factory				
State board of control	3,800 00	4,500 00	1,450 00	1,100 00
Subsistence	33,000 00	40,000 00	9,000 00	8,500 00
Surgical instruments and appliances	150 00	200 00		
Tobacco	400 00	100 00		
Wages and salaries	40,000 00	45,000 00	23,000 00	15,000 00
Work departments				500 00
Total	\$114,075 00	\$130,850 00	\$48,550 00	\$39,725 00
To be received from counties	34,501 31	47,725 63		
Receipts from board and clothing, conv- ict labor, etc.	1,500 00	500 00	200 00	100 00
Balance	\$78,073 69	\$82,624 37	\$48,350 00	\$39,625 00
Probable surplus at close of present year	3,800 00	3,000 00	4,400 00	
Probable deficiency at close of present year				
Appropriations necessary for first year...	\$74,273 69	\$79,624 37	\$43,950 00	\$39,625 00
Appropriations necessary for second year	78,073 69	82,624 37	48,350 00	39,625 00
Total for the period	\$152,347 38	\$162,248 74	\$92,300 00	\$79,250 00

Estimate of Appropriations Needed.

ESTIMATE OF APPROPRIATIONS NEEDED — Continued.

Estimate of expenditures and the appropriations required for each of the two coming appropriation years.

	Industrial school for boys.	State prison.	State public school.
Amusements and means of instruction.....	\$1,500 00	\$100 00	\$400 00
Agents' expenses.....			3,500 00
Barn, farm and garden.....	2,000 00	1,500 00	1,800 00
Boot and shoe factory.....	2,000 00		
Clothing.....	6,000 00	8,000 00	5,000 00
Children's transportation.....			700 00
Convicts' earnings.....		250 00	
Discharges.....		4,750 00	
Drugs and medical department.....	1,000 00	1,000 00	1,200 00
Engines and boilers.....	1,000 00	750 00	400 00
Elopers.....	500 00	250 00	100 00
Fire apparatus.....	400 00	250 00	200 00
Freight and express (not otherwise classified)..	50 00		25 00
Fuel.....	5,500 00	10,000 00	4,500 00
Furniture.....	500 00	150 00	300 00
Gas and other lights.....	1,500 00	1,250 00	800 00
House furnishing.....	3,500 00	2,500 00	1,400 00
Laundry.....	700 00	750 00	300 00
Library.....	300 00	100 00	100 00
Machinery and tools.....	250 00	150 00	50 00
Miscellaneous.....	300 00	600 00	800 00
Officers' expenses.....	100 00	250 00	150 00
Printing, postage, stationery and telegraph....	600 00	500 00	350 00
Printing office.....			
Repairs and renewals.....	3,500 00	2,500 00	2,500 00
Sock factory.....	1,000 00		
State board of control.....	2,300 00	2,800 00	1,900 00
Subsistence.....	18,500 00	33,000 00	12,000 00
Surgical instruments and appliances.....			
Tobacco.....		800 00	
Wages and salaries.....	21,500 00	25,000 00	17,000 00
Work departments.....			
Total.....	\$75,000 00	\$97,200 00	\$55,475 00
To be received from counties.....	7,874 76		
Receipts from board and clothing, convict labor, etc.....	400 00	50,000 00	
Balance.....	\$66,725 24	\$47,200 00	\$55,475 00
Probable surplus at close of present year.....			10,500 00
Probable deficiency at close of present year....		36,000 00	
Appropriations necessary for first year.....	\$66,725 24	\$33,200 00	\$44,975 00
Appropriations necessary for second year.....	66,725 24	47,200 00	55,475 00
Total for the period.....	\$133,450 48	\$130,400 00	\$100,450 00

County Quotas in Hospitals.

COUNTY QUOTAS IN HOSPITALS.

Table showing the quota or number of patients each county is entitled to have in the state hospitals for the insane, based upon the population as shown by the census of 1896, taking effect January 1, 1896.

County.	Popula- tion.	Quota.	County.	Popula- tion.	Quota
Adams	7,532	5	Marathon	36,598	24
Ashland	17,241	11	Marinette	27,271	18
Barron	20,122	13	Marquette.....	10,203	7
Bayfield.....	12,595	8	Milwaukee.....	287,922	.....
Brown.....	45,623	30	Monroe	26,350	18
Buffalo.....	16,931	11	Oconto	18,339	12
Burnett	5,892	4	Oneida	7,060	5
Calumet.....	17,744	12	Outagamie.....	44,404	30
Chippewa	28,727	19	Ozaukee.....	16,545	11
Clark.....	21,342	14	Pepin.....	7,567	5
Columbia.....	30,868	21	Pierce	23,040	15
Crawford.....	17,203	11	Polk.....	16,117	11
Dane.....	65,669	44	Portage.....	28,531	19
Dodge.....	47,851	32	Price.....	7,257	5
Door.....	16,969	11	Racine.....	41,110	27
Douglas	29,986	20	Richland	19,619	13
Dunn.....	25,006	17	Rock.....	48,414	32
Eau Claire.....	33,172	22	St. Croix.....	25,870	17
Florence	2,850	2	Sauk.....	32,919	22
Fond du Lac.....	47,436	32	Sawyer	3,741	2
Forest.....	1,288	2	Shawano	22,573	15
Grant.....	38,372	26	Sheboygan.....	48,396	32
Green	23,420	16	Taylor.....	8,498	6
Green Lake.....	15,939	11	Trempealeau...	21,963	15
Iowa.....	23,447	16	Vernon	27,035	18
Iron.....	5,338	4	Vilas.....	3,801	3
Jackson	16,722	11	Walworth	29,162	19
Jefferson	36,317	24	Washburn	4,266	3
Juneau.....	18,754	13	Washington	24,077	16
Kenosha.....	17,548	12	Waukesha	36,562	24
Kewaunee.....	17,632	12	Waupaca.....	30,793	21
La Crosse.....	43,610	29	Waushara.....	15,355	10
La Fayette	21,488	14	Winnebago.....	57,627	38
Langlade.....	11,092	7	Wood.....	21,637	14
Lincoln.....	14,765	10			
Manitowoc.....	40,802	27	Total	1,937,915	1,100

SEVENTH BIENNIAL REPORT

OF THE

**Wisconsin State Hospital for the
Insane**

FOR THE

Two Fiscal Years Ending September 30, 1896.

SUPERINTENDENT'S REPORT.

To the State Board of Control:

GENTLEMEN—I have the honor to lay before you this Seventh Biennial Report of the affairs of the Wisconsin State Hospital for the Insane for the period ending Sept. 30, 1896.

Referring to accompanying tables of statistics, you will see that during the first year of the period ending Sept. 30, '95, 364 new admissions were cared for and during the second year, ending Sept. 30, '96, 391 were admitted, a much larger number than ever before in the history of the institution. Were it not for the wise policy pursued by the Board in transferring many chronic patients that were retained here longer than the average period because of the difficulty with which they could be cared for in the chronic asylums, I have no hesitancy in saying that this number of acute cases could not have been cared for and properly classified at this institution. I have no doubt many of those transferred have added greatly to the care of the county asylums to which they were taken and, I fear, have annoyed and harassed some of the unfortunate fellow patients in these institutions, but until some provision is made by the state to care for this class of disturbed and troublesome chronic insane for whom now there seems to be no suitable place, this burden must be shared by the county asylums, otherwise the state hospitals would be filled with these to the detriment of the acute insane for whose care they are intended. It seems to me to be a necessity that the state should soon provide separate buildings to care for the disturbed and violent chronic insane and insane criminals, to add to the comfort of the county asylums designed for the physically helpless or quiet chronic class where such a disturbed patient must be constantly restrained or isolated in order that the 100 or so other

State Hospital.

patients may sleep or rest. Such a building could be built here, utilizing the present heat, power plant, and laundry, at a very low cost. We have now not sufficient isolation rooms at this hospital for its necessities since so large a percentage of our admissions are cases that are noisy and untidy and it has frequently been necessary to have such cases on the general wards to the great discomfort of the other patients, especially at night when one such case may break the rest for the 30 or 40 others on the same hall.

It pleases me greatly to report to your honorable body that, of this large number of admissions, only very few have been brought to our doors in restraint, and that it is the almost universal custom to have a female attendant accompanying female patients during transportation.

I trust you may pardon an allusion to the fact that it has seemed necessary to retain our full force of attendants with the reduced population. Many of the best working patients that had been here for years were among the number transferred and we have found it inadvisable to ask the acute patients that have taken their places to do the manual labor done by them, even though it were possible to exact it, which it is not. Furthermore the policy of the institution has approached nearer the hospital idea during this period than at any time in its history.

Reference was made in the last report to the necessity for infirmary wards. The inhumanity of keeping the sick on the general wards was admitted but no provision other than this had been provided up to the fall of 1895. At this time, by the action of the Board in transferring many chronic patients—thereby reducing very materially our population—it was possible to vacate one of the male wards to be used for this purpose. This was done and, while it has required the help of several more attendants than formerly and the services of a trained nurse, it has been (inconvenient and poorly equipped as it necessarily is) a veritable God-send to the institution. The bed-

Superintendent's Report.

ridden are here cared for as in a general hospital and I am extremely anxious and hopeful that the necessary enlarging and equipment to make it an infirmary in fact will be forthcoming at the next session of the legislature.

I feel that I may direct your attention with pardonable pride to the large sum of money that has been expended in necessary, extraordinary repairs, from the general appropriation. Also, at the present writing, extensive overhauling of the heat and ventilating system is in progress, which will be paid for from the general fund. Our furnace and boiler repairs have been very heavy. The automatic stokers that were put in front of the boilers have already almost doubly paid for themselves by enabling us to burn a cheap grade of coal with equal efficiency to the block coal previously in use. The boilers will soon have to be replaced with new ones, these having been in use 17 years and are not safe.

During the month of August, 1895, at my request, Dr. Scott (State Veterinarian) visited the institution and applied the test for tuberculosis to our herd of cattle and it was found necessary to condemn the whole herd, either because of actual disease or exposure. They are now replaced by a good healthy herd of grade cows.

I respectfully request your honorable body to petition the legislature for the following special appropriations, the necessity for which will be obvious to a visiting committee:

- | | |
|--|-------------|
| 1. A battery of new boilers should be provided for, as those in use are pronounced by experienced men to be unsafe, at a cost of | \$12,000 00 |
| 2. The amusement hall, infirmary and sewing-room should be enlarged and an elevator to the upper floors put in—special bath arrangements and kitchen for the infirmary supplied at a cost of | 10,000 00 |
| 3. Three new wash machines will be required and should be of the best make—all brass—at a cost of about. | 2,000 00 |
| 4. A new coal storage house for the gas plant should be constructed at a cost of..... | 1,000 00 |

State Hospital.

5. We should be supplied with a modern Turkish bath establishment and spray baths for general bathing in a separate building, to cost \$10,000 00
6. Additional isolation rooms should be added to the wings, so that we would not be required to sleep disturbed and noisy patients in the same room and in close proximity to the general wards. This would cost about 10,000 00

I feel that these recommendations are liable to cause some degree of surprise at their extent, but it should be remembered that it is many years since any special work has been done at this institution and its duties in caring for the acute insane are constantly increasing, as well as the fact that no special general repairs have been done and the necessity for repairs increases rapidly from year to year, since our buildings and the equipment are so old.

Our sewerage now empties into the lake. I feel that this should be remedied by settling vats, or otherwise, the expense of which I am unable to give at this time.

I desire especially to mention the faithfulness and earnest work of the officers and assistant physicians of the institution; and I am pleased to report a more earnest, united effort without friction, than the history of the institution has previously shown, the good results of which, I hope, have been manifest to your honorable body.

The confidence, kind words and general good will extended us by yourselves, I assure you, gentlemen, has been highly appreciated and has done much to encourage when the burden of the work seemed greatest.

Trusting that the future relations of the superintendent with your honorable body may be as cordial and harmonious as in the past, I remain,

Your obedient servant,

WM. B. LYMAN,

Superintendent.

Statistical Tables.

TABLE NO. 1.

Movement of population.

	1895.			1896.		
	Male.	Fe- male.	Total.	Male.	Fe- male.	Total.
Remaining September 30, 1894...	280	199	479	.....	.....	.....
Remaining September 30, 1895...	.....	.....	.....	263	192	455
Admitted during year.....	216	148	364	225	166	391
Whole number treated.....	496	347	843	488	358	846
Discharged recovered.....	66	34	100	64	40	104
Discharged improved.....	95	67	162	98	66	164
Discharged unimproved.....	43	36	79	57	71	128
Died.....	27	18	45	26	15	41
Not insane.....	2	.....	2	4	3	7
Whole number discharged.....	233	155	388	249	195	444
Remaining September 30, 1895...	263	192	455	.....	.....	.....
Remaining September 30, 1896...	.....	.....	.....	239	163	402
Discharged improved, going home	44	37	81	57	34	91
Daily average under treatment...	268	182	450	231	166	397

TABLE NO. 2.

Admissions and discharges from beginning of hospital.

	1895.			1896.		
	Male.	Fe- male.	Total.	Male.	Fe- male.	Total.
Admitted.....	3,929	3,057	6,986	4,154	3,223	7,377
Discharged recovered.....	1,117	850	1,967	1,181	890	2,071
Discharged improved.....	1,000	761	1,761	1,098	827	1,925
Discharged unimproved.....	1,015	850	1,865	1,072	921	1,993
Died.....	527	401	928	553	416	969
Not insane.....	7	3	10	11	6	17

State Hospital.

TABLE NO. 3.

Number attacked at various ages during 1895 and 1896.

	1895.			1896.		
	Male.	Female.	Total.	Male.	Female.	Total.
Less than 15 years					1	1
Between 15 and 20 years.....	15	5	20	9	7	16
Between 20 and 30 years.....	49	44	93	60	39	99
Between 30 and 40 years.....	66	48	114	56	46	102
Between 40 and 50 years.....	40	23	63	44	33	77
Between 50 and 60 years.....	20	17	37	26	20	46
Over 60 years	24	10	34	23	15	38
Unknown		1	1	3	1	4
Not insane	2		2	4	4	8
Total	216	148	364	225	166	391

TABLE NO. 4.

Number at each age from beginning of hospital.

	WHEN ATTACKED.		
	Male.	Female.	Total.
Less than 15 years	76	52	128
Between 15 and 20 years.....	324	243	567
Between 20 and 30 years.....	1,150	966	2,116
Between 30 and 40 years.....	933	841	1,774
Between 40 and 50 years.....	694	516	1,210
Between 50 and 60 years.....	417	309	726
Over 60 years	338	183	521
Unknown	211	106	317
Not insane	11	7	18
Total.....	4,154	3,223	7,377

Statistical Tables.

TABLE NO. 5.

Nativity of patients admitted.

NATIVITY.	1895.	1896.	From begin- ning.	NATIVITY.	1895.	1896.	From begin- ning.
Austria.....		3	20	West Indies...			1
Bavaria.....			15	Alabama.....			3
Belgium.....			3	Arkansas.....	1		1
Bohemia.....	2	1	5	California.....			1
Canada.....	10	8	161	Connecticut...	2	1	74
China.....	1		1	Georgia.....			1
Cuba.....			3	Illinois.....	5	4	89
Denmark.....	8	6	62	Indiana.....	4		63
England.....	9	10	273	Iowa.....	1	5	37
Finland.....			1	Kansas.....			1
France.....		1	15	Kentucky.....			16
Germany.....	29	30	970	Maine.....	1	2	84
Holland.....	1		5	Maryland.....			4
Hungary.....	1		1	Massachusetts.	2	1	91
Ireland.....	17	13	585	Michigan.....		1	42
Isle of Man.....			3	Minnesota.....	6	2	34
Isle of Wight...			1	Mississippi.....			1
Italy.....		2	8	Missouri.....	1		9
New Brunswick.	2		13	Nebraska.....			1
Newfoundland..			1	New Hamps're.		1	56
New Zealand...			1	New Jersey....	1	1	23
Norway.....	37	47	772	New York.....	18	30	853
Nova Scotia....		1	17	North Carolina			4
On Ocean.....			7	Ohio.....	7	9	211
Peru.....	1		1	Pennsylvania..	6	6	216
Poland.....	1	1	16	Rhode Island..			6
Prussia.....		1	4	South Carolina			8
Russia.....		1	3	Tennessee.....		1	5
Scotland.....	1		65	Vermont.....	5	8	128
Sweden.....	18	20	154	Virginia.....	1	1	23
Switzerland...	4	5	88	Wisconsin.....	150	150	1,653
United States..	6	4	65				
Unknown.....	4	13	181	Total.....	364	391	7,317
Wales.....	1	1	58				

State Hospital.

TABLE NO. 6.

Residence of patients admitted.

COUNTY.	1895.		1896.	
	Admitted.	Remaining.	Admitted.	Remaining.
Adams.....	4	9	4	7
Barron.....	11	12	18	13
Buffalo.....	5	5	9	9
Burnett.....	4	4	3	6
Chippewa.....	.....	1	6	5
Clark.....	7	14	6	10
Columbia.....	19	26	19	15
Crawford.....	6	11	9	12
Dane.....	46	40	40	29
Dodge.....	.....	1	.....	.....
Douglas.....	.....	.....	5	3
Dunn.....	9	14	13	14
Eau Claire.....	15	14	18	21
Grant.....	21	23	16	13
Green.....	4	9	15	9
Iowa.....	8	11	5	5
Jackson.....	6	10	6	7
Juneau.....	14	20	8	15
La Crosse.....	17	18	22	20
La Fayette.....	12	16	6	9
Marquette.....	.....	1	.....	.....
Monroe.....	8	12	8	10
Pepin.....	3	6	4	3
Pierce.....	6	7	9	8
Polk.....	8	11	11	10
Richland.....	13	14	11	8
Rock.....	23	19	26	23
St. Croix.....	18	28	12	20
Sauk.....	15	14	12	13
Sawyer.....	2	4	1	3
Trempealeau.....	7	12	10	9
Vernon.....	15	17	17	15
Walworth.....	18	18	14	15
Washburn.....	1	2	5	3
Winnebago.....	.....	1	.....	.....
State at large.....	19	31	23	40
Total.....	364	455	391	402

Statistical Tables.

TABLE No. 7.

Duration of insanity before entrance of those admitted.

DURATION.	1895.			1896.			FROM THE BEGINNING.		
	Male.	Female	Total.	Male.	Female	Total.	Male.	Female	Total.
Less than 3 months.....	67	44	111	58	38	96	1,291	907	2,198
Between 3 and 6 months.	19	15	34	21	21	42	450	391	841
Between 6 and 12 months	27	17	44	29	13	42	476	395	871
Between 1 and 2 years ..	21	16	37	21	13	34	399	295	694
Between 2 and 3 years..	17	13	30	17	15	32	278	202	480
Between 3 and 5 years..	28	14	42	16	17	33	316	257	573
Between 5 and 10 years.	15	17	32	12	10	22	261	283	544
Between 10 and 20 years	13	11	24	3	10	13	152	177	329
Between 20 and 30 years	4	1	5	2	2	4	43	39	82
Over 30 years.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	8	10	18
Unknown	3	.....	3	42	23	65	469	260	729
Not insane.....	2	.....	2	4	4	8	11	7	18
Total.....	216	148	364	225	166	391	4,154	3,223	7,377

State Hospital.

TABLE No. 8.

Ratio of deaths for twenty-five years.

YEAR.	WHOLE NO. TREATED.			NUMBER DIED.			PER CENT. DIED.		
	Male.	Female.	Total.	Male.	Female.	Total.	Male.	Female.	Total.
1872.....	265	256	521	11	14	25	4.15	5.45	4.80
1873.....	297	288	585	9	13	22	3.03	4.51	3.77
1874.....	222	235	457	12	12	24	5.40	5.11	5.26
1875.....	260	247	507	9	11	20	3.08	4.45	3.77
1876.....	289	268	557	10	10	20	3.46	3.73	3.55
1877.....	250	248	498	17	11	28	6.80	4.44	5.12
1878.....	278	252	530	18	12	30	6.00	4.76	5.38
1879.....	305	302	607	9	7	16	2.95	2.32	2.64
1880.....	377	346	723	19	16	35	5.04	4.62	4.83
1881.....	402	368	770	19	14	33	4.72	3.80	4.26
1882.....	339	317	656	12	16	28	3.57	5.05	4.31
1883.....	369	308	677	18	8	26	4.88	2.60	3.74
1884.....	383	325	708	18	12	30	4.70	3.70	4.20
1885.....	426	352	778	22	21	43	5.16	5.94	5.52
1886.....	410	346	756	21	16	37	5.12	4.62	4.87
1887.....	423	360	783	17	12	29	4.02	3.33	3.67
1888.....	450	342	792	18	19	37	4.00	5.55	4.77
1889.....	436	309	745	17	16	33	3.89	5.17	4.43
1890.....	418	305	723	18	8	26	4.30	2.62	3.46
1891.....	458	305	763	21	15	36	4.58	4.91	4.71
1892.....	483	346	829	24	14	38	4.96	4.11	4.58
1893.....	521	340	861	28	11	39	5.37	3.23	4.52
1894.....	511	355	866	30	21	51	5.87	5.91	5.88
1895.....	496	347	843	27	18	45	5.44	5.18	5.33
1896.....	488	358	846	26	15	41	5.15	4.11	4.84

Statistical Tables.

TABLE NO. 9.

Recovered of those admitted at several ages from beginning.

AGE WHEN ATTACKED.	NUMBER ADMITTED.			NUMBER RECOVERED.			PER CENT RECOVERED.		
	Male.	Female.	Total.	Male.	Female.	Total.	Ma	Female.	Total.
Less than 15 years....	76	52	128	10	14	24	13.15	26.92	18.75
Between 15 and 20 yrs.	324	243	567	123	95	218	37.96	39.09	38.45
Between 20 and 30 yrs.	1,150	966	2,116	351	337	688	30.52	34.88	32.51
Between 30 and 40 yrs.	933	841	1,774	274	211	485	27.22	25.09	27.34
Between 40 and 50 yrs.	694	516	1,210	204	131	335	29.39	25.39	27.68
Between 50 and 60 yrs.	417	309	726	124	58	182	30.01	18.77	25.00
Over 60 yrs.....	338	183	521	77	36	113	22.78	19.67	21.68
Unknown	211	106	317	18	8	26	8.53	7.54	8.20
Not insane	11	7	18	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Total	4,154	3,223	7,377	1,181	890	2,071	28.43	27.61	28.07

State Hospital.

TABLE No 10.

*Recovered after various durations of disease before treatment,
from the beginning.*

DURATION OF DISEASE BEFORE ADMISSION.	NUMBER ADMITTED.			NUMBER RECOVERED.			PER CENT. RECOVERED.		
	Male.	Female.	Total.	Male.	Female.	Total.	Male.	Female.	Total.
Less than 3 months...	1,291	907	2,198	522	378	900	40.43	41.67	40.94
Between 3 and 6 mos.	450	391	841	181	164	345	40.22	41.94	41.02
Between 6 and 12 mos.	476	395	871	154	139	293	32.35	35.02	33.63
Between 1 and 2 yrs..	399	295	694	97	69	166	24.31	23.38	23.92
Between 2 and 3 yrs..	278	202	480	50	26	76	18.05	12.87	15.83
Between 3 and 5 yrs .	316	257	573	50	40	90	15.82	15.56	15.72
Between 5 and 10 yrs..	261	283	544	33	21	54	12.64	7.42	9.92
Between 10 and 20 yrs.	152	177	329	8	9	17	5.26	4.52	5.16
Between 20 and 30 yrs.	43	39	82	.....	1	1	.....	2.56	.....
Over 30 years.....	8	10	18	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Unknown	469	260	729	86	43	129	18.33	16.54	17.69
Not insane	11	7	18	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Total	4,154	3,223	7,377	1,181	890	2,071	28.43	27.61	28.07

Statistical Tables.

TABLE NO. 11.

Duration of treatment of those recovered, from the beginning.

DURATION OF TREATMENT.	NUMBER RECOVERED.		
	Male.	Female.	Total.
Less than 3 months.....	381	190	571
Between 3 and 6 months.....	351	288	639
Between 6 and 12 months.....	279	249	528
Between 1 and 2 years.....	131	114	245
Between 2 and 3 years.....	20	31	51
Between 3 and 5 years.....	15	15	30
Between 5 and 10 years.....	4	3	7
Total.....	1,181	890	2,071

TABLE NO. 12.

Whole duration of disease of those recovered, from beginning.

DURATION OF DISEASE.	NUMBER RECOVERED.		
	Male	Female.	Total.
Less than 3 months.....	115	44	159
Between 3 and 6 months.....	217	158	375
Between 6 and 12 months.....	349	285	634
Between 1 and 2 years.....	227	196	423
Between 2 and 3 years.....	73	59	132
Between 3 and 5 years.....	63	54	117
Between 5 and 10 years.....	47	41	88
Between 10 and 20 years.....	8	7	15
Between 20 and 30 years.....	1	3	4
Unknown.....	81	43	124
Total.....	1,181	890	2,071

Statistical Tables.

TABLE No. 13.—Continued.

Number of deaths for the biennial period, and from beginning, and the causes.

CAUSES.	1895.			1896.			FROM THE BEGINNING.		
	Male.	Female.	Total.	Male.	Female.	Total.	Male.	Female.	Total.
Suicide	1	1	2	.....	.....	.....	10	8	18
Septicæmia	1	.....	1	.....	.....	.....	6	2	8
Typhoid fever .....	.....	1	1	.....	.....	.....	4	7	11
Valvular disease of heart.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1	1	21	13	34
Symphaduoma.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1	1
Strangulated hernia.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1	.....	1
Accident.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	2	.....	2
Rheumatism.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1	1
Exhaustion, senile, complicated by burn.....	.....	.....	.....	1	.....	1	1	.....	1
Total.....	27	18	45	26	15	41	553	416	969

State Hospital.

TABLE No. 14.

Attributed cause of insanity in 5,209 cases, 1876-1896 inclusive.

ATTRIBUTED CAUSE OF INSANITY.	1895.			1896.			IN 5,209 CASES.		
	Male.	Female.	Total.	Male.	Female.	Total.	Male.	Female.	Total.
Arsenical poisoning					1	1		1	1
Bright's disease							1		1
Child-birth		11	11		4	4		148	148
Change of life		5	5		4	4		51	51
Chorea							1	2	3
Cerebral hemorrhage				2	2	4	14	8	22
Cerebral softening							1		1
Cerebral congestion							1		1
Cerebral anaemia								1	1
Diphtheria								1	1
Debility	1	2	3	2	6	8	21	31	52
Domestic troubles	6	7	13	1	5	6	38	84	122
Disappointment	2	4	6	3	4	7	19	17	36
Epilepsy	7	5	12	12	10	22	164	71	235
Fever							1	2	3
Fever, typhoid							3	3	6
Fright				1	1	2	9	19	28
Grief	2	2	4	3	5	8	26	55	81
Heredity	34	23	57	26	9	35	450	410	860
Heredity with child-birth		1	1					12	12
Heredity with miscarriage								2	2
Heredity with injury to head							9	1	10
Heredity with typhoid fever							1		1
Heredity with change of life		2	2					5	5
Heredity with domestic trouble	2	4	6		1	1	6	9	15
Heredity with old age	2		2				3	1	4
Heredity with poverty	1	1	2				3	2	5
Heredity with uterine disease								2	2
Heredity with intemperance	3		3				22	3	25
Heredity with epilepsy	2	3	5				6	6	12
Heredity with grief							1	2	3
Heart, disease of							1		1
Intemperance	24	2	26	15	1	16	239	14	253
Injury of head	9		9	7	1	8	107	17	124
Idiocy	5		5				19	6	25
Infantile cerebral disease	1		1				3	2	5
La grippe	8	5	13	5		5	39	18	57
Locomotor ataxia							3		2
Malaria							1	1	2
Masturbation	7	1	8	21		21	157	7	164
Menstrual derangement		2	2		6	6		26	26
Meningitis		1	1		2	2	9	6	15

Statistical Tables.

TABLE No. 14.—Continued.

Attributed cause of insanity in 5,209 cases, 1876-1896 inclusive.

ATTRIBUTED CAUSE OF INSANITY.	1895.			1896.			IN 5,209 CASES.		
	Male.	Fe- male.	Total.	Male.	Fe- male.	Total.	Male.	Fe- male.	Total.
Old age.....	10	4	14	3	.....	3	72	29	101
Overwork.....	1	6	7	4	4	8	31	48	79
Opium habit.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	8	5	13
Pregnancy.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	2	2	.....	8	8
Pneumonia.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1	1	2
Privation.....	.....	1	1	.....	.....	.....	5	4	9
Protracted lactation.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1	1
Pecuniary embarrassment..	6	.....	6	5	2	7	68	10	78
Prostration, nervous.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	3	5	8
Puberty.....	.....	1	1	.....	.....	.....	.....	1	1
Religious excitement.....	9	5	14	3	5	8	56	56	112
Rheumatism.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	3	1	4
Sexual excess.....	2	.....	2	.....	.....	.....	5	3	8
Seduction.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	5	5
Struck by lightning.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	3	.....	3
Sunstroke.....	2	.....	2	9	.....	9	80	5	85
Syphilis.....	.....	.....	.....	5	.....	5	16	4	20
Tuberculosis.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1	1	4	2	6
Uterine diseases.....	.....	1	1	.....	5	5	.....	26	26
Unknown.....	56	45	101	93	78	171	1,242	886	2,128
Worry and anxiety.....	12	4	16	1	3	4	41	25	66
Not insane.....	2	.....	2	4	4	8	11	7	18
Love affair.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	4	4
Cocaine habit.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1	.....	1
Total.....	216	148	364	225	166	391	3,027	2,182	5,209

State Hospital.

TABLE NO. 15.

Form of insanity for the biennial period, and in 5,209 cases, 1876-1896, inclusive.

FORM OF INSANITY.	1895.			1896.			IN 5,209 CASES.		
	Male.	Female.	Total.	Male.	Female.	Total.	Male.	Female.	Total.
Adolescent insanity.....							4	1	5
Dementia, acute.....	5	3	8	7	2	9	25	19	44
Dementia, chronic.....	5	6	11	5	2	7	147	76	223
Dementia, senile.....	10	5	15	8		8	71	36	107
Dipsomania.....				14		14	68	6	74
General paresis.....	2		2	4		4	22	3	25
Hysteria.....					5	5	1	46	47
Idiocy.....	5		5	1	1	2	22	11	33
Mania, acute.....	35	27	62	51	32	83	792	482	1,274
Mania, sub-acute.....	30	24	54	5	7	12	253	169	422
Mania, chronic.....	43	15	58	31	12	43	548	385	933
Mania, epileptic.....	8	8	16	12	10	22	168	69	237
Mania, puerperal.....		9	9		2	2		80	80
Mania, recurrent.....	2	5	7	5	11	16	50	58	108
Melancholia, acute.....	38	22	60	47	43	90	568	439	1,007
Melancholia, sub-acute.....	21	11	32	3	3	6	107	95	202
Melancholia, chronic.....	10	13	23	26	31	57	152	183	335
Melancholia, recurrent.....				2	1	3	16	15	31
Mysophobia.....								1	1
Stuporous insanity.....							2	1	3
Not insane.....	2		2	4	4	8	11	7	18
Total.....	216	148	364	225	166	391	3,027	2,182	5,209

Statistical Tables.

TABLE No. 16.

*Statistics of the Hospital from July 14, 1860, to September 30, 1896,
(Hospital year ending September 30, each year.)*

Whole number.	1860.	1861.	1862.	1863.	1864.	1865.	1866.	1867.	1868.	1869.	1870.	1871.	1872.
Males admitted.....	23	50	49	62	59	44	57	55	95	109	82	81	92
Females admitted.....	22	56	40	61	53	43	38	59	80	100	86	83	74
Whole No. admitted.....	45	106	89	123	112	87	95	114	175	209	168	164	166
Whole No. treated.....	45	147	192	254	300	257	272	294	355	455	522	524	521
Males discharged.....	..	23	38	44	64	34	50	61	51	58	92	83	83
Females discharged.....	4	21	28	22	66	46	42	53	58	33	80	86	65
Whole No. discharged....	4	44	61	66	130	80	92	114	109	91	172	169	148
Males recovered.....	..	13	12	24	23	16	19	30	25	31	31	23	33
Females recovered.....	1	6	13	13	33	17	23	19	30	21	22	31	27
Whole No. recovered.....	1	19	25	37	56	33	42	49	55	52	53	54	60
Males died.....	..	3	14	8	9	7	6	7	7	8	18	14	11
Females died.....	1	7	7	1	8	6	1	3	8	5	14	15	14
Whole No. died.....	1	10	21	9	17	13	7	10	15	13	32	29	25
Whole No. improved.....	1	8	8	16	21	25	20	33	32	14	41	52	26
Whole No. unimproved...	1	7	7	4	36	9	13	22	7	13	46	34	37
Whole No. remaining at end of year.....	41	103	131	188	170	177	180	185	246	364	360	355	373
Not insane.....	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Daily av. each year...	..	90	117	162	187	179	181	185	203	310	362	359	365

State Hospital.

TABLE No. 16.—Continued.

Statistics of the Hospital from 1886 to 1896, (Hospital year ending September 30, each year).

Whole number.	1873.	1874.	1875.	1876.	1877.	1878.	1879.	1880.	1881.	1882.	1883.	1884.	1885.
Males admitted.....	115	73	82	99	61	90	103	125	109	96	130	139	137
Females admitted.....	97	70	78	82	83	58	111	90	75	73	84	100	104
Whole No. admitted.....	212	143	160	181	144	148	214	215	184	169	214	239	241
Whole No. treated.....	585	457	507	557	498	530	607	723	770	656	677	708	778
Males discharged.....	148	44	70	98	62	76	54	84	159	100	125	94	158
Females discharged.....	123	66	62	101	54	61	46	53	124	93	83	77	111
Whole No. discharged....	271	110	132	199	116	137	100	137	283	193	208	171	269
Males recovered.....	21	11	16	19	21	14	21	23	28	33	48	31	45
Females recovered.....	18	20	16	15	24	21	16	19	32	16	23	27	31
Whole No. recovered.....	39	31	32	34	45	35	37	42	60	49	71	58	76
Males died.....	9	12	11	10	17	18	9	19	19	12	18	18	22
Females died.....	13	12	9	10	11	12	7	16	14	16	8	12	21
Whole No. died.....	22	24	20	20	28	30	16	35	33	28	26	30	43
Whole No. improved.....	76	32	53	40	21	36	36	47	65	59	47	54	68
Whole No. unimproved...	134	28	27	105	21	36	11	13	125	56	63	29	82
Whole No. remaining at end of year.....	314	347	375	357	382	393	507	586	487	463	469	537	509
Not insane.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1	.....	1	.....	.....	1	1	.....	.....
Daily av. each year. .	329	337	364	334	370	379	425	550	566	469	470	510	514

Statistical Tables.

TABLE No. 16.—Continued.

Statistics of the Hospital from 1860 to 1872, (Hospital year ending September 30, each year).

Whole number.	1886.	1887.	1888.	1889.	1890.	1891.	1892.	1893.	1894.	1895.	1896.	Total.
Males admitted.....	142	149	178	164	151	158	163	205	187	216	225	4154
Females admitted.....	105	103	107	103	97	94	144	111	144	148	166	3223
Whole No. admitted.....	247	252	285	267	248	252	307	316	331	364	391	7377
Whole No. treated.....	756	783	792	745	723	763	829	861	866	843	870	.....
Males discharged.....	136	151	178	169	118	138	167	197	231	233	249	3915
Females discharged.....	89	125	136	101	94	103	117	129	156	155	195	3060
Whole No. discharged.....	225	276	314	270	212	241	284	326	387	388	444	6975
Males recovered.....	49	43	57	45	64	46	50	39	46	66	64	1181
Females recovered.....	25	27	30	26	37	24	43	23	48	34	40	890
Whole No. recovered.....	74	70	87	71	101	70	93	62	94	100	104	2671
Males died.....	21	17	18	17	18	21	24	28	30	27	26	553
Females died.....	16	12	19	16	8	15	14	11	21	18	15	416
Whole No. died.....	37	29	37	33	26	36	38	39	51	45	41	969
Whole No. improved.....	44	62	62	81	36	63	81	107	120	162	164	1925
Whole No. unimproved....	70	110	128	85	49	72	72	118	118	79	128	1993
Whole No. remaining at end of year.....	531	601	478	175	511	522	545	535	479	455	402	.....
Not insane.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	4	2	7	17
Daily av. each year....	523	516	479	433	501	518	530	527	518	450	397	.....

State Hospital.

TABLE No. 17.—1895-1896.

ADMITTED DURING 1895.	CONDITION AT LAST DISCHARGE.												Per cent. in admissions for this year.	
	Recovered.			Improved.			Unimproved.			Unknown (not in this hospital).	Per cent. in admissions for this year.			
	Male.	Female.	Total.	Male.	Female.	Total.	Male.	Female.	Total.					
Number of Previous Attacks.														
One previous attack....	60	36	96	7	3	10	15	14	29	6	7	13	.....	26.37
Two previous attacks....	8	12	20	5	4	9	2	2	4	.....	1	1	.....	5.50
Three previous attacks..	4	5	9	1	1	2	1	2	3	.....	.....	.....	.....	2.47
Four previous attacks..	5	2	7	2	1	3	.....	1	1	.....	.....	.....	.....	1.92
Five previous attacks..	4	1	5	1	1	2	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1.37
Totals.....	81	56	137	16	10	26	18	19	37	6	8	14	.....	37.63
1896.														
One previous attack....	22	23	45	8	10	18	10	3	13	1	1	2	12	11.51
Two previous attacks....	6	11	17	.....	5	5	6	2	8	.....	.....	.....	4	4.35
Three previous attacks..	7	5	12	2	1	3	1	2	3	.....	.....	.....	6	3.07
Four previous attacks..	.....	4	4	.....	2	2	1	1	2	.....	.....	.....	.....	1.02
Five previous attacks..	.....	2	3	.....	1	1	1	.....	1	.....	.....	.....	.....	.77
Six previous attacks....	.....	1	1	.....	1	1	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.25
Totals.....	36	46	82	10	20	30	19	8	27	1	1	2	23	20.97

Statistical Tables.

TABLE No. 18—1895-1896.

DISCHARGED DURING 1896.	CONDITION AT LAST DISCHARGE.														
	Recovered.			Improved.			Unimproved.			Unknown. (Not in this hospital.)					
	Male.	Female.	Total.	Male.	Female.	Total.	Male.	Female.	Total.	Male.	Female.	Total.			
Number of Previous Attacks.															
One previous attack	47	34	81	14	7	21	13	11	24	5	3	8			
Two previous attacks	13	5	18	10	1	11					2	2			
Three previous attacks	4	2	6	2		2	2	1	3						
Four previous attacks	5	2	7	2	1	3	1	1	2						
Many previous attacks	3		3				1		1						
Totals	72	43	115	28	9	37	17	13	30	5	5	10			
1896.															
One previous attack	31	25	56	8	5	13	7	4	11	1	3	4	15	13	28
Two previous attacks	11	11	22	5	5	10	3	2	5				2	5	7
Three previous attacks	2	3	5		1	1	2	1	3					1	1
Four previous attacks		2	2											1	1
Many previous attacks	12	5	17	2	3	5	4	1	5	1		1	4	2	6
Totals	56	46	102	15	15	30	16	8	24	2	3	5	21	22	42

State Hospital.

TABLE No. 19.

Occupation of patients admitted.

Occupation.	1895.	1896.	Occupation.	1895.	1896.
Abstractor		1	Merchant	2	3
Agent	2	2	Mid-wife	1	.....
Baggageman		1	Miller	1	.....
Baker		1	Milliner	2	.....
Barber	1	.....	Miner	1	1
Blacksmith	2	1	Night watch	1	.....
Breakman	3	.....	None	25	27
Butcher	1	.....	Nurse .....	.....	1
Carpenter	3	5	Painter	2	1
Cheesemaker	1	.....	Photographer	1	.....
Clerk	1	8	Physician .....	.....	1
Contractor	2	.....	Porter	1	.....
Dentist .....	.....	1	Salesman	2	2
Domestic	48	25	Saloon-keeper	3	5
Dressmaker	3	4	School-boy	4	5
Dyer .....	.....	1	School-girl	1	4
Farmer	94	86	School-teacher	3	4
Harness maker	1	2	Tailor	2	1
Housewife	86	111	Telegraph operator	2	1
Laborer	58	75	Tramp .....	.....	4
Lawyer	1	.....	Veterinary surgeon	1	.....
Lumberman .....	.....	2			
Machinist	2	2	Total	364	391
Mason .....	.....	3			

Statistical Tables.

TABLE No. 20.

Heredity transmission in patients.

	1895.	1896.	Total.
Father insane.....	8	11	19
Father, mother and cousin insane.....	1	1	1
Father and sister insane.....	1	2	3
Father, sister and two brothers insane.....	1	1	1
Father and uncle insane.....	1	1	1
Mother insane.....	10	13	23
Mother and brother insane.....	1	1	2
Mother, brother and sister insane.....	1	2	3
Mother and sister insane.....	2	3	5
Mother, sister and aunt insane.....	1	.....	1
Mother and grandmother insane.....	3	.....	3
Mother and aunt insane.....	.....	1	1
Brother insane.....	11	10	21
Brother and sister insane.....	2	2	4
Brother, sister and aunt insane.....	1	.....	1
Brother and grandmother insane.....	1	2	3
Sister insane.....	13	8	21
Sister and grand father insane.....	.....	1	1
Sister and grandmother insane.....	.....	1	1
Sister and uncle insane.....	.....	1	1
Sister, aunt and cousin insane.....	.....	1	1
Sister and cousin insane.....	2	1	3
Sister, two cousins and three nieces insane.....	.....	1	1
Nieces insane.....	1	.....	1
Grandfather insane.....	1	1	2
Grandfather and uncle insane.....	.....	1	1
Grandfather and aunt insane.....	.....	1	1
Grandmother insane.....	3	5	8
Grandmother and aunt insane.....	3	1	4
Grandmother and great-uncle insane.....	.....	1	1
Uncle insane.....	7	8	15
Two uncles insane.....	2	.....	2
Uncle and aunt insane.....	1	2	3
Uncle and cousin insane.....	2	.....	2
Aunt insane.....	13	9	22
Aunt, two grand-aunts and four cousins insane.....	1	.....	1
Cousin insane.....	6	6	12
Great-grandmother insane.....	1	1	2
Total.....	98	100	198

State Hospital.

MATRON'S REPORT.

*Articles made in the Wisconsin State Hospital for the Insane,
Mendota, from Sept. 30, 1894, to Oct. 1, 1896.*

Aprons.....	792	Night shirts.....	48
Baby clothes.....	40	Napkins.....	393
Bed spreads.....	166	Pillow-slips.....	2,072
Blankets.....	362	Pillow-ticks.....	6
Breadcloths.....	25	Pillows, small cotton.....	62
Caps.....	6	Restraint sheet.....	5
Camisoles.....	22	Rugs.....	33
Canvas muffs.....	36	Sheets.....	2245
Carpets.....	24	Shirts, colored.....	289
Chemises.....	48	Sun-bonnets.....	53
Coffee bags.....	87	Shelf-spreads.....	89
Dresses.....	830	Skirts.....	627
Dress waists.....	1	Shrouds.....	14
Dresses repaired.....	90	Strong suits.....	33
Drawers, pairs.....	188	Strong dresses.....	38
Hats trimmed.....	118	Table cloths.....	229
Iron holders.....	115	Ticking suspenders.....	72
Kitchen jackets.....	13	Towels of all kinds.....	5,260
Mattress-ticks.....	128	Under-waists.....	11
Masquerade articles.....	17	Window shades.....	481
Nightdresses.....	551		

Current Expense Fund.

STATEMENT OF CURRENT EXPENSE FUND—1895.

1894.			
Oct. 1	Balance.....		\$36,624 93
1895.			
Jan. 1	From counties.....		44,540 38
April 25	Appropriation, Chap. 356, Laws 1895..		132,000 00
Sept. 30	Steward for board and clothing patients.....		1,795 82
Sept. 30	Steward for sundries.....		2,342 35
	Cancelled warrants.....		20 73
1895.			
Aug. 27	Transferred for expenses, board of control.....	\$3,813 90	
Sept. 30	Paid on account of current expenses this year.....	102,564 48	
Sept. 30	Balance appropriation in state treasury.....	\$110,860 97	
	Balance in hands of steward.....	84 86	
		110,945 83	
		\$217,324 21	\$217,324 21

STATEMENT OF CURRENT EXPENSE FUND—1896.

1895.			
Oct. 1	Balance.....		\$110,945 83
1896.			
Jan. 1	From counties.....		40,251 28
Sept. 30	Steward for board and clothing patients.....		2,082 83
Sept. 30	Steward for sundries.....		3,091 43
Sept. 30	Transf. bequest, Knudson fund.....		30 87
Aug. 15	Transferred for expenses, board of control.....	\$3,813 90	
Sept. 30	Paid on account of current expenses this year.....	109,562 55	
	Balance appropriation in state treasury.....	\$42,791 38	
	Balance in hands of steward.....	234 41	
		43,025 79	
		\$156,402 24	\$156,402 24
1896.			
Oct. 1	Balance.....		\$43,025 79

State Hospital.

STATEMENT OF
At the Wisconsin State Hospital for the Insane

Classified Items.	Inventory Sept. 30, 1894.	Purchased during the year.	Trans- ferred to this ac- count dur- ing the year.	Total.
Amusement and instruc- tion.....	\$2,128 35	\$462 47		\$2,590 82
Barn, farm and garden.	15,633 57	1,590 81		17,224 38
Clothing.....	1,539 69	8,033 02		9,572 71
Discharged patients.....		540 62		540 62
Discounts.....				
Drug and medical dept.	823 27	1,177 98		2,001 25
Engines and boilers....	18,426 95	1,063 85		19,490 80
Elopers.....		131 94		131 94
Freight and express (not classified).....		24 15		24 15
Fire apparatus.....	779 99	169 83		949 82
Fuel.....	9,343 08	5,362 81	\$675 00	15,380 89
Furniture.....	17,177 63	816 95		17,994 58
Gas and other lights....	2,119 17	1,965 39		4,084 56
Hides and pelts.....			1,242 69	1,242 69
House furnishing.....	31,838 98	5,183 92		37,022 90
Laundry.....	2,959 07	521 95		3,481 02
Library.....	3,916 61	221 13		4,137 74
Lumber.....	704 45			704 45
Machinery and tools....	4,749 49	63 54		4,813 03
Miscellaneous.....	598 98	942 19		1,541 17
Officers' expenses.....		373 11		373 11
Printing, postage, sta- tionery and telegraph.	758 99	1,000 56		1,759 55
Real estate, including buildings, etc.....	559,065 54			559,065 54
Repairs and renewals...	3,521 29	3,061 29	142 60	6,725 18
Restraints.....	143 25	34 00		177 25
Scraps.....			68 02	68 02
Special attendance.....			201 00	201 00
Subsistence.....	2,852 77	31,357 83	6,852 49	41,063 09
Surgical instruments and appliances.....	1,040 98	231 99		1,272 97
Tobacco.....	19 28	358 50		377 78
Wages and salaries.....		38,293 70		38,293 70
Total.....	\$680,141 38	\$102,983 53	\$9,181 80	\$792,306 71
Discounts.....		419 05		678,512 47
Net expenses.....		\$102,564 48		\$113,794 24

Add amount assigned to this institution set apart by the Secretary of

Current Expenses.

CURRENT EXPENSES.

for the fiscal year ending September 30, 1895.

Inventory Sept. 30, 1895.	Cash re- ceived on this account during the year.	Transferred from this account dur- ing the year.	Total.	Gained.	Expended.
\$2,027 68		\$145 00	\$2,172 68		\$418 14
8,566 25	\$150 12	10,463 57	19,179 94	\$1,955 56	
2,086 31	104 10		2,190 41		7,382 30
					540 62
		419 05	419 05	419 05	
786 62			786 62		1,214 63
18,009 65		800 00	18,809 65		681 15
					131 94
					24 15
756 52			756 52		193 30
400 00			400 00		14,980 89
16,499 76		1,088 25	17,588 01		406 57
1,893 08	154 44		2,047 52		2,037 04
	1,242 69		1,242 69		
28,413 12	24 93	2,712 42	31,150 47		5,872 43
2,555 39	5 10	453 00	2,913 49		567 53
2,594 10		1,394 85	3,988 95		148 79
459 05	102 80	142 60	704 45		
4,288 09		453 18	4,741 27		71 76
873 61	59 00	20 73	953 34		587 83
					373 11
681 13	3 42		684 55		1,075 00
559,065 54			559,065 54		
3,134 75	15 42	68 02	3,218 19		3,506 99
172 75			172 75		4 50
	68 02		68 02		
	201 00		201 00		
2,334 42	13 52	1,242 69	3,590 63		37,472 46
1,042 79	1 50		1,044 29		228 68
25 15			25 15		352 63
	196 29	201 00	397 29		37,896 41
\$656,665 76	\$2,342 35	\$19,504 36	\$678,512 47	\$2,374 61	\$116,168 85
					2,374 61
					\$113,794 24
					3,813 90
					\$117,608 14

State for salaries and expenses of Board of Control.....

State Hospital.

STATEMENT OF
At the Wisconsin State Hospital for the Insane

CLASSIFIED ITEMS.	Inventory September 30, 1895.	Purchased during the year.	Transf'r'd to this ac- count dur- ing the year.	Total.
Amusements and in- struction.....	\$2,027 68	\$831 42		\$2,859 10
Barn, farm and garden..	8,566 25	3,920 34		12,486 59
Clothing.....	2,086 31	6,401 09		8,487 40
Discharged patients.....		569 76		569 76
Discounts.....				
Drug and medical dep't.	786 62	1,550 40		2,337 02
Engines and boilers	18,009 65	2,910 65		20,920 30
Elopers.....		216 60		216 60
Freight and express (not classified).....		40 19		40 19
Fire apparatus.....	756 52			756 52
Fuel.....	400 00	10,115 50	\$600 00	11,115 50
Furniture.....	16,499 76	912 08		17,411 84
Gas and other lights....	1,893 08	2,451 27		4,344 35
Hides and pelts.....			277 68	277 68
House furnishing.....	28,413 12	5,243 07		33,656 19
Laundry.....	2,555 39	1,735 35		4,290 74
Library.....	2,594 10	176 62		2,770 72
Lumber.....	459 05			459 05
Machinery and tools....	4,288 09	60 88		4,348 97
Miscellaneous.....	873 61	521 41		1,395 02
Officers' expenses.....		280 38		280 38
Printing, postage, sta- tionery and telegraph.	681 13	784 93		1,466 06
Real estate, including buildings, etc.....	559,065 54		432 83	559,498 37
Repairs and renewals...	3,134 75	4,049 96	22 86	7,207 57
Restraints.....	172 75	35 75		208 50
Scraps.....			75 99	75 99
Special attendance.....		15 00	126 00	141 00
Subsistence.....	2,334 42	25,583 32	7,953 96	35,871 70
Surgical instruments and appliances.....	1,042 79	124 08		1,166 87
Tobacco.....	25 15	382 70		407 85
Wages and salaries.....		40,354 15		40,354 15
Board and clothing pa- tients.....		110 14		110 14
Cold storage.....		432 83		432 83
Totals.....	\$656,665 76	\$109,809 87	\$9,489 32	\$775,964 95
Discounts.....		247 32		
		\$109,562 55		676,303 84
Net expenses.....				\$99,661 11

Add amount assigned to this institution and set apart by the Secretary of

*Current Expenses.***CURRENT EXPENSES.***for the fiscal year ending September 30, 1896.*

Inventory September 30, 1896.	Cash re- ceived on this account during the year.	Transferred from this account dur- ing the year.	Total.	Gained.	Expended.
\$1,978 18			\$1,978 18		\$880 92
10,164 88	\$637 53	\$8,553 96	19,356 37	\$6,869 78	
1,800 59	423 37		2,223 96		6,263 44
					569 76
		247 32	247 32	247 32	
828 19	48 97		877 16		1,459 86
19,584 46			19,584 46		1,335 84
					216 60
					40 19
598 84			598 84		157 68
1,161 50	237 52		1,399 02		9,716 48
17,150 67			17,150 67		261 17
2,139 05	283 09		2,422 14		1,922 21
	277 68		277 68		
29,604 21	3 90		29,608 11		4,048 08
3,636 37			3,636 37		654 37
2,467 60			2,467 60		303 12
377 69	58 50	22 86	459 05		
4,289 72	58		4,290 30		58 67
852 05	158 65		1,010 70		384 32
					280 38
569 65	28		569 93		896 13
559,498 37			559,498 37		
2,866 26	5 50	75 99	2,947 75		4,259 82
142 75			142 75		65 75
	75 99		75 99		
	141 00		141 00		
2,677 40	332 77	277 68	3,287 85		32,583 85
965 85			965 85		201 02
11 35			11 35		396 50
	406 10	126 00	532 10		39,822 05
		110 14	110 14		
		432 83	432 83		
\$663,365 63	\$3,091 43	\$9,846 78	\$676,303 84	\$7,117 10	\$106,778 21
					7,117 10
					\$99,661 11
					3,813 90
					\$103,475 01

State for salaries and expenses of Board of Control.

State Hospital.

STATEMENT OF SPECIAL APPROPRIATION FUNDS.

CLASSIFIED ITEMS.	Balance available Oct. 1, 1894.	Expended during biennial period.	Balance available Oct. 1, 1896.
New pumping station, including pumps, hydrants and valves.....	\$8,000 00	.....	\$8,000 00
Iron fire escapes	2,500 00	\$75 00	2,425 00
Totals	\$10,500 00	\$75 00	\$10,425 00

STATEMENT OF MONEY RECEIVED AT INSTITUTION.

CLASSIFICATION.	1895.	1896.
Barn, farm and garden.....	\$150 12	\$637 53
Board and clothing patients.....	1,795 82	2,082 83
Clothing	104 10	423 37
Drugs and medicines.....	.....	48 97
Fuel .....	.....	237 52
Gas and other lights.....	154 44	283 09
Hides and pelts.....	1,242 69	277 68
House furnishing.....	24 93	3 90
Laundry.....	5 10	.....
Lumber.....	102 80	58 50
Machinery and tools.....	.....	58
Miscellaneous.....	59 00	158 65
Printing, postage, stationery and telegraph.....	3 42	28
Repairs and renewals.....	15 42	5 50
Scraps.....	68 02	75 99
Special attendants.....	201 00	141 00
Subsistence	13 52	332 77
Surgical instruments and appliances.....	1 50	.....
Wages and salaries.....	196 29	406 10
Totals	\$4,138 17	\$5,174 26

Money Received.

CASH TAKEN FROM PATIENTS FOR SAFE KEEPING.

On hand October 1, 1894	\$1,361 06
Received during the two years.....	1,306 67
Total	\$2,667 73
Returned to patients or their representatives.....	1,243 22
Balance in hand of steward October 1, 1896.....	\$1,424 51

CASH DEPOSITED TO BE EXPENDED FOR BENEFIT OF PATIENTS.

On hand October 1, 1894.....	\$678 49
Received during the two years.....	1,317 75
Total	\$1,996 24
Expended for benefit of patients.....	1,386 07
Balance in hand of steward October 1, 1896.....	\$610 17

During the biennial period the relatives and friends of patients contributed, for their use and pleasure, clothing and other property to the value of \$5,613.82.

State Hospital.

FARM AND GARDEN PRODUCTS.

ARTICLES.	FOR YEAR ENDING SEP- TEMBER 30, 1895.		FOR YEAR ENDING SEP- TEMBER 30, 1896.	
	Quantity.	Amount.	Quantity.	Amount.
Apples.....			116 bu.	\$36 00
Asparagus.....	1,425 lbs.	\$57 00	3,265 lbs.	138 10
Beans.....	43 bu.	32 25	93 bu.	42 40
Blackberries.....	10 qts.	1 50	115 qts.	11 50
Beets.....	313 bu.	78 25	300 bu.	77 50
Beet greens.....	55 bu.	13 75		
Beef cattle.....	(8 h.) 9,444 lbs.	250 34	7,140 lbs.	214 20
Cabbage.....	5,812 hds.	178 04	7,334 hds.	178 63
Calves.....	51 hd.	306 00	28 hd.	168 00
Carrots.....	414 bu.	169 50	424 bu.	112 75
Celery.....	210 doz.	21 50	250 doz.	25 00
Corn, sweet.....	84 bu.	21 00	272 bu.	134 75
Corn.....	1,070 bu.	321 00	2,036 bu.	407 20
Cornstalks.....	60 tons.	210 00	80 tons.	320 00
Cucumbers.....	25 bu.	17 25	44 bu.	22 00
Currants.....	½ bu.	1 75	5 bu.	7 50
Cauliflower.....			12 hds.	1 20
Gooseberries.....	25 qts.	2 00	7 qts.	10 50
Grapes.....	575 lbs.	28 75	350 lbs.	9 50
Hay.....	113 tons.	904 00	154½ tons.	1,081 50
Horseradish.....	7 bu.	7 00		
Lettuce.....	188 bu.	94 00	104½ bu.	85 25
Mangles.....	840 bu.	126 00	780 bu.	117 00
Milk.....	258,444 lbs.	3,876 65	252,838 lbs.	3,115 94
Melons.....			36 doz.	14 40
Oats.....	2,200 bu.	440 00	3,018 bu.	603 60
Onions.....	42 bu.	21 00	301 bu.	108 80
Pork, dressed.....	26,789 lbs.	1,575 06	44,171 lbs.	1,541 20
Parsnip.....	275 bu.	82 50	267 bu.	80 10
Peas.....	48 bu.	48 00	139 bu.	114 50
Pie plant.....	1,425 lbs.	28 50	2,445 lbs.	48 90
Potatoes.....	2,567 bu.	671 75	3,738 bu.	1,071 25
Pumpkins.....	4 loads.	6 00		
Radish.....	84 bu.	84 00	72 bu.	93 00
Rutabagas.....	260 bu.	65 00	194 bu.	48 50
Rye.....			28 bu.	9 80
Spinach.....	105 bu.	105 00	12 bu.	12 00
Squash.....	2,000 lbs.	20 00	1,750 lbs.	17 50
Squash, summer.....			32 bu.	14 40
Straw.....	40 tons.	160 00	90 tons.	360 00
Strawberries.....	205 qts.	16 40	1,764 qts.	141 12
Tomatoes.....	228 bu.	114 00	414 bu.	176 80
Turnips.....	183 bu.	59 25	201 bu.	69 25
Wood.....	135 cords.	675 00	120 cords.	600 00
Total.....		\$10,888 99		\$11,441 54

SEVENTH BIENNIAL REPORT

OF THE

Northern Hospital for the Insane

FOR THE

Two Fiscal Years Ending September 30, 1896.

SUPERINTENDENT'S REPORT.

To the State Board of Control:

GENTLEMEN: The seventh biennial report of the Northern Hospital for the Insane from October 1st, 1894, to October 1st, 1896, is submitted herewith.

The following tables show the "movement of population" for the two years:

1894-5.	Male.	Female.	Total.
Remaining September 30th, 1894.....	365	232	597
Admitted during the year	288	173	461
Whole number treated	653	405	1,058
Discharged recovered	66	35	101
Discharged improved	65	51	116
Discharged unimproved.....	110	62	172
Died	36	27	63
Not insane	1	.....	1
Whole number discharged.....	278	175	453
Remaining September 30th, 1895.....	375	230	605
Daily average under treatment.....	370	222	592
1895-6.			
Remaining September 30th, 1895.....	375	230	605
Admitted during the year	306	175	481
Whole number treated	681	405	1,086
Sent home on leave of absence.....	194	123	317
Sent to county asylums.....	124	75	199
Eloped.....	4	.....	4
Died.....	31	15	46
Whole number discharged.....	353	213	566
Remaining September 30th, 1896.....	328	192	520
Daily average under treatment.....	357	199	556

Your attention is called to the fact that none of the cases for the last year is reported discharged as either "Improved" "Recovered" or "Unimproved" according to the classification hitherto in vogue in this hospital. The reason for this is that

Northern Hospital.

it is practically impossible in certain cases to say whether the patient has recovered or not until he has been returned to his home and subjected to the influences of the outside world. In the hospital all things are adapted to the patient. He has none of the wear and tear and strain and stress of life. When he is sent away into society he must do the adapting himself. So it often happens that persons who are practically sane in the hospital are insane when at home. They have sufficient mental power to live in peace where they are protected but not enough to take part in the affairs of life. It has happened that the same patient has been discharged as "Recovered" several times. It has happened that patients were discharged as "Recovered" and have gone home and died insane in a short time. All such circumstances vitiate the statistics and if the figures are not true they are valueless. So that all patients except those who have died, eloped or been transferred to county asylums are recorded as "Discharged on leave of absence." It is believed that over fifty per cent. of those sent home can fairly be put down as recovered.

The following table shows the admissions and the number sent home for the last ten years:

	No. of admissions.	No. sent home.	Per cent. of admissions sent home.
1886-7	697	373	.535
1887-8	388	223	.574
1888-9	370	179	.483
1890-1	383	159	.415
1891-2	315	137	.434
1892-3	370	141	.381
1893-4	395	173	.434
1894-5	420	185	.440
1895-6	439	229	.695
From 1886 to 1896	3,329	1,570	.461

Superintendent's Report.

The following table shows the death rate for the last ten years:

	No. admissions.	No. died.	Per cent. of admissions.
1886-7			
1887-8	697	101	.144
1888-9	388	59	.152
1889-90	370	70	.189
1890-1	383	69	.180
1891-2	315	59	.187
1892-3	370	68	.183
1893-4	395	68	.172
1894-5	420	63	.150
1895-6	439	46	.104
1886 to 1896	3,329	557	.167

Herewith is a list of additions, changes in methods of treatment and in administration that have been made during the last fifteen months.

1st. The change from the old ward-dining rooms to the beautifully decorated dining hall which now adorns the Hospital is believed to be an improvement because it breaks the monotony of ward life; because there is not the opportunity to neglect the timid and despondent patients; because it is more cheerful and aids in removing the prison feeling; because the quality and quantity of food can be inspected at every meal and because it will in the future, as it has in the past year, result in the saving of \$5,000 or \$6,000 annually.

2nd. The introduction of the Turkish baths (one for men and one for women) is unquestionably a positive advance in the therapeutics of insanity. This powerful remedial agency is universally recognized as a necessity in progressive institutions. Great good has come from the use of this bath in this Hospital.

3rd. The method of bathing the patients has been radically changed. The unsanitary bath tubs into which patients were dipped once a week have been taken out and all patients are

Northern Hospital.

washed at least twice a week in running water. Each patient is placed on a table and scrubbed with bath brushes so that absolute cleanliness is assured.

4th. The attendants no longer take their meals with the patients. Three rooms on the rear corridor have been made into an attendants' dining room, where the attendants are served an hour before the patients. This arrangement, which permits all attendants to be on duty at meal time is beneficial to both patients and attendants.

5th. The old plan of having the shaving and hair cutting done on the wards has been changed by establishing a barber shop in the basement where a professional barber does this work.

6th. The night service has been materially improved, eight employees are on duty all night, over ninety per cent. of the doors of the sleeping rooms are left unlocked, gas ranges have been placed at each end of the Hospital so that patients who are feeble or sleepless can have hot milk etc., during the night. An attendant passes every sleeping room at least every ten minutes. The new electric "Time Detector" which has been placed in the medical office records any neglect on the part of the night force.

7th. Two large pleasant rooms, one for men and one for women, have been set apart for massage purposes. Here Mr. A. Anderson, a professional masseur, practices his art as directed by the physicians. In addition to this professional massage, from fifty to seventy patients are daily given general inunctions of oil or lard. Emaciated patients and those with feeble circulatory powers have been greatly benefited by these daily rubbings with oil.

8th. The diet list is changed once a week. The amount of coffee used has been cut down eighty per cent. Malt coffee has been substituted. In place of tea, cocoa and milk are used. The ingestion of coffee or tea in any quantity is injurious to nearly all insane persons. The quantity of meat is less than

Superintendent's Report.

has ever before been used in this hospital. More milk, sugar and vegetables are used than formerly. This modification of the diet is in accord with the teachings of the most advanced modern physiologists and therapeutists.

9th. The abandoned air shaft has been thoroughly cleaned and disinfected; a catch basin has been built near the lake through which all the sewage passes, the solids are retained in this basin, whence they are taken and placed upon the farm, the remaining sewage is conducted into the lake at a point quite a distance north of the intake pipe, since which the typhoid fever that has prevailed here for several years has disappeared, as there has not been a case for fourteen months.

10th. The telephone connecting the medical office with the boiler room, barn, depot, pumping station and the several wards of the Hospital is a great convenience, and has proved a valuable improvement.

11th. The restoration of the Chapel to its original size has furnished a suitable room where daily musical, literary and educational exercises will be held during the coming winter. The purchase of the new piano for this room has added greatly to its attractions. Every day readings or recitations and vocal and instrumental music will be furnished for as many patients as the room will accommodate. This is a new feature in Hospital life, and will undoubtedly be a powerful factor in the mental treatment of mental diseases.

12th. The setting apart of a large and pleasant room for the use of the attendants when off duty makes their life more agreeable, and thus indirectly helps the patients.

13th. The picnics in the grove, the out door religious exercises, the purchase of the carette, the 'bus rides, the distribution of flowers from the green house to the patients who are confined to their beds, the large number of magazines and picture papers supplied have all aided in mitigating the measureless calamity of insanity and have materially assisted in restoring many to a state of sanity.

Northern Hospital.

14th. The establishing of a school for the patients was a pronounced success. The report of the teachers, Misses Blood and Pruess, is transmitted herewith. Miss Emma Sturtevant and Miss Caroline Reynolds have been engaged to conduct the school for the coming winter. There are a number of physiological and psychological reasons for believing that this feature of treatment has not hitherto received attention commensurate with its power for good. Mental diseases should have mental treatment, Purely somatic agencies should be supplemented by intellectual diversions.

15th. By the purchase of a complete case of trial lenses the fitting of spectacles has been placed upon a scientific basis, and much comfort has accrued to those who are compelled to use glasses.

16th. For the purpose of throwing an additional safe-guard about the inmates of the institution, each attendant on the first of each month is required to sign the following declaration, viz:

I,, do hereby most solemnly and sincerely affirm and declare upon my sacred honor, that I have not been unkind, harsh or cruel to any inmate of this hospital during the month of, 189...

I also most solemnly and sincerely affirm and declare upon my sacred honor, that I have not seen or known of any unkind, harsh or cruel treatment of any patient by any other employé of this Hospital during the month of, 189..

In case an attendant has seen or known of any unkind, harsh or cruel treatment and cannot conscientiously sign the declaration, an explanation is in order.

17th. The addition of one physician to the former medical staff, and the employment of a masseur and a barber, and a man and woman for the Turkish bath rooms, and the extra night force, have greatly increased the efficiency of the institution. The diminished death rate and the increased number of patients sent to their homes demonstrate that a great amount of good can be done by a comparatively small amount of money.

18th. The construction of the cold storage plant has been a

Superintendent's Report.

somewhat expensive improvement, but, as in the end it will more than pay for itself, the money expended has been well invested.

19th. Grading the street leading to the depots, putting in the asphalt walk from the Hospital to the depots, cleaning the woods north of the Hospital of rubbish and dead limbs and dead trees, building the five bed-rooms over the boiler room, making a place to wash vegetables before they are taken to the kitchen, placing a roof over the gas tank, building the addition to the cow barn, shingling the root cellars and horse barn, bringing the large barn from the Eaton farm to its present location, making asphalt walk in the rear of the Hospital, repairing the green house, putting new retorts in the gas house, placing rubber matting on the floors and stairways, the new patients' parlor on ward nine north, the new carpets for the alcoves and ward eight north, the \$700 expended in painting the wards, need only to be mentioned to be recognized as needed improvements.

RECOMMENDATIONS.

1st. The present method of conveying patients to the Hospitals is not what it should be. It should be constantly borne in mind that an insane person is a sick person. Sometimes the patients are needlessly strapped, shackled and handcuffed as if they were felons going to prison. Sometimes they are unnecessarily exasperated by the treatment received on the journey. Often there is needless deception. It has happened that actual cruelty has been used. The State of Wisconsin has surely become sufficiently civilized to abandon the primitive custom of treating her sick citizens, during one of the most critical periods of their lives, as she does highwaymen on the road to the penitentiary. The proper plan is that adopted in the State of New York and in some other enlightened communities. The superintendents of the hospitals there send trained and skilful attendants to conduct the patients to the hospitals.

2d. There should be a new boiler put into the building this

Northern Hospital.

winter. There are several valid and urgent reasons for this improvement.

3rd. The pollution of the rivers and lakes in Wisconsin by sewage is a considerable and increasing evil. The State should lead in the proper disposition of sewage as in all other reforms. It is hereby requested that \$3,000 be appropriated for the purpose of distributing the hospital sewage over the farm.

4th. It is recommended that an electric light plant be installed in the hospital. The reasons for this are so many and obvious that it is not necessary to enumerate them. This can be done quite cheaply as the engine and boilers now in use can supply the power.

5th. The present form of medical certificate is inadequate and unsatisfactory. In the great majority of cases it contains little information that is of value. In every instance the physicians who make the examination should succinctly set forth the facts upon which they base their opinion that the person is insane. They should also state which facts were communicated by others and which were observed by themselves. This is the English usage and should be adopted in Wisconsin.

6th. There are now in this hospital twenty-one persons who have been transferred from the State Prison at Waupun because of their insanity. These insane criminals have been segregated as far as possible but this cannot be satisfactorily accomplished in a building constructed as this one is. It is recommended that a cottage for the accommodation of these insane criminals be erected near the hospital so that the same kitchen, bakery, water supply, etc., can be used for both institutions.

ACKNOWLEDGMENT.

The following newspapers have been furnished gratuitously to the hospital and have been distributed among the patients from the respective localities and have been a valuable aid in dissipating the monotony of life on the wards:

Superintendent's Report.

Phillips Times.	De Pere News.
Waupaca Republican.	Waupaca Post.
Sontag Post, Milwaukee.	Chilton Times.
Aben Post, Milwaukee.	Norden, Chicago.
Kewaunee Enterprise.	Rolnek, Stevens Point.
Wisconsin Free Press, Oconomowoc.	Skandinaven, Chicago.
Stevens Point Journal.	Sheboygan Zeitung.
Bayfield County Press.	Appleton Post.
Slavern, Racine.	Brown County Democrat.
Waupun Times.	Berlin Journal.
Waukesha Freeman.	Wisconsin Telegraph, Oshkosh.
Sheboygan County News.	Oshkosh Gazette.
Excelsior, Milwaukee.	Brandon Times.
Folketz, Racine.	Plymouth Reporter.
Amerika, Madison.	The Gazette, Stevens Point.
Weyauwega Chronicle.	Juneau Telephone.
Green Bay Advocate.	Deutsch Amerikaner, Milwaukee.
Chippewa Herald.	Markesan Times.
Elkhorn Independent.	Montello Express.

The thanks of the patients and their friends are due to Rev. J. W. Greenwood and the choir of Trinity church for their kindness in furnishing religious services in the grove.

To Mr. Isaac Miles who contributed a large box of roses which were distributed among the patients and were a source of genuine pleasure.

To the choir of Plymouth Congregational church which gave a song service in the grove.

To the Oshkosh Maennerchor for a concert.

To the Columbia band for two concerts.

To Mrs. Barker and the Christian Endeavor society of Oshkosh for a song service in the grove.

To Messrs. P. A. Laffey and J. K. Weaver for assistance in religious services.

To Messrs. Leitz, Dowling and Bruenover for two mandolin concerts.

To Miss Washburn, Miss Jenkins, Miss Bessie Lou Daggett, Mr. Ben Soper, Mr. Laffey and the Dale quartette for a concert.

Northern Hospital.

To Mr. Ben Hopper, Mrs. Ben Hopper, Miss Washburn, Miss Brass, Miss Daggett, Frank Josslyn and Col. H. I. Weed for two theatrical entertainments.

There have been numerous changes in the officers of the hospital during the last two years.

Dr. W. F. Wegge resigned October 9th, 1894.

Dr. Jacobs entered the service of the hospital as second assistant October 9th, 1894, and resigned June 22nd, 1895.

Dr. D. G. Hathaway became superintendent October 10th, 1894, and resigned June 30th, 1895.

Dr. W. A. McCorn entered the service of the institution June 29th, 1895, as second assistant and resigned October 24th, 1895.

Mr. F. E. Grove, steward, resigned June 30th, 1895.

Dr. O'Donnell resigned as first assistant November 2d, 1895.

Miss Rose Dowling resigned her office of matron November 14th, 1895.

Dr. F. I. Drake, who was second assistant at Mendota, came as first assistant on October 21st, 1895.

Dr. A. Sherman was appointed as second assistant on September 23d, 1895.

Dr. L. Fuldner was appointed third assistant on April 27th, 1896.

It is a pleasure to testify to the ability, zeal and fidelity with which these gentlemen have discharged their duties.

Mr. E. E. Finney, steward, and Miss Minnie Schriber, matron, have been prompt, faithful and earnest in the performance of their respective duties.

The affairs of the hospital are conducted with a minimum of friction, all the officers and employees are willing and eager to aid in the great work for which the institution was founded.

The enlightened interest manifested by the Board of Control in the affairs of the hospital during the past year, while so many improvements have been in progress, has been of very

Superintendent's Report.

great benefit. But for the broad-minded, liberal and courageous spirit of the Board the hospital would not have been so well equipped and would not be so efficient an instrument in curing disease, prolonging life and alleviating suffering.

The humane, progressive and philanthropic policy of the present Board has placed the treatment of the insane of the state of Wisconsin upon a higher level and a more scientific basis.

Permit me, gentlemen, in behalf of myself and those associated with me in the management of this institution, to assure you that we gratefully appreciate the unvarying kindness and courtesy we have received at your hands.

Respectfully yours,

W. A. GORDON.

Superintendent.

Northern Hospital.

TABLE NO. 1.

Movement of population from May 11th, 1873, to Oct. 1st, 1896.

	Male.	Fe- male.	Total.	Male.	Fe- male.	Total.
Total number admitted.....	3,973	3,033	7,006	.....	.....	.....
Elopers returned.....	3	.....	3	.....	.....	.....
Total.....	.....	.....	.....	3,976	3,033	7,009
Discharged not insane.....	14	12	26	.....	.....	.....
Discharged recovered.....	835	621	1,456	.....	.....	.....
Discharged improved.....	927	826	1,753	.....	.....	.....
Discharged unimproved.....	1,045	741	1,786	.....	.....	.....
Sent home on leave of absence...	194	123	317	.....	.....	.....
Eloped.....	4	.....	4	.....	.....	.....
Died.....	629	518	1,147	.....	.....	.....
Total number discharged.....	.....	.....	.....	3,648	2,841	6,489
Total number in hospital Sep- tember 30th, 1896.....	.....	.....	.....	328	192	520

TABLE NO. 2.

Movement of population for two years ending Sept. 30, 1896.

	1895.			1896.		
	Male.	Fe- male.	Total.	Male.	Fe- male.	Total.
Remaining Sept. 30.....	365	232	597	375	230	605
Admitted during the year.....	288	173	461	306	175	481
Whole number treated.....	653	405	1,058	681	405	1,086
Discharged recovered.....	66	35	101	.....	.....	.....
Discharged improved.....	65	51	116	.....	.....	.....
Discharged improved (home on leave of absence).....	.....	.....	.....	194	123	317
Discharged unimproved.....	110	62	172	124	75	199
Eloped.....	.....	.....	.....	4	.....	4
Died.....	36	27	63	31	15	46
Not insane.....	1	.....	1	.....	.....	.....
Whole number discharged.....	278	175	453	353	213	566
Remaining Sept. 30.....	375	230	605	328	192	520
Daily average under treatment..	370	222	592	357	199	556

Statistical Tables.

TABLE NO. 3.

Age of those admitted during the two years.

	1895.			1896.		
	Male.	Fe- male.	Total.	Male.	Fe- male.	Total.
Between 10 and 15 years.....				3	1	4
Between 15 and 20 years.....	13	7	20	3	5	8
Between 20 and 25 years.....	33	22	55	27	13	40
Between 25 and 30 years.....	37	23	60	39	24	63
Between 30 and 35 years.....	45	31	76	56	21	77
Between 35 and 40 years.....	35	21	56	31	31	62
Between 40 and 50 years.....	49	35	84	62	31	93
Between 50 and 60 years.....	37	19	56	30	19	49
Between 60 and 70 years.....	22	6	28	25	16	41
Between 70 and 80 years.....	14	9	23	13	12	25
Over 80 years.....	2	.....	2	3	1	4
Unknown.....	1	.....	1	14	1	15
Total.....	288	173	461	306	175	481

TABLE NO. 4.

Civil condition of those admitted.

	1895.			1896.		
	Male.	Fe- male.	Total.	Male.	Fe- male.	Total.
Married.....	130	104	234	116	96	212
Single.....	131	50	181	149	59	208
Divorced.....	7	.....	7	8	4	12
Widowed.....	13	19	32	26	15	41
Unknown.....	7	.....	7	7	1	8
Total.....	288	173	461	306	175	481

Northern Hospital.

TABLE No. 5.
Education of those admitted.

	1895.			1896.		
	Male.	Female.	Total.	Male.	Female.	Total.
Collegiate.....				4		4
Common.....	157	108	265	132	97	229
Good.....	18	16	34	15	11	26
Limited.....	67	32	99	75	57	132
None.....	23	9	32	31	3	34
Unknown.....	23	8	31	49	7	56
Total.....	288	173	461	306	175	481

TABLE No. 6.
Parentage of those admitted.

	1895.			1896.		
	Male.	Female.	Total.	Male.	Female.	Total.
African.....	1	1	2			
American.....	47	31	78	36	23	59
Austrian.....	14	4	18	5	8	13
Belgian.....	4	1	5	2		2
English.....	15	11	26	14	9	23
Finn.....	1		1	7	1	8
German.....	94	68	162	124	90	214
French.....	10	10	20	7	6	13
Irish.....	38	20	58	42	9	51
Italian.....	1		1	1		1
Polish.....	4	4	8	5	2	7
Russian.....				1		1
Scotch.....	3	2	5	2	2	4
Scandinavian.....	32	12	44	30	18	48
Swiss.....	5	2	7	3	1	4
Welsh.....	3	3	6		1	1
Unknown.....	16	4	20	27	5	32
Total.....	288	173	461	306	175	481

Statistical Tables.

TABLE NO. 7.

Nativity of those admitted.

	1895.			1896.		
	Male.	Fe- male.	Total.	Male.	Fe- male.	Total.
Austria	13	4	17	5	7	12
Belgium				1		1
Great Britain	18	14	32	15	6	21
Finland	1		1	8	1	9
France		1	1			
Germany	68	34	102	82	49	131
Italy	1		1	1		1
Poland	3	3	6	2	1	3
Russia				1	1	2
Scandinavia	24	8	32	23	15	38
Switzerland	3	1	4	3	1	4
America	66	39	105	59	30	89
Wisconsin	86	65	151	86	62	148
Unknown	5	4	9	20	2	22
Total	288	173	461	306	175	481

Northern Hospital.

TABLE No. 8.

Occupation of those admitted.

	1895.				1896.		
	Male.	Female.	Total.		Male.	Female.	Total.
Butcher	2		2	Bell boy	1		1
Bell boy	2		2	Clerk	4	2	6
Clerk	1	1	2	Cigar maker	1		1
Cigar maker	3		3	Dress maker		5	5
Draughtsman	1		1	Farmer	95		95
Dressmaker		4	4	House wife		105	105
Farmer	77		77	House work		48	48
Gambler	1		1	Lumberman	3		3
Housewife		119	119	Liveryman	2		2
Housework		26	26	Mechanic	34		34
Hotel keeper	2		2	Mason	3		3
Lumberman	6		6	Miller	2		2
Liveryman	2		2	Minister	2		2
Mechanic	11		11	None	18	9	27
Mason	7		7	Night watchman	1		1
Music teacher		1	1	Painter	1		1
Miller	2		2	Prostitute		1	1
Minister	2		2	Laborer	99		99
None	11	8	19	Railroad man	4		4
Nurse		2	2	Student	2	2	4
Night watchman	2		2	School teacher		1	1
Plumber	2		2	Saloon keeper	5		5
Painter	6		6	Sailor	1		1
Physician	2	1	3	Salesman	3		3
Prostitute		1	1	Tailor	3		3
Laborer	116		116	Unknown	11	1	12
Railroad man	8		8	Lawyer	1		1
Student	3	3	6	Artist	1		1
School teacher	2	3	5	Dentist	2		2
Saloon keeper	3		3	Hunter & trapper	1		1
Sailor	1		1	Merchant	3	1	4
Salesman	3		3	Druggist	1		1
Tailor	3		3	Barber	1		1
Unknown	8	4	12	Stationary eng..	1		1
Total	288	173	461	Total	306	175	481

Statistical Tables.

TABLE NO. 9.

Causes of insanity in those admitted.

CAUSES.	1895.			1896.		
	Male.	Fe- male.	Total.	Male.	Fe- male.	Total.
<i>Psychical causes—</i>						
Trouble	24	17	41	14	9	23
Excitement	8	9	17	11	6	17
Grief	9	3	12	3	3	6
Jealousy	4	.....	4	2	1	3
Love affair .....	.....	1	1	2	2	4
Fright	1	.....	1	.....	3	3
<i>Physical causes—</i>						
Epilepsy	6	5	11	8	8	16
Heredity	34	23	57	44	38	82
Masturbation	15	.....	15	5	1	6
Insolation	12	.....	12	5	.....	5
Uterine disease .....	.....	8	8	.....	8	8
Albuminuria .....	.....	1	1	.....	.....	.....
Venereal excesses	3	.....	3	2	.....	2
Miscarriage .....	.....	4	4	.....	.....	.....
Ill health	13	10	23	15	7	22
Overwork	5	7	12	5	5	10
Alcoholism	27	2	29	25	2	27
Puerperium .....	.....	9	9	.....	8	8
Senility	2	.....	2	2	1	3
Coarse brain disease	2	.....	2	1	.....	1
Menopause .....	.....	3	3	.....	5	5
Typhoid fever	1	.....	1	2	1	3
Injury	8	.....	8	5	1	6
Syphilis	4	2	6	.....	.....	.....
La Grippe	1	5	6	1	2	3
Unhygienic surroundings .....	.....	1	1	3	1	4
Keeley cure	1	.....	1	2	.....	2
Morphine habit .....	.....	1	1	3	.....	3
Poison	1	.....	1	.....	.....	.....
Not insane .....	.....	.....	.....	1	.....	1
Imbecility .....	.....	.....	.....	1	1	2
Unknown	107	62	169	144	62	206
Total	288	173	461	306	175	481

Northern Hospital.

TABLE No. 10.

Duration of insanity previous to admission.

	1895.			1896.		
	Male.	Female.	Total.	Male.	Female.	Total.
Less than 1 week.....	12	6	18	9	4	13
Between 1 and 2 weeks.....	22	12	34	10	9	19
Between 2 and 3 weeks.....	17	10	27	25	12	37
Between 1 and 2 months.....	28	20	48	26	20	46
Between 2 and 3 months.....	16	8	24	20	11	31
Between 3 and 4 months.....	13	10	23	12	9	21
Between 4 and 5 months.....	10	2	12	9	4	13
Between 5 and 6 months.....	5	4	9	6	4	10
Between 6 months and 1 year...	16	15	31	17	13	30
Between 1 and 2 years.....	30	22	52	39	18	57
Between 2 and 3 years.....	21	11	32	10	15	25
Between 3 and 4 years.....	11	9	20	15	10	25
Between 4 and 5 years.....	3	3	6	7	5	12
Between 5 and 10 years.....	17	16	33	7	8	15
Between 10 and 15 years.....	11	6	17	11	18	29
Over 20 years.....	6	5	11	4	5	9
Unknown	50	14	64	79	10	89
Total	288	173	461	306	175	481

Statistical Tables.

TABLE NO. 11.

Hereditary predisposition in those admitted who threatened or attempted suicide or homicide.

	Attempted homicide.		Attempted suicide.		Threatened homicide and suicide.		Attempted suicide and homicide.		Threatened homicide.		Threatened suicide.		Attempted suicide and threatened homicide.	
	M	F.	M	F.	M	F.	M	F.	M	F.	M	F.	M	F.
Uncle and cousin.....									1					
Grandfather.....				1					1	1				
Mother.....	2					1			1	1	1			
Father.....	2	1	2	3					1	1				3
Brother.....	2		3	1	1		3	1			1			
Sister.....	2	1	3	2					3	1	1			1
Mother, sister, cousin and aunt.....							1							
Cousin.....									1					
Mother and sister.....											1			
Father and mother.....				1					1					
Aunt.....				2	1				1					
Aunt, cousin and uncle.....		1									1			
Uncle.....				1					4		2			
Aunt and cousin.....					1				1					
Sister and daughter.....									1					
Father and brother.....					1				1					
Aunt and uncle.....									1					
Grand father and uncle.....														1
Grandmother.....		1		1							1			
Grandmother, mother, sister and uncle.....											1			
Grandmother and uncle.....									1					
Grandmother and two cousins.....									1					
Grandfather and mother.....									1					
Brother and son.....			1											
Two brothers.....			1								1			
Father, sister and aunt.....			1											
Sister and two half brothers.....			1											
Totals (M., 43; F., 39-82)....	8	4	9	12	2	3	4	1	12	12	7	3	1	4

Northern Hospital.

TABLE NO. 12.

Duration of insanity in those who died.

DURATION OF INSANITY.	1895.			1896.		
	Male.	Fe- male.	Total.	Male.	Fe- male.	Total.
Between 1 and 2 weeks				2	2	4
Between 2 and 3 weeks	2	4	6	1		1
Between 3 weeks and 1 month					1	1
Between 1 and 3 months	1	1	2		1	1
Between 3 and 6 months	2	2	4	2		2
Between 6 months and 1 year ...	7	4	11	3	1	4
Between 1 and 2 years	7	2	9	6	3	9
Between 2 and 3 years	4	4	8	3		3
Between 3 and 4 years	3	1	4	4	1	5
Between 4 and 5 years	2		2	1	1	2
Between 5 and 10 years	3	3	6	3	1	4
Between 10 and 12 years		2	2	1		1
14 years	1		1	1	1	2
21 years				1		1
23 years					1	1
Unknown	3	4	7	3	2	5
40 years	1		1			
Total	36	27	63	31	15	46

Statistical Tables.

TABLE NO. 13.

Number of patients from the several counties in the hospital September 30th, 1896.

Ashland.....	10	Marquette.....	3
Bayfield.....	8	Milwaukee.....	1
Brown.....	24	Oconto.....	18
Columbia.....	2	Oneida.....	5
Calumet.....	5	Outagamie.....	24
Chippewa.....	2	Ozaukee.....	7
Dane.....	1	Portage.....	29
Dodge.....	18	Price.....	2
Door.....	2	Racine.....	22
Douglas.....	20	Shawano.....	13
Forest.....	2	Sheboygan.....	16
Florence.....	2	Taylor.....	7
Fond du Lac.....	17	Vilas.....	4
Green Lake.....	11	Washington.....	11
Iron.....	3	Waushara.....	6
Jefferson.....	24	Waupaca.....	18
Kenosha.....	10	Waukesha.....	20
Kewaunee.....	9	Winnebago.....	24
Langlade.....	.....	Wood.....	11
Lincoln.....	8	State at large.....	55
Manitowoc.....	21		
Marathon.....	13	Total.....	520
Marinette.....	12		

Northern Hospital.

MATRON'S REPORT.

Articles made in the sewing room from Oct. 1st 1894, to Oct. 1st 1896.

Aprons, gents.....	430	Pillow cases.....	1,159
Aprons, ladies.....	714	Pillow ticks.....	22
Aprons, oil cloth.....	27	Pillow shams.....	175pr
Bibs.....	30	Shirts.....	1,617
Blankets bound.....	51	Skirts.....	1,015
Billiard table spreads.....	1	Sheets.....	2,291
Chemises.....	677	Stand spreads.....	11
Curtains, Holland.....	81	Straight suits.....	28
Curtains, clothes.....	24	Sun bonnets.....	39
Curtains, cheese cloth.....	11pr	Sofa pillow covers.....	1
Cooks' caps.....	66	Surgical aprons.....	2
Clothes bags.....	117	Straw ticks.....	30
Clothes pin bags.....	12	Straight dresses.....	9
Cheese cloth dusters.....	10	Shirt waists.....	2
Coffee sacks.....	21	Sleeves, half.....	12
Cheese cloth globe wipers.....	6	Ice cover for dray wagon.....	1
Carpenters' aprons.....	6	Towels (yd).....	4,646
Drawers, gents.....	401	Towels roller.....	311
Drawers, ladies.....	395	Table cloths.....	359
Dresses.....	1,050	Napkins.....	490
Jackets.....	78	Waists.....	12
Iron holders.....	573	Wrappers, gents.....	214
Mattress ticks.....	187	Wrappers, ladies.....	31
Night dresses.....	636	Window shades.....	850

Statistical Tables.

TEACHERS' REPORT.

STATE HOSPITAL, WINNEBAGO, WIS., SCHOOL FOR THE INSANE.

This school, which has been in operation for two months, was instituted for the purpose of giving patients wholesome and beneficial mental exercise, withdrawing their minds from morbid ideas, and directing their thoughts into more healthy channels.

It is a well known fact that judicious exercise of any diseased member will tend to restore the same to its normal condition. The diseased mind is no exception to this general rule. Moreover, as there are many patients in the hospital who have yet the greater part of life before them, it is evident that anything given them in the way of education will be a great help when they leave the hospital cured. Many patients are melancholy or labor under delusions, but are perfectly sane aside from these. When the minds of these people are turned to some definite school work, the impression thus made must necessarily weaken the delusion and tend to establish general equilibrium.

With these objects in view, the school was opened June 22. Seventy-eight were enrolled during the two months, 42 male and 36 female. About 10 per cent. of these had a good education, 40 per cent. a fair education and 50 per cent. little or no education. They varied in age from 14 to 50 years, the majority being under 35. The average daily attendance was 47. During the time school was in session five of those in attendance were discharged as cured or sent home on trial. Others came up but for a single day, while still others entered late in the term. The daily attendance was much larger at the close than at the beginning of the term. Many asked for admission who were refused on account of limited accommodations.

The work done was almost entirely individual as it seems impossible to form classes of people of such varied abilities and attainments. Five or six could sometimes be grouped together. This was an advantage in that it gave a chance for emulation

Northern Hospital.

and provided the stimulus generally felt in class work. The choice of studies was largely regulated by the inclinations of the patients. Mathematics, reading, writing, spelling, drawing, literature and history were the branches chiefly pursued. The school was divided into six sections; each of these sections worked from 1½ to 2 hours daily. The ladies attended in the morning and the gentlemen in the afternoon. The men showed a preference for mathematics and writing while the ladies liked reading and drawing. This, however, is only a very loose statement as some of the men showed a great liking for literature and drawing and not a few of the ladies showed a decided delight in mathematics. All seemed to take great interest in the writing of business forms as well as in common letter writing. The work in nearly all cases had to be constantly varied to hold the attention, but, as the instruction was individual in character any way, this caused little or no inconvenience. There were a few marked exceptions to this. About 12 who were learning to read and write the English language had the reading, spelling and writing lessons every day with a regularity that would weary the ordinary student, and showed more enthusiasm at the close than at the beginning of the term.

Another class pursued a dual course in history and mathematics on alternate days. A few worked in mathematics continually and appeared almost annoyed when anything else was offered. Mapdrawing appealed to some as nothing else would, while mathematical and physical geography furnished a fascination in some cases far beyond the expectation of those in charge. Many began with work purely mechanical like paper folding and pasting or tracing work who afterwards showed quite an interest in more advanced subjects. The school books used were arithmetics, geographies, spellers, readers, histories, story and picture books.

Although the trial has been a very short one, it has been long enough to show that if continued it can not fail to be of great benefit to the patients, as a decided improvement has been al-

Superintendent's Report.

ready observed in some cases. It supplies a long felt need in hospital life in that it is more individual in character than other treatment can be. Any one has his individuality strengthened by discussing a subject he has studied and expressing himself in his own words. This is no less true of the inmate of the State Hospital than of his more fortunate brother who recites in the university.

Those who have watched the work most closely are most positive of its success and most desirous of seeing it continued.

EMMA B. BLOOD,

BERTHA H. PREUSS,

Teachers.

Northern Hospital.

STATEMENT OF CURRENT EXPENSE FUND—1895.

1894.			
Oct. 1.	Balance.....		\$49,776 66
1895.			
Jan. 1.	From counties		52,453 29
April 25.	Appropriation Chap. 356, Laws 1895.....		150,000 00
Sept. 30.	Steward for board and clothing patients.....		228 00
Sept. 30.	Steward for sundries.....		3,750 40
	Warrant cancelled.....		10 00
1895.			
Aug. 27.	Transferred for expenses Board of Control.....	\$1,397 45	
Sept. 30.	Paid on account of current expenses this year.....	129,903 12	
Sept. 30.	Balance appropriation in state treasury.....	\$121,765 78	
	Balance in hands of steward.....	152 00	121,917 78
		\$256,218 35	\$256,218 35

STATEMENT OF CURRENT EXPENSE FUND—1896.

1895.			
Oct. 1.	Balance.....		\$121,917 78
1896.			
Jan. 1.	From counties		53,075 94
Sept. 30.	Transfer-repairs to sewers		218 84
Sept. 30.	Steward for board and clothing patients.....		751 28
Sept. 30.	Steward for sundries.....		2,551 60
Aug. 15.	Transferred for expenses Board of Control.....	\$4,397 45	
Sept. 30.	Paid on account of current expenses this year.....	129,608 99	
Sept. 30.	Balance appropriation in state treasury.....	\$44,485 84	
	Balance in hands of steward.....	23 16	44,509 00
		\$178,515 44	\$178,515 44
1896.			
Oct. 1.	Balance.....		\$44,509 00

Special Appropriation Funds.

STATEMENT OF SPECIAL APPROPRIATION FUNDS.

CLASSIFIED ITEMS.	Balance available Oct. 1, 1894.	Expended during bi-ennial period.	Balance available Sept. 30, 1896.
Roof section of north wing.....	\$566 05	.....	\$566 05
Repairs to sewer.....	1,500 00	\$218 84	1,281 16
Totals	\$2,066 05	\$218 84	\$1,847 21

Northern Hospital.

STATEMENT OF

At the Northern Hospital for the Insane

Classified Items.	Inventory Sept. 30, 1894.	Purchased during the year.	Trans- ferred to this ac- count dur- ing the year.	Total.
Amusements	\$1,914 91	\$604 38		\$2,519 29
Barn, farm and garden..	19,753 69	2,775 70	\$163 35	22,692 74
Clothing	3,671 37	7,082 44		10,753 81
Discharged patients.....		399 90		399 90
Discount.....		2 89		2 89
Drug and medical dep't.	698 67	1,471 66		2,170 33
Engines and boilers.....	24,388 58	904 77		25,293 35
Elopers		151 71		151 71
Freight and express (not classified)		47 31		47 31
Fire apparatus.....	2,732 38	625 86		3,358 24
Fuel.....	8,207 73	9,213 78		17,421 56
Furniture.....	11,961 27	1,703 59		13,664 86
Gas and other lights....	2,475 63	655 08		3,130 71
Hides and pelts.....			1,623 19	1,623 19
House furnishing.....	22,952 47	8,279 38		31,231 85
Laboratory.....	1,609 26			1,609 26
Laundry.....	2,816 26	879 44	420 99	4,116 69
Library.....	2,513 83	148 18		2,662 01
Machinery and tools....	2,239 01	115 24		2,354 25
Miscellaneous	271 33	499 60		770 93
Officers' expenses.....		224 17		224 17
Printing, postage, sta- tionery and telegraph.	297 87	908 24		1,206 11
Real estate, including buildings, etc.....	744,901 22			744,901 22
Repairs and renewals...	875 61	7,316 56		8,192 17
Restraints.....	13 65			13 65
Scraps			77 04	77 04
Special attendance.....			725 73	725 73
Subsistence.....	2,989 62	42,794 76	11,467 88	57,252 26
Surgical instruments and appliances.....	391 57	63 10		454 67
Tobacco	28 73	371 03		399 76
Wages and salaries.....		42,885 09		42,885 09
Board and clothing pa- tients.....		20 00		20 00
Totals	\$857,704 71	\$130,143 86	\$14,478 18	\$1,002,326 75
Discounts.....		240 74		
		\$129,903 12		866,392 67
Net expenses.....				\$135,934 08

Add amount assigned to this institution and set apart by the Secretary of

Current Expenses.

CURRENT EXPENSES.

for the fiscal year ending September 30, 1895.

Inventory Sept. 30, 1895.	Cash re- ceived on this account during the year.	Transferred from this account dur- ing the year.	Total.	Gained.	Expended.
\$1,959 07			\$1,959 07		\$560 22
17,263 61	\$266 12	11,467 88	28,997 61	\$6,304 87	
2,653 39	235 41		2,888 80		7,865 01
	52 30		52 30		347 60
		\$240 74	240 74	237 85	
752 01	1 99		754 00		1,416 33
24,379 77			24,379 77		913 58
					151 71
	6 55		6 55		40 76
2,114 62			2,114 62		1,243 62
1,713 51		163 35	1,876 86		15,544 70
11,942 07			11,942 07		1,722 79
1,273 46	56 00		1,329 46		1,801 25
	1,623 19		1,623 19		
24,481 16	26 39		24,507 55		6,724 30
1,522 54			1,522 54		86 72
3,069 65	7 36		3,077 01		1,039 68
2,106 83			2,106 83		555 18
2,186 09			2,186 09		168 16
277 25	361 25	10 00	648 50		122 43
					224 17
245 10	12 48		257 58		948 53
744,901 22			744,901 22		
959 08	21 38	77 04	1,057 50		7,134 67
13 65			13 65		
	77 04		77 04		
	725 73		725 73		
3,733 06	64 94	2,044 18	5,842 18		51,410 08
318 78			318 78		135 89
27 43			27 43		372 33
	212 27	725 73	938 00		41,947 09
		20 00	20 00		
\$847,893 35	\$3,750 40	\$14,748 92	\$866,392 67	\$6,542 72	\$142,476 80
					6,542 72
					\$135,934 08
State for salaries and expenses of Board of Control					4,397 45
					\$140,331 53

Northern Hospital.

STATEMENT OF

At the Northern Hospital for the Insane

CLASSIFIED ITEMS.	Inventory Sept. 30, 1895.	Purchased during the year.	Trans- ferred to this ac- count dur- ing the year.	Total.
Amusements	\$1,959 07	\$660 79		\$2,619 86
Barn, farm and garden	17,263 61	4,756 13	\$158 79	22,178 53
Clothing	2,653 39	4,646 84		7,300 23
Discharged patients ..		423 91		423 91
Discount				
Drug and medical dep't	752 01	1,642 05		2,394 06
Engines and boilers	24,379 77	928 28		25,308 05
Elopers		87 84		87 84
Freight and express (not classified)		35 85		35 85
Fire apparatus	2,114 62	338 22		2,452 84
Fuel	1,713 51	13,342 54	80 00	15,136 05
Furniture	11,942 07	318 66	331 95	12,592 68
Gas and other lights...	1,273 46	3,760 90		5,034 36
Hides and pelts			586 70	586 70
House furnishing.....	24,481 16	5,741 78		30,222 94
Laboratory	1,522 54			1,522 54
Laundry	3,069 65	720 64	276 20	4,066 49
Library	2,106 83	503 41		2,610 24
Machinery and tools..	2,186 09	120 68		2,306 77
Miscellaneous	277 25	1,765 64		2,042 89
Officers' expenses.....		242 28		242 28
Printing, postage, sta- tionery and telegraph	245 10	953 59		1,198 69
Real estate, including buildings, etc.....	744,901 22			744,901 22
Repairs and renewals ..	959 08	6,185 13		7,144 21
Restraints	13 65	19 55		33 20
Scraps			19 96	19 96
Special attendance....		99 09	951 11	1,050 20
Subsistence	3,733 06	31,183 20	16,428 36	51,344 62
Surgical instruments and appliances	318 78	310 47		629 25
Tobacco	27 43	85 48		112 91
Wages and salaries		46,269 76		46,269 76
Cold storage addition..		4,723 32		4,723 32
Totals	\$847,893 35	\$129,866 03	\$18,833 07	\$996,592 45
Discounts		257 04		
		\$129,608 99		883,098 03
Net expenses.....				\$113,494 42

Add amount assigned to this institution and set apart by the Secretary of

Current Expenses.

CURRENT EXPENSES.

for the fiscal year ending September 30, 1896.

Inventory Sept. 30, 1896.	Cash re- ceived on this account during the year.	Transferred from this account dur- ing the year.	Total.	Gained.	Expended.
\$2,096 77			\$2,096 77		\$523 09
18,993 53	\$81 00	\$16,508 36	35,582 94	\$13,404 41	
2,039 91	141 50		2,181 41		5,118 82
	10 20	257 04	267 24	267 24	423 91
907 42	90		908 32		1,485 74
24,384 63			24,384 63		923 42
					87 84
					35 85
2,282 30			2,282 30		170 54
3,042 30		158 79	3,201 09		11,934 96
12,592 68			12,592 68		
2,444 57	129 30		2,573 87		2,460 49
	586 70		586 70		
25,588 89			25,588 89		4,634 05
1,508 30			1,508 30		14 24
3,208 04			3,208 04		858 45
2,252 08			2,252 08		358 16
2,204 47			2,204 47		102 30
1,440 55	331 34		1,771 89		271 00
					242 28
322 22	1 85		324 07		874 62
744,901 22			744,901 22		
684 25		570 75	1,255 00		5,889 21
24 15			24 15		9 05
	19 96		19 96		
	1,050 20		1,050 20		
5,113 62	3 50	862 90	5,980 02		45,364 60
462 02			462 02		167 23
20 19			20 19		92 72
	195 15	951 11	1,146 26		45,123 50
4,723 32			4,723 32		
\$861,237 48	\$2,551 60	\$19,308 95	\$883,098 03	\$13,671 65	\$127,166 07
					13,671 35
					\$113,494 42
					4,397 45
					\$117,891 87

State for salaries and expenses of Board of Control.....

Northern Hospital.

STATEMENT OF MONEYS RECEIVED AT THE INSTITUTION.

CLASSIFICATIONS.	Year ending Sept. 30, 1895.	Year ending Sept. 30, 1896.
Barn, farm and garden	\$266 12	\$81 00
Board and clothing of patients	228 00	751 28
Clothing	235 41	141 50
Drug and medical department	1 99	90
Discount		10 20
Discharged patients	52 30	
Freight and express	6 55	
Gas and other lights	56 00	129 30
Hides and pelts	1,623 19	586 70
House furnishing	26 39	
Laundry	7 36	
Miscellaneous	361 25	331 34
Printing, postage, stationery and telegraph....	12 48	1 85
Repairs and renewals	21 38	
Scraps	77 04	19 96
Special attendants	725 73	1,050 20
Subsistence	64 94	3 50
Wages and salaries	212 27	195 15
Totals	\$3,978 40	\$3,302 88

Moneys Received.

CASH TAKEN FROM PATIENTS FOR SAFE KEEPING.

On hand October 1st 1894	\$877 25
Received during the two years	1,004 01
Total	\$1,881 26
Returned to patients or their representatives	1,077 87
Balance in hands of steward October 1, 1896	\$803 39

CASH DEPOSITED TO BE EXPENDED FOR BENEFIT OF PATIENTS.

On hand October 1st, 1894	\$731 74
Received during the two years	1,171 53
Total	\$1,903 27
Expended for benefit of patients	1,167 13
Balance in hands of steward October 1, 1896	\$736 14

During the biennial period the relatives and friends of patients contributed for their use and pleasure, clothing and other property to the value of \$6,531.33.

Northern Hospital.

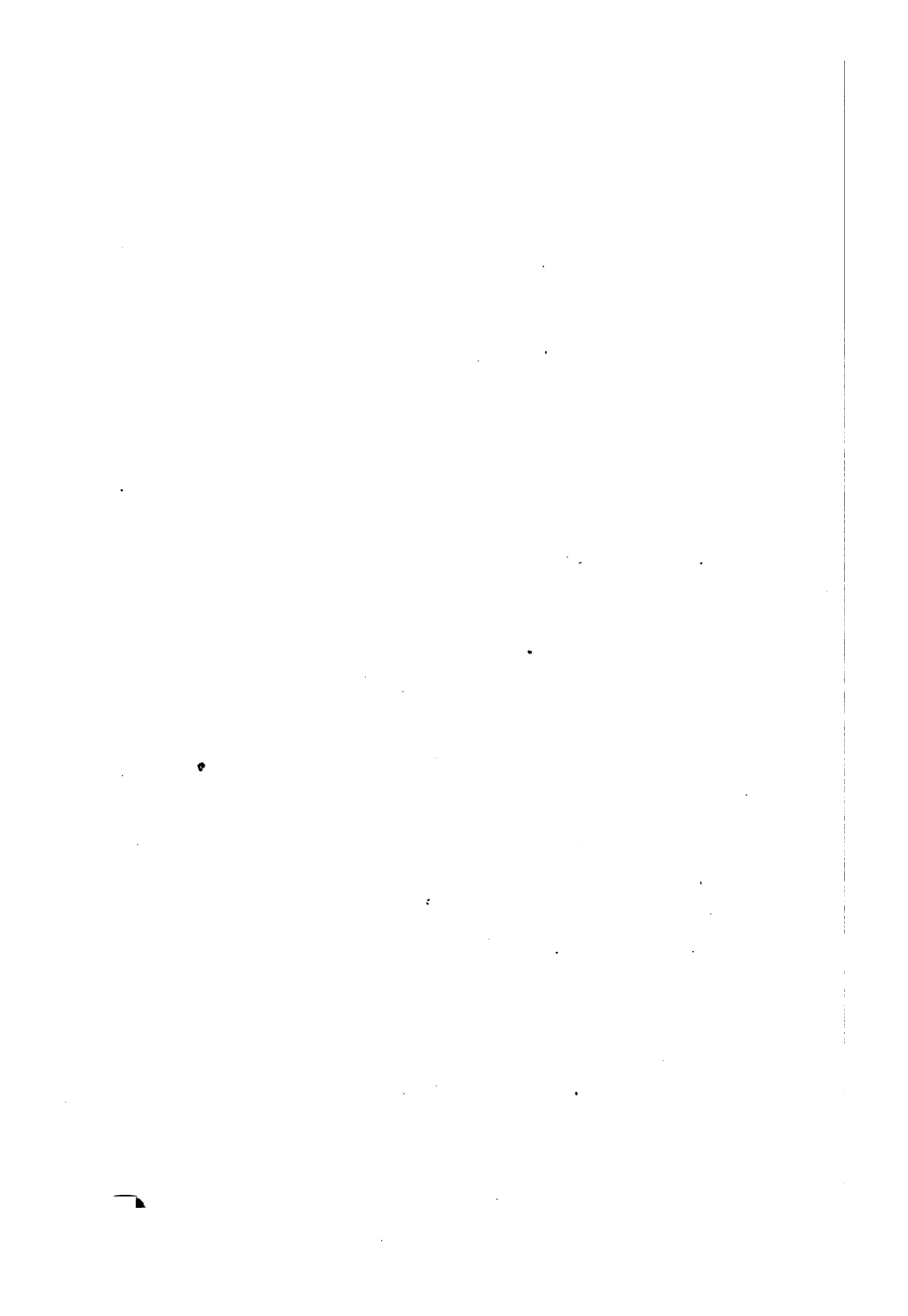
FARM AND GARDEN PRODUCTS.

ARTICLES.	FOR YEAR ENDING SEP- TEMBER 30, 1895.		FOR YEAR ENDING SEP- TEMBER 30, 1896.	
	Quantity.	Value.	Quantity.	Value.
Asparagus	1,880 bchs.	\$94 00	4,243 bch.	\$212 15
Beef	12 hd. 7,500 lbs.	363 00	5 hd. 3,330 lbs.	183 15
Beans, dry	24 $\frac{3}{8}$ bu.	24 38	20 bu.	20 00
Beans, Lima	16 $\frac{5}{8}$ bu.	34 88	51 bu.	101 50
Beans, string	95 bu.	64 46	225 bu.	181 00
Beets	323 $\frac{1}{8}$ bu.	163 44	617 $\frac{1}{4}$ bu.	248 85
Beets, green	45 bu.	27 00	.....	.....
Cabbage, early ...	3,893 hds.	137 75	3,883 hds.	154 36
Cabbage, winter..	6,930 hds.	207 90	5,940 hds.	178 20
Calves	60 hds.	183 50	32 hd.	49 00
Cauliflower	682 hds.	50 86	1,136 hd.	90 88
Carrots	370 $\frac{1}{2}$ bu.	148 25	723 $\frac{3}{4}$ bu.	289 73
Celery	4,555 bch.	136 65	6,474 bchs.	194 22
Chickens	40	14 00	35	12 25
Corn, green	354 $\frac{1}{2}$ bu.	183 00	530 bu.	278 88
Corn, dry	2,300 bu.	874 00	5,500 bu.	1,375 00
Corn stalks	75 tons	375 00	180 tons	900 00
Cucumbers, green	223 $\frac{3}{8}$ bu.	253 50	194 $\frac{3}{4}$ bu.	199 00
Currants	141 qts.	9 87	26 qts.	2 08
Eggs	383 $\frac{1}{8}$ doz.	52 49	28 doz.	2 52
Grapes	20 bu.	34 00	4 bu.	7 00
Hay	42 tous.	462 00	75 tons	750 00
Ham, smoked ...	189 lbs.	23 63	141 lbs.	17 63
Ham and bacon..	.....	.....	712 lbs.	66 50
Horse radish	6 $\frac{3}{8}$ bu.	8 06	6 bu.	9 00
Ice	100 cords	100 00	5 tons	10 00
Kohl-Rabi	772 bch.	38 60	2,575 bch.	128 75
Lard	6,645 lbs.	617 45	7,628 lbs.	621 51
Lettuce	6,160 bch.	261 12	8,946 bch.	389 35
Mangel-wurzel...	4,336 bu.	1,084 00	5,840 bu.	1,460 00
Millet .....	.....	.....	36 tons	324 00
Milk	126,580 qts.	3,903 79	169,509 qts.	6,780 36
Melons, musk .....	.....	.....	2,064	87 36
Melons, water .....	.....	.....	3	45
Oats	3,400 bu.	816 00	2,650 bu.	636 00
Oat straw	65 tons	300 90	55 tons	275 00
Onions, dry	461 bu.	276 75	1,154 $\frac{3}{4}$ bu.	696 80
Onions, green ...	2,401 bch.	102 99	13,799 bch.	632 64
Parsley	56 bch.	3 10	184 bch.	12 81
Parsnips	160 $\frac{1}{8}$ bu.	160 13	282 bu.	282 00
Peas, green	179 $\frac{3}{4}$ bu.	256 50	183 $\frac{1}{4}$ bu.	149 64
Peas, sugar .....	.....	.....	14 bu.	10 50
Peppers .....	.....	.....	17 doz.	8 50

Farm and Garden Products.

FARM AND GARDEN PRODUCTS—Continued.

ARTICLES.	FOR YEAR ENDING SEP- TEMBER 30, 1895.		FOR YEAR ENDING SEP- TEMBER 30, 1896.	
	Quantity.	Value.	Quantity.	Value.
Pigs	193 hd.	\$932 77	152 hd.	\$662 00
Pork	24,901 lbs.	1,812 66	16,146 lbs.	963 76
Potatoes	1,047½ bu.	312 83	219 bu.	76 65
Pumpkins .....	.....	.....	302	10 10
Radishes	3,730 bch.	141 54	13,629 bch.	601 96
Radishes, winter..	.....	.....	150 bu.	150 00
Raspberries .....	.....	.....	15 qts.	1 80
Rhubarb	3,706 bch.	185 12	10,088 bch.	438 38
Rutabagas	549½ bu.	192 40	.....	.....
Sage	313 bch.	15 65	260 bch.	20 80
Salsify	99 bu.	99 00	158 bu.	158 00
Sauer kraut	13 bbls.	45 75	.....	.....
Sausage .....	.....	.....	3,271 lbs.	256 26
Savory .....	.....	.....	131 bch.	12 90
Spinage	69¾ bu.	69 75	7,660 bch.	383 00
Squash	15,480 lbs.	309 60	26,875 lbs.	537 60
Strawberries .....	.....	.....	48 qts.	5 76
Tomatoes	819⅞ bu.	573 87	549¼ bu.	309 76
Turnips	204¾ bu.	72 16	.....	.....
Veal .....	.....	.....	4,104 lbs.	264 21
Wood .....	.....	.....	40 cords.	80 00
Totals .....	.....	\$16,610 05	.....	\$22,961 61



SEVENTH BIENNIAL REPORT

OF THE

Wisconsin School for the Deaf

FOR THE

Two Fiscal Years ending September 30, 1896.

OFFICERS AND TEACHERS.

JOHN W. SWILER.....SUPERINTENDENT AND STEWARD
HARRY G. HAMBRIGHT.....CLEERK
SARAH D. GIBSON.....MATRON
TILLIE CANNAN.....ASST. MATRON
JOSEPH WACHUTA.....BOYS' SUPERVISOR

TEACHERS.

MANUAL DEPARTMENT.

WARREN ROBINSON, M. A.....J. SCHUYLER LONG, M. A.
W. A. COCHRANE, M. A.....WILLIAM F. GRAY
THOMAS HAGERTY, B. A.....JAS. JOS. MURPHY, B. A.

ORAL DEPARTMENT.

A. I. HOBART, PRINCIPAL.....IVA C. PEARCE, B. S.
ELSIE M. STEINKE.....AGNES STEINKE.
MARGARET J. STEVENSON.....SETH W. GREGORY, M. A.
FLORENCE PARRY.....LAURA SPARKS.

ART DEPARTMENT.

LILLIAN SORENSON.....DRAWING AND WRITING

INDUSTRIAL DEPARTMENT.

A. C. BLOODGOOD.....INSTRUCTOR IN WOOD-WORKING
JOHN BEAMSLEY.....INSTRUCTOR IN SHOEMAKING
FRED. C. LARSEN.....INSTRUCTOR IN PRINTING
JULIUS HOLLIDAY.....INSTRUCTOR IN BAKING
A. F. STRUCKMEYER.....INSTRUCTOR IN COOKING AND NEEDLE-WORK
E. J. BENDING.....INSTRUCTOR OF MANUAL TRAINING
THOMAS HAGERTY.....INSTRUCTOR OF BOYS IN GYMNASICS
FLORENCE E. LONG.....INSTRUCTRESS OF GIRLS IN GYMNASICS

SUPERINTENDENT'S REPORT.

To the State Board of Control:

GENTLEMEN:—It again becomes my duty, as Superintendent of the Wisconsin School for the Deaf, at the close of this, the forty-fifth year in its history, to present to you the seventh biennial report, containing an account of the condition and progress of the school. In so doing the attention of the general public of the state of Wisconsin is also invited to the record of the school; to the devotion and enthusiasm of its officers and teachers, to the diligence and docility of its pupils, to the appreciative testimony of parents and friends of pupils and to the generous and unflinching support and approval, which your honorable board has always been pleased to give.

Furthermore, the school received the commendation of a committee of the last legislature; and its work was also endorsed by the report of the joint committee on education, which recommended an enlargement of the functions of the school to include more extensive manual training, and thorough instruction in the domestic arts. Pursuant to their report the last legislature appropriated the sum of \$10,000 for the erection of a suitable building for manual training, which is now approaching completion; and otherwise encouraged the extension of the educational facilities of the school so that every boy and girl in the state of Wisconsin, in any condition of deafness, might here find adequate training and a fitting education.

This is in further recognition of the fact that, the development of the whole man should be symmetrical and complete, and that in his education, the intelligence, the sensibilities, the muscles and the will should be strengthened simultaneously, till he can make the best possible use of eyes, ears, hands and feet. Since parents, anxious for the most robust and, at the same

Wisconsin School for the Deaf.

time, the most efficient manhood, send the whole boy to school, it is plainly the duty of the school to provide for all his wants.

Since the date of the last report, September 30th, 1894, sixty-four new pupils (34 boys and 30 girls) have been admitted to the school; and twenty-five former pupils (18 boys and 7 girls), who were temporarily absent have returned. Of the forty-nine pupils, who have left school within the last two years, sixteen have completed the course of study, in the average time of 8.4 years; they were awarded certificates of graduation by the Board, and honorable discharges were given to a number of other pupils, who had either been in school as long as it was profitable for them to remain, or were beyond legitimate school age. The names of the graduates and of those honorably discharged will be found in the appendix to this report.

Although the general health of the school has been excellent for the last two years, and remarkable immunity from disease enjoyed, two of the pupils have died within that period. Patrick O'Rourke, of Kendalls, from an abscess in the head, February 18th, 1895, at the age of sixteen; and John M. Campbell of Wiotia, from congestion of the liver, January 10th, 1896, at the age of fourteen.

Five pupils have removed, with their parents, to other states, or are in other schools, leaving 202 names on the roll September, 1896; of which number 179 were in school, leaving 23 absentees, whom we may reasonably expect to see again, to report at a later date.

One hundred and eighty-eight pupils (110 boys and 78 girls) were present September 30th, 1894. One hundred and eighty pupils (95 boys and 85 girls) were in schools September 30th, 1895; and one hundred and seventy-nine pupils are present at the date of the closing of this report, September 30th, 1896 (99 boys and 80 girls).

The average attendance for 1895 was 198.5; for 1896 it was 180.1; the total cost of maintenance for 1895 was \$42,005.49 and, for 1896 it was \$39,799.54 making the total per capita cost

Superintendent's Report.

\$211.08 for 1895 and \$221.11 for 1896. This, the sum total expended for all purposes during these years, includes money spent for repairs on buildings, roofing, painting, etc., the renewal and reconstruction of a large portion of the system of sewerage, and also extensive renewals of steam and water pipes. These extensive repairs on buildings and their appointments, with the necessity for smaller classes in order to a satisfactory organization of the oral department of the school, taken in connection with diminished attendance, have increased the per capita expenditure for the last year.

A high grade of intelligence has been shown by the new pupils, and all of proper age have been placed in oral classes, in which they still remain, to such an extent that three of the four teachers doing first and second grade work are teaching speech.

In relation to speech teaching in this school it is a pleasure to mention the present standing, condition and prospects of the pupils who have been admitted to the school within the last four years, all of whom, except a few who have been in other schools—not oral—or who are already past proper school age, have had an opportunity to show what they could do in acquiring speech.

Seventy-two new pupils were received in the years 1893 and 1894; sixty-four in 1895 and 1896, one hundred and thirty-six in all. There were thirty, who came from other schools; nineteen of these have since dropped out or been discharged, leaving eleven now in school, and seven of them are in speaking classes. Of the whole number received within the last four years (136) thirty-nine have since left school; this leaves ninety-seven pupils present, who have entered since September 1st, 1893.

Of the ninety-seven admitted within this period, all, with very few exceptions, have had at least one full year in speaking classes, and sixty-five of them are now being taught exclusively by speech. Sixteen are in the first grade, eleven in the second grade, eighteen in the third grade, ten in the fourth, five in the

Wisconsin School for the Deaf.

fifth, two in the sixth grade, one in the eighth, and two in the tenth grade; sixty-five in all.

Of these sixty-five pupils it may be said that time does not yet permit us to speak with certainty of those in the first grade or beginning classes; the pupils of the second grade are, with but one exception, promising subjects for speech teaching and all are doing well; there are eighteen pupils in the third grade oral classes, and of this number there are only six, whose ultimate success in articulation is still doubtful; of the ten pupils in the fourth grade three are not yet confirmed in the use of independent speech.

All the others are undoubtedly on the way to the acquisition of intelligible speech, and in the more advanced oral classes there are not more than four pupils whose final success in speech is not already assured. Eight of the fourteen classes in the school are oral and of the entire number of pupils (179), in all eighty-seven are in oral classes, and are taught by speech to the entire exclusion of all other methods.

This classification assigns thirty-two of the entire ninety-seven pupils admitted within the last four years, who are still in school, to the manual method of instruction; ten of them are somewhat advanced in age, so that they were considered unfavorable subjects for speech teaching; six had been in other schools for a period of time and had no special disposition or wish to attempt speech; ten after prolonged trial proved oral failures, and six others were either feeble-minded or with such limited capacity that they were placed in sign classes as the most available and efficient means of instruction.

In answer to the question, "How long are you in selecting pupils for speaking or sign classes, or in what grade do you finally decide that these pupils shall continue in speaking classes, and those in manual classes?" it might be said that every individual case is acted on separately, and there is no fixed time at which we say, "These must continue through the course in speaking classes, and those in sign classes", but, as a

Superintendent's Report.

matter of fact, it is seen that no doubtful oral cases remain after the third grade is passed; consequently, we may say that the question of the oral success or failure of some pupils is not decided until the third grade, or the third year in school has been reached.

The forty-fourth term of the school closed June 11th, 1896 without a graduating class, as a change in the course of instruction and the more complete separation of the oral department had altered the basis of classification; but a large and intelligent class graduated in 1895; and, at the close of the present term, June, 1897, there will be two classes to graduate numbering twenty. Eight young men and women who had been in the school a number of years were given honorable discharges at the close of the last year.

The National Convention of Instructors of the deaf held in the city of Flint, Mich., the first week in July, 1895, was attended by the superintendent and a number of teachers from this school who participated in its practical and instructive exercises. The superintendent of this school was placed in charge of the Manual Training section of the convention, and, in the election which followed for the next convention, one of our teachers, Mr. Warren Robinson, was chosen his successor.

There have been a number of changes in the official family at the school since the date of the last report. Mrs. S. M. Montgomery, matron, resigned at the close of the term in 1895, and was succeeded by Miss S. D. Gibson, who had previously been connected with this school. She now returns with added experience to take up the duties of the office which she is well fitted to fill. After fourteen years of the most efficient service the faithful and efficient physician to the school, Dr. J. B. Hemingway, resigned prior to his removal to Chicago. He has been succeeded by Dr. C. C. Blanchard of Delavan. Early in 1895, C. M. Tallman the competent and popular clerk of the school resigned to engage in private business and was succeeded by H. G. Hambright, who continues in the office at this time.

Wisconsin School for the Deaf.

Edward E. Clippinger and Mrs. E. G. McCoy retired from the service of the school as teachers in 1895, and were succeeded by W. A. Cochrane, who is an experienced teacher of long standing in the profession, and Miss Elsie Steinke, who returned to the school after a year's absence.

Mrs. E. B. Phoenix was granted a year's leave of absence to enable her to go to Europe, and her place was filled by the engagement of Miss Laura Sparks of Beloit, a scholarly young lady, who undertakes the work with every prospect of success.

Miss Clara Maklem (Mrs. Gregory) resigned early in 1896 and the vacancy thus caused was filled by the appointment of Miss Florence Parry of the Sparta school, who is an enthusiastic teacher, and will win success.

Miss Helen Ohnstad did not return this term and is succeeded as teacher of needlework by Mrs. S. Henderson.

Mr. Hollis Stone, foreman of the carpenter shop, is succeeded by Mr. A. C. Bloodgood; and Mr. William Passage, foreman of the printing office, by Mr. Fred C. Larson, of Lake Geneva.

The last biennial period has been attended by uninterrupted prosperity, health and happiness; in no other period of the school's history has more good work been done; pupils have been orderly, studious and obedient, while officers and teachers have given close and undivided attention to their work.

The lecture course, by the gentlemen of the school, has been interesting and instructive; the teachers' meetings, profitable and popular; papers and books have been read more extensively and by greater numbers of the pupils than ever before, and the interest in general literature shown by the members of the older classes proves that the efforts of their teachers in that direction have been appreciated.

In June, 1895, the officers of the school had the pleasure of entertaining its graduates, for the fifth time, in their Seventh Alumni Reunion. Many of the former pupils of the school met with them, and all were provided with entertainment.

Superintendent's Report.

The ties which bind these young people to the school and to each other are strong and enduring, and it is no less gratifying to see the evidences of thrift and prosperity, which they display, than their keen enjoyment of the social privileges of such an occasion.

Very few of the two hundred and twenty-five graduates of the school have failed of independent self support, and the one hundred and forty who met here last June formed a fine looking body of men and women who were evidently adding to the wealth and comfort of the community and at the same time discharging every duty of enlightened citizenship.

Entertainments have been given at irregular intervals; and the holidays observed in a manner suited to the children for whom they were provided.

Our thanks are due and hereby tendered to the railroads of the state for valuable favors in transportation of pupils in going to and returning from their homes, and for the messengers attending them, so that no accident has befallen any one and all have reached home in comfort and safety.

To the press of the state we would say that your contributions to the school reading room are much appreciated and closely read. Many of these papers are published at the homes of pupils and bring them news fresh from home which is eagerly looked for.

Profoundly grateful for the good fortune of the past, with an abiding faith in the future, I am sensible of the evidences of confidence and encouragement, which your Board has been pleased to give, in relation to the work of the school; and, have the honor to remain, with much respect.

Your obedient servant,

JOHN W. SWILER,
Superintendent.

Wisconsin School for the Deaf.

GRADUATES.

The following young men and women graduated in the class of 1895:

Rudolph Augustus Fenske	Shawano.
James Madison Goff	Stoughton.
John Kircher	Pepin.
William Edward Malloy	Milwaukee.
Francis Charles McGuire	Chippewa Falls.
Mary Etta Molster	Merton.
Severine Morreau	Chippewa Falls.
Ida Nehring	Tusten.
Henry Bernard Plunkett	Milwaukee.
Henry Frank Pocan	Marinette.
Stanislaus Porsorski	Berlin
Walter Everett Redmond	Neillsville.
Emil Reinke	Van Dyne.
Patrick Joseph Ryan	Milwaukee.
Alfred Norman Stendahl	Alma.
Gustav Albertus Winkleman	Milwaukee.

Of this class three were carpenters, three were art students, six were printers and four were shoemakers.

Rudolph A. Fenske took the first honor; Henry F. Pocan took the second honor.

In June, 1895, Blanch Bratton, of Rudolph, and William Keyes, of East Troy, received honorable discharges.

In June, 1896, Maggie Crehan, of Prairie du Chien; Mary Buckley, of Stark; Adaline Karberg, of Bloomer; Mary Parelock, of Wittenberg; Achsah Littlefield, of Dale; Charles Christian-son, of Centerville; Henry Daley, of Milwaukee, and Frederick Swanson, of Mason, received honorable discharges.

Statistical Tables.

TABLE No. 1.

Movement of population in the Wisconsin School for the Deaf, during the biennial period ending September 30th, 1896.

	1895.			1896.		
	Boys.	Girls.	Total.	Boys.	Girls.	Total.
Admitted after September, 1894 and 1895.....	5	5	10	1	2	3
Re-admitted after September, 1894 and 1895.....	9	3	12	4	.....	4
Admitted in September, 1895 and 1896.....	12	12	24	16	12	28
Re-admitted September, 1895 and 1896.....	2	1	3	3	3	6
Total admissions each year..	28	21	49	24	17	41
Pupils present September 30, 1894 and 1895.	110	78	188	95	85	180
Total annual attendance.....	138	99	237	119	102	221
Graduated in June.....	13	3	16	.....	.....	.....
Honorably discharged.....	1	1	2	6	3	9
Dismissed as incapable.....	2	.....	2	3	1	4
Time expired.....	2	.....	2	1	.....	1
Died.....	1	.....	1	1	.....	1
Transferred to other schools....	2	1	3	1	1	2
Removed from the state.....	3	1	4	.....	.....	.....
Over school age.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	2	2
Total removals 1895 and 1896.	24	6	30	12	7	19
Names on roll Sept., 1895 and 1896	114	93	207	107	95	202
Absentees Sept. 30, 1895 and 1896.	19	8	27	6	17	23
Pupils present Sept. 30, 1895 and 1896.....	95	85	180	101	78	179

Wisconsin School for the Deaf.

TABLE NO. 2.

Average monthly attendance.

	1895.	1896.		1895.	1896.
October.....	196	182	March.....	204	183
November.....	203	182	April.....	201	182
December.....	202	183	May.....	199	177
January.....	202	183	June.....	199	176
Feburary.....	204	183	September.....	175	170
			Average for year.	198.5	180.1

TABLE NO. 3.

*Causes of deafness in cases admitted during the two years ending
September 30, 1896.*

Congenital.....	36	Cerebral meningitis.....	11
Scarlet fever.....	3	Spinal meningitis.....	7
Catarrh.....	1	Whooping cough.....	1
Abscess in head.....	1	Typhoid fever.....	2
Effects of a fall.....	1	Unknown.....	1
		Total.....	64

TABLE NO. 4.

Nativity of parents of new pupils.

American.....	15	German.....	19
Norwegian.....	9	English.....	5
French.....	2	Polish.....	2
Irish.....	4	Welsh.....	1
Swedish.....	1	Italian.....	1
Canadian.....	1	Scotch.....	2
Belgian.....	1	Bohemian.....	1
		Total.....	64

Statistical Tables.

TABLE No. 5.

Age of new pupils when hearing was lost.

Congenital.....	36	Under 1 year.....	3
At 1 year.....	5	At 2 years.....	1
At 3 years.....	6	At 4 years.....	4
At 5 years.....	1	At 6 years.....	3
At 7 years.....	3	Unknown.....	2
		Total.....	64

TABLE No. 6.

Age of new pupils at date of admission.

At 6 years.....	1	At 7 years.....	4
At 8 years.....	11	At 9 years.....	11
At 10 years.....	5	At 11 years.....	4
At 12 years.....	6	At 13 years.....	2
At 14 years.....	1	At 15 years.....	3
At 16 years.....	1	At 17 years.....	2
At 18 years.....	3	At 19 years.....	3
At 20 years.....	1	At 21 years.....	1
At 22 years.....	1	At 25 years.....	1
At 27 years.....	2	At 40 years.....	1
		Total.....	64

Of the 30 new pupils admitted to the school during the year 1896.

In (3) three cases the parents were first cousins.

In (1) one case the parents were second cousins.

In (8) eight cases there were deaf relatives.

Wisconsin School for the Deaf.

TABLE No. 7.

Age and classification of the school, at the close of the term, June, 1897; based on the actual attendance September 30, 1896.

Class No.	TEACHER.	No. in Class.	Terms.										Average.
			10 terms.	9 terms.	8 terms.	7 terms.	6 terms.	5 terms.	4 terms.	3 terms.	2 terms.	1 term.	
1	A. I. Hobart, oral.....	10	2	1	2	1	2	1	1	.....	.....	.....	7.3
2	W. F. Gray	15	12	3	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	9.8
3	J. S. Long	11	3	6	2	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	9.0
4	W. A. Cochrane, oral.....	12	.....	6	3	2	1	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	8.1
5	E. M. Steinke, oral.....	11	.....	1	1	3	3	3	.....	.....	.....	.....	6.4
6	W. Robinson	15	.....	4	1	5	5	3	.....	.....	.....	.....	7.2
7	W. A. C., J. S. L., W. F. G	14	.....	.....	2	.....	3	7	2	.....	.....	.....	5.5
8	L. C. Pearce, oral.....	11	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	6	3	2	.....	.....	4.3
9	L. Sparks, oral.....	10	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	3	6	1	.....	.....	4.2
10	A. Steinke, oral.....	8	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	4	4	.....	.....	3.5
11	M. Stevenson, oral.....	11	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	2	3	1	.....	3.0
12	T. Hagerty	10	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1	4	2	.....	3.4
13	J. J. Murphy	15	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	2	6	7	1.6
14	F. Parry, oral.....	10	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	10	.....	2.0
15	S. W. Gregory, oral.....	16	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	16	L
		179	17	21	11	11	14	21	22	20	19	23	5.1

There are 87 orally taught pupils.

There are 102 pupils taught drawing and writing by Lillian Sorrenson.

A. C. Bloodgood, teacher of wood-working and joinery, 15.

J. Beamsley, teacher of shoemaking, 32.

F. C. Larson, teacher of printing, 14.

E. J. Bending, teacher of manual-training.

A. F. Struckmeyer, teacher of domestic art.

Statistical Tables.

TABLE NO. 8.

Annual admissions and annual attendance.

Number present Sept. 30th of each year.

Year.	Sept. 30.	New pupils	Total.	Year.	Sept. 30.	New pupils	Total.
1852.....		8	8	1875.....	135	35	181
1853.....		6	14	1876.....	150	35	191
1854.....		18	31	1877.....	141	21	182
1855.....		5	34	1878.....	128	39	180
1856.....		15	49	1879.....	122	30	183
1857.....		12	56	1880.....	156	33	195
1858.....		14	31	1881.....	.....	6	179
1859.....		16	73	1882.....	182	76	244
1860.....		13	74	1883.....	203	39	235
1861.....		10	75	1884.....	200	28	242
1862.....		14	69	1885.....	190	41	231
1863.....		21	89	1886.....	190	46	236
1864.....		.....	80	1887.....	202	54	244
1865.....		21	91	1888.....	192	34	226
1866.....		18	104	1889.....	173	50	223
1867.....		15	108	1890.....	174	36	210
1868.....		8	95	1891.....	169	38	207
1869.....		17	112	1892.....	165	45	210
1870.....		44	144	1893.....	176	55	231
1871.....		23	149	1894.....	188	72	260
1872.....	142	10	164	1895 (Nov. 1st).	180	64	244
1873.....	146	32	176	1896 (Sept. 30).	179	.....	.....
1874.....	141	20	176				

Wisconsin School for the Deaf.

NEW PUPILS ADMITTED DURING THE YEAR ENDING SEP-
TEMBER 30th, 1896.

NAME.	TOWN.	COUNTY.
1 Arch, Ransom H...	Madison.....	Dane.
2 Bell, Almon.....	Madison.....	Dane.
3 Diers, Carl.....	Milwaukee.....	Milwaukee.
4 Delvaux, Joseph....	Champion.....	Brown.
5 Emmons, Frederick	Prescott.....	Pierce.
6 Erdahl, Clara.....	Stoughton.....	Dane.
7 Fernquist, Eskil....	Commonwealth.....	Florence.
8 Foster, Ray B.....	Luck.....	Polk.
9 Gillardi, Adela, M..	Genoa.....	Vernon.
10 Gosso, William P..	Darien.....	Walworth.
11 Gross, George.....	Rhineland.....	Oneida.
12 Hanson, Helmar....	Spring Valley.....	Pierce.
13 Hankins, Sherman..	Viroqua.....	Vernon.
14 Harter, Ervin.....	Milwaukee.....	Milwaukee.
15 Jagla, Fannie.....	Antigo.....	Langlade.
16 Kidd, Curtis.....	Bloom City.....	Richland.
17 Knutson, Carl T....	Clayton.....	Polk.
18 Landry, Mabel.....	Woodville.....	St. Croix.
19 Herman, Elizabeth..	Tomahawk.....	Lincoln.
20 Lang, Theresa.....	Chippewa Falls.....	Chippewa.
21 Lawrence, Gertie M.	Janesville.....	Rock.
22 Lineau, Alice M....	Sheboygan.....	Sheboygan.
23 Rasmus, Herman H..	Bloomer.....	Chippewa.
24 Scroggie, Jennette..	River Falls.....	Pierce.
25 Scroggie, Grace....	River Falls.....	Pierce.
26 Sommars, Harvey M.	Viola.....	Richland.
27 Thelke, Emma.....	Farmington.....	Jefferson.
28 Sullivan, James....	Janesville.....	Rock.
29 Wieshoefer, Amanda	Milwaukee.....	Milwaukee.
30 Wilson, Mida M....	Racine.....	Racine.

Session Roll.

FORTY-FIFTH TERM, 1896 AND 1897.

Session roll, September 30th, 1896.

Name.	Town.	County.	Ad't'd.
Adleman, Clara	Oakley	Green.	1891
Adleman, Orville.....	Oakley	Green	1894
Adleman, Edgar.....	Durand	Winnebago.....	1896
Amondson, John.....	Deer Park.....	St. Croix.....	1892
Anderson, Enga C.....	North Cape.....	Racine.....	1893
Anderson, Huldah.....	Holmen	La Crosse.....	1890
Anderson, Matt A.....	Dallas	Barron	1895
Aldrich, Harry B.....	Milwaukee.....	Milwaukee.....	1894
Ault, Charles.....	Monroe.....	Green.....	1892
Arch, Ransom.....	Madison.....	Dane.....	1885
Baker, Clara	Monterey.....	Waukesha.....	1894
Barnes, Albert.....	Menomonie.....	Dunn	1894
Beck, Lizzie.....	Stevens Point.....	Portage.....	1890
Beisang, Joseph.....	Eau Claire.....	Eau Claire.....	1894
Bell, Almon	Madison.....	Dane.....	1896
Berholz, Henry.....	Appleton.....	Outagamie.....	1892
Berndt, Alvina.....	Allens Grove.....	Walworth.....	1895
Bone, Adolor.....	Marinette.....	Marinette.....	1894
Brault, Albert.....	Coleman.....	Marinette.....	1894
Brickley, Eliza.....	New Richmond.....	St. Croix.....	1893
Brown, William.....	River Falls.....	Pierce.....	1894
Broten, Laura.....	Hudson.....	St. Croix.....	1888
Buxton, Minnie.....	Viroqua.....	Vernon.....	1890
Buxton, Lillie.....	Viroqua.....	Vernon.....	1890
Callaway, Hattie.....	West Lima.....	Richland.....	1888
Cameron, Duncan.....	La Crosse.....	La Crosse.....	1891
Carney, Julia.....	Kenosha.....	Kenosha.....	1888
Capen, Thurman O.....	Black River Falls.....	Jackson.....	1894
Childs, Clara	Ellsworth.....	Pierce.....	1889
Christianson, Charles.....	Centreville.....	Trempealeau.....	1886
Christianson, Frederick.....	Hickory.....	Oconto.....	1893
Commers, Herbert.....	Two Rivers.....	Manitowoc.....	1894
Crehan, Margaret.....	Prairie du Chien.....	Crawford.....	1886
Creuzer, Julia.....	Alma.....	Buffalo.....	1889
Cohler, Henry.....	Fort Howard.....	Brown.....	1893
Czhopik, Peter.....	Milwaukee.....	Milwaukee.....	1891
Daley, Henry.....	Milwaukee.....	Milwaukee.....	1893
Danewscfski, August.....	Muskego.....	Waukesha.....	1888
Decloux, Delina.....	Oconto.....	Oconto.....	1894
Decker, Ethel.....	Clear lake.....	Polk.....	1895
Delvaux, Joseph.....	Champion.....	Brown.....	1896
Diers Carl.....	Milwaukee.....	Milwaukee.....	1896

Wisconsin School for the Deaf.

Name.	Town.	County.	Ad't'd.
Dickson, Robert	Waneka	Dunn	1893
Dieveney, Bridget	New Richmond	St. Croix	1894
Doro, John	Berlin	Green Lake	1894
Doyle, Ella B.	Truman	Lafayette	1889
Dowe, Walter	Horicon	Dodge	1892
Downey, Patrick	Hollandale	Iowa	1891
Due, Frederika	Racine	Racine	1893
Dorsch, Gustav	Milwaukee	Milwaukee	1895
Eckerson, Bertha	Delavan	Walworth	1887
Emmons, Fred A.	Prescott	Pierce	1896
Elfmann, Emelie	Merrill	Lincoln	1895
Erickson, Edward	Niles	Manitowoc	1890
Erdahl, Clara	Stoughton	Dane	1896
Etheridge, May	Merrill	Lincoln	1887
Errard, Melina	Fond du Lac	Fond du Lac	1893
Errard, George	Fond du Lac	Fond du Lac	1893
Einolf, Annie	Chilton	Calumet	1889
Fedkenheuer, William.	Deerfield	Dane	1890
Fenendahl, Ernest	Gardner	Door	1890
Feldhousen, Antoine ..	Green Bay	Brown	1895
Fernquist, Eskil	Commonwealth	Florence	1896
Fiske, Leon	Delavan	Walworth	1892
Fleming, Gertrude	Jefferson	Jefferson	1889
Foster, Ray B.	Luck	Polk	1896
Fuergutz, Annie	Lynn	Clark	1895
Fuerst, Barbara	Hartford	Washington	1893
Gilkey, George	Oconto	Oconto	1890
Gillard, Adela M.	Rest	Vernon	1896
Goff, Milton	Stoughton	Dane	1886
Gosso, William	Darien	Walworth	1896
Grebel, Emma	Beaver Dam	Dodge	1887
Grimse, Roy	Clinton	Rock	1894
Gross, George	Rhineland	Oneida	1896
Hallada, Charles	Ashland	Ashland	1894
Hankins, Sherman	Viroqua	Vernon	1896
Hanson, Hans	Keyeser	Columbia	1887
Hanson, Helmer	Spring Valley	Pierce	1896
Hamre, Carl	Keyeser	Columbia	1893
Harter, Frank	Milwaukee	Milwaukee	1890
Harter, Irvin	Milwaukee	Milwaukee	1896
Heibner, August	Monroe	Green	1888
Heibner, Louisa	Monroe	Green	1888
Helgerson, Haldora	Tonnar	Dunn	1895
Herald, Clarence	Oconto	Oconto	1890
Hermann, Elizabeth	Tomahawk	Lincoln	1896
Herman, Oscar	Sheboygan	Sheboygan	1892
Herrick, Arrill	East Troy	Walworth	1889
Hinze, Martha	Sheboygan	Sheboygan	1891

Session Roll.

Name.	Town.	County.	Ad't'd.
Hitzka, Adaline.....	Wittenberg.....	Shawano.....	1893
Higgings, Ray.....	McDill.....	Portage.....	1893
Hopkins, Nettie.....	Weyauwega.....	Waupaca.....	1889
Horne, George.....	Whitewater.....	Walworth.....	1885
Houghstad, Ole.....	Glasgow.....	Trempealeau.....	1894
Hughes, Pearl.....	Milwaukee.....	Milwaukee.....	1894
Huhn, Elizabeth.....	Racine.....	Racine.....	1888
Irving, Thomas.....	Kenosha.....	Kenosha.....	1887
Jacobs, Agnes.....	Kenosha.....	Kenosha.....	1887
Jacobson, Carrie M....	Eau Claire.....	Eau Claire.....	1887
Jacobson, Caroline A..	Debello.....	Vernon.....	1892
Jagla, Fannie.....	Antigo.....	Langlade.....	1895
Jankevecz, Roman.....	Milwaukee.....	Milwaukee.....	1886
Jastremski, John.....	Berlin.....	Green Lake.....	1895
Jerdee, Malina.....	Stoughton.....	Dane.....	1890
Johnson, Alba Lee....	La Crosse.....	La Crosse.....	1892
Jolitz, Conrad.....	Caroline.....	Shawano.....	1892
Jones, Tracy.....	Delavan.....	Walworth.....	1886
Kidd, Curtis.....	Bloom City.....	Richland.....	1896
Karberg, Adaline.....	Bloomer.....	Chippewa.....	1894
Klein, Charles W.....	Waukesha.....	Waukesha.....	1895
Knutson, Carl.....	Richardson.....	Polk.....	1896
Kohler, Christian.....	Milwaukee.....	Milwaukee.....	1886
Kopieski, William.....	Oshkosh.....	Winnebago.....	1887
Kuehnl, Rudolph.....	Dale.....	Outagamie.....	1889
Kuehn, Bertha.....	Milwaukee.....	Milwaukee.....	1893
Knopps, John.....	Menomonie.....	Dunn.....	1890
Landry, Frederick.....	Woodville.....	St. Croix.....	1888
Landry, Minnie.....	Woodville.....	St. Croix.....	1888
Landry, Nora.....	Woodville.....	St. Croix.....	1894
Landry, Mabel.....	Woodville.....	St. Croix.....	1895
Lawrence, Edgar.....	La Crosse.....	La Crosse.....	1893
Lawrence, Gertie.....	Janesville.....	Rock.....	1896
Lienau, Alice.....	Sheboygan.....	Sheboygan.....	1896
Long, Theresa.....	Chippewa Falls.....	Chippewa.....	1896
Ligockie, Frank.....	Milwaukee.....	Milwaukee.....	1894
Littlefield, Achshah..	Dale.....	Outagamie.....	1893
Leubke, Oscar.....	Two Rivers.....	Manitowoc.....	1891
Lyons, William.....	Merrill.....	Lincoln.....	1892
Luken, Carl.....	Blair.....	Trempealeau.....	1895
Maertz, Ernest.....	New London.....	Waupaca.....	1888
Marvin, Charles.....	Eau Galle.....	Dunn.....	1888
Meehan, Arthur.....	Darlington.....	La Fayette.....	1888
McChesney, Hallie.....	Turtle Lake.....	Barron.....	1887
McCloud, Oscar.....	Fox Lake.....	Dodge.....	1889
McGarry, Katie.....	Waupun.....	Fond du Lac.....	1894
Mihel, Fannie.....	Waupun.....	Fond du Lac.....	1892

Wisconsin School for the Deaf.

Name.	Town.	County.	Ad't'd.
Mullen, Joseph	Shullsburg	Lafayette	1887
Marks, Pearl	Phillips	Price	1895
Mihm, Katherine	Quincy	Adams	1895
Naebel, Frederick	Oshkosh	Winnebago	1889
Negus, Ida	Jefferson	Jefferson	1890
Neesam, Frederick	Fall River	Columbia	1894
Nesting, Edward	Coon Valley	Vernon	1893
Newell, Cora	Eau Claire	Eau Claire	1890
Nicolls, John	Eau Claire	Eau Claire	1889
Nilson, Nicholas	Taylor	Jackson	1888
Nimke, Matilda	Berlin	Green Lake	1889
Northrop, Anna	Platteville	Grant	1891
Nys, Julius	Green Bay	Brown	1889
O'Leary, Stephen	Eau Claire	Eau Claire	1887
Olson, Carl	Eau Claire	Eau Claire	1888
Ostrander, Gertrude ..	Boscobel	Grant	1894
Otto, John	Bingamton	Outagamie	1895
Paine, Jennie	Brooklyn	Green	1892
Parish, George	Milwaukee	Milwaukee	1884
Parelock, Mary	Marion	Waupaca	1891
Peterson, Katrine	Luck	Polk	1889
Petrick, Louisa	La Crosse	La Crosse	1894
Phillips, Silas	Blair	Trempealeau ..	1894
Peake, Mary	West Superior	Douglas	1895
Rasmus, Amelia	Bloomer	Chippewa	1892
Rasmus, Herman	Bloomer	Chippewa	1896
Rolfson, Charles	Waterford	Racine	1887
Rolfson, Elmer	Waterford	Racine	1893
Rolfson, Emma	Waterford	Racine	1895
Rolfson, Anna	Waterford	Racine	1896
Ryan, Joseph	Argyle	La Fayette	1891
Reimer, Albert	Beloit	Rock	1894
Rhoembach, John	Kilbourn	Columbia	1894
Russel, Frank	British Hollow	Grant	1894
Raymond, Frederick ..	Arnott	Portage	1895
Schaus, Nellie	Green Bay	Brown	1892
Schumacher, Velma ..	Racine	Racine	1887
Schumacher, Alice	Racine	Racine	1887
Schweiger, Minnie	Jefferson	Jefferson	1892
Schaetzel, Minnie	Waukesha	Waukesha	1893
Schoess, Lawrence	Appleton	Outagamie	1894
Scott, Elizabeth	Knapp	Dunn	1891
Seagert, Amelia	Wauzeka	Crawford	1892
Smith, Ferdinand	Arcadia	Trempealeau ..	1891
Sokel, Joseph	Milwaukee	Milwaukee	1892
Stiles, Mary	Beloit	Rock	1886
Sutcliffe, Ralph	Boyceville	Dunn	1891

Session Roll.

Name.	Town.	County.	Ad't'd.
Swanson, Fred.....	Mason.....	Bayfield.....	1887
Snider, Ethel.....	Waukau.....	Winnebago.....	1893
Schmidt, Dora.....	Sheboygan.....	Sheboygan.....	1895
Scroggie, Sennette.....	River Falls.....	Pierce.....	1896
Scroggie, Grace.....	River Falls.....	Pierce.....	1896
Smith, Sara.....	Oshkosh.....	Winnebago.....	1895
Sommars, Harvey.....	Viola.....	Richland.....	1896
Sorenson, Olof.....	Merrill.....	Lincoln.....	1896
Spears, Henry.....	Stoddard.....	Vernon.....	1895
Sullivan, Dennis.....	Janesville.....	Rock.....	1893
Sullivan, James.....	Janesville.....	Rock.....	1896
Schultz, Arthur.....	Milwaukee.....	Milwaukee.....	1895
Thompson, Josephine..	Viroqua.....	Vernon.....	1894
Topping, Albert.....	Arnott.....	Portage.....	1888
Tousy, Isabel.....	Oshkosh.....	Winnebago.....	1891
Trudeau, Archibald....	Ashland.....	Ashland.....	1894
Tyler, Edna.....	Aztalan.....	Jefferson.....	1894
Thelke, Emma.....	Farmington.....	Jefferson.....	1896
Vergeront, Guy.....	Wonewoc.....	Juneau.....	1895
Wartzok, Rosa.....	Sauk City.....	Sauk.....	1891
Weed, Sylvia.....	Downing.....	Dunn.....	1890
Wegen, Simon O.....	Clark's Mills.....	Manitowoc.....	1890
Wells, Lester.....	La Crosse.....	La Crosse.....	1894
Weisehoefer, Amanda..	Milwaukee.....	Milwaukee.....	1896
Williams, Archibald...	Gresham.....	Shawano.....	1893
Williams, Mary.....	Neenah.....	Winnebago.....	1892
Wilson, Mida M.....	Racine.....	Racine.....	1896
Wood, Emery.....	Marshall.....	Dane.....	1887
Wood, Daisy.....	Liberty.....	Vernon.....	1893
Worman, Don.....	De Soto.....	Vernon.....	1895
Woolhouse, John.....	Cumberland.....	Barron.....	1892
Williams, Jennie.....	Delavan.....	Walworth.....	1895
Wille, Otto.....	Milwaukee.....	Milwaukee.....	1895
Wacholtz, Hermann....	Milwaukee.....	Milwaukee.....	1893
Yeager, Otto.....	Merrill.....	Lincoln.....	1886
Zentzis, Otis.....	New Centerville.....	St. Croix.....	1891
Zerving, Elizabeth.....	Milwaukee.....	Milwaukee.....	1895

Wisconsin School for the Deaf.

ASSIGNMENT OF TEACHERS.

Academic Department—Recitations, 8:00 a. m. to 12:00 m.

Senior Class (oral section), room 11—A. I. Hobart.

Senior Class, room 9—W. F. Gray, J. S. Long and W. A. Cochrane.

Middle Class, room 12—J. S. Long, W. F. Gray and W. A. Cochrane.

Junior Class, room 5—W. A. Cochrane, W. F. Gray and J. S. Long.

Intermediate Department—

Sixth Grade, sixth year's work, room 10—W. Robinson, 11:00 a. m. to 4:30 p. m.

Fifth Grade, fifth year's work—W. A. Cochrane, W. F. Gray and J. S. Long, 1:00 to 4:30 p. m.

Primary Department—Recitations, 8 to 11 a. m. and 1 to 3 p. m.

Third Grade, third year's work, Boys' Cottage—T. Hagerty.

Second Grade, second year's work, Boys' Cottage Study—J. J. Murphy.

Oral Department, A. I. Hobart, Principal.

Eighth Grade, room 11—A. I. Hobart, teacher, 8 a. m. to 12 m.

Sixth and Seventh Grades, room 8—E. Steinke, 11 a. m. to 4:30 p. m.

Fifth Grade, room 7—I. C. Pearce, 11 a. m. to 4:30 p. m.

Fourth Grade, room 3—L. Sparks, 8 to 10:45 a. m. and 1 to 3 p. m.

Third Grade, room 2—M. Stevenson, 8 to 10:45 a. m. and 1 to 3 p. m.

Third Grade, room 4—Agnes Steinke, 8 to 10:45 a. m. and 1 to 3 p. m.

Second Grade, room 6—F. Parry, 8 to 10:45 a. m. and 1 to 3 p. m.

First Grade, room 1—S. W. Gregory, 8 to 10:30 a. m. and 1 to 3 p. m.

Art Department.

Drawing and writing, L. M. Sorrenson.

Industrial Department.

Printing, F. C. Larson.

Shoemaking, John Beamsley.

Cabinetmaking, A. C. Bloodgood.

Bakery, Julius Holliday.

Needle-work and Cooking, Mrs. Clara Henderson.

GENERAL RULES FOR SUPERVISION.

Matron, Asst. Matron and Usher in charge of girls out of school.

Boys' Supervisor, Asst. and Nurse in charge of boys out of school.

Gentlemen teachers are on duty in study rooms, during successive weeks, beginning Thursday, Sept. 10, as follows: Every evening except Saturday evening from 7:00 to 8:30, with Sunday evening lectures to lower study in the following order: W. A. Cochrane, Warren Robinson, W. F. Gray, J. S. Long, S. W. Gregory, Thomas Hagerty, J. J. Murphy.

Order of the Day.

Morning Chapel at 7:50 and Sunday lectures at 9:00 a. m. on alternate Sundays, in same order as above.

Lady teachers, resident in the school, on duty in girls' study room every evening, except Saturday evening, from 7:00 to 8:00 p. m. in the following order: A. I. Hobart, I. C. Pearce, A. Steinke, M. Stevenson.

Lady teachers also alternate with Matron, and Asst. Matron in taking charge of the girls from 10:00 a. m. to 3:00 p. m. Sundays.

Teachers—Gentlemen and ladies—are also on duty in school house at recess during the week of supervision.

Teachers are required to enter the school house before their pupils and to leave the school house after them.

ORDER OF THE DAY.

Rise	6:00 a. m.
Breakfast—pupils and employes	6:30 a. m.
Breakfast—officers and teachers	7:00 a. m.
Chapel	7:50 a. m.
School—1st and 3d work divisions—2d division	8:00 a. m.
Recess	10:45 to 11:00 a. m.
Noon	12 m.
Dinner	12:10 p. m.
Industries—1st division	1:00 to 4:30 p. m.
School—2d division	1:00 to 4:30 p. m.
School—3d division	1:00 to 3:00 p. m.
Industries—3d division	3:00 to 4:30 p. m.
Recreation—all	4:30 to 6:00 p. m.
Supper	6 p. m.
Evening study	7:00 to 8:30 to 9:00 p. m.
Pupils retire	9:00 p. m.
All others retire	10 p. m.
Lights out	10:15 p. m.
<i>Saturday—</i>	
Industries	7:30 to 10:30 a. m.
Bathing	9:00 a. m. to 12:00 m.
Dinner	12:00 m.
<i>Sunday—</i>	
Lecture	9:00 a. m.
Study hour	11:00 a. m. to 12:00 m.
Dinner	12:30 p. m.
Sunday-school	2:30 p. m.
Supper	5:30 p. m.
Retire	7:00 to 8:00 to 9:00 p. m.

Wisconsin School for the Deaf.

LECTURE COURSE.

Term of 1896 and 1897.

London	J. W. Swiler	Oct. 16th.
Natural Philosophy	W. A. Cochrane	Oct. 30th.
Natural Philosophy	W. A. Cochrane	Nov. 13th.
"The Merchant of Venice"	J. S. Long	Nov. 27th.
"Julius Cæsar"	J. S. Long	Dec. 5th.
Our Food	W. Robinson	Jan. 8th.
Our Food	W. Robinson	Jan. 22d.
Holidays and Festivals	T. Hagerty	Feb. 5th.
Bees	J. J. Murphy	Feb. 19th.
The National Capital	S. W. Gregory	March 5th.
A Trip Across the Continent	W. F. Gray	Mar. 19th.
Switzerland	W. F. Gray	April 2d.

PROGRAM FOR THE TEACHERS' MEETINGS, 1896—1897.

Nov. 27 — Vertical Writing — Mr. Gray — Discussion led by Miss Sorrenson and Miss Sparks.

Dec. 25 — Development of the reasoning faculty — Miss Steinke — Discussion led by Mr. Long.

Jan. 29 — Elementary Articulation — Miss Stevenson — Discussion led by Miss Pearce.

Feb. 26 — Discipline — Mr. Murphy — Discussion led by Mr. Cochrane.

Mar. 26 — Memory as a factor in Education — Miss Hobart — Discussion led by Miss Parry.

Apr. 30 — A new way to teach Language — Mr. Robinson — Discussion led by Mr. Hagerty.

May 28 — The Grube and Booth Methods for teaching Arithmetic — Mr. Gregory — Discussion led by Miss Agnes Steinke.

TERMS OF ADMISSION.

The Wisconsin School for the Deaf, which has a healthful and beautiful location at Delavan, on the southwestern division of the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul railway, is maintained by the state of Wisconsin for the education of those children within her borders who, on account of deafness, are unable to receive instruction in the common school. It has three departments:

First—The school proper, in which the pupils are taught writing, reading, composition, arithmetic, geography, history,

Terms of Admission.

natural science, penmanship, drawing, speech-reading and oral speech. The course of training also includes calisthenics and gymnastics for both boys and girls.

Second—The shops, where the pupils are taught printing, cabinet-making, shoe-making and baking.

Third—The domestic department, in which pupils discharge various household duties, and learn baking, sewing, dress-making and cooking.

The law provides that all deaf residents of this state, of proper age and suitable capacity to receive instruction, shall be received and taught free of charge. The regular course of instruction occupies about ten years.

The day is divided into hours for labor, study and recreation, with the design of securing habits of industry, and of promoting health, as well as intellectual and moral development. No leave of absence is granted during the term, except in case of sickness or extreme necessity.

Upon request, a blank form of application is sent to those desiring to send children to the school; and no child should be sent or brought to school until the application, properly filed, has been accepted and notice of the same returned to the person making application.

Candidates for admission should not be under eight, nor more than twenty years of age, of sound moral principles, and good physical health.

Imbecile, idiotic, or feeble minded children will not be received.

Each pupil should be provided with a trunk containing a year's supply of plain, comfortable clothing, marked in indelible ink, with the name in full.

The annual session begins the second Wednesday in September and continues forty weeks. The proper time for the admission of pupils is the beginning of the term, and parents should make every effort to secure their presence at that time.

Except in cases of sickness, all pupils are expected to remain

Wisconsin School for the Deaf.

during the entire term; but the superintendent may require the removal, at any time, of pupils whose condition, moral, mental, or physical, is not such as to warrant their continuance.

The summer vacation extends from June to September. Pupils are sent home promptly at the close of the term, accompanied to prominent railroad points by messengers from the institution. Friends will be expected to meet them at places designated.

Ten terms will be required to complete the course of study by most of those without previous instruction.

All letters and packages for pupils should be marked "Wisconsin School for the Deaf, Delavan, Wis." Express matter and telegrams should be prepaid.

Letters in regard to pupils, applications for admission and inquiries in regard to deaf children or their education, should be addressed to

JOHN W. SWILER, Superintendent,
Delavan, Wis.

Course of Study.

COURSE OF STUDY.

FIRST YEAR.

Language.—Spoken and written. Nouns—Objects in class room; articles of dress; articles of food; articles of furniture; parts of the body; names of most common animals and birds; divisions of time, as morning, noon, evening, forenoon and afternoon; the articles, a, an and the, are to be taught with these words, also the plural form of the words.

♣ Adjectives—Such as, good, bad, young, old, sweet, sour, hard, soft, wise, stupid, weak, strong, pretty, homely, light, heavy, quick, slow, etc., etc., colors: black, white, yellow, green, red and blue. Numeral adjectives to twenty, inclusive.

Pronouns—I, you, he, she, it, in all cases and numbers.

Verbs—To be, in present and past tenses, and verbs that express simple action.

Prepositions—In, into, out, of, on, over, under, by, for, off.

Arithmetic.—Writing numbers to 20, and mental addition and subtraction. How many?

Penmanship—Careful instruction with crayon, followed by exercises with pencil and pen.

No text books.

SECOND YEAR.

Language.—Spoken and written. A thorough review of First Year work.

Nouns—Names of the parts of common quadrupeds, birds and fishes; names of implements in common use about the house, barn, farm, etc.

“Miss Sweet’s No. 1,” second series.

Adjectives—Continued, together with: this, that, these, those, many, a few, several, some.

Pronouns—Simple questions with, who, what, where, can, have and do.

Verbs—The infinitive mood with to, simple and compound actions, may and must.

Adverbs—Not, often, never, sometimes, now, soon, very, much, etc.

Prepositions—From, at, through, of, before, behind, around, after.

Conjunctions—But, and, or.

Simple questions: whose, which, when, will, and may.

Arithmetic.—Addition and subtraction in practical problems.

Penmanship.—Copy-book.

Drawing.—Board and paper.

Wisconsin School for the Deaf.

THIRD YEAR.

Language.—Spoken and written. Nouns.—The different classes of artisans and the articles made by each; the time of day; the seasons. “Miss Sweet’s No. 2.”

Adjectives—Simple comparison; also, each, other, another, one, every.

Pronouns—Myself, himself, herself, and their plurals.

Verbs—Present, past and future tenses; the infinitive and imperative moods; thorough drill on: will, would, could and can.

Adverbs—Continued.

Prepositions—Without, among, along, near, above, below, within.

Conjunction—Because.

Simple narrative and elliptical exercises. Action and picture writing.

Arithmetic—Multiplication. Mental exercise. Problems involving the three rules. Dollars and cents.

Reading—“Harper’s First.”

Penmanship.—Copy-book.

Drawing—Continued.

FOURTH YEAR.

Language—Spoken and written. Nouns—Continued; somebody, anybody, nobody.

Adjectives.—Comparisons continued.

Verbs—Active and passive voice, exercises in the indicative, infinitive and imperative mood; have and had; may and might; shall and should. “Sweet’s No. 3.”

Adverbs—Time, place and manner.

Pronouns—Relative.

Conjunctions—If, either, or, neither, nor, when, while, since.

Prepositions—Completed.

Elliptical exercises. Descriptions of actions, pictures, persons, animals and things. Historical sketches. Journals. Stories. Letter writing.

Arithmetic.—Four fundamental processes. Mental and practical problems. Currency, continued.

Geography.—Local division of land and water in the neighborhood.

Reading.—“Harper’s Second.”

Penmanship.

Drawing.

Course of Study.

FIFTH YEAR.

Language.—Spoken and written. Nouns, adjectives, pronouns, adverbs, prepositions, conjunctions, continued. "How to talk."

Special drill in active and passive voice; participles. Action and picture writing. Historical sketches. Natural history stories. Journal. Stories.

Arithmetic. Practical Problems. Currency. "Felter."

Geography.—Local geography carried to the state, finished.

Reading.—"Sweet's No. 4."

Penmanship.

Drawing.

SIXTH YEAR.

Language.—Sentence writing; participial constructions, continued. Natural history. Narrative and descriptive composition. Journal. Stories. "How to talk."

Arithmetic.—Common fractions begun, with practical problems. "Felter."

History.—History of U. S. Manuscript lessons by teacher.

Geography.—Swinton's primary, completed.

Reading.—"Harper's Third."

Penmanship.

Drawing.

SEVENTH YEAR.

Language.—Spoken and written. Sentence building. Analysis, using diagrams. Participial and adverbial phrases. English composition. "How to write."

Arithmetic.—Denominate numbers completed. Decimal fractions, begun. Practical problems. Accounts. "Felter's Advanced."

History.—History of U. S. Manuscript.

Geography.—"Swinton's Intermediate."

Reading.—"Little Men and Women."

Penmanship.

Drawing.

Wisconsin School for the Deaf.

EIGHTH YEAR.

Language.—Spoken and written. Composition. "Swinton," or "Barnes' language." Thorough drill on connectives.

Arithmetic.—Interest, discount, forms of notes, receipts, bills, etc. Loss and gain. "Felter."

General history.—Manuscript, from "Thalheimer."

Physiology and hygiene.

Reading.—"Harper's Fourth."

Penmanship.

Drawing.

NINTH YEAR.

Language.—Spoken and written. Composition. "Patterson's grammar."

Arithmetic.—Completed. Square root and cube root. "Felter."

United States history. "Eggleston."

Natural Philosophy.

Physical Geography. "Monteith."

English Literature.

Drawing.

TENTH YEAR.

English Literature.

Civil Government. "Townsend."

Manners and Morals. "Gow."

Reviews.—U. S. History, "Eggleston;" Arithmetic, "Felter;" Geography, "Swinton."

Current Expense Fund.

STATEMENT OF CURRENT EXPENSE FUND.—1895

1894.				
Oct. 1.	Balance			\$21,865 65
1895.				
April 25.	Appropriation, chap. 356, laws 1895.			85,000 00
Sept. 30.	Steward for sundries			1,389 62
1895.				
Aug. 27.	Transferred for expenses Board of Control	\$1,466 36		
Sept. 30.	Paid on account of current expenses this year	38,976 62		
Sept. 30.	Balance appropriation in state treasury	\$67,694 28		
Sept. 30.	Bal. in hands of steward.. 118 01	67,812 29		
		\$108,255 27		\$108,255 27

STATEMENT OF CURRENT EXPENSE FUND.—1896.

1895.				
Oct. 1.	Balance			\$67,812 29
1896.				
Sept. 30.	Steward for sundries			998 69
Aug. 15.	Transferred for expenses of Board of Control	\$1,466 36		
Sept. 30.	Paid on account of current expenses this year	39,468 97		
Sept. 30.	Balance appropriation in state treasury	\$27,762 74		
	Bal. in hands of steward.. 112 91	27,875 65		
		\$68,810 98		\$68,810 98
1896.				
Oct. 1.	Balance			\$27,875 65

Wisconsin School for the Deaf.

STATEMENT OF SPECIAL APPROPRIATION FUNDS.

CLASSIFIED ITEMS.	Balance available Oct. 1, 1894.	Appropriation, 1895.	Expended during the biennial period.	Balance available Oct. 1, 1896.
Water supply for fire protection	\$2,966 75	.....	.....	\$2,966 75
Manual training building, etc. ....	.....	\$10,000 00	\$6,345 42	\$3,654 58
Total	\$2,966 75	\$10,000 00	\$6,345 42	\$6,621 33

Moneys Received.

STATEMENT OF MONEYS RECEIVED AT THE INSTITUTION.

CLASSIFICATION.	Year end- ing Sept. 30, 1895.	Year end- ing Sept. 30, 1896.
Amusements and means of instruction	\$ 75	.....
Barn, farm and garden.....	394 58	\$195 01
Clothing.....	272 60	172 99
Fuel.....	26 50	15 25
Gas and other lights.....	.....	1 00
House furnishing.....	30	1 84
Library.....	80	1 00
Printing office.....	116 75	86 27
Printing, postage, stationery and telegraph.....	62 00	18 44
Repairs and renewals.....	36 40	45 95
Shoe shop.....	466 24	460 69
Subsistence.....	.....	25
Scraps.....	4 20	.....
Wages and salaries.....	8 50	.....
Totals.....	\$1,389 62	\$998 69

Wisconsin School for the Deaf.

STATEMENT OF

At the Wisconsin School for the Deaf

CLASSIFIED ITEMS.	Inventory September 30, 1894.	Purchased during the year.	Trans- ferred to this ac- count dur- ing the year.	Total.
Amusements and in- struction.....	\$2,623 46	\$275 43	\$39 00	\$2,937 89
Barn, farm and garden.	1,471 57	662 97	.....	2,134 54
Clothing.....	371 24	247 78	190 89	809 91
Discounts.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Drug and medical dep't	4 75	125 59	.....	130 34
Engines and boilers....	5,666 00	503 81	.....	6,169 81
Freight and expess, (not classified).....	.....	30 55	.....	30 55
Fire apparatus.....	448 50	56 50	.....	505 00
Fuel.....	2,679 81	3,386 77	.....	6,066 58
Furniture.....	5,361 75	110 52	25 00	5,497 27
Gas and other lights....	4,023 45	165 31	512 50	4,701 26
House furnishing.....	6,050 88	1,032 28	.....	7,083 16
Laundry.....	910 20	149 11	35 65	1,094 96
Library.....	1,770 00	121 52	25 00	1,916 52
Machinery and tools....	640 65	11 33	.....	651 98
Miscellaneous.....	192 65	1,022 32	2 00	1,216 97
Officers' expenses.....	.....	153 22	.....	153 22
Printing office.....	918 68	396 16	480 00	1,794 84
Printing, postage, sta- tionery and telegraph.	193 63	310 99	22 75	527 37
Real estate, including buildings, etc.....	110,673 41	.....	.....	110,673 41
Repairs and renewals...	1,080 15	998 39	.....	2,078 54
Shoe shop.....	1,108 06	478 71	600 00	2,186 77
Subsistence.....	754 29	8,256 87	586 40	9,597 56
Wages and salaries....	.....	20,564 97	.....	20,564 97
Scraps.....	.....	.....	4 20	4 20
Totals.....	\$146,943 13	\$39,061 10	\$2,523 39	\$188,527 62
Discounts and other credits.....	.....	\$84 48	.....	.....
		\$38,976 62		\$147,988 49
Net expenses.....				\$40,539 13

Add amount assigned to this institution and set apart by the Secretary

Current Expenses.

CURRENT EXPENSES.

for the fiscal year ending September 30, 1895.

Inventory September 30, 1895.	Cash re- ceived on this account during the year.	Transferred from this account dur- ing the year.	Total.	Gained.	Expended.
\$2,630 81	\$75		\$2,631 56		\$306 33
1,292 55	394 58	\$586 40	2,273 53	\$138 99	
390 79	272 60		663 39		146 52
		65 79	65 79	65 79	
16 50			16 50		113 84
5,670 50			5,670 50		499 31
					30 55
495 75			495 75		9 25
387 94	26 50	512 50	926 94		5,139 64
5,416 20			5,416 20		81 07
3,354 36			3,354 36		1,346 90
6,114 41	30		6,114 71		968 45
915 60			915 60		179 36
1,831 00	80		1,831 80		84 72
631 17			631 17		20 81
492 30			492 90		724 07
					153 22
1,143 15	116 75	88 75	1,348 65		446 19
150 44	62 00		212 44		314 93
110,463 41			110,463 41		210 00
1 029 37	36 40	47 89	1,113 66		964 88
1,097 34	466 24	190 89	1,754 47		432 30
466 81		35 65	502 46		9,095 10
	8 50	1,080 00	1,088 50		19,476 47
	4 20		4 20		
\$143,991 00	\$1,389 62	\$2,607 87	\$147,988 49	\$204 78	\$40,743 91
					204 78
					\$40,539 13
of State for salaries and expenses of Board of Control.....					\$1,466 36
					\$42,005 49

Wisconsin School for the Deaf.

STATEMENT OF

At the Wisconsin School for the Deaf

Classified Items.	Inventory September 30, 1895.	Purchased during the year.	Trans- ferred to this ac- count dur- ing the year.	Total.
Amusements and in- struction	\$2,630 81	\$265 22	\$17 50	\$2,913 53
Barn, farm and garden.	1,292 55	612 86		1,905 41
Clothing.....	390 79	140 48	188 25	719 52
Discounts.....				
Drug and medical dep't.	16 50	180 26		196 76
Engines and boilers	5,670 50	340 92		6,011 42
Freight and express (not classified).....		11 45		11 45
Fire apparatus.....	495 75			495 75
Fuel	387 94	3,823 05		4,210 99
Furniture.....	5,416 20	83 30	30 00	5,529 50
Gas and other lights....	3,354 36	658 97	261 75	4,275 08
House furnishing	6,114 41	928 95		7,043 36
Laundry.....	915 60	173 88	23 00	1,112 48
Library.....	1,831 00	7 94		1,838 94
Machinery and tools...	631 17	23 84		655 01
Miscellaneous.....	492 90	461 58		954 48
Officers' expenses		73 90		73 90
Printing office	1,143 15	368 06	350 00	1,861 21
Printing, postage, sta- tionery and telegraph.	150 44	300 51	24 75	475 70
Real estate, including buildings, etc.....	110,463 41			110,463 41
Repairs and renewals...	1,029 37	1,981 36		3,010 73
Shoe shop	1,097 34	378 80	590 00	2,066 14
Subsistence.....	466 81	7,784 87	483 85	8,735 53
Wages and salaries.....		20,964 59		20,964 59
Totals	\$143,991 00	\$39,564 79	\$1,969 10	\$185,524 89
Discounts and other credits.....		95 82		
		\$39,468 97		147,191 71
Net expenses				\$38,333 18

Add amount assigned to this institution and set apart by the Secretary

Current Expenses.

CURRENT EXPENSES.

for the fiscal year ending September 30, 1896.

Inventory September 30, 1896.	Cash re- ceived on this account during the year.	Trans- ferred from this ac- count dur- ing the year.	Total.	Gained.	Expended.
\$2,580 69			\$2,580 69		\$332 84
1,249 65	\$195 01	\$483 85	1,928 51	\$23 10	
287 40	172 99		460 39		259 13
		42 85	42 85	42 85	
24 50			24 50		172 26
5,762 00			5,762 00		249 42
					11 45
495 75			495 75		
908 75	15 25	261 75	1,185 75		3,025 24
5,528 95			5,528 95		55
3,213 31	1 00		3,214 31		1,060 77
6,014 16	1 84		6,016 00		1,027 36
906 09			906 09		206 39
1,831 00	1 00		1,832 00		6 94
653 91			653 91		1 10
493 30			493 30		461 18
					73 90
1,244 76	86 27	95 22	1,426 25		434 96
176 18	18 44		194 62		281 08
110,163 41			110,163 41		300 00
959 82	45 95	30 00	1,035 77		1,974 96
958 60	460 69	188 25	1,607 54		458 60
675 87	25	23 00	699 12		8,036 41
		940 00	940 00		20,024 59
\$144,128 10	\$998 69	\$2,034 92	\$147,191 71	\$65 95	\$38,399 13
					65 95
					\$38,333 18
					1,466 36
					\$39,799 54

of State for salaries and expenses of Board of Control.....

Wisconsin School for the Deaf.

FARM AND GARDEN PRODUCTS.

ARTICLES.	FOR THE YEAR ENDING SEPT. 30, 1895.		FOR THE YEAR ENDING SEPT. 30, 1896.	
	Quantity.	Amount.	Quantity.	Amount.
Apples.....	.....	.....	50 bu.	\$15 00
Calves.....	7	\$5 75	3	3 50
Cows.....	1	27 50	.....	.....
Hay.....	2 tons.	16 00	3 tons.	15 00
Manure.....	25 loads.	5 00	29 loads.	7 25
Milk.....	56,568 lbs.	616 43	49,420 lbs.	517 79
Pork.....	7,890 lbs.	326 30	5,730 lbs.	157 57
		\$996 98		\$716 11

SEVENTH BIENNIAL REPORT

OF THE

Wisconsin School for the Blind

FOR THE

Two Fiscal Years Ending September 30, 1896.

OFFICERS.

HOWARD F. BLISS,	SUPERINTENDENT AND STEWARD.
MISS LIZZIE J. CURTIS,	MATRON.
MISS JENNIE L. KENDALL,	CLERK.

TEACHERS.

LITERARY DEPARTMENT.

MISS S. AUGUSTA WATSON,	MISS FRANCES H. BENSON,
MISS LOVILA M. MOSHER,	MISS ELIZABETH HOUGHTON.
MISS ELIZABETH M. ABBOTT,	MISS MARY TUTTLE,
	(KINDERGARTEN).

MUSICAL DEPARTMENT.

MRS. JOANNA H. JONES,	MISS JEANETTE BECKWITH.
MISS LAURA D. ENGLESON.	

INDUSTRIAL DEPARTMENT.

MISS ELEANOR PARKS,	ASSISTANT MATRON, TEACHER OF GIRLS' SEWING.
MRS. ELLEN HANSON,	TEACHER OF WEAVING.
M. H. GAEBLER,	TEACHER OF PIANO TUNING.
O. J. PRESTON,	TEACHER OF BOYS' HANDICRAFT.

SUPERINTENDENT'S REPORT.

To the State Board of Control:

GENTLEMEN:—I have the pleasure of submitting herewith the forty-seventh annual and seventh biennial report of the school. Modesty suggests that the report be made as brief and concise as practicable.

The institution came under my management September 7th, 1895, and was found to be in excellent condition in many ways. It has been my aim to maintain the high standard established, and from what I am able to gather from kindred institutions in other states, I am glad to say that Wisconsin occupies an enviable position in the care and education of her blind children.

IMPROVED FACILITIES.

Recognizing the fact that more room was needed, the last session of the legislature generously appropriated \$6,000.00 for the purchase of a tract of land adjoining the 40 acres already occupied, and the state now owns 67 acres, including a beautiful grove. Twenty-five thousand dollars were also appropriated for a new school building which was badly needed. The money has been invested in what is known as the "east wing" of the main building, completing the structure and providing school and music rooms and a gymnasium. The old school building will be used for boys' dormitories and shop purposes, and the institution as now equipped can provide for one hundred and fifty pupils, and will be found ample for years to come.

Under your wise supervision the heating system has been improved by installing two Hawley down draft furnaces. The buildings have been better heated than ever before and at a saving of \$2,600.00 over the previous year.

The new lighting plant, which has also been installed during
11 B. C.

Wisconsin School for the Blind.

the past year, was a much needed improvement and contributed much to the value and attractiveness of the property.

The laundry has been put in first class condition, and aside from painting and ordinary repairs, I cannot see where much in the way of unusual expense needs to be incurred for some years to come.

ATTENDANCE.

Owing to the crowded condition of the institution, but little effort has been made to increase the attendance during the past two years. I am satisfied that quite a large number of children scattered over the state should be enjoying the benefits of the state school, and during the coming year persistent and systematic efforts will be used to secure their attendance. If in any way the county superintendents could be induced to take ordinary interest in the education of the blind, much more could be accomplished in securing new pupils.

ENROLLMENT.

The enrollment, Oct. 1st, 1894, was.....	100	
Admitted during the year.....	13	
Total		113
Graduated	0	
Dropped during year.....	15	
		15
Remaining on roll Oct. 1st, 1895.....		98
Admitted during year.....	27	
Total		125
Graduated	7	
Died	3	
Suspended	2	
Dropped during year.....	10	
		22
Remaining on roll Oct. 1st, 1896.....		103

Superintendent's Report.

The average age of the pupils during the past term was a fraction over 17 years, showing that the attendance includes a percentage of adult blind who come to the institution to learn trades, because there is no other place provided. This is detrimental to the school from an educational standpoint, but I can recommend no remedy until the state establishes industrial homes for this class. This has been done in several states with beneficial results, and is a work of charity that no state can afford to overlook. The blind population of Wisconsin numbers about fifteen hundred, more than two-thirds of the number belonging to the adult class, and very many of them dependent. The industrial home may be made partially self-supporting, bringing much of happiness and a measure of independence, relieving the state school, at the same time, of an element that is disadvantageous to its interests. I would commend to your honorable body a careful investigation of the subject.

INDUSTRIAL WORK.

The industrial work of the institution is fully up to the standard of other states, and that is not saying very much for this department. The trades taught are broom-making, chair caning, mattress and hammock making, and carpet weaving. It is possible for an active, intelligent boy with a combination of these simple trades to largely support himself, yet no seeing boy with the same equipment would succeed. I have looked thus far in vain for something more practical for our blind boys, and will welcome gratefully at any time, from any source, any suggestion along this line. Many of our boys are ambitious, ready to take hold of anything that presents itself, but the possibilities seem so limited that we invariably turn back to the time-honored ruts. I am satisfied that if the concentrated efforts of a dozen or twenty of our young men could be utilized in the manufacture of brooms, or any other one thing that they might make expertly by practice, the product could be sold suc-

Wisconsin School for the Blind.

cessfully, and the labor receive fair remuneration. But this can be done only through the industrial home.

Piano tuning is an industry that is successfully taught to a limited number of our young men. If a boy possesses musical talent and a reasonable amount of mechanical genius, and some business ability, it is possible for him to make a living after graduating from this course. Two young men left us at the close of last year, and have established themselves in what promises to be a successful business as piano tuners.

Our girls are taught to knit and sew, and many of them are thus enabled to contribute something practical to the home life. The cooking classes introduced three years ago, have been reasonably successful, and a source of satisfaction and enjoyment to the participants. They have demonstrated that a blind girl can be taught to cook, and the mother's work is frequently lightened by the aid of the daughter who formerly occupied the chimney corner.

Light handicraft that is at all practicable for girls is extremely difficult to find, and this avenue will ever be open to experiment and improvement.

MUSIC.

Many people are possessed of the notion that blindness is a great aid to the development of musical talent. Observation suggests that blindness is not a blessing, and in no sense an aid in the development of any talent. The blind boy or girl who becomes a good musician by years of constant study, would be a star of the first magnitude on the musical horizon, if blessed with sight.

More than half the pupils of the state school receive personal instruction on either the piano or violin. It is a source of pleasure and comfort to all of them, and in my judgment, forms a very important element in their education. Vocal instruction both in chorus and individual work is also freely given,

Superintendent's Report.

and as a result the school is noted for the musical ability of its pupils.

The pipe organ contemplated for the new building will be found of practical benefit to pupils that may excel in instrumental work.

LITERARY DEPARTMENT.

Commencing with the kindergarten which contains pupils of all ages, from seven to seventeen years, and going up through the primary and intermediate and into the high school grades, the state school has the same course of study as the best high schools of the state; and her scholars graduate with the same degree of honor and ability. Every department of this work is manned with teachers who possess patience, energy, skill, and untiring faithfulness. Their work is different from the work of the ordinary teacher because they have to do with a class of children and young people whose defects are frequently more than the loss of vision,—children gathered from all parts of the state and from every condition of life, many of them physically weak, with minds more or less dwarfed by neglect.

The development of child life has always been to me a study of the greatest import, but never more so than during the past year. I have watched the unfolding of dormant energies and the quickening of latent impulses under the steady hands of skillful teachers, until I am thoroughly satisfied that the state is intelligently and faithfully performing the work of philanthropy in which it is engaged.

I recognize the fact that beyond this school is nothing but life,—neither the college nor university is an incentive to our pupils, for both are beyond their grasp.

Another fact is also very apparent, and that is that only a small percentage of our pupils will ever graduate from our high school course. This condition is true of all seeing schools, and yet the fact remains that to the mind shut in from the outside world, and dependent almost entirely upon itself for enjoyment, the

Wisconsin School for the Blind.

mental equipment should be as thorough and complete as it is possible to furnish. The graduating class of 1896, represented as intelligent a class of young people as can be found in any high school. While it is true that the diploma is not a sure passport to them as breadwinners, it is equally true that the efforts to secure it have contributed to the elements of good citizenship, and the individual mind has been enriched and made capable of enjoyment and broader development.

As I become familiar with the work, which I find grows upon me with absorbing interest, I may introduce some changes in the course of study, as I do not consider it of vital importance that our pupils should graduate from an established state course, for reasons already stated. I entertain the highest regard for education, which to me seems much more than simply a knowledge of text books. To the blind, especially, shut in from so many activities that the seeing enjoy, and shut out from so many opportunities, I would if possible lay a foundation that would result in characters well developed, with mental activities quickened along all practical lines, and with minds and hearts so closely in touch with the great pulse of humanity, that the loss of vision would in a measure be absorbed in the quickening of every other faculty. Looking to this end, we aim to keep our pupils well informed in the current events of the day, causing them to forget so far as possible their condition, and preparing them as best we may for a place in society when they leave us. Above all, our aim is to have them possess moral character free from blemish, and to take into life wholesome and healthy views of existence.

If this were simply a school, having beyond it the inspiring anticipation of professional life, and the many channels of usefulness open to seeing youth, the conditions would be materially different; but the longer I am associated with the work the more fully I am convinced that the institution represents more than a school for simply literary requirements.

Deprived of all sentiment, the institution is practically a

Superintendent's Report.

monument of charity, established and maintained by the generous philanthropy of a Christian commonwealth. The inmates belong to the defective classes and are universally recognized as such. It is possible to make them happy, and, in many cases, to store their minds with useful knowledge, and to equip their hands and brains with a reasonable amount of skill, so that occasionally, in spite of their infirmity, they are enabled to take up the struggle of life and successfully compete with their seeing brothers and sisters. To a large majority, however, in this state and every other, the element of sympathy in liberal measure will always be necessary to ordinary success, and not unfrequently to existence. I am prompted to this plain statement of fact by the sentimental nonsense that sometimes finds expression concerning the state school for the blind, and with no desire to depreciate in any way the benefits of a practical education.

HEALTH.

The health of the school has been nearly uniformly good. One of our boys, Edward Weller, died of consumption, just before the close of school in 1895, and two of our little girls, sisters, Mina and Augusta Prebe, died of diphtheria, at their home in Merrill, just before the opening of the fall term in 1895.

I do not feel like closing this report without saying a word for the institution in memory of your late honorable president, Hans B. Warner, whose untimely death we have not ceased to mourn. We recognized in Mr. Warner a friend, whose conservative judgment and wise counsel we had learned to honor and respect. His death comes to us as a personal loss, and his memory will long be cherished and revered.

Thanking you for the many courtesies extended, and for the forbearance so generously bestowed on my work in its initial year, I am

Very cordially,

H. F. BLISS,

Superintendent.

Wisconsin School for the Blind.

The following table shows the number of pupils reported for each year of the existence of the school:

Number of Pupils.	From—	To—
Six	Oct. 1, 1849	.....
Eight	Oct. 1, 1850	Jan. 11, 1851
Nine	Jan. 11, 1851	Dec. 18, 1851
Nine	Dec. 18, 1851	Dec. 30, 1852
Thirteen	Dec. 30, 1852	Dec. 31, 1853
Sixteen	Dec. 31, 1853	Dec. 31, 1854
Fourteen	Dec. 31, 1854	Dec. 31, 1855
Nineteen	Dec. 31, 1855	Dec. 21, 1856
Twenty	Dec. 31, 1856	Oct. 1, 1857
Twenty-five	Oct. 1, 1857	Oct. 1, 1858
Twenty-seven	Oct. 1, 1858	Oct. 6, 1859
Thirty-four	Oct. 6, 1859	Oct. 1, 1860
Forty-two	Oct. 1, 1860	Oct. 1, 1861
Fifty	Oct. 1, 1861	Oct. 1, 1862
Fifty-four	Oct. 1, 1862	Oct. 1, 1863
Fifty-nine	Oct. 1, 1863	Oct. 1, 1864
Fifty-eight	Oct. 1, 1864	Oct. 1, 1865
Fifty-four	Oct. 1, 1865	Oct. 1, 1866
Fifty-four	Oct. 1, 1866	Oct. 1, 1867
Sixty	Oct. 1, 1867	Oct. 8, 1868
Sixty-nine	Oct. 8, 1868	Oct. 12, 1869
Sixty-four	Oct. 12, 1869	Oct. 12, 1870
Sixty-eight	Oct. 12, 1870	Oct. 1, 1871
Seventy-six	Oct. 1, 1871	Oct. 1, 1872
Seventy-seven	Oct. 1, 1872	Oct. 1, 1873
Seventy-five	Oct. 1, 1873	Oct. 1, 1874
Eighty-two	Oct. 1, 1874	Oct. 1, 1875
Eighty-six	Oct. 1, 1875	Oct. 1, 1876
Ninety-one	Oct. 1, 1876	Oct. 1, 1877
Ninety-one	Oct. 1, 1877	Oct. 1, 1878
Ninety	Oct. 1, 1878	Oct. 1, 1879
Eighty-nine	Oct. 1, 1879	Oct. 1, 1880
Eighty-four	Oct. 1, 1880	Oct. 1, 1881
Eighty-two	Oct. 1, 1881	Oct. 1, 1882
Seventy-eight	Oct. 1, 1882	Oct. 1, 1883
Seventy-eight	Oct. 1, 1883	Oct. 1, 1884
Eighty-four	Oct. 1, 1884	Oct. 1, 1885
Ninety-one	Oct. 1, 1885	Oct. 1, 1886
Ninety-three	Oct. 1, 1886	Oct. 1, 1887
One hundred and one	Oct. 1, 1887	Oct. 1, 1888
One hundred and four	Oct. 1, 1888	Oct. 1, 1889
One hundred and seven	Oct. 1, 1889	Oct. 1, 1890
One hundred and nine	Oct. 1, 1890	Oct. 1, 1891
One hundred and seventeen	Oct. 1, 1891	Oct. 1, 1892
One hundred thirty-two	Oct. 1, 1892	Oct. 1, 1893
One hundred thirty	Oct. 1, 1893	Oct. 1, 1894
One hundred and thirteen	Oct. 1, 1894	Oct. 1, 1895
One hundred and twenty-five	Oct. 1, 1895	Oct. 1, 1896

Enrollment of Pupils, 1894-96.

The following pupils were enrolled during the biennial period, October 1st, 1894, to September 30th, 1896.

BOYS.

Name.	Postoffice.	County.
Adams, Herbert	North Clayton	Crawford.
Alleyn, Methar	Marinette	Marinette.
Anderson, Andrew	Rice Lake	Barron.
Anderson, Jens	Stoughton	Dane.
Belongia, Fred	Oconto	Oconto.
Bentzine, Alphonz	Cumberland	Barron.
Berger, John	Aniwa	Langlade.
Berger, Nicholas	Aniwa	Langlade.
Bergs, Joseph	Milwaukee	Milwaukee.
Breiztman, Leo	Neenah	Winnebago.
Brinneman, William	Ashland	Ashland.
Brown, Royal	Neillsville	Clark.
Carter, Roy	Janesville	Rock.
Cochran, Orson	Centralia	Wood.
Cochran, Willie	Centralia	Wood.
Coleman, Edward	Chippewa Falls	Chippewa.
Cory, Arthur	Viroqua	Vernon.
Crandall, William	Walworth	Walworth.
Dobbins, Willie	Marinette	Marinette.
Donahue, Edward	New Richmond	St. Croix.
Donhardt, Andrew	Marshfield	Wood.
Edwards, Arthur	Oconto	Oconto.
Feick, Hugo	Plymouth	Sheboygan.
Feistel, Alfred	Sheboygan	Sheboygan.
Finney, William	Stuben	Crawford.
Friar, Fred	Meadow Valley	Juneau.
Gauerke, Adolph	Ixonia	Jefferson.
Genrich, Edward	Milwaukee	Milwaukee.
Goetzinger, Walter	Milwaukee	Milwaukee.
Hartley, Dell	Pardeeville	Columbia.
Hayner, Frank	Janesville	Rock.
Heck, Leo	Sheboygan	Sheboygan.
Heil, Josie	Stevens Point	Portage.
Hess, Joseph	Kewaskum	Washington.
Hulburt, Chester	Bangor	La Crosse.
Johnston, Bertie	Milwaukee	Milwaukee.
Kavanaugh, James	Cumberland	Barron.
Klattee, Louis	Milwaukee	Milwaukee.
Knight, Terence	Darlington	La Fayette.
Langenkamp, Joseph	Tisch Mills	Manitowoc.
Mahon, Albert	La Grange	Walworth.
Manz, Louis	Milwaukee	Milwaukee.
McCulloch, Pliny	Monroe	Green.
Metajowitz, Charles	Branch	Manitowoc.
Musilek, Willie	Racine	Racine.
Nelson, Carl	River Falls	Pierce.

Wisconsin School for the Blind.

BOYS—Continued.

Name.	Postoffice.	County.
Ness, Ludwig	Eau Claire	Eau Claire.
Nitschke, Arthur	Milwaukee	Milwaukee.
Nolden, Reinhold	Alma	Buffalo.
Parish, Chester	Whitewater	Walworth.
Plagens, Edward	Fairwater	Fond du Lac.
Raabe, Edward	Milwaukee	Milwaukee.
Rickert, Adam	Portage	Columbia.
Roberts, Daniel	Baraboo	Sauk.
Rogers, Leon	Franksville	Racine.
Root, Charles	Waukesha	Waukesha.
Rouse, Hayes	Bay Settlement	Brown.
Schnittke, Theodore	Eau Claire	Eau Claire.
Schuster, John	Richfield	Washington.
Scofield, Howard	Oshkosh	Winnebago.
Scribner, Jerry	Oshkosh	Winnebago.
Siegel, Frank	Milwaukee	Milwaukee.
Skeel, Joseph	Ashland	Ashland.
Thurow, Herman	Turner Junction	Illinois.
Wagner, August	Horicon	Juneau.
Weller, Edward	Sparta	Monroe.
Wilson, John	Bloomington	Grant.
Wolf, George	Prescott	Pierce.
Wutstrack, Charles	Footville	Rock.
Wuttke, Otto	Milwaukee	Milwaukee.

Enrollment of Pupils, 1895-96.

GIRLS.

Name.	Postoffice.	County.
Anderson, Ida	Menomonie	Dunn.
Austin, Sadie	Waupaca	Waupaca.
Beirne, Cora	Oakfield	Fond du Lac.
Belongia, Louise	Oconto	Oconto.
Bennett, Jessie	Madison	Dane.
Bentzine, Emma	Cumberland	Barron.
Bickford, Mabel	Waupun	Fond du Lac.
Bo, Alfreda	Baldwin	St. Croix.
Bolden, Elva	Genesee	Waukesha.
Boury, Leah	Rice Lake	Barron.
Brandt, Anna	Oshkosh	Winnebago.
Brooks, Hattie	Pittsville	Wood.
Carr, Cassie	Eau Claire	Eau Claire.
Christopherson, Sophia	Prairie Farm	Barron.
Cole, Dora Eva	Red Mound	Vernon.
Carnett, Irma	Menominee	Michigan.
Damuth, Laura	Elkhorn	Walworth.
Davis, Anna	Western Union Jct	Racine.
Davis, Maggie	Western Union Jct	Racine.
Deery, Sarah	Waukesha	Waukesha.
Emerson, Elizabeth	Hanover	Rock.
Enders, Emma	Marinette	Marinette.
Foster, Jessie	Janesville	Rock.
Frank, Josie	Aberdeen	South Dakota.
Gallagher, Genevra	West Superior	Douglas.
Gould, Lena	Brodhead	Green.
Guernsey, Gertrude	Janesville	Rock.
Helmenstein, Dollie	Blue Mound	Dane.
Hirschfeldt, Henrietta	Jefferson	Jefferson.
Hull, Anna	Montello	Marquette.
Larsen, Mary	Kenosha	Kenosha.
Lorentsen, Thea	Baldwin	St. Croix.
Mathewson, Rosa	Stevens Point	Portage.
Mattson, Anna	Atlas	Polk.
McFate, Mildred	Waupun	Fond du Lac.
McGee, Sarah	Janesville	Rock.
McGrath, Margaret	Janesville	Rock.
Miller, Lizzie	Eau Claire	Eau Claire.
O'Connor, Minnie	Edgerton	Rock.
Owen, Nellie	Portage	Columbia.
Palmer, Carrie	Janesville	Rock.
Patterson, Emma	Milwaukee	Milwaukee.
Postle, Catharine	Bloomer	Chippewa.
Prebe, Mina	Merrill	Lincoln.
Prebe, Augusta	Merrill	Lincoln.
Preston, Myrtie	River Falls	Pierce.

Wisconsin School for the Blind.

GIRLS—Continued.

Name.	Postoffice.	County.
Pundt, Louise.....	Milwaukee	Milwaukee.
Purdy, Allie.....	Tomah	Monroe.
Racine, Katie.....	Bay View.....	Milwaukee.
Ritten, Anna	Neenah	Winnebago.
Russell, Anna May	Milwaukee	Milwaukee.
Schmidt, Clara	Milwaukee	Milwaukee.
Schnittke, Matilda.....	Eau Claire	Eau Claire.
Steinhoff, Agatha.....	Rapp	Monroe.
Swenness, Martha.....	West Salem	La Crosse.
Snyder, Grace.....	Janesville	Rock.
Tollefson, Tina.....	Winchester.....	Winnebago.
Tuttle, Helen	Baraboo	Sauk.
Van Handel, Mary	Little Chute	Outagamie.
Washburn, Birdie.....	Delavan	Walworth.
Weaver, Isabel	Watertown.....	Jefferson.
Wyman, Pearl.....	River Falls.....	Pierce.
Zech, Anna.....	Reedsburg	Sauk.
Zimmerman, Lizzie.....	Milford	Jeffers o
Zimmerman, Anna.....	Milford	Jefferson.

Current Expense Fund.

STATEMENT OF CURRENT EXPENSE FUND, 1895.

1894.			
Oct. 1....	Balance.....		\$10,457 93
1895.			
April 25..	Appropriation chap. 356, laws 1895..		73,000 00
Sept. 30..	Steward for sundries.....		744 02
1895.	Steward for board and tuition.....		80 00
April 15..	Transferred to new heating system fund to balance	\$85 07	
Aug. 27 ..	Transferred for expenses board of control.....	1,259 34	
Sept. 30..	Paid on account of current expenses this year	26,930 53	
Sept. 30..	Balance appropriation in state treasury	\$55,861 19	
Sept. 30..	Balance in hands of steward.....	145 82	56,007 01
			\$84,281 95
			\$84,281 95

STATEMENT OF CURRENT EXPENSE FUND, 1896.

1895.			
Oct. 1....	Balance.....		\$56,007 01
1896.			
Sept. 30..	Steward for board and tuition.....		80 00
Sept. 30..	Steward for sundries.....		556 23
Aug. 15..	Transferred for expenses of board of control	\$1,259 34	
Sept. 30..	Transferred to appropriation for land to balance	19 95	
Sept. 30..	Paid on account of current expenses this year	38,906 87	
Sept. 30..	Balance appropriation in state treasury	\$16,240 34	
Sept. 30..	Balance in hands of steward.....	216 74	16,457 08
			\$56,643 24
			\$56,643 24
1896.			
Oct. 1....	Balance.....		\$16,457 08

Wisconsin School for the Blind.

STATEMENT OF

At the Wisconsin School for the Blind for

CLASSIFIED ITEMS.	Inventory September 30, 1894.	Purchased during the year.	Trans- ferred to this ac- count dur- ing the year.	Total.
Barn, farm and garden	\$1,783 96	\$1,218 88	.....	\$3,002 84
Clothing and expense of pupils .....	.....	62 69	.....	62 69
Discount .....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Drug and medical dep't.	13 45	115 84	.....	129 29
Engines and boilers....	3,756 04	293 94	.....	4,049 98
Fire apparatus	88 40	78	.....	89 18
Fuel	2,215 62	1,650 08	190 00	4,055 70
Furniture	3,516 24	32 10	.....	3,548 34
Gas and other lights....	4,130 06	105 93	\$618 00	4,853 99
House furnishing.....	4,270 91	840 10	.....	5,111 01
Laundry	555 68	167 82	.....	723 50
Machinery and tools....	213 10	20 20	.....	233 30
Means of instruction....	6,978 26	392 58	.....	7,370 84
Miscellaneous.....	173 22	563 18	.....	736 40
Officers' expenses .....	.....	120 56	.....	120 56
Printing, postage, sta- tionery and telegraph	179 69	258 25	.....	437 94
Real estate, including buildings, etc.....	166,305 84	.....	100 00	166,405 84
Repairs and renewals..	71 61	2,301 90	.....	2,373 41
Scraps .....	.....	.....	84 95	84 95
Subsistence.....	678 72	5,545 80	847 34	7,071 86
Wages and salaries .....	.....	13,028 80	.....	13,028 80
Work department.....	569 37	252 53	.....	821 90
Totals	\$195,500 17	\$26,971 86	\$1,840 29	\$224,312 32
Discounts .....	.....	41 33	.....	.....
		\$26,930 53		196,032 80
Net expenses .....	.....	.....	.....	\$28,279 52

Add amount assigned to this institution and set apart by the Secretary

Current Expenses.

CURRENT EXPENSES.

the fiscal year ending September 30, 1895.

Inventory September 30, 1895.	Cash re- ceived on this account during the year.	Transferred from this ac- count dur- ing the year.	Total.	Gained.	Expended.
\$2,048 29	\$384 90	\$1,037 34	\$3,470 53	\$467 69	.....
.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	\$62 69
.....	.....	41 33	41 33	41 33	.....
11 20	.....	.....	11 20	.....	118 09
3,738 31	.....	.....	3,738 31	.....	311 67
80 40	.....	.....	80 40	.....	8 78
27 80	1 20	618 00	647 00	.....	3,408 70
3,492 29	.....	.....	3,492 29	.....	56 05
4,120 65	.....	.....	4,120 65	.....	733 34
4,515 92	3 00	.....	4,518 92	.....	592 09
537 15	.....	.....	537 15	.....	186 35
222 37	.....	.....	222 37	.....	10 93
6,841 30	22 50	.....	6,863 80	.....	507 04
177 05	.....	.....	177 05	.....	559 35
.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	120 56
110 89	.....	.....	110 89	.....	327 05
166,380 84	.....	.....	166,380 84	.....	25 00
73 05	85	184 95	258 85	.....	2,114 56
.....	84 95	.....	84 95	.....	.....
615 49	19 25	.....	634 74	.....	6,437 12
.....	37 88	.....	37 88	.....	12,990 92
414 16	189 49	.....	603 65	.....	218 25
\$193,407 16	\$744 02	\$1,881 62	\$196,032 80	\$509 02	\$28,788 54
.....
.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	509 02
.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	\$28,279 52
.....
.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1,259 34
.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	\$29,538 86

of State for salaries and expenses of Board of Control.....

Wisconsin School for the Blind.

STATEMENT OF

At the Wisconsin School for the Blind for

Classified Items.	Inventory September 30, 1895.	Purchased during the year.	Trans- ferred to this ac- count dur- ing the year.	Total.
Barn, farm and garden.	\$2,048 29	\$988 16		\$3,036 45
Clothing and expense of pupils.....		111 95		111 95
Discounts.....				
Drug and medical dep't.	11 20	159 70		170 90
Engines and boilers.....	3,738 31	434 94	\$1,300 00	5,473 25
Fire apparatus.....	80 40			80 40
Fuel.....	27 80	2,227 25		2,255 05
Furniture.....	3,492 29	1,071 35		4,563 64
Gas and other lights....	4,120 65	4,223 08	433 00	8,776 73
House furnishing.....	4,515 92	1,255 78	6 00	5,777 70
Laundry.....	537 15	416 00		953 15
Machinery and tools....	222 37	12 74		235 11
Means of instruction...	6,841 30	700 56	250 00	7,791 86
Miscellaneous.....	177 05	794 86		971 91
Officers' expenses.....		96 72		96 72
Printing, postage, sta- tionery and telegraph	110 89	268 16		379 05
Real estate, including buildings, etc.....	166,380 84	1,300 00	6,019 95	173,700 79
Repairs and renewals...	73 05	4,286 95		4,360 00
Scraps.....			125 00	125 00
Subsistence.....	615 49	6,851 42	888 78	8,355 69
Wages and salaries.....		13,362 33		13,362 33
Work departments.....	414 16	371 04		785 20
Totals.....	\$193,407 16	\$38,932 99	\$9,022 73	\$241,362 88
Discounts.....		26 12		
		\$38,906 87		\$205,406 46
Net expenses.....				\$35,956 42

Add amount assigned to this institution and set apart by the Secretary

Wisconsin School for the Blind.

CURRENT EXPENSES.

the fiscal year ending September 30, 1896.

Inventory September 30, 1896.	Cash received on this account during the year.	Transferred from this account during the year.	Total.	Gained.	Expended.
1,976 90	\$140 00	\$888 78	\$3,005 68		\$30 77
3 50			3 50		108 45
14 40		26 12	26 12	\$26 12	156 50
4,907 51	1 65		4,909 16		564 09
80 40			80 40		
89 12		433 00	522 12		1,732 93
3,770 75	60 00		3,830 75		732 89
4,831 95			4,831 95		3,944 78
4,550 99			4,550 99		1,226 71
772 30			772 30		180 85
225 07			225 07		10 04
7,327 53	5 00		7,332 53		459 33
162 85			162 85		809 06
					96 72
103 61			103 61		275 44
172,400 79		1,300 00	173,700 79		
63 60		125 00	188 60		4,171 40
	125 00		125 00		
387 06	15 00		402 06		7,953 63
	72 83		72 83		13,289 50
403 00	136 75	6 00	545 75		239 45
\$202,071 33	\$556 23	\$2,778 90	\$205,406 46	\$26 12	\$35,982 54
					26 12
					\$35 956 42
					1,259 34
					\$37 215 76

of State for salaries and expenses of Board of Control.....

Wisconsin School for the Blind.

STATEMENT OF SPECIAL APPROPRIATION FUNDS.

	Balance available Sept. 30, 1894.	Appropriations 1895.	Current expense fund to balance.	Overdraft Sept. 30, 1894.	Expended during biennial period.	Balance available Sept. 30, 1896.
New heating system.....			\$85 07	\$85 07		
Water supply for fire protection..	\$2,440 54				\$686 49	\$1,754 05
State circulating library for the blind.....	863 99				80 60	783 39
School building..		\$25,000 00			14,198 35	10,801 65
Land, 26 acres adjoining institution.....		6,000 00	19 95		6,019 95	
Totals.....	\$3,304 53	\$31,000 00	\$105 02	\$85 07	\$20,985 39	\$13,339 09

Money Received.

STATEMENT OF MONEYS RECEIVED AT THIS INSTITUTION.

Classification.	Year ending Sept. 30, 1895.	Year ending Sept. 30, 1896.
Barn, farm and garden.....	\$384 90	\$140 00
Engines and boilers.....		1 65
Fuel.....	1 20	
Furniture.....		00 00
House furnishing.....	3 00	
Means of instruction.....	22 50	5 00
Repairs and renewals.....	85	
Scraps.....	84 95	125 00
Subsistence.....	19 25	15 00
Wages and salaries.....	37 88	72 83
Work department.....	189 49	136 75
Totals.....	\$744 02	\$556 23

Farm and Garden Products.

FARM AND GARDEN PRODUCTS.

ARTICLES.	FOR THE YEAR ENDING SEPTEMBER 30, 1895.		FOR THE YEAR ENDING SEPTEMBER 30, 1896.	
	Quantity.	Amount.	Quantity.	Amount.
Asparagus	106 lbs.	\$5 30	161 lbs.	\$3 22
Beets	20 bu.	20 00	.....	.....
Beets .....	.....	.....	15 doz.	60
Beets .....	.....	.....	41 $\frac{1}{8}$ bu.	9 87
Blackberries	17 qts.	1 70	38 qts.	3 04
Cabbage	640 no.	32 00	.....	16 00
Carrots	49 bu.	14 70	66 bu.	17 56
Cauliflower	42 no.	2 94	23 no.	2 30
Chicken .....	.....	.....	233 lbs.	23 30
Corn	117 doz.	9 36	.....	.....
Cucumbers	61 no.	3 05	.....	.....
Cucumbers .....	.....	.....	55 doz.	3 53
Currants	10 qts.	1 00	16 qts.	1 28
Eggs .....	.....	.....	197 $\frac{3}{4}$ doz.	25 03
Egg plants	3 no.	30	25 no.	1 50
Grapes	96 lbs.	4 80	.....	.....
Ground cherries ..	94 qts.	9 40	18 qts.	1 80
Hay	10 tons.	75 00	6 $\frac{1}{2}$ tons.	32 50
Lettuce	10 bu.	7 50	10 $\frac{1}{4}$ bu.	5 40
Mangel wurzels ..	10 tons.	120 00	3 $\frac{1}{2}$ tons.	42 00
Melons	20 no.	1 00	73 no.	3 65
Milk	61,198 lbs.	611 98	65,570 lbs.	655 70
Onions .....	.....	.....	5 bu.	4 30
Onions	50 doz.	2 50	.....	.....
Onions	31 pks.	7 75	.....	.....
Parsnips	15 $\frac{1}{2}$ bu.	11 62	16 $\frac{3}{4}$ bu.	13 75
Peas	67 lbs.	2 01	.....	.....
Peas .....	.....	.....	14 $\frac{1}{2}$ pks.	2 90
Peppers	31 doz.	3 10	4 doz.	20
Pieplant	305 lbs.	6 10	393 lbs.	7 86
Pickles .....	.....	.....	3,050 no.	1 92
Pork .....	.....	.....	250 lbs.	20 00
Radishes	242 doz.	12 10	276 doz.	13 80
Raspberries .....	.....	.....	40 qts.	3 20
Rutabagas	13 bu.	3 25	.....	.....
Squash .....	.....	.....	4 doz.	80
Spinach	3 bu.	1 95	.....	.....
Straw .....	.....	.....	6 tons.	32 00
String beans	86 lbs.	2 58	.....	.....
String beans .....	.....	.....	20 pks.	1 60
Tomatoes	1,890 lbs.	56 70	2,643 lbs.	39 54
Tomatoes .....	.....	.....	11 bu.	2 75
Turnips	3 bu.	2 25	2 bu.	48
Vegetable oysters.	12 bu.	9 60	.....	.....
Vine peaches	80 no.	80	190 no.	1 90
Wood	38 cds.	100 00	.....	.....
Totals .....	.....	\$1,232 34	.....	\$995 28

SEVENTH BIENNIAL REPORT

OF THE

Industrial School for Boys.

FOR THE

Two Fiscal Years Ending September 30, 1896.

OFFICERS.

J. G. HART.....SUPERINTENDENT.
W. B. STRONG.....ASSISTANT STEWARD
MRS. J. A. HASSELL.....MATRON.

TEACHERS.

F. G. KRAEGE.....PRINCIPAL.
MISS. ISABEL JOHNSON.....ASSISTANT.
MISS. HELEN GRACE.....ASSISTANT.
MRS. EDNA BURDICK.....ASSISTANT.
MRS. LUCY E. STRONG.....ASSISTANT.
A. L. THOMPSON.....ASSISTANT.
A. E. WEBB.....ASSISTANT.
PAUL CONGER.....ASSISTANT.
J. J. GLEASON.....ASSISTANT.
C. A. VANDERPOOL.....ASSISTANT.
J. B. STEINERT.....INSTRUCTOR IN MANUAL TRAINING.
THOMAS W. WILLIAMS.....BAND INSTRUCTOR.
JOSEPH HAM.....FOREMAN BAKERY.
JAMES J. McNALLY.....FOREMAN SHOE SHOP.
D. G. WOODWARD.....FOREMAN TAILOR SHOP.
D. M. CARR.....FOREMAN CARPENTER SHOP.
W. H. McILROY.....FOREMAN KNITTING SHOP.
W. Z. JOHNSON.....FOREMAN PAINT SHOP.

SUPERINTENDENT'S REPORT.

To the State Board of Control:

GENTLEMEN:—I have the honor to submit for your consideration the biennial report for the Industrial School for Boys, for the period ending Sept. 30th, 1896. Accompanying this report will be found the report of the principal of the school and various statistical tables.

IMPROVEMENTS.

Upon assuming the management of the institution, I found it imperative to make many improvements in addition to the repairs necessary for the proper preservation of the grounds and the buildings.

Among these was a new coal house to replace the scattered and unsightly sheds in the rear of the power plant. A new house covered with steel sheeting has been erected, greatly lessening the danger from fire. The new house has a capacity of eight hundred tons of soft coal; it is very convenient, both for unloading from the wagons and for the use of the boiler room.

A new picket house of tasty design has been erected in front of the main building, to replace the unsightly shed which formerly did duty there.

The officer's dining room I found entirely too small for comfort and convenience. It has been enlarged by removing the partition between it and the superintendent's dining room; a new dining room has been fitted up for the superintendent from one of the rooms formerly used as a living room.

On account of the large quantity of perishable supplies used in the main kitchen, it was found necessary to build a cold storage room from the kitchen and this has amply repaid the outlay made. The pantry has also been enlarged and the kitchen thoroughly renovated.

Industrial School for Boys.

The convenience and appearance of the front of the main building have been greatly improved by the construction of a large and commodious veranda and a bow window.

A club room has been fitted up on the third floor of the main building from an unused room. It is used by the officers for social, literary and musical gatherings; it has been found to be a source of great pleasure and profit to all. The meeting of officers in this manner has created a more harmonious and friendly feeling among them.

The farm buildings and fences have been greatly improved. A new high board fence has been built around the piggery; the old barns have been reshingled, and the roofs brought to a uniform height and pitch. All have been repaired and repainted, thereby adding greatly to their appearance.

I found the walks leading to the main building too narrow to accommodate the boys in marching to and from the school and the assembly room. This fault I have remedied by extending the width of the asphalt walk in the rear of the building.

The sanitary condition of the yard has been greatly improved by the laying of a new asphalt pavement in the rear of the main kitchen.

The furnaces in the various family buildings were in very poor condition; they used a large amount of fuel and gave very little return in heat. They have all been overhauled, cleaned and put in perfect repair.

There has been an unusual amount of painting done in this institution during the past two seasons. All the buildings have been painted inside and out. The cornices and all the exterior woodwork on the stone cottages have been repaired and repainted. Cottage No. 7, a frame building, has received two coats of paint, the first in eight years, and now presents a respectable appearance.

The various buildings of the institution have been in existence from fifteen to thirty years, and consequently are in constant need of repairs. An unusually large amount of

Superintendent's Report.

work of this kind has been done by the carpenter. It was impossible to properly heat cottage No. 7, one of the oldest buildings on the grounds, in cold weather. I have therefore, caused new storm sash to be placed on all the windows, and the result has been a great saving of fuel besides the added comfort to the inmates.

Storm houses have been built at the entrances of cottages 8, 9 and 10. This was found necessary on account of the exposed position of the entrances to these buildings.

On account of the necessity of having lights in the dormitories all night a great deal of discomfort was occasioned by mosquitoes, gnats and bugs which were attracted by the lights. This has been remedied by placing fine wire screens in all dormitory windows.

A new hot water tank has been added to the laundry. This is of great importance in washing flannels; a vegetable washer with sewer connection, a large coffee urn and ventilators for the cauldrons have all been added to the bakery. The furnace has been taken out and the waste and exhaust steam from the engine room has been made to supply heat to the bakery, band room and the sleeping rooms over the bakery, affecting a great saving of labor and fuel at a very small expense.

New floors have been laid in several buildings, new and more substantial doors, window sashes and screens have been added wherever it was found necessary.

The cheap and poorly constructed closets in many places have been repaired when possible to do so, and new and better closets put in place of those found to be beyond repair.

In most of the family buildings the uncomfortable narrow benches without backs have been replaced by comfortable recitation seats. These I find aid greatly in overcoming the tendency of the boys to grow round shouldered.

All the labor expended upon the foregoing improvements has been performed by the boys under the direction of the officers except the mason work and the laying of the asphalt.

Industrial School for Boys.

MANUAL TRAINING DEPARTMENT.

During the winter of 1895 the legislature made an appropriation of \$5,000 for the purpose of establishing a manual training school in this institution. This department has been added, thoroughly equipped with the best and most modern wood-working machinery and is now in full working order. No extra expense was incurred in the erection of a new building. The rooms formerly occupied by the knitting shop and the tailor shop were thrown into one at a very little expense.

We now have a commodious, well lighted and well ventilated apartment. The tailor shop and knitting shop have been removed to the third floor of the shop building.

The manual training department comprises a workshop fully equipped for wood work on both benches and lathes and a drawing room provided with the necessary tables, boards and instruments for regular work in architectural and mechanical drawing. The workshop will accommodate thirty boys at a time; the drawing room is equipped for twenty-five at a time.

With a detail of boys a few alterations were made and new floors laid in both rooms. The same boys assisted in constructing the benches for the workshop and the tables and boards for the drawing room, which materially reduced the cost of equipment.

In the workshop it has been the aim to teach the proper use of all the bench and lathe tools. This has been done by adopting a course of work, beginning with the simple joints, such as the cross lap, plain mortise and tennon, continuing with the more difficult ones and ending by making some article of furniture, such as a table or chair. In the drawing room only elementary work has been done; such as drawing from objects with simple outlines and making working drawings for the workshop.

In both the drawing room and the workshop the boys show great diversity of talent; some become quite expert in tool

Superintendent's Report.

handling in a short time, while for others the plane will never move quite right and the saw refuses to follow the line in spite of their best efforts.

In working with tools on wood, boys are confronted with many real difficulties that can be only overcome by careful and honest work. If they overcome them they have not only added to their mechanical skill but have strengthened their characters.

To make the work more effective and the results still more satisfactory, I recommend that an assistant be employed from now until the first of May. Farm work is over and we have a surplus of boys that might be profitably employed in this department. To make it a success with the large number of boys that we can put there now we must have someone in charge of both the workshop and the drawing room.

HEALTH.

The health of the inmates has, as a rule, been good. Particularly so when we consider the fact that many of them come to us from unsanitary surroundings, and in many cases are the victims of unfavorable hereditary influences and of vicious habits.

Very shortly after assuming the management of the school, several cases of typhoid fever developed and in endeavoring to discover the cause I found an open manhole at each end of the playground, connecting with the city's main sewer. These were promptly closed and the disease checked in its incipency.

In February, 1896, an Indian boy was attacked with a very virulent form of small pox and soon after three other boys were stricken down with varioloid. The most energetic efforts were made to prevent the further spread of the disease; all of these cases were promptly isolated, every inmate and employe was vaccinated and a rigid quarantine was maintained for four weeks. All the boys made rapid recoveries.

Industrial School for Boys.

But one death has occurred during my term of office—that of a boy who died of cerebral rheumatism.

In February, 1895, a boy who was sick on his arrival at the institution died of a complication of diseases.

SCHOOL.

Since the last report there has been no change made in the division of time between school and work. One half the boys attend school from 7:15 a. m. till noon; the other half from 1:20 until 5:45 p. m. The balance of their time is devoted to work and recreation. Reference to the principal's report and the tables accompanying it will show the remarkable development of this department of the institution.

There are two classes in instrumental music under the direction of Prof. T. W. Williams of Milwaukee. Instruction is given twice each week. In my judgment this is a branch of instruction that should be encouraged and even crowded, as it not only furnishes a great deal of entertainment to the boys, but time has proven that it has assisted many of them in acquiring a musical education; some of the former inmates are now leaders of bands, in different parts of the country. We have always been able to furnish satisfactory music on all suitable occasions such as Memorial Day, fair day, etc. I consider Mr. Williams to be a most competent instructor and the boys are making remarkable progress considering the brief time he has them in charge. Music and singing has also been made one of the features of devotional exercises on Sunday. An orchestra composed of officers and inmates furnishes the accompaniment for the singing, and also for the marching of the boys into and out of the assembly room.

EMPLOYMENTS AND INDUSTRIES.

The inmates of the school are engaged in a great variety of work. Some are employed in the bakery where all the boys' food is prepared. Some are employed as carpenters, painters, tailors, shoemakers, farmers, knitters, besides others who

Superintendent's Report.

perform all the labor in the main building, cottages, school-house, laundry, engine room, etc.

THE FARM AND GARDEN.

This department has supplied us this year with an unusually large quantity of all kinds of vegetables for both the officers' and the boys' tables, and we have an abundance stored for winter use. The quality cannot be excelled.

I consider this one of the most important factors in the training of the boys as it furnishes healthful and instructive employment for a large number and will certainly turn some of our city street Arabs into agriculturists.

IMPROVEMENTS RECOMMENDED.

There are several improvements needed that are of great importance. The first and most vital is the establishment of a central steam heating plant, and in connection with this, improved facilities for bathing. Under the present system of heating it takes annually eight hundred tons of soft coal and about five hundred tons of hard coal; in addition it requires three hundred cords of wood to supply the bakery and the several family buildings.

The heat derived from the furnaces now in use is very unsatisfactory. I am fully convinced that it would be a great saving of fuel, which in the long run would pay for the plant, and would add greatly to the convenience and comfort of all.

In connection with the above and of as great, if not greater, importance, in my mind, is a change to be made in the system now in use for bathing the boys. The present facilities are entirely inadequate, unsatisfactory and unsanitary. Each family is provided with a tank six feet by eight, two and a half feet deep. The water for bathing must first be heated in a kettle and then dumped into the tank. By the time one kettle full is heated, the first has grown cold and it is therefore almost an impossibility to get sufficient warm water for bathing purposes. It takes from ten in the fore-

Industrial School for Boys.

noon till supper time to heat two barrels of water by this system. Then from thirty-six to forty boys are compelled to bathe in the same water, it being impossible to change, and by the time the last squad enters the tank, the water is unfit for bathing purposes. I would, therefore, recommend that each family building be equipped with stalls fitted with shower baths, the hot water to be supplied from the central plant. The need of better bathing facilities is very urgent, and I earnestly recommend that some steps be taken immediately to remedy the present defect.

I wish also to call your attention to the great necessity for a warming room, or a place of refuge for the boys during inclement weather when it is impossible for their respective officers to take them to their family buildings. Such a room is necessary, also, during the winter months as a place of assembling the barn, squad and chore boys from the time that their work outside is finished, which is about four o'clock during the short days, until their respective officers can take charge of them at 5:45.

In connection with this I wish to again call your attention to the main or central closet. Located as it is in cottage No. 10, directly under the rooms occupied by some of the lady employes, it is a menace to their health, and is disagreeable both on account of the odor, and the necessity of passing directly by it in going to and from their rooms. Its condition, construction and surroundings make it impossible to keep it in proper condition, and it is entirely inadequate to the needs of the institution. I, therefore, recommend the building of a suitable warming room and sanitary closet in the main yard.

The increased products of the farm and garden take up all spare room in the barns so that since the destruction of our wagon shed by the high winds last year, we have not storage capacity for wagons, carriages and tools. I would therefore recommend the building of a new wagon and tool house.

Superintendent's Report.

CONCLUSION.

Before closing this, my first report to your honorable body, I wish to express my thorough appreciation of the valuable aid and advice you have given me and the courteous attention and generous support you have rendered to the school.

I wish also to express my sincere thanks to the officers and employes who have served the interests of this institution so well and who have responded so cheerfully for all calls for extra duty.

Respectfully submitted,

J. G. HART,

Superintendent.

Industrial School for Boys.

TABLE NO. 1.

Movement of population.

	1895.	1896.
Number on roll, Oct. 1, 1894 and 1895	351	345
Received by commitment.....	209	178
Returned from out on parole.....	30	53
	590	576
Released on parole	229	231
Discharged, of age	5	3
Escaped	10	13
Died.....	1	1
	245	248
On roll October 1.....	345	328
Average number of boys during year.....	369	343
Highest number of boys at any one time.....	403	389
Lowest number of boys at any one time.....	325	314
Total number since July, 1860.....	3,924	4,102
Total number dismissed, escaped and died.....	3,579	3,774
Leaving on roll, as above.....	345	328

Statistical Tables.

TABLE No. 2.

Number of inmates received each year from the opening of the school.

FOR THE YEAR ENDING—	Number committed.		Total from be- ginning.	Number returned.		Total received dur- ing year.	No. present at close of the year.			Whole number for year.
	Boys.	Girls.		Boys.	Girls.		Boys.	Girls.	Total.	
Dec. 31, 1860...	33	7	40	.....	.....	40	33	7	40	40
Sept. 30, 1861...	34	7	81	.....	.....	41	35	5	40	81
Sept. 30, 1862...	37	3	121	.....	.....	40	51	4	55	80
Sept. 30, 1863...	32	10	163	.....	1	42	59	13	72	98
Sept. 30, 1864...	74	9	246	.....	.....	83	117	20	137	155
Sept. 30, 1865...	85	22	353	1	.....	108	134	21	155	245
Sept. 30, 1866...	45	2	400	4	3	54	118	16	134	209
Sept. 30, 1867...	68	.....	468	4	11	83	143	12	155	217
Sept. 30, 1868...	50	3	521	14	5	72	149	14	163	227
Sept. 30, 1869...	59	4	584	5	2	70	163	13	176	233
Sept. 30, 1870...	114	.....	698	3	.....	117	204	2	206	293
Sept. 30, 1871...	75	.....	773	6	1	82	237	2	239	288
Sept. 30, 1872...	107	.....	880	1	.....	108	278	.....	.....	347
Sept. 30, 1873...	80	.....	960	4	.....	84	281	.....	.....	362
Sept. 30, 1874...	115	.....	1,075	6	.....	121	301	.....	.....	402
Sept. 30, 1875...	103	.....	1,178	8	.....	111	300	.....	.....	412
Sept. 30, 1876...	107	.....	1,285	8	.....	115	318	.....	.....	415
Sept. 30, 1877...	140	.....	1,425	13	.....	153	364	.....	.....	471
Sept. 30, 1878...	151	.....	1,576	12	.....	163	419	.....	.....	527
Sept. 30, 1879...	117	.....	1,693	8	.....	125	431	.....	.....	544
Sept. 30, 1880...	108	.....	1,801	10	.....	118	430	.....	.....	549
Sept. 30, 1881...	90	.....	1,891	5	.....	95	372	.....	.....	525
Sept. 30, 1882...	88	.....	1,979	7	.....	95	299	.....	.....	467
Sept. 30, 1883...	95	.....	2,074	8	.....	103	278	.....	.....	402
Sept. 30, 1884...	113	.....	2,187	7	.....	120	297	.....	.....	398
Sept. 30, 1885...	89	.....	2,276	8	.....	97	293	.....	.....	394
Sept. 30, 1886...	121	.....	2,397	6	.....	127	325	.....	.....	420
Sept. 30, 1887...	127	.....	2,524	6	.....	133	340	.....	.....	461
Sept. 30, 1888...	135	.....	2,659	7	.....	142	376	.....	.....	483
Sept. 30, 1889...	157	.....	2,817	7	.....	164	406	.....	.....	540
Sept. 30, 1890...	162	.....	2,979	13	.....	175	423	.....	.....	581
Sept. 30, 1891...	181	.....	3,160	17	.....	198	342	.....	.....	621
Sept. 30, 1892...	173	.....	3,333	15	.....	188	303	.....	.....	530
Sept. 30, 1893...	184	.....	3,517	13	.....	197	313	.....	.....	500
Sept. 30, 1894...	198	.....	3,715	26	.....	224	351	.....	.....	537
Sept. 30, 1895...	209	.....	3,924	30	.....	239	345	.....	.....	590
Sept. 30, 1896...	178	.....	4,102	53	.....	231	328	.....	.....	576

Industrial School for Boys.

TABLE No. 3.

Nationality of parents of boys received during the biennial period ending September, 30, 1896.

American.....	52	Italian.....	2
Belgian.....	1	Negro.....	7
Bohemian.....	5	Norwegian.....	18
Canadian.....	3	Polish.....	21
Danish.....	2	Russian.....	3
Dutch.....	4	Scotch.....	5
English.....	45	Swede.....	2
French.....	29	Swiss.....	2
German.....	135	Unknown.....	2
Indian.....	2	Welsh.....	4
Indian-halfbreed.....	2		
Irish.....	41	Total.....	387

TABLE No. 4.

Social and domestic relations.

Both parents living.....	159	Mother and step-father.....	32
Parents separated.....	51	Father and step-mother.....	37
No parents.....	31	Unknown.....	9
Mother only.....	39		
Father only.....	29	Total.....	387

TABLE No. 5.

Birthplace of inmates.

Bohemia.....	2	Missouri.....	2
California.....	1	Nebraska.....	3
Canada.....	2	New Mexico.....	1
Dakota.....	1	New York.....	2
En route to America.....	3	Norway.....	6
England.....	1	Ohio.....	2
Germany.....	41	Pennsylvania.....	1
Illinois.....	10	Poland.....	1
Iowa.....	11	Russia.....	3
Ireland.....	1	Switzerland.....	1
Kansas.....	1	Unknown.....	12
Kentucky.....	1	Wisconsin.....	252
Michigan.....	10		
Minnesota.....	16	Total.....	387

Industrial School for Boys.

TABLE No. 6—Continued.

Showing how many boys were committed from the different counties, for what offenses and their ages when committed.

	OFFENSES.											AGE OF BOYS WHEN COMMITTED.																
	Total number committed.	Assault.	Burglary.	Forgery.	Incorrigibility.	Larceny.	Obscenity and vulgarity.	Obstructing R. R. tracks.	Murder.	Obtaining money and goods under false pretenses.	Malicious destruction of property.	Receiving stolen goods.	Indecent exposure.	Arson.	Vagrancy.	8 to 9 years.	9 to 10 years.	10 to 11 years.	11 to 12 years.	12 to 13 years.	13 to 14 years.	14 to 15 years.	15 to 16 years.	16 to 17 years.	17 to 18 years.	18 to 19 years.	19 to 20 years.	
Walworth ...	8	1	1		5	2												1		1	1	1	1	1	1			
Waukesha ...	10				1	4			1									1		1	1	1	1	1	1			
Waupaca ...	10				1	4												1		1	1	1	1	1	1			
Winnebago ...	11	1			4	4			1									1		1	1	1	1	1	1			
Washburn ...	3				1	1												1		1	1	1	1	1	1			
Wood ...	3	1				2												1		1	1	1	1	1	1			
State school, Sparta ...	2		1		1															1	1							
Totals ...	387	6	43	10	118	109	1	1	1	4	6	1	1	1	25	2	3	25	36	41	54	49	75	45	44	12	1	

TABLE No. 7.

Division of labor at the close of the biennial period.

Bakery	16	Paint shop	12
Boot and shoe factory	12	Pickets	2
Carpenter shop	6	School rooms	8
Engine room	6	Sock factory	67
Family cottages	45	Store	3
Laundry	53	Tailor shop	24
Main building	8	Teamsters, barn & farm work.	32
Manual training department..	28	Yard	6
Office	2		
Officers' kitchen	18	Total	328

Statistical Tables.

TABLE No. 8.

Work done in boot and shoe factory during biennial period.

Pairs shoes made, dozens....	165	Pairs shoes repaired, dozens	532
Pairs slippers made, dozens..	2		

TABLE No. 9.

Work done in sock factory.

Machine made socks, dozens.....	3,586
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TABLE No. 10.

Work done in tailor shop.

Aprons.....	120	Holders.....	248
Blouses.....	108	Overalls.....	777
Caps.....	491	Pants, Sunday.....	556
Coats, Sunday.....	251	Pants, working.....	1,377
Coats, working.....	642	Vests.....	244
Coats, linen.....	10		

Industrial School for Boys.

PRINCIPAL'S REPORT.

To Superintendent J. G. Hart, Wisconsin Industrial School for Boys.

DEAR SIR:—It affords me pleasure to comply with the established custom of reporting to you the present condition of the educational department of this institution and the progress that has been made in it during the two years ending Sept. 30, 1896.

The school has been graded more closely than formerly and the course of study has been modified in such a way as to make it correspond more nearly to the courses in the public schools of our cities. The assignment of work for the different classes has been made with a view of having promotions three times a year. In addition to the general outline of work in each grade, detailed outlines as to subject matter and methods of instruction have been prepared in geography, penmanship and numbers. The course of study has not been printed before and it is made a part of this report for the convenience of the teachers and the information of the general public.

During the past year, singing books have been provided and singing has been resumed with pleasure to both teachers and pupils. Gymnastic exercises have been introduced and they have been kept up in some grades with great interest and benefit to the boys. The different legal holidays have been observed for the first time with appropriate exercises in each grade. Friday afternoon exercises have been introduced and continued in most of the grades with both interest and profit to the boys. Johonnot's natural history readers have been introduced for supplementary reading in the different grades and they have aroused such an interest in natural history as was previously unknown to the boys. The daily recitations of pupils are marked and the standings thus

Principal's Report.

obtained form the basis of promotion. Neatly printed cards are now given to those who are promoted and artistically designed diplomas are given to those who have completed the work of the seventh grade. The marks, cards and diplomas have served as valuable aids in our efforts to arouse an interest in the boys and to stimulate them to better work in their studies. The fourth, fifth, sixth and seventh grades have each been supplied with a new library of general reading books suited to the ability of the boys in their respective grades. This action of supplying the inmates with interesting and wholesome reading matter has resulted in greater good to them than has come from any other one thing that has been done in their behalf. But very few of the boys have education enough when they are received to read a paper or book intelligently. The love of reading never detained them at home during those most dangerous hours between sunset and bedtime. The illiterate boy has no resources within himself and naturally leaves home to find amusement and pastime on the city streets, and it is there that he encounters temptations and forms habits that lead to his downfall. If the boy is taught to love the reading of good books and periodicals, he has within himself a source of pleasure that the illiterate can never know. Experience here has demonstrated that boys will form the habit of reading interesting and wholesome literature if it is supplied to them. Experience and observation have convinced me that education is one of the strongest agencies in suppressing crime and in reforming juvenile criminals. To cultivate a taste for, and a habit of, reading good literature is, in my opinion, an essential part of the education of every youth and one of the most potent agencies in the reformation of the boys that are committed to this institution.

As a natural consequence of the foregoing improvements, the boys have become more interested in their school work, more willing to attend school, and more willing to improve

Industrial School for Boys.

the opportunities offered them for obtaining an education. As another natural consequence, the spirit manifested in the school has been elevated, the work has been greatly improved, and the teachers and boys have been more willing to co-operate with me in my efforts to raise the standard of the school. Since last March the work of the schools has been done by nine teachers instead of the ten that were previously employed to do it.

I desire to thank the teachers who have so faithfully and willingly performed their various and arduous duties, and I hope that the harmony that prevails among them and the other officers, will remain undisturbed. I desire to thank the members of the State Board of Control and you, Supt. Hart, for the support and encouragement that I have received in this work. Without the co-operation of all these officers, the foregoing improvements could not have been made and the educational department of the Wisconsin Industrial School for Boys would not be in as creditable a condition as it is in today.

F. G. KRAEGE, M. L.,

Principal of Educational Department.

COURSE OF STUDY.

FIRST GRADE.

Arithmetic—C. Class, oral work as outlined in detailed course; B. class, oral work as outlined in detailed course; A. class, oral work as outlined in detailed course.

Reading—C. Class, chart and primer; B. class, first reader; A. class, begin second reader and use supplementary reader, *Friends in Feathers and Fur*.

Language—B. Class, oral work connected with reading. A. class, oral and written work connected with reading.

Geography—A. Class, oral work outlined in detailed course.

Spelling—C. Class, all new words; B. class, new words as

Course of Study.

they appear in reading; A. class, new words as they appear in reading and other studies.

Writing—Work outlined in detailed course.

SECOND GRADE.

Arithmetic—B. Class, Southworth's *Essentials of Arithmetic*. Begin book and take to fractions, page 45; A. class, begin with fractions, page 45, take to page 77. Review the work of both classes thoroughly before promotion.

Reading—B. Class, complete second reader. Continue use of supplementary reader, *Friends in Feathers and Fur*. Teach language and spelling in connection with reading. Teach long and short sounds of vowels. A. class, begin third reader. Teach language and spelling as in B. class. Use supplementary reader, *Neighbors with Wings and Fins*.

Language—Oral and written work in both classes. Every recitation should embody language work. Teacher may use as a guide, Powell's *How to Talk and How to Write and Reed's Introductory Language Book*.

Geography—B. Class, oral and written work as outlined in detailed course; A. class, oral and written work as outlined in detailed course.

Spelling—B. Class, new words in reader; words introduced in other studies, especially terms in arithmetic; A. class, directions same as those for B. class.

Physiology—A. and B. Classes, occasional talks by the teacher on topics that are appropriate.

Writing—Work outlined in detailed course.

THIRD GRADE.

Arithmetic—B. Class, Southworth's *Essentials of Arithmetic*. Book I. Begin with page 77 and take to Bills, page 107; A. class, begin with page 107 and take to Accounts, page 143. Review work of both classes thoroughly before promotion. The future progress of the class depends on the thoroughness of this work.

Industrial School for Boys.

Reading—B. Class, complete third reader. Teach use of dictionary and of diacritical marks. Use supplementary reader, *Neighbors with Wings and Fins*; A. class, begin fourth reader, continue teaching use of diacritical marks and dictionary. Use supplementary reader, *Flyers, Creepers and Swimmers*.

Language—B. Class, begin Reed's *Introductory Language Work*, take to Part II; A. class, Reed's *Introductory Language Work*, Part II, complete the book.

Geography—B. Class, follow work outlined in detailed course. Begin use of Harper's *Introductory Geography*; A. class, follow work indicated in detailed course. Complete first book.

Spelling—B. Class, new words in readers, terms in arithmetic language, geography, etc. Considerable practice in syllabication and diacritical marking; A. class, directions same as those for B. class.

Physiology—B. Class and A. class, read from Stowell's *Primer of Health* at least twice a week. Teacher may expand what is there presented.

Writing—Work outlined in detailed course.

FOURTH GRADE.

Arithmetic—B. class, use Southworth's *Essentials of Arithmetic*, Book I. Begin page 143, take to Interest, page 163. Review thoroughly from Bills; A. class, begin page 163 and complete the book. Review from Accounts.

Reading—Complete Fourth Reader, give heed to spelling, diacritical marking, use of dictionary, etc. Use supplementary reader, *Flyers, Creepers and Swimmers*. Information gained should be used for composition work; A. class, use supplementary reader, *Neighbors with Claws and Hoofs*. Other exercises similar to those of B. class.

Language—B. class, Reed & Kellogg's graded lessons in English. Begin with and take to lesson 52; A. class, Reed &

Course of Study.

Kellogg's graded lessons in English. Begin with lesson 52 and take to lesson 71.

Geography—B. class, work outlined in detailed course. Begin Harper's School Geography; A. class, work outlined in detailed course. Continue use of Harper's School Geography.

Spelling—B. class, new words in readers, terms in arithmetic, grammar, geography, and physics. Practice in the use of dictionary and diacritical marking; A. class, directions same as those for B. class.

Physiology—B. class, Smith's Primer of Health, begin and complete. Require pupils to draw some of the parts pictured in the book; A. class, Smith's elementary physics and hygiene. Draw figures from memory.

U. S. History—Historical stories read by the teacher occasionally.

Writing—Work outlined in detailed course.

FIFTH GRADE.

Arithmetic—B. class, use Robinson's complete arithmetic. Begin with fractions, page 97, and take to decimals, page 143; A. class, begin with decimals, page 143, and take to denominate numbers, page 184. Review the following subjects, factoring, L. C. M., G. C. D., and cancellation.

Reading—B. class, continue use of *Neighbors with Claws and Hoofs*. Spelling, diacritical marking, use of dictionary, etc., as in preceding grades. Composition work should also form a part of this work.

Language—B. class, Reed and Kellogg's graded lessons in English. Begin with lesson 71 and take to lesson 91; A. class, begin with lesson 91 and complete book.

Geography—B. class, work outlined in detailed course. Continue use of Harper's school geography; A. class, work outlined in detailed course. Continue use of Harper's school geography.

Spelling—B. class, new words from reader, terms in arithmetic, grammar, geography, and physics. Continue work in

Industrial School for Boys.

syllabication, diacritical marking and use of dictionary and reference books; A. class, directions same as those for B. class.

Physiology—B. class, complete Smith's elementary physics and hygiene. Such figures as the following pupils should be able to draw from memory: bone, skull, stomach, eye, etc.

United States History—A. class, Barnes' primary history of United States. Begin and take through the Revolution. Pupils should be encouraged to use the reference books on the desk.

Writing—Work outlined in detailed course.

SIXTH GRADE.

Arithmetic—B. class, use Robinson's complete arithmetic. Begin with denominate numbers, page 185, take to percentage, page 265; A. class, begin with percentage, page 265, complete the book.

Grammar—B. class, begin Reed and Kellogg's higher lessons in English and take to lesson 85; A. class, begin with lesson 85 and take to composition, lesson 146.

Geography—B. class, work outlined in detailed course, comparative study. Special study of United States and of Wisconsin complete Harper's school geography.

Spelling—B. class, directions same as for fifth grade. Pupils should be instructed in the use of reference books and be made to use them freely; A. class, directions same as for B. class.

United States History—B. class, use Barnes' brief history of United States. Begin with Washington's administration and complete the subject.

United States Constitution—A. class, study Wright's United States constitution.

Writing—Work outlined in detailed course.

Course of Study.

SEVENTH GRADE.

Algebra—Use Robinson's new elementary algebra. Begin book and take through affected quadratic equations.

Constitution—Use A. O. Wright's text. Study constitution of Wisconsin.

Physics—Use Avery's first principles of natural philosophy. Begin book and complete it. Pupils are encouraged to make apparatus and perform experiments.

Composition—Business correspondence, forms, simple accounts.

Book-keeping—Use Goodyear's text book. Begin subject and go as far as possible. Special attention to be given to business correspondence and commercial papers.

Spelling—Pupils should be required to make use of dictionary, reference books, etc. They should learn to spell terms used in all studies, and be required to mark such words and separate them into syllables.

	1895.	1896.
Number of boys under instruction Oct. 1, 1894 and 1895.....	351	345
Number newly committed during the year.....	209	178
Number of paroled boys returned during the year.....	30	53
Number under instruction during the year.....	590	576
Number on roll September 30.....	347	328
Number of graduates during the year.....		22
Began reading from chart or primer.....	29	18
Began reading from first reader.....	32	28
Began reading from second reader.....	67	78
Began reading from third reader.....	33	28
Began reading from fourth reader.....	21	18
Began with the study of United States History.....	23	10
Began with the study of Constitution.....	2	.....
Number that entered the First grade.....	90	83
Number that entered the Second grade.....	39	41
Number that entered the Third grade.....	33	28
Number that entered the Fourth grade.....	22	16
Number that entered the Fifth grade.....	14	5
Number that entered the Sixth grade.....	9	5
Number that entered the Seventh grade.....	2	.....

Industrial School for Boys.

Number of boys in the different studies, Sept. 30, 1896.

Number in first reader	16
Number in second reader	80
Number in third reader.....	76
Number in fourth reader	95
Number in physiology	80
Number in U. S. History.....	26
Number in constitution.....	19
Number in language or grammar.....	271
Number in arithmetic.....	304
Number in geography.....	271
Number in algebra.....	9
Number in natural philosophy.....	9
Number in book-keeping.....	9
Number of graduates still in institution.....	8

LIBRARIAN'S REPORT.

To Superintendent J. G. Hart, Wisconsin Industrial School for Boys:

MY DEAR SIR:—On account of the non-existence of a librarian and in response to your request, I herewith submit a librarian's report.

Many of the books belonging to the old library are missing; others have been repaired so often that they are no longer fit for circulation; still others are not adapted to the boys for whom they are intended. The books were given out but once a week. Each boy was required to write the name or number of the book that he desired on a slip of paper and this was sent to the librarian by the family officer. Any book that was especially interesting to the boys would be desired by several. One would get the book and the other applicants for it would be without a book for a whole week. As a result of the condition and nature of the books, and of the method of giving them out, only a few boys were in the habit of drawing books.

Librarian's Report.

With a view of giving the boys a better opportunity for forming the reading habit, the use of the old library has been discontinued and libraries of new books have been provided for the fourth, fifth, sixth and seventh grades in the school. It has already been demonstrated that the boys will read if they are supplied with interesting and wholesome books that are adapted to their ability. It is evident that a healthy mode of reading will follow the lines of a sound education; that the reading matter should be adapted to the ability of the readers; and that a small library in each school room is better suited for this purpose than a single large library. The good results of this plan have surprised many of the officers. Boys, who never before thought of such a thing, may now be seen reading instead of playing or telling harmful stories or planning to escape. There are but few in the grades named above who do not draw and read the books. Whenever the boys have finished the reading of one book, they may draw another. Every promotion in school gives them a new library and this each time increases their interest in reading. This makes the boys more contented, more willing and more interested in their work and in their studies, for it is not easy for them to be mean directly after reading a noble and inspiring book. In the aggregate, this plan does not require a greater number of books than would be required in a single library, but it brings the books nearer to the readers; it wisely limits their choice; it makes it easy to raise the standard of their reading as they advance in the grades; and it permits the teachers, who in most cases are best fitted to do so, to stimulate, guide and direct the reading of the pupils. This also connects general reading with the regular work of the school and makes it, in reality, a part of the education of the children. By thus directing the reading of the boys, we have done much toward the formation of their characters. In this way libraries may become one of the most potent agencies in the reformation of juvenile delinquents. It is to be hoped

Industrial School for Boys.

TABLE No. 3.

Nationality of parents of boys received during the biennial period ending September, 30, 1896.

American.....	52	Italian.....	2
Belgian.....	1	Negro.....	7
Bohemian.....	5	Norwegian.....	18
Canadian.....	3	Polish.....	21
Danish.....	2	Russian.....	3
Dutch.....	4	Scotch.....	5
English.....	45	Swede.....	2
French.....	29	Swiss.....	2
German.....	135	Unknown.....	2
Indian.....	2	Welsh.....	4
Indian-halfbreed.....	2		
Irish.....	41	Total.....	387

TABLE No. 4.

Social and domestic relations.

Both parents living.....	159	Mother and step-father.....	32
Parents separated.....	51	Father and step-mother.....	37
No parents.....	31	Unknown.....	9
Mother only.....	39		
Father only.....	29	Total.....	387

TABLE No. 5.

Birthplace of inmates.

Bohemia.....	2	Missouri.....	2
California.....	1	Nebraska.....	3
Canada.....	2	New Mexico.....	1
Dakota.....	1	New York.....	2
En route to America.....	3	Norway.....	6
England.....	1	Ohio.....	2
Germany.....	41	Pennsylvania.....	1
Illinois.....	10	Poland.....	1
Iowa.....	11	Russia.....	3
Ireland.....	1	Switzerland.....	1
Kansas.....	1	Unknown.....	12
Kentucky.....	1	Wisconsin.....	252
Michigan.....	10		
Minnesota.....	16	Total.....	387

Industrial School for Boys.

TABLE No. 6—Continued.

Showing how many boys were committed from the different counties, for what offenses and their ages when committed.

	OFFENSES.													AGE OF BOYS WHEN COMMITTED.														
	Total number committed.	Assault.	Burglary.	Forgery.	Incorrigibility.	Larceny.	Obscenity and vulgarity.	Obstructing R. R. tracks.	Murder.	Obtaining money and goods under false pretenses.	Malicious destruction of property.	Receiving stolen goods.	Indecent exposure.	Arson.	Vagrancy.	8 to 9 years.	9 to 10 years.	10 to 11 years.	11 to 12 years.	12 to 13 years.	13 to 14 years.	14 to 15 years.	15 to 16 years.	16 to 17 years.	17 to 18 years.	18 to 19 years.	19 to 20 years.	
Walworth ...	5		1		5	2																						
Waukesha ...	7				2	4																						
Waupaca ...	10				4	4				1								1										
Winnebago ...	11	1			4	4				1								1		2								
Washburn ...	3				2	1																						
Wood ...	3	1				2																						
State school, Sparta.....	2		1		1																1	1						
Totals...	357	6	4	10	118	169	1	1	1	4	6	1	1	1	25	2	3	25	36	41	54	49	75	45	44	12	1	

TABLE No. 7.

Division of labor at the close of the biennial period.

Bakery	16	Paint shop	12
Boot and shoe factory	12	Pickets	2
Carpenter shop	6	School rooms	8
Engine room	6	Sock factory	67
Family cottages	45	Store	3
Laundry	53	Tailor shop	24
Main building	8	Teamsters, barn & farm work.	32
Manual training department..	28	Yard	6
Office	2		
Officers' kitchen	18	Total	328

Statistical Tables.

TABLE No. 8.

Work done in boot and shoe factory during biennial period.

Pairs shoes made, dozens....	165	Pairs shoes repaired, dozens	532
Pairs slippers made, dozens..	2		

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Work done in sock factory.

Machine made socks, dozens.....	3,586
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Work done in tailor shop.

Aprons.....	120	Holders.....	248
Blouses.....	108	Overalls.....	777
Caps.....	491	Pants, Sunday.....	556
Coats, Sunday.....	251	Pants, working.....	1,377
Coats, working.....	642	Vests.....	244
Coats, linen.....	10		

Industrial School for Boys.

STATEMENT OF

At the Industrial School for Boys

CLASSIFIED ITEMS.	Inventory September 30, 1895.	Purchased during the year.	Trans- ferred to this ac- count dur- ing the year.	Total.
Amusements.....	\$868 85	\$708 18	\$9 75	\$1,586 78
Barn, farm and garden..	9,565 80	2,453 89	20 00	12,039 69
Boot and shoe factory..	1,472 60	2,264 79	2 90	3,740 29
Clothing.....	1,528 12	3,723 60	1,271 11	6,522 83
Discounts.....				
Drug and medical dep't	43 74	1,178 24		1,221 98
Engines and boilers....	4,486 45	202 59		4,689 04
Elopers.....		433 37		433 37
Freight and express (not classified).....		5 80		5 80
Fire apparatus.....	4,658 58			4,658 58
Fuel.....	703 00	5,413 16		6,116 16
Furniture.....	4,770 40	304 04	70 75	5,145 19
Gas and other lights... ..	2,380 51	782 63	300 00	3,463 14
Hides and pelts.....			39 25	39 25
House furnishing.....	10,755 40	3,422 66	8 35	14,186 41
Laundry.....	709 70	765 43		1,475 13
Library.....	421 08	151 20		572 28
Machinery and tools... ..	1,730 51	80 29		1,810 80
Means of instruction... ..	1,608 26	622 98		2,231 24
Miscellaneous.....		865 71		865 71
Officers' expenses.....		44 25		44 25
Printing, postage, sta- tionery and telegraph.	347 03	637 14		984 17
Real estate, including building, etc.....	238,618 94		591 47	239,210 41
Repairs and renewals... ..	275 73	3,623 72	9 00	3,908 45
Scraps.....			50 85	50 85
Sock factory.....	3,007 62	284 93		3,292 55
Subsistence.....	1,133 35	13,772 95	3,675 84	18,582 14
Wages and salaries.....		20,843 02	447 50	21,290 52
Coal shed.....	381 46	210 01		591 47
Total.....	\$289,467 13	\$62,794 58	\$6,496 77	\$358,758 48
Discounts, etc.....		365 09		
		\$62,429 49		\$297,565 65
Net expenses.....				\$61,192 83

Add amount assigned to this institution and set apart by the Secretary

Current Expenses.

CURRENT EXPENSES

for the fiscal year ending September 30, 1896.

Inventory September 30, 1896.	Cash re- ceived on this account during the year.	Transferred from this account dur- ing the year.	Total.	Gained.	Expended.
\$876 80			\$876 80		\$709 98
9,398 80	\$308 11	\$3,715 09	13,422 00	\$1,382 31	
1,977 09		1,208 61	3,185 70		554 59
1,448 94	6 80	140 14	1,595 88		4,926 95
		174 00	174 00	174 00	
18 70			18 70		1,203 28
4,470 10	1 35		4,471 45		217 59
					433 37
					5 80
4,209 58			4,209 58		449 00
1,743 70		300 00	2,043 70		4,072 46
4,879 90			4,879 90		265 29
2,364 05	11 30		2,375 35		1,087 79
	39 25		39 25		
10,591 08	14 85	48 45	10,654 38		3,532 03
697 75		2 50	700 25		774 88
555 22			555 22		17 06
1,679 45			1,679 45		131 35
1,633 67			1,633 67		597 57
	107 43		107 43		758 28
					44 25
391 10	88		391 98		592 19
239,210 41			239,210 41		
328 25	2 20	146 85	477 30		3,431 15
	50 85		50 85		
1,468 83	1,335 49	62 50	2,866 82		425 73
1,349 33	2 28		1,351 61		17,230 53
	2 50		2 50		21,288 02
		591 47	591 47		
\$289,292 75	\$1,883 29	\$6,389 61	\$297,565 65	\$1,556 31	\$62,749 14
					1,556 31
					\$61,192 83
					2,077 91
					\$63,270 74

of State for salaries and expenses of Board of Control.....

Industrial School for Boys.

STATEMENT OF SPECIAL APPROPRIATION FUNDS.

CLASSIFIED ITEMS.	Balance available Sept. 30, 1894.	Appropriation 1895.	Current expense fund to balance.	Expended during biennial period.	Balance available Sept. 30, 1896.
Stone school house, etc	\$116 78	.....	\$116 78	.....	.....
Manual training department .....	.....	\$5,000 00	.....	\$2,528 94	\$2,471 06
Totals	\$116 78	\$5,000 00	\$116 78	\$2,528 94	\$2,471 06

Moneys Received.

STATEMENT OF MONEYS RECEIVED AT THIS INSTITUTION

CLASSIFICATION.	Year end- ing Sept. 30, 1895.	Year end- ing Sept. 30, 1896.
Barn, farm and garden.....	\$728 86	\$308 11
Boot and shoe factory.....	19 85	.....
Clothing.....	115 77	6 80
Drug and medical department.....	59	.....
Engines and boilers.....	3 20	1 35
Fuel.....	105 17	.....
Gas and other lights.....	13 17	11 30
Hides and pelts.....	15 37	39 25
House furnishing.....	9 21	14 85
Laundry.....	10 72	.....
Means of instruction.....	1 93	.....
Manual training department.....	.....	10 85
Miscellaneous.....	15 42	107 43
Printing, postage, stationery and telegraph.....	.....	88
Repairs and renewals.....	18 50	2 20
Scraps.....	27 43	50 85
Sock factory.....	1,319 88	1,335 49
Subsistence.....	197 18	2 28
Wages and salaries.....	.....	2 50
Totals.....	\$2,602 24	\$1,894 14

Industrial School for Boys.

FARM AND GARDEN PRODUCTS.

ARTICLES.	1895.		1896.	
	Quantity.	Value.	Quantity.	Value.
Asparagus	bus. 35	\$70 00	bus. 30	\$60 00
Beans	bus. 50	70 00	bus. 38	38 00
Beans, green.....	bus. 7	3 50	bus. 4	20 00
Beef			lbs. 8,577	557 50
Beets	bus. 173	31 14	bus. 286	143 00
Cabbage	hds. 2,070	62 10	hds. 3,300	99 00
Calves	hds. 8	80 00		
Carrots	bus. 416	62 40	bus. 1,175	352 50
Cauliflower	hds. 400	32 00	hds. 140	11 20
Corn	bus. 723	28 92	bus. 1,992	517 92
Corn, green	bus. 160	64 00	bus. 437	174 80
Cornstalks.....	tons. 100	350 00	tons. 116	348 00
Cucumbers	bus. 20	20 00	bus. 215	215 00
Currants			bus. 5 $\frac{1}{2}$	10 50
Hay	tons. 110	1,100 00	tons. 72	720 00
Lettuce	bus. 45	45 00	bus. 39	39 00
Mangel-wurzels	bus. 1,150	143 75	bus. 1,080	216 00
Milk	gal. 18,250	1,825 00	gal. 15,567	1,245 36
Oats	bus. 2,344	586 00	bus. 2,999	599 80
Onions	bus. 154	92 40	bus. 239	115 60
Parsnips	bus. 75	15 00	bus. 100	40 00
Peas	bus. 139	69 50	bus. 124	62 00
Pieplant	bus. 47	23 50	bus. 22	11 00
Pigs	hds. 150	450 00	hds. 81	330 00
Popcorn			bus. 112	56 00
Pork			lbs. 11,120	556 00
Potatoes	bus. 650	162 50	bus. 432	108 00
Radishes	bus. 15	45 00	bus. 41	123 00
Raspberries	bus. 1 $\frac{2}{3}$	3 96	bus. 1 $\frac{1}{3}$ $\frac{7}{8}$	4 41
Rye			bus. 384	153 60
Salsify	bus. 50	12 50	bus. 50	20 00
Spinach	bus. 27	54 00	bus. 81	162 00
Straw	tons. 50	200 00	tons. 80	240 00
Strawberries	bus. 7 $\frac{7}{8}$	20 16	bus. 16 $\frac{1}{2}$	43 20
Tomatoes	bus. 20	10 00	bus. 125	62 50
Turnips	bus. 310	77 50	bus. 300	75 00
Yearlings	hds. 6	90 00	hds. 9	135 00
		\$5,899 83		\$7,661 89

SEVENTH BIENNIAL REPORT

OF THE

Wisconsin State Prison

FOR THE

Two Fiscal Years Ending September 30, 1896.

OFFICERS.

JOHN J. ROBERTS,	WARDEN.
J. B. VOSBURGH,	DEPUTY WARDEN.
JACOB FUSS,	CLERK.
REV. W. G. BANCROFT,	CHAPLAIN.
REV. J. C. HARTMAN,	CATHOLIC CHAPLAIN.
G. F. MESSER, M. D.,	PHYSICIAN.
MISS PHOEBE C. GRIDER,	MATRON FEMALE PRISON.

WARDEN'S REPORT

To the State Board of Control:

GENTLEMEN:—I have the honor to present the seventh biennial report of the Wisconsin state prison, the same being for the two years ending September 30, 1896.

The formal transfer of the warden's office and the property of the institution was made by ex-Warden Lamoreux to me July 1st, 1895, so this report covers that portion of the administration of Mr. Lamoreux extending from October 1st, 1894, to June 30th, 1895.

POPULATION.

The number of inmates on hand at the beginning of the biennial period was	661
September 30th, 1895, there were	614
September 30th, 1896, there were	582
The average number on hand during the two years, covered by this report, was	615.5

The report of the prison physician, Dr. G. F. Messer, also accompanies this and will convey to you all necessary information as to the health of the inmates and hygienic condition of the prison, together with his recommendation of certain sanitary measures.

The report of the Rev. W. G. Bancroft, giving an account of the success with which he has met in his capacity of chaplain, may be found herewith and will prove of much interest.

The several accompanying financial statements and statistical tables (compiled by Mr. Jacob Fuss, prison clerk), show in a very comprehensive manner the operations of the prison for the past two years.

I have endeavored to maintain a discipline that would insure to us expedition and safety in the daily movement of our population in its industrial and domestic life; and I have been

The State Prison.

ably seconded by Deputy Warden J. B. Vosburgh and our officers in my efforts to obtain a cheerful and prompt observance of the rules governing convicts.

There have been a few attempts to escape, but none have met with success, only one getting outside of the enclosure,— J. C. Bennett, a U. S. prisoner, who escaped from us February 29th, 1896, presumably by hiding in a box-car, being loaded with boxes of shoes, and whose recapture was not effected until July 7th following. When returned to us he was arraigned on the charge of "escaping from prison", and will be duly prosecuted.

On July 1, 1895, when I entered upon my duties as warden, there were confined in the dead-locks six convicts as insane.

Under the provisions of section 4944, R. S., there have been transferred to the Northern Hospital for the Insane nine inmates whose condition was such as required special treatment which we had not the facility to give, and whose presence was a menace to the safety of others and subversive of the best discipline because of the necessity which compelled their confinement in proximity to other inmates confined in the same cell-room.

THE CONTRACT.

M. D. Wells & Co. under contract have paid us for the labor of convicts employed in the manufacture of boots and shoes during the two years covered by this report, \$103,718.37.

There has been employed in this manner forty-six per cent. of our population, giving to the state from this source a daily income of \$.2305 per capita of our average of 615.5 present. Our relations with the contractors through their representative, Maj. A. D. Pratt, the superintendent, have been all that could be desired or expected.

IMPROVEMENTS.

Aside from the ordinary repairs, renewals and renovation of the buildings and property, the following permanent improvements have been made during the past two years:

Warden's Report.

The work of putting in the new electric light plant is about completed and at this writing we are confident that results will be up to our expectations. The wisdom of the legislature of 1895 in appropriating \$15,000 for this purpose is now quite apparent. The shops and administration building are amply lighted, each cell is made bright by a sixteen candle-power incandescent lamp and the corridors of the cell-rooms and the yards are so well illuminated that we are afforded better protection against escapes. The conveniences of this system of lighting an institution of this character have a peculiar and distinctive advantage.

A new gate-way entering upon the main prison yard was constructed at an expense of about \$600. This convenient entrance obviates the necessity of teaming by the circuitous way through the front yard, and citizen employes of the contractors can find a more convenient means of entrance and exit. The construction of the gate is such that we are amply protected.

Improvements and necessary additions to the warden's residence have been made at an expense of \$300.

Approximately \$200 have been expended in the extension of the hospital quarters to four more rooms of the second floor of the administration building. This gives us an added floor space of 1,300 square feet, and the results obtained are most gratifying.

RECOMMENDATIONS.

We are in urgent need of more cell-room; at present all cells are filled and we are compelled to put two convicts in each of a great many of them, which is not without serious evils and is a violation of section 4918, R. S. Recommendation has been made to you that the roofs over the cell-rooms be raised to secure a more perfect ventilation; as I have intimated, the capacity of the prison has been exceeded and there will have to be more cell-room provided if the population continues to increase—a contingency that precedent impels me to believe will obtain; if you deem it expedient to act upon the above recommendation, I would suggest that pro-

The State Prison.

vision be made at the same time for the building of another tier of cells over each block. The work of raising the roofs would be of such a nature as would afford particular facility to the building of the additional cells. This proposed increase of the number of cells would add 140, which would enable us to meet all requirements for the present—and the immediate future, if no uncommon emergency arises.

It would seem to me most judicious if you were to recommend such legislation as would provide us with the means for building a row of ten or fifteen cottages on the vacant property owned by the state, contiguous to and lying northwest of the prison enclosure.

Suitable houses that would rent to prison officers for ten or twelve dollars per month could be built for about \$850 each. Our officers would be better satisfied with such an arrangement and having them so conveniently at hand they could be readily notified to report promptly in case of fire or disorder and without the objectionable disturbance that usually follows an alarm under existing conditions.

This property which is an eye-sore to the community, could in connection with the building be much beautified by having a park or boulevard laid out around the houses, the area common to all to be kept in a neat condition by inmate labor.

I would urgently request that such legislation be enacted as will obviate the confusion that arises from an observance of the provisions of section 4733, R. S. (as amended by chapter 230, laws of 1889).

The sentence carried by a commitment to this institution dates from noon of a given day; sheriffs, having the understanding that this wording would imply, often held the prisoners in the county jail for an unreasonable time before delivering them here. Under the provisions of the section referred to, we are compelled to compute the prisoner's sentence from a day only three days earlier than that of his receipt here which often works an injustice to the convict.

Attention is always brought to the discrepancy when a sheriff brings a prisoner here after an unauthorized detention

Warden's Report.

in jail and he is requested to send us the order of the court authorizing the detention in jail, but through indifference this request is rarely complied with.

The most effective measure that suggests itself to me at this time would be one that deprives a sheriff of remuneration for the maintenance of a convict beyond a period of say three days from the date of his sentence.

The following detailed statement showing the daily cost per capita under the several accounts of expenditure may afford special facility in making comparisons:

Cost of maintenance — Wisconsin State Prison.

	1895.	1896.
Average population	625	606
Barn, farm and garden	\$.00979	and \$.00783
Clothing .....	.03896	.03423
Convicts discharged .....	.02101	.02090
Drugs and med. dept. ....	.00416	.00569
Engine and boilers .....	.00156	.00472
Fuel .....	.04705	.04212
Gas and other lights .....	.00536	.00538
House furnishing .....	.01420	.00851
Laundry .....	.00367	.00332
Repairs and renewals .....	.01233	.00987
Subsistence .....	.16275	.12524
Tobacco .....	.00390	.00392
Wages and salaries .....	.10323	.11364
Board of Control (pro rata) .....	.01142	.01174
All other accounts .....	.02633	.00639
Daily expenditures per capita .....	.46572	.39567
Less,		
In 1895, 60.86 per cent of the population, employed at productive labor earned a per diem per capita of the average of 625, of .....	.24364	.....
and		
In 1896, 58.71 per cent. of the population, employed at productive labor earned a per diem per capita of the average of 606, of .....		.26395
Net daily cost, per capita .....	.22208	.13172

The State Prison.

These results should be very satisfactory to the tax-payers when taken in comparison with those obtained by the operations of previous years and when results obtained in similar institutions in other states are comparatively considered.

I wish, gentlemen, to express my appreciation of the uniform courtesy and consideration that has been accorded me by your honorable body to whom this is

Very respectfully submitted,

JOHN J. ROBERTS,

Warden.

Statistical Tables.

TABLE NO. 1.

Admissions and discharges.

	Male.	Female.	Total.
Number confined Oct. 1st, 1894.....	638	24	662
Received during the year ending Sept. 30, 1895.....	304	13	317
Received during the year ending Sept. 30, 1896.....	314	4	318
Total.....	1,256	41	1,297
	Male.	Female.	
Discharged during the year ending Sept. 30, 1895.....	345	12	.....
Transferred to hospital, insane.....	1	1	.....
Died.....	5	.....	.....
Discharged during the year ending Sept. 30, 1896.....	329	9	.....
Transferred to hospital, insane.....	8	.....	.....
Died.....	5	.....	693 22 715
Remaining Sept. 30, 1896.....	563	19	582

Average number confined during the year:

ending September 30, 1885.....	443
ending September 30, 1886.....	458
ending September 30, 1887.....	448
ending September 30, 1888.....	441
ending September 30, 1889.....	463
ending September 30, 1890.....	523
ending September 30, 1891.....	535
ending September 30, 1892.....	519
ending September 30, 1893.....	537
ending September 30, 1894.....	609
ending September 30, 1895.....	625
ending September 30, 1896.....	606

The State Prison.

TABLE NO. 2.

Whole number of days spent in prison.

	1895.		1896.	
<i>Whole number of days during the year.</i>				
Male	221,475		215,315	
Female	6,744		6,628	
		228,219		221,943
<i>Lost time.</i>				
Sundays and holidays	96,980		95,758	
Sick in hospital	1,970		4,318	
Sick in cellroom	1,527		2,080	
Solitary	29		146	
Dark cell	641		677	
Insane and idiotic	3,373		1,126	
Out on order of court	78		56	
No work	12,904		9,924	
		57,512		54,085
<i>Labor, not directly productive.</i>				
Inside gate	305		518	
Hospital attendants	999		910	
Tier tenders and barber	4,776		5,427	
Main building	1,167		1,357	
Tobacco shop	305		597	
Kitchen			5,598	
Dining rooms	5,482		2,473	
Bakers	915		1,207	
Butchers	610		614	
Laundry	1,888		2,221	
Barn and garden	769		1,539	
Farm	2,723		2,691	
Mending shop	2,950		3,010	
Clothing department	614		614	
Yard	3,664		3,839	
Bean house	805		800	
Warden's residence			309	
Female prisoners	3,841		3,816	
		31,813		37,540
<i>Productive labor.</i>				
Contractors	106,381		101,510	
Knitting shop, manufacturing:				
Male	15,104		14,255	
Female	2,603		2,812	
Building	61			
Tailorshop, manufacturing	11,134		8,016	
Tailorshop, building	44			
Engines and boilers	1,045		1,116	
Warden's residence, building	91			
Kitchen and hospital building	228			
Electric light plant			269	
Miscellaneous repairs	1,903	138,894	2,340	130,318
Total		228,219		221,943
<i>Per cent. of—</i>				
Lost time		25.20		24.37
Labor not productive		13.94		16.92
Productive labor		60.86		58.71

Statistical Tables.

TABLE No. -3.

Consolidated statement of convict labor for the year ending September 30th, 1895.

Month.	Number of days work done.	Average number per day.	Total number of hours.		Total number of days charged.			Amount received.
1894.								
October	10,254	380	102,430	55	10,243	55		\$5,121 54
November	9,243	385	92,380	35	9,238	35		4,619 03
December	9,661	386	96,568	50	9,656	8 50		4,828 44
1895.								
January	9,915	381	99,149	55	9,914	9 55		4,957 50
February	8,095	352	80,958	50	8,095	8 50		4,047 94
March	8,634	332	86,361	11	8,636	1 11		4,318 06
April	8,460	325	84,655	30	8,465	5 30		4,232 77
May	8,156	314	81,541	15	8,154	1 15		4,077 06
June	7,788	311	77,826	35	7,782	6 35		3,891 33
July	8,682	334	86,742	63	8,674	2 03		4,337 10
August	9,198	340	91,984	20	9,198	4 20		4,599 20
September	8,295	345	82,926	50	8,292	6 50		4,146 34
Total	106,381	349	1,063,526	49	106,352	6 49		53,176 31

Consolidated statement of convict labor for the year ending September 30th, 1896.

Month.	Number of days work done.	Average number per day.	Total number of hours.		Total number of days charged.			Amount received.
1895.								
October	9,394	348	93,856	15	9,385	6 15		\$4,692 81
November	8,698	334	86,701	55	8,670	1 55		4,335 08
December	8,705	347	86,822	45	8,682	2 45		4,341 13
1896.								
January	8,604	331	85,666	35	8,566	6 35		4,283 33
February	7,569	324	75,179	20	7,517	9 20		3,758 96
March	8,217	316	81,610	40	8,161	40		4,080 53
April	8,502	315	84,927	03	8,492	7 03		4,231 35
May	8,282	331	82,542	10	8,254	2 10		4,127 11
June	8,526	328	84,913	15	8,491	3 45		4,245 69
July	8,598	337	85,467	...	8,546	7		4,273 35
August	8,320	320	82,783	45	8,278	3 45		4,139 19
September	8,095	324	80,670	35	8,067	35		4,033 53
Total	101,510	329	1,010,841	50	101,084	1 50		50,542 06

The State Prison.

TABLE NO. 4.
SUMMARY OF RECEIPTS.

Counties where convicted.

	1885.	1896		1895.	1896.
Adams	3	..	Milwaukee	10	9
Ashland.....	9	13	Oconto.....	4	4
Barron	7	6	Outagamie	7	3
Brown	7	7	Oneida.....	4	6
Bayfield.....	2	6	Ozaukee.....	2	..
Buffalo .....	..	2	Pierce.....	5	4
Calumet.....	2	7	Price.....	4	1
Chippewa	4	3	Portage	4	7
Clark	1	7	Polk	1	..
Columbia	7	6	Racine.....	9	8
Crawford	1	5	Richland.....	5	4
Dane.....	8	12	Rock	18	13
Dodge.....	4	10	St. Croix.....	4	3
Douglas.....	2	12	Sauk.....	3	5
Dunn	3	4	Sheboygan.....	..	1
Door.....	3	2	Sawyer.....	4	1
Eau Claire.....	3	7	Shawano.....	..	1
Fond du Lac	2	6	Trempealeau	5	1
Forest.....	1	2	Taylor.....	3	..
Grant.....	12	4	Vernon.....	2	1
Green.....	2	2	Vilas.....	3	2
Iron.....	..	8	Waukesha.....	14	6
Iowa.....	..	5	Walworth.....	2	5
Juneau.....	..	3	Winnebago.....	7	8
Jefferson.....	8	4	Waushara.....	..	2
Jackson.....	..	4	Waupaca.....	4	10
Kenosha	4	10	Wood	10	3
La Crosse.....	22	14	Washburn.....	2	1
Lafayette.....	2	2	Washington.....	2	..
Lincoln.....	3	1	U. S. courts	21	11
Langlade.....	..	3	Violating conditions of pardon	1	..
Manitowoc	1	..			
Monroe.....	15	4			
Marathon	12	9	Total.....	317	318
Marinette	7	8			

*Statistical Tables.**Residence, when arrested.*

Counties—	1895.	1896.	Counties—	1895.	1896.
Adams	3	1	Sawyer	1	1
Ashland	11	4	Shawano	1	1
Barron	4	3	Trempealeau	5	1
Buffalo	2	2	Taylor	1	1
Brown	6	7	Vilas	1	1
Bayfield .....	...	6	Vernon	2	2
Calumet	2	1	Winnebago	3	4
Chippewa	1	3	Waupaca	2	2
Crawford .....	...	1	Wood	7	3
Columbia	4	2	Walworth	2	3
Clark .....	...	3	Waukesha	6	3
Dane	5	3	Washington .....	...	1
Dodge	2	3			
Douglas .....	...	5	Total	184	189
Dunn	2	3			
Door	3	7	States and territories:	1895.	1896.
Eau Claire	4	2	California	2	3
Fond du Lac	3	3	Colorado	1	2
Grant	8	2	Connecticut	1	...
Green .....	...	4	District Columbia .....	...	1
Iron .....	...	7	Dakota	1	2
Iowa .....	...	1	Georgia .....	...	1
Juneau	1	2	Illinois	34	33
Jackson .....	...	1	Iowa	3	2
Kewaunee	2	1	Indiana	3	3
Kenosha .....	...	5	Kentucky	1	...
La Crosse	4	7	Kansas .....	...	1
Lafayette	2	1	Louisiana .....	...	1
Lincoln	2	...	Minnesota	17	14
Langlade .....	...	2	Massachusetts	3	3
Manitowoc	2	1	Missouri	8	5
Marathon	10	6	Maryland .....	...	1
Marinette	5	7	Michigan	12	10
Milwaukee	18	17	Montana .....	...	1
Monroe	8	1	New York	8	12
Ozaukee	2	...	Nebraska	1	...
Oconto	2	1	Ohio	8	1
Outagamie	6	3	Pennsylvania	4	6
Oneida	2	5	Tennessee	1	...
Pierce	4	3	Texas	1	1
Price	2	1	Washington	1	...
Portage	5	7			
Racine	1	6	Total	110	103
Richland	6	3			
Rock	10	7	Foreign	5	5
St. Croix	2	2	No home	18	21
Sheboygan .....	...	1			
Sauk	1	3			

The State Prison.

<i>Religious instruction.</i>			<i>Ages.</i>		
	1895.	1896.		1895.	1896.
Protestants.....	129	155	Under 20 years.....	22	30
Catholic.....	98	112	From 20 to 30 years....	153	140
Jews.....	1	2	From 30 to 40 years....	72	96
No religion.....	89	49	From 40 to 50 years....	43	31
Total.....	317	318	From 50 to 60 years....	21	13
	==	==	From 60 to 70 years....	6	8
			Total.....	317	318
				==	==
<i>Sex.</i>			<i>Conjugal relations.</i>		
Male.....	304	314	Married.....	92	99
Female.....	13	4	Single.....	204	203
Total.....	317	318	Widows.....	2	...
	==	==	Widowers.....	16	13
			Divorced.....	3	3
			Total.....	317	318
				==	==
<i>Habits.</i>			<i>How often sentenced.</i>		
Intemperate.....	71	110	First time.....	284	274
Moderate.....	201	162	Second time.....	28	29
Temperate.....	45	46	Third time.....	4	13
Total.....	317	318	Fifth time.....	1	2
	==	==	Total.....	317	318
				==	==
<i>Color.</i>			<i>Reform school.....</i>		
White.....	309	311		2	6
Black.....	2	3		==	==
Mulatto.....	4	4			
Indian.....	2	...			
Total.....	317	318			
	==	==			

*Statistical Tables.**Education.*

	1895.	1896.		1895.	1896.
Read and write English	260	265	Read and write Italian		
German only	13	13	only	....	1
Danish	1	....	Read English only	5	11
French	1	....	German only	....	3
Swede	3	4	Neither read nor write..	32	15
Bohemian	....	2			
Norwegian	1	1	Total	317	318
Finn	....	1			
Polish only	2	1			

Terms of sentence.

	1895.	1896.		1895.	1896.
During life	6	5	Three years	25	29
Thirty years	1	....	Two years and 9 months	1	....
Twenty-five years	1	....	Two years and 6 months	6	5
Twenty years	1	1	Two years	48	51
Eighteen years	2	....	One year and 11 months	....	1
Fifteen years	....	1	One year and 10 months	1	1
Fourteen years	1	1	One year and 8 months	....	2
Ten years	3	5	One year and 6 months	25	26
Eight years	....	2	One year and 3 months	5	1
Seven years and 6 months	....	1	One year and 2 months	1	1
Seven years	3	3	One year and 1 month.	3	1
Six years and 6 months	1	....	One year and 1 day	....	2
Six years	6	2	One year	133	118
Five years and 6 months	....	1	Eleven months	....	1
Five years	11	16	Nine months	1	5
Four years and 6 months	1	1	Eight months	1	2
Four years and 3 months	....	1	Seven months	2	....
Four years	12	20	Six months	14	6
Three years and 9 months	....	1	General term	1	....
Three years and 6 months	1	5	Total	317	318

The State Prison.

Crime.

	1895.	1896.		1895.	1896.
Assault with intent to kill.....	5	11	Keeping house of ill fame	7	2
Assault with intent to do bodily harm.....	8	13	Larceny of all grades....	72	56
Assault with intent to rape.....	9	7	Murder, first degree....	6	5
Assault with intent to rob.....	....	4	Murder, second degree.	5	2
Arson.....	5	5	Murder, third degree... ..	....	1
Adultery.....	15	13	Manslaughter, first degree.....	1	....
Aiding prisoners to escape.....	....	1	Manslaughter, second degree.....	2	3
Abduction.....	2	....	Mayhem.....	1	1
Burglary.....	98	115	Making moulds.....	1	3
Burglary with intent to rape.....	....	1	Malicious mischief.....	....	1
Bigamy.....	1	2	Obstructing R. R. track.	1	4
Blackmail.....	....	1	Obtaining money on false pretenses.....	11	7
Carrying tools into jail.	1	....	Passing counterfeit money.....	1	....
Counterfeiting.....	9	3	Polygamy.....	1	1
Embezzlement.....	4	6	Perjury.....	1	....
Forgery.....	21	26	Robbery.....	6	9
Fornication.....	....	2	Rape.....	2	2
Failure to support.....	1	....	Receiving and concealing stolen goods.....	3	3
Fraudulently receiving deposits.....	1	....	Sodomy.....	2	2
Horse stealing.....	7	2	Seduction.....	....	1
Having burglar tools in his possession.....	1	....	Selling liquor to Indians	1	....
Having moulds in his possession.....	....	1	Vagrancy.....	1	....
Incest.....	3	2	Violating condition of parole.....	1	....
			Total.....	<u>317</u>	<u>318</u>

*Statistical Tables.**Profession or trade.*

	1895.	1896.		1895.	1896
Agent	6	7	Rivermen	1	1
Actor	1	...	Shoe makers	4	6
Blacksmith	4	7	Sailors	4	4
Brakemen	14	11	Scaler .....	...	1
Butchers	3	5	Stone cutters	3	3
Baker	1	3	Stock trader .....	...	1
Brewer .....	...	1	Surveyor	1	...
Barbers	4	6	Saloon keepers	5	8
Book keepers	6	7	Telegraph operator .....	...	1
Book binders .....	...	1	Teamsters	6	1
Brass finisher	1	...	Lumbermen	16	1
Bridge builder	1	...	Lather	1	...
Butter maker .....	...	1	Lithographer .....	...	1
Boiler maker .....	...	1	Miners	1	3
Banker	2	1	Mason	1	3
Brick layer	1	...	Manufacturer .....	...	1
Brick maker .....	...	1	Machinists	7	10
County officer	1	...	Mail carrier	1	1
Conductor	1	...	Moulders	6	7
Candy maker .....	...	1	Musician .....	...	1
Clerks	4	9	Physician	1	...
Cheese maker .....	...	1	Painters	10	9
Cooks	12	10	Printers	3	5
Cigar makers	3	3	Plumber	1	1
Carpenters	11	7	Puddler .....	...	1
Carriage makers	1	1	Porter .....	...	1
Druggists	1	2	Paper maker .....	...	1
Electrician	1	4	Plasterer	1	...
Engineers	3	1	Peddlers	2	...
Farmers	29	30	Tanner .....	...	2
Fireman	4	5	Tailors	5	2
Glassblower	2	2	Teacher .....	...	1
Gasfitters	2	...	Tinsmith .....	...	1
House keepers	13	3	Upholsterers	3	...
Hostlers	4	3	Veterinary surgeon	1	...
Hotel keeper .....	...	1	Waiters	2	6
Harnessmaker	3	1	Wire worker	1	...
Jeweler	1	...	Watch makers	1	1
Laborers	91	96	Wagon makers .....	...	1
			Total	317	318

The State Prison.

Nativity.

Native.	1895.	1896.	Foreign—	1895.	1896.
	Colorado		2	Australia .....	1	1
Connecticut	1	..	Bohemia	1	1
California .....	..	1	Belgium .....	..	1
District of Columbia ..	..	1	Canada	22	23
Georgia .....	..	3	Denmark	2	1
Illinois	24	20	England	2	5
Indiana	5	6	France	2	2
Iowa	5	4	Finland .....	..	5
Kentucky	2	1	Germany	26	28
Kansas .....	..	3	Holland .....	..	2
Louisiana .....	..	1	Ireland	12	9
Michigan	7	9	Italy .....	..	1
Missouri	8	3	Poland .....	..	1
Maine	3	2	Norway	8	7
Minnesota	3	7	Russia	1	2
Massachusetts	5	8	Scotland	3	2
Montana .....	..	1	Sweden	7	8
Maryland	1	2	Switzerland	1	1
New York	31	27	Wales .....	..	1
New Hampshire	1	..			
New Jersey	2	3	Total	87	101
North Dakota .....	..	1			
Ohio	12	7			
Pennsylvania	10	9			
Tennessee	1	1			
Texas .....	..	1			
Vermont	2	2			
Virginia	2	1			
Wisconsin	105	91			
Total	230	217			

Nativity of parents.

Parents born in the United States	122	109
Parents born in foreign countries	161	170
Father born in United States, mother in foreign country	13	7
Mother born in United States, father in foreign country	15	21
Not known	6	11
Total	317	318

Statistical Tables.

TABLE No. 5.

Prisoners discharged.

	1895.	1896.		1895.	1896.
Reduction of time....	307	305	Transferred to hospital for the insane..	2	8
Expiration of time...	11	8	Died.....	5	5
Governor's pardon....	30	19			
President's pardon....	1	....		
Parole	4	....	Total.....	364	351
Order of courts.....	4	6			

Per cent. of pardons granted for the year ending—	To average population.	To number discharged.
September 30, 1885.....	3.16	6.70
September 30, 1886.....	3.73	7.65
September 30, 1887.....	2.90	6.31
September 30, 1888.....	2.94	6.46
September 30, 1889.....	4.10	8.56
September 30, 1890.....	4.02	8.53
September 30, 1891.....	3.94	7.75
September 30, 1892.....	3.66	5.
September 30, 1893.....	2.79	5.72
September 30, 1894.....	2.63	5.95
September 30, 1895.....	4.96	8.49
September 30, 1896.....	3.13	5.41

The State Prison.

TABLE NO. 6.

*Prison population at the close of the year ending September 30th, 1896.**Counties where from.*

Adams	4	Marinette.....	6
Ashland	18	Marathon.....	19
Barron	14	Monroe.....	15
Bayfield	8	Marquette.....	1
Buffalo	2	Oneida.....	7
Brown.....	17	Outagamie.....	7
Calumet.....	9	Oconto.....	7
Chippewa.....	7	Ozaukee.....	1
Clark.....	8	Pierce.....	9
Crawford.....	5	Portage.....	8
Columbia.....	6	Price.....	3
Douglas.....	16	Richland.....	6
Dane.....	19	Racine.....	19
Dodge.....	12	Rock.....	26
Door.....	2	St. Croix.....	4
Dunn.....	5	Shawano.....	3
Eau Claire.....	11	Sauk.....	7
Forest.....	1	Sheboygan.....	4
Fond du Lac.....	10	Sawyer.....	2
Grant.....	9	Taylor.....	1
Green.....	4	Trempealeau.....	1
Green Lake.....	1	Vernon.....	4
Iowa.....	7	Vilas.....	2
Iron.....	8	Walworth.....	8
Jackson.....	5	Waukesha.....	12
Jefferson.....	8	Waupaca.....	16
Juneau.....	4	Waushara.....	7
Kenosha.....	14	Washington.....	2
Kewaunee.....	1	Washburn.....	2
Langlade.....	4	Winnebago.....	15
La Crosse.....	22	Wood.....	18
Lafayette.....	3	United States Court.....	28
Lincoln.....	4		
Milwaukee.....	42	Total.....	582
Manitowoc.....	2		

How often sentenced.

First time.....	502
Second time.....	46
Third time.....	22
Fourth time.....	4
Reform school.....	8
Total.....	582

Color.

White.....	561
Black.....	7
Mulatto.....	7
Indians.....	6
Creole.....	1
Total.....	582

Statistical Tables.

Ages.

Under 20 years.....	51	From 70 to 80 years.....	2
From 20 to 30 years.....	229	From 80 to 90 years.....	2
From 30 to 40 years.....	166		
From 40 to 50 years.....	68	Total	<u>582</u>
From 50 to 60 years.....	41		
From 60 to 70 years.....	23		

Education.

Read and write English.....	452	Read and write Italian only..	1
Read and write German only.	26	Read and write French only..	1
Read and write Swedish only.	5	Read English only.....	16
Read and write Danish only.	1	Read German only.....	5
Read and write Norweigan only.....	4	Neither read nor write.....	<u>61</u>
Read and write Bohemian only	3	Total.....	<u>582</u>
Read and write Polish only..	6		<u>==</u>
Read and write Finn only....	1		

Received in the several years as follows:

1862.....	1	1884.....	5
1863.....	1	1885.....	5
1867.....	1	1886.....	1
1868.....	1	1887.....	5
1869.....	1	1888.....	5
1870.....	1	1889.....	2
1871.....	1	1890.....	12
1872.....	3	1891.....	11
1874.....	3	1892.....	12
1876.....	1	1893.....	39
1877.....	1	1894.....	66
1878.....	1	1895.....	181
1879.....	1	1896.....	215
1880.....	1		
1881.....	1	Total.....	<u>582</u>
1883.....	4		<u>==</u>

The State Prison.

Crime.

Assault with intent to kill..	18	Larceny of all grades	114
Assault with intent to do bodily harm	15	Murder first degree.....	74
Assault with intent to rape.	19	Murder second degree.....	19
Assault with intent to rob..	7	Manslaughter first degree..	2
Arson	14	Manslaughter second degree	5
Aiding prisoners to escape..	1	Manslaughter third degree .	1
Adultery	16	Malicious mischief	1
Abduction	1	Mayhem	1
Burglary	129	Making moulds.....	4
Burglary with intent to rape	1	Obstructing R. R. track....	6
Bigamy	2	Obtaining money or goods on false pretenses.....	9
Blackmail	1	Passing counterfeit money..	1
Counterfeiting	7	Polygamy	1
Carrying tools into jail.....	1	Perjury	1
Embezzlement.....	11	Rape.....	17
Forgery	33	Robbery.....	16
Fornication.....	2	Receiving and concealing stolen goods	3
Fraudulently receiving de- posits	1	Sodomy	5
Horse stealing.....	8	Seduction	1
Having moulds in his pos- session	1	Violating condition of parole	1
Incest.....	10	Total.....	582
Keeping house of ill fame..	2		

Terms of sentence.

During life	77	Three years	62
Thirty years	4	Two years and 9 months	1
Twenty-five years.....	4	Two years and 6 months	13
Twenty-four years.....	1	Two years	82
Twenty-two years.....	1	One year and 11 months.....	1
Twenty years	8	One year and 10 months.....	1
Eighteen years	3	One year and 9 months	1
Seventeen years	2	One year and 8 months.....	2
Sixteen years.....	1	One year and 6 months	30
Fifteen years	5	One year and 3 months	1
Fourteen years	5	One year and 2 months	1
Twelve years	1	One year and 1 month	1
Ten years	23	One year and 10 days	1
Eight years.....	6	One year and 1 day	2
Seven years	11	One year	110
Six years and 6 months	1	Eleven months	1
Six years	14	Nine months	3
Five years and 6 months	1	Eight months	2
Five years.....	44	Six months.....	2
Four years and 6 months.....	2	General term	1
Four years and 3 months.....	1		
Four years	41	Total.....	582
Three years and 9 months....	2		
Three years and 6 months....	6		

Statistical Tables.

TABLE NO. 7.

Life prisoners.

Number confined Oct. 1, 1894.....		81
Received during the year ending Sept. 30, 1895.....	6	
Received during the year ending Sept. 30, 1896.....	5	
	—	11
		—
		92
Discharged on governor's pardon.....	7	
Remanded for new trial.....	3	
Died.....	2	
Transferred to hospital insane.....	3	
	—	15
		—
Remaining Sept. 30, 1896.....		77
		==

Counties where from.

Ashland.....	4	Milwaukee.....	10
Barron.....	1	Monroe.....	1
Brown.....	1	Ozaukee.....	1
Calumet.....	2	Oconto.....	1
Chippewa.....	1	Pierce.....	2
Clark.....	1	Portage.....	1
Dane.....	2	Richland.....	1
Dunn.....	1	Rock.....	5
Dodge.....	3	Shawano.....	2
Douglas.....	1	St. Croix.....	1
Green.....	1	Vernon.....	2
Green Lake.....	1	Waukesha.....	1
Grant.....	2	Walworth.....	1
Iowa.....	2	Winnebago.....	1
Jackson.....	1	Wood.....	2
Jefferson.....	3	Waupaca.....	3
Kenosha.....	3	Waushara.....	3
Langlade.....	1	U. S. courts.....	3
Lincoln.....	1		—
La Crosse.....	1	Total.....	77
Marathon.....	2		==
Manitowoc.....	1		

The State Prison.

<i>Color.</i>		<i>Conjugal relations.</i>	
White.....	66	Married.....	28
Black.....	3	Single.....	29
Indian.....	8	Widows.....	4
	—	Widowers.....	15
Total.....	77	Divorced.....	1
	==		—
		Total.....	77
			==
<i>Ages.</i>		<i>Sex.</i>	
Under 20 years.....	2	Male.....	72
From 20 to 30 years.....	7	Female.....	5
From 30 to 40 years.....	19		—
From 40 to 50 years.....	31	Total.....	77
From 50 to 60 years.....	11		==
From 60 to 70 years.....	5		
From 70 to 80 years.....	2		
	—		
Total.....	77		
	==		

Nativity.

<i>Native.</i>		<i>Foreign.</i>	
Illinois.....	2	Austria.....	1
Missouri.....	1	Bohemia.....	1
Minnesota.....	2	Canada.....	2
Michigan.....	2	England.....	1
New York.....	3	Germany.....	15
Pennsylvania.....	4	Holland.....	2
Tennessee.....	2	Ireland.....	5
Virginia.....	2	Italy.....	1
Wisconsin.....	24	Poland.....	1
	—	Scotland.....	4
	42	Switzerland.....	1
	==	Wales.....	1
			—
			35
			==

Statistical Tables.

Total number of life prisoners received since organization of the prison.

Murder first degree.....	184	
Murder second degree.....	11	
Desertion.....	1	
Rape.....	5	
		<hr/>
		201
Discharged on governor's pardon.....	54	
writ of habeas corpus.....	5	
order secretary of war.....	1	
commutation.....	3	
Remanded for new trial.....	17	
Removed to hospital insane.....	11	
Died.....	29	
Committed suicide.....	2	
Escaped.....	2	124
		<hr/>
Remaining September 30th, 1896.....		77

TABLE No. 8.

Female Prisoners.

Number confined October 1, 1894.....		24
Received during the year ending September 30, 1895.....	13	
Received during the year ending September 30, 1896.....	4	
		<hr/>
		17
Discharged on reduction of time.....	19	
Discharged on governor's pardon.....	2	
Transferred to hospital insane.....	1	
		<hr/>
		22
		<hr/>
Remaining September 30, 1896.....		19

The State Prison.

Counties where from.

Ashland	1	Milwaukee.....	2
Douglas	1	Portage	1
Dodge	1	Richland	1
Grant	1	Racine	1
Green Lake.....	1	Rock	1
Jefferson	1	Shawano	1
Kewaunee	1	Wood	1
Marathon	1		
Monroe.....	2	Total	<u>19</u>
Manitowoc	1		<u>=</u>

Ages.

From 20 to 30 years	3
From 30 to 40 years	9
From 40 to 50 years	4
From 50 to 60 years	3
Total	<u>19</u>
	<u>=</u>

Conjugal relations.

Married	10
Single	1
Widows	8
Total	<u>19</u>
	<u>=</u>

Term of sentence.

During life	5
Twenty-five years	1
Eighteen years.....	1
Fourteen years.....	1
Ten years.....	1
Four years.....	2
Three years	1
Two years.....	5
One year.....	2
Total	<u>19</u>
	<u>=</u>

Crime.

Aiding and abetting an assault with intent to rape.....	1
Assault with intent to kill....	1
Adultery	5
Arson	1
Burglary	1
Larceny	1
Murder, first degree	5
Murder, second degree.....	3
Manslaughter.....	1
Total.....	<u>19</u>
	<u>=</u>

*Statistical Tables.**Nativity.*

Native—		Foreign—	
Illinois	1	Canada	2
Michigan	1	Germany	7
Massachusetts	1	Poland	1
Wisconsin.....	6		
	<u>9</u>	Total.....	<u>10</u>
	<u>=</u>		<u>=</u>

TABLE No. 9.

General term sentences.

(Sentenced under section 1, chapter 30, laws of 1889.)

Received during the year ending Sept. 30, 1889	7	
Received during the year ending Sept. 30, 1890	21	
Received during the year ending Sept. 30, 1891	14	
Received during the year ending Sept. 30, 1892	1	
Received during the year ending Sept. 30, 1893	2	
Received during the year ending Sept. 30, 1894	7	
	<u>52</u>	
Discharged on parole	49	
Discharged on reduction of time	2	
	<u>51</u>	
Remaining September 30, 1896		1
		<u>1</u>

Two were returned for violating conditions of parole, one of which new remains in confinement.

The State Prison.

TABLE NO. 10.

Prison population, number of female prisoners and life members at the close of each fiscal year since the organization of the prison. Number pardoned, died, committed suicide and escaped during the year.

Date.	Prison population.	Females.	Life prisoners.	Pardoned.	Died.	Suicide	Escaped.
April 1, 1852	15						
December 31, 1852	28	2					1
December 31, 1853	61	5			1		
December 31, 1854	71	5		13			
December 31, 1855	72	4	8	14	1		
December 31, 1856	108		12	13	1	1	
December 31, 1857	160						
December 31, 1858	202			16	1		
December 31, 1859	182			29	2		
September 30, 1860	170	12		25			1
September 30, 1861	137	12		26	1		
September 30, 1862	116	4	16	5			
September 30, 1863	131	8	20	14			2
September 30, 1864	120	14	22	9	1		2
September 30, 1865	97	6	24	15	2		2
September 30, 1866	169	10	27	13	1	1	
September 30, 1867	206	15	30	16			
September 30, 1868	184	8	33	11	1		
September 30, 1869	180	9	31	13	1		
September 30, 1870	195	2	35	5			
September 30, 1871	191	7	35	12	1	1	
September 30, 1872	187	7	36	13	2		2
September 30, 1873	180	5	36	14	1		
September 30, 1874	230	7	40	18	1		
September 30, 1875	248	12	37	19	2		
September 30, 1876	266	13	40	22	1	1	
September 30, 1877	290	10	42	27	2	2	
September 30, 1878	346	6	45	19	2		1
September 30, 1879	309	7	48	11	1		
September 30, 1880	277	7	47	13	3	1	
September 30, 1881	305	7	49	6	6		
September 30, 1882	348	7	44	13	3		2
September 30, 1883	366	9	48	16	3		1
September 30, 1884	410	9	50	14	5	1	
September 30, 1885	441	12	49	14	7		
September 30, 1886	450	13	51	17	2		3
September 30, 1887	428	13	52	13	1		
September 30, 1888	438	14	60	13	2		5
September 30, 1889	507	15	64	19	4		1
September 30, 1890	532	17	63	19	10		4
September 30, 1891	529	15	74	23	7		2
September 30, 1892	498	17	77	19	4	2	
September 30, 1893	536	24	77	15	2		
September 30, 1894	662	24	81	16	6		
September 30, 1895	615	24	79	31	5		
September 30, 1896	582	19	77	19	5		
Total				672	101	10	29

Statistical Tables.

TABLE NO. 11.

Exhibit of United States prisoners confined September 30th, 1896.

Number on Register.	Where convicted.	Term of sentence.	Date of sentence.	Crime.
5040	Eastern district.	Life	Sept. 22, '90.	Rape.
5177	Western district.	Life	Mar. 23, '91.	Rape.
5809	Western district.	Life	June 27, '93.	Murder.
6270	Eastern district.	Five years.....	Oct. 19, '94.	Burglary, P. O.
6324	Western district.	Eighteen months	Dec. 10, '94.	Assault with intent to kill.
6356	Western district.	Five years.....	Jan. 31, '95.	Making moulds.
6373	Eastern district.	Two years.....	Feb. 21, '95.	Stealing from P. O.
6457	Eastern district.	Six years.....	June 7, '95.	Counterfeiting.
6463	Eastern district.	Four years.....	June 13, '95.	Stealing from P. O.
6464	Eastern district.	Four years.....	June 13, '95.	Stealing from P. O.
6465	Eastern district.	Four years.....	June 13, '95.	Stealing from P. O.
6467	Eastern district.	Three years.....	June 18, '95.	Counterfeiting.
6468	Eastern district.	One year.....	June 18, '95.	Counterfeiting.
6527	Western district.	Two years.....	Aug. 21, '95.	Burglary of P. O.
6566	Western district.	Three years.....	Sept. 26, '95.	Burglary of P. O.
6567	Western district.	Three years.....	Sept. 26, '95.	Burglary of P. O.
6568	Western district.	Three years.....	Sept. 26, '95.	Presenting false claim.
6597	Eastern district.	Two years.....	Oct. 14, '95.	Having moulds in his possession.
6627	Western district.	One year.....	Nov. 11, '95.	Forgery, P. O. orders.
6668	Western district.	One year.....	Jan. 2, '96.	Making moulds.
6678	Western district.	Two years.....	Jan. 17, '96.	Passing counterfeit money.
6679	Western district.	Thirteen months.	Jan. 17, '96.	Burglary.
6697	Eastern district.	Ten years.....	Feb. 18, '96.	Burglary.
6698	Eastern district.	Ten years.....	Feb. 18, '96.	Burglary.
6797	Western district.	Two years.....	May 12, '96.	Embezzlement.
6798	Western district.	Two years.....	May 12, '96.	Making moulds.
6799	Western district.	Two years.....	May 12, '96.	Making moulds.
6820	Eastern district.	Four years.....	June 12, '96.	Burglary.

The State Prison.

PHYSICIAN'S REPORT.

WAUPUN, Sept. 30, 1896.

To the State Board of Control:

GENTLEMEN:—Following is a biennial report of the work in my department covering the period from October 1, 1894, to October 1, 1896:

I have, because of my greater experience in this prison, been able to report more fully in regard to the work done in the last two years, and feel somewhat more competent to point out the more pressing needs.

I find that a large number of men constantly come under my care who are physically defective, which defect is either congenital or acquired. It is also this class in particular that come in for the largest number of attentions at the physician's hands.

In the first of the tables appended will be found a synopsis of the work done by this department in the past two years.

Table number two shows the inspection of all reporting for every ailment.

Table number three shows in hospital report.

Table number four shows deaths and causes.

Table number five shows insane transferred to the asylum.

The sanitary conditions of the cell houses have been dwelt upon in a special report on the same. Too great care cannot be exercised in securing better and much needed improvement of sanitary conditions in the cell houses.

Here lies the secret, in a large measure, of the heavy percentage of all deaths in this prison being due to tuberculosis. The ravages of this disease (which we can in large measure control) call more urgently than ever for isolation of this class of cases; and, we should be in a position to *absolutely* isolate them all, acute and chronic, early and late, for the

Physician's Report.

greater safety of the other convicts and, incidentally society at large.

Though they are lectured to, and given every facility for cleanliness, they *will* spit any and every where, which causes the sputum to become a serious menace to the health of not only the convicts, but officers as well. The sputum becoming dried, trodden on, etc., is carried in a finely livigated state with every current of air.

The bad sanitary conditions which produce conditions of health termed "below par", general debility, etc., favor the development of catarrh, which disease is a favorable prelude to tuberculosis infection. Turn, if you please, but for a moment and consult the death list in the past two years, and you will readily see the force of my argument. Out of 10 deaths one-half are caused by tuberculosis contracted during confinement here.

Statistics show that of those who die in cloisters and prisons, from 40 to 50 per cent. of the deaths are due to tuberculosis. We have the 50 per cent. Among the general public 15 per cent. of all deaths are due to tuberculosis. These percentages have obtained for many years, and recognition of the cause and effect has been slow by the general public.

As a physician, I should be untrue to my calling, were I to remain silent on this cause of so many deaths. Our hospital facilities have been much increased in capacity; but, it still remains, that while present conditions are much better than ever before; the great need is a *separate and specially constructed hospital building.*

There is little or no denying the fact that should contagious disease of a serious character break out in our midst, but that it would almost certainly bring operations of the factories to a standstill, and enforced quarantine of an unusual inconvenience to bear. The mortality would also be greater than were the hospital absolutely isolated. Fortunately, such serious trouble has not occurred.

There has been a growing need of a competent person to

The State Prison.

have charge of the hospital and its work in the capacity of assistant physician and guard and to have control of the Bertillon system. I have now, and always has there been, a trusty convict as my assistant to fill this place.

In emergencies extra expense is occasioned in operative cases which would, with an assistant physician, be saved. From a business standpoint, aside from a humanitarian one, which is weightier, must it be patent, that the higher the efficiency of the physical, the more value does it impart to the convict's services from a commercial standpoint, and the more capable of reformation and usefulness as citizens when again given their liberty.

The importance of this help cannot be overestimated, being also an additional safeguard and protection.

The lack of surgical equipment, a good microscope and accessories and "up-to-date" operating table are among the pressing needs of this department.

The evils of "doubling up," from a medical and sanitary view are obvious; still more so the moral and reformatory effect.

Our institution is not now, owing to increased populations since its construction, sufficient for the needs of its objects to render that efficient service expected, though the medical department as it now is, is vastly better than ever before, thanks to the warden and the present state board of control.

We have an invalid ward, tuberculosis ward, emergency and surgical ward and accurate case records instituted; also personal records of all cases which heretofore were embodied in general records only.

Many of the old wooden bedsteads have been replaced by iron ones, and the sooner we have all iron bedsteads the better.

True it is, that while I have presented needs that entail expense it is also equally true that, in the long run, the expense now entailed will prove that good health is cheaper in the end than incessant disease, and that prophylaxis will in future

Physician's Report.

become more of a science than now and prove a greater blessing to mankind. With many thanks to the gentlemen of the state board, the warden, and fellow officers for their courtesies and assistance, I have the honor to remain

Your obedient servant,

G. F. MESSER,
Prison Physician.

TABLE No. 1.

Total number convicts in prison Oct. 1, 1894	662
Total number received from Oct. 1, '94, to Sept. 30, '96	635
Total number discharged from Oct. 1, '94, to Sept. 30, '96	715
Total number treated in hospital Oct. 1, '94, to Sept. 30, '96	587
Total number treated in dispensary Oct. 1 '94, to Sept. 30, '96..	21,187
Total number of deaths, Oct. 1, '94, to Sept. 30, '96	10
Total number transferred to asylum, Oct. 1. '94, to Sept. 30, '96	10
Monthly average number in prison	615 1-6
Monthly average number in hospital	24 11-24
Monthly average number treated from dispensary	882 19-24

The State Prison.

TABLE NO. 2.

"Out Hospital Report."

Months.	Number treated.	Medical treatments.	Surgical treatments.	Daily average number treated.	Average number in prison during month.
1894.					
October	714	711	3	23.0+	655
November	756	747	9	25.2	658
December	796	788	8	25.3+	664
1895.					
January	856	851	5	21.1+	657
February	732	714	18	29.8+	650
March	915	893	22	29.5+	628
April	773	759	14	25.7+	589
May	797	777	20	25.7+	594
June	905	886	19	30.1+	591
July	1,015	992	23	32.7+	603
August	776	758	18	25.0+	594
September	755	733	22	25.1+	603
October	707	682	15	26.0+	618
November	841	820	21	28.0+	626
December	871	857	14	28.0+	623
1896.					
January	753	735	18	24.8+	613
February	939	916	23	32.4+	594
March	1,038	1,001	37	33.4+	592
April	840	815	25	28	605
May	743	721	22	24.7+	612
June	720	686	34	24	612
July	1,187	1,128	59	38.2+	606
August	1,008	969	39	35.7+	594
September	750	722	28	25	583
Totals	20,187	19,661	516	666	14,764
Averages	882.7+	819.2+	21.5	27.7+	615½

Physician's Report.

TABLE NO. 3.

In Hospital Report.

Months.	In hospi- tal first of the month	Received during the month	Dischar'd during the month	Number treated each month.	Number of deaths.
1894.					
October	14	2	2	16	.....
November	14	2	1	16	1
December	16	.....	1	16	.....
1895.					
January	15	4	5	19	1
February	14	1	1	15	1
March	14	2	2	16	1
April	14	3	1	17	.....
May	15	2	2	17	.....
June	15	7	3	22	.....
July	19	7	6	26	.....
August	20	.....	1	20	1
September	19	3	3	22	.....
October	19	.....	.....	19	.....
November	19	1	.....	20	.....
December	20	4	4	24	2
1896.					
January	20	2	.....	22	.....
February	22	18	12	40	1
March	28	10	13	38	.....
April	25	4	1	29	.....
May	28	16	19	44	.....
June	20	12	13	32	1
July	19	12	13	31	.....
August	18	19	16	37	1
September	21	8	17	29	.....
Totals	448	139	136	587	10
Averages	18 $\frac{1}{2}$	5 $\frac{1}{2}$	5 $\frac{1}{2}$	24 $\frac{1}{2}$	

The State Prison.

TABLE NO. 4.

Statement showing number of deaths, from Oct. 1, 1894, to Sept. 30, 1896.

No.	Name.	Age.	Entered prison.	Term.	Crime.	Disease.	Date of death.
3277	Wm. Lashway.	45	Mar. 23, '83.	30 yrs.	Rape	Tuberculosis.	Nov. 1, '94.
6109	Wm. Curtis...	43	May, 17 '94.	4 yrs..	Larceny.....	Suicide	Jan. 21, '95.
6187	M. Thomas...	24	June 19, '94.	Life..	Murder.....	Tuberculosis.	Feb. 28, '95.
5745	Robt. Newton.	45	Apr. 28, '93.	25 yrs.	Murder, 2d ..	Marasmus....	Mar. 13, '95.
6293	John Proulx ..	43	Nov. 12, '94.	2 yrs..	Counterfeit'g	Obstruction of bowels...	Aug. 3, '95.
6584	Chas. Royce...	21	Oct. 10, '95.	9 mos.	Larceny.....	Heart disease	Dec. 20, '95.
5408	Kozi-nee.....	72	June 27, '93.	Life..	Murder.....	Tuberculosis.	Dec. 28, '95.
6612	Geo. Rooney....	21	Nov. 1, '95.	2 yrs..	Burglary.....	Tuberculosis.	Feb. 15, '96.
6543	C.W. Armstr'ng	50	Sept. 10, '95.	2 yrs..	Forgery.....	Tuberculosis.	June 9, '96.
6071	J. H. Williams.	35	Apr. 24, '94.	2 y 6m	Aid of prisou- ers to escape.	Inflammation of bowels ..	Aug. 23, '96.

TABLE NO. 5.

Transferred to state hospitals for insane.

No.	Name.	Date of sentence.	TERM.		Date of transfer to hospital.
			Years.	Months.	
3866	Harriet Remle....	Oct. 14, 1885.	Life...	.....	Nov. 24, 1894
5707	P. J. Murphy.....	March 1, 1893.	4	.....	May 14, 1895
4968	Wm. Gales.....	March 28, 1890.	Life...	.....	Feb. 4, 1896
5771	Jerry Keefe.....	June 2, 1893.	7	.....	Feb. 4, 1896
2101	D. L. McNamara..	Dec. 22, 1875.	Life...	.....	Feb. 4, 1896
5940	Wm. Alkens.....	Nov. 27, 1893.	10	.....	Feb. 4, 1896
6327	Chas. Smith.....	Oct. 4, 1890.	10	.....	Feb. 24, 1896
5717	Martin Chesleck..	March 11, 1893.	4	.....	Mch. 6, 1896
6716	Fred Johnson.....	March 2, 1896.	3	.....	Aug. 15, 1896
6560	Otto Lefle.....	Sept. 21, 1895.	1	.....	Aug. 15, 1896

Chaplain's Report.

CHAPLAIN'S REPORT.

Waupun, Wisconsin, October 1st, 1896.

To the State Board of Control:

GENTLEMEN:—Immediately upon receiving the appointment of chaplain at your hands, I entered upon the duties of the office and have sought faithfully and conscientiously to merit the confidence reposed.

The idea of reform; that there are grand possibilities of lifting the criminally depraved to a higher and nobler manhood, has ever been my ideal. This has been demonstrated in the cases of several who have gone out from here, and are now maintaining characters of Christian manhood.

A man is not wholly depraved, nor lost to all sense of honor and right and the higher and nobler designs of his being, when, as I have often seen, the silent tear will start at a reference to home and mother and the purer and holier emotions of the soul.

The Y. P. S. C. E. has been a great help along this line of lifting to a higher and nobler life. And I must not forget to mention the help and encouragement received from the W. C. T. U. and Y. P. S. C. E. from various places throughout the state, in their kind messages and periodicals sent from time to time, which have also been a means of helpfulness.

I am convinced that this work of reform might be enlarged, and its fruits more widely seen, if a belief in its possibility were also more widely extended, and a system of reform adopted or more thoroughly carried out, with some plan for the classification of criminals, and a system of rewards and grades for meritorious conduct.

The school continues to be a means of much good. The majority of those who avail themselves of this privilege are being benefited in a greater or less degree according to their age and the diligence with which they employ their time and opportunity; while several have made marked improvement.

The State Prison.

One in particular who could neither read nor write made such advancement that at the end of his one year's service, he could read in the third reader, compose and write a reasonably good letter in a fairly good hand.

I find that constant care is needed in the oversight and inspection of letters, to prevent correspondence with parties of questionable reputation, and also to guard against the circulating of reports that might be derogatory to the institution and its management.

To stop all correspondence with many of these convicts with their former associates of like or worse character than themselves, I regard as a long step in the direction of reform.

Respectfully submitted,

W. G. BANCROFT,

Chaplain.

Current Expense Fund.

STATEMENT OF CURRENT EXPENSE FUND—1895.

1894.			
Oct. 1	Balance		\$7,997 69
1895.			
April 25	Appropriation, chap. 356, laws 1895....		45,000 00
April 25	Appropriation, chap. 356, laws 1895, deficiency to March 1, 1895.....		30,000 00
Sept. 30	Steward for convict labor during the year		55,065 37
Sept. 30	Steward for sundries during the year..		6,245 26
1895.			
April 15	Transferred to warden's residence fund to balance.....	\$6 98	
April 25	Amount of appropriation for deficiency credited last year.....	20,000 00	
Aug. 27	Transferred for expenses Board of Con- trol.....	2,604 94	
Sept. 30	Paid on account of current expenses this year.....	98,918 14	
Sept. 30	Balance transfers tailor and knitting shops	169 25	
Sept. 30	Balance in hands of treasurer 22,094.57		
Sept. 30	Balance in hands steward of institution..... 514.44	22,609 01	
		\$144,308 32	\$144,308 32

STATEMENT OF CURRENT EXPENSE FUND—1896.

1895.			
Oct. 1	Balance		\$22,609 01
1896.			
Mar. 13	Authority to create indebtedness.....		40,000 00
Sept. 30	Transfer additional cell rooms, etc....		791 55
Sept. 30	Balance transfers tailor and knitting shops		212 48
Sept. 30	Convict labor, from steward, including profits tailor and knitting shops....		55,816 15
Sept. 30	Steward for sundries.....		3,144 27
Aug. 15	Transferred for expenses Board of Con- trol.....	\$2,604 94	
Sept. 30	Paid on account of current expenses this year.....	89,133 37	
Sept. 30	Balance, appropriations in state treas- ury	30,382 33	
Sept. 30	Balance in hands of steward 452 82	30,835 15	
		\$122,573 46	\$122,573 46
Oct. 1	Balance		30,835 15

The State Prison.

STATEMENT OF KNITTING SHOP FUND, 1895-1896.

1894.			
Oct. 1	Balance		\$842 84
Oct. 12	Set apart as per chapter 437, laws 1887		10,000 00
1896.			
Sept. 30	Receipts for the biennial period		9,746 20
Sept. 30	Current expense fund transferred.....		140 00
Sept. 30	Expenditures during biennial period..	\$16,429 47	
Sept. 30	Convict labor profits during biennial period	1,358 88	
Sept. 30	Balance	2,940 69	
		\$20,729 04	\$20,729 04
1896.			
Oct. 1	Balance		\$2,940 69

STATEMENT OF TAILOR SHOP FUND, 1895-96.

1894.			
Oct. 1	Balance		\$874 07
1896.			
Sept. 30	Receipts during biennial period		7,437 75
Sept. 30	Current expense fund, transfer clothing		4,003 12
Sept. 30	Expenditures during biennial period..	\$4,889 05	
Sept. 30	Convict labor, profits during biennial period.....	5,804 27	
Sep. 30	Balance	1,621 62	
		\$12,314 94	\$12,314 94
1896.			
Oct. 1	Balance.....		\$1,621 62

Appropriation Funds.

STATEMENT OF SPECIAL APPROPRIATION FUNDS.

CLASSIFIED ITEMS.	Balance available Oct. 1, 1894.	Appropriations, 1895.	Current expense fund to balance.	Expended during biennial period.	Balance available Sept. 30, 1896.
Warden's residence.....	\$1,056 87	.....	\$6 98	\$1,063 85	.....
Additional cell room and repairs to main building....	810 08	.....	.....	810 08	.....
Land purchase, forty acres ...	.....	\$5,000 00	.....	.....	\$5,000 00
Electric lighting plant.....	.....	15,000 00	.....	8,664 04	6,335 96
Totals.....	\$1,866 95	\$20,000 00	\$6 98	\$10,537 97	\$11,335 96

*The State Prison.*STATEMENT OF
At the Wisconsin State Prison for the

CLASSIFIED ITEMS.	Inventory September 30, 1894.	Purchased during the year.	Trans- ferred to this ac- count dur- ing the year.	Total.
Accounts receivable	\$607 00			\$607 00
Armory	174 60	\$27 00		201 60
Barn, farm and garden	9,886 20	1,533 83	\$147 75	11,567 78
Clothing	1,129 61	7,101 85	3,110 60	11,342 06
Convicts discharged		4,792 10		4,792 10
Convicts' earnings		225 42		225 42
Convicts escaped		163 30		163 30
Discount				
Drug and medical de- partment	459 77	938 46		1,398 23
Exchange		25 00		25 00
Engines and boilers	12,323 99	342 76		12,666 75
Freight and express (not classified)		11 20		11 20
Fire apparatus	704 02	359 94		1,063 96
Fuel	1,886 00	9,784 98		11,670 98
Furniture	5,498 20	45 29	534 00	6,077 49
Gas and other lights	1,025 65	1,373 27		2,398 92
House furnishing	8,969 88	2,423 12		11,393 00
Indebtedness previous year		468 51		468 51
Laundry	1,206 80	915 33		2,122 13
Machinery and tools	863 69	77 26	61 70	1,002 65
Means of instruction	2,432 90	91 04		2,523 94
Miscellaneous	698 04	495 66		1,193 70
Officers' expenses		176 25		176 25
Printing, postage, sta- tionery and telegraph	156 02	514 26		670 28
Real estate, including buildings, etc.	393,842 05		13,749 19	407,591 24
Repairs and renewals	1,323 45	2,566 06		3,889 51
Scraps			197 33	197 33
Subsistence	943 52	37,310 86	2,084 10	40,338 48
Tobacco	201 60	755 64		957 24
United States			2,364 06	2,364 06
Wages and salaries		26,490 07		26,490 07
Steam heating	749 19			749 19
Stone quarry	29 65	32 05		61 70
Totals	\$445,111 83	\$99,040 51	\$22,248 73	\$566,401 07
Discounts		122 37		
		\$98,918 14		\$465,829 03
Net expenses				\$100,572 04

Add amount assigned to this institution and set apart by the Secretary of

Current Expenses.

CURRENT EXPENSES

fiscal year ending September 30, 1895.

Inventory September 30, 1895.	Cash re- ceived on this account during the year.	Transferred from this account dur- ing the year.	Total.	Gained.	Expended.
	\$562 00	\$45 00	\$607 00		
\$175 10		16 00	191 10		\$10 50
3,429 90	2,914 53	2,989 60	9,334 03		2,233 75
2,453 58			2,453 58		8,888 48
					4,792 10
					225 42
					163 30
	3 82	122 37	126 19	\$126 19	
448 80	1 25		450 05		948 18
					25 00
9,435 80		2,775 70	12,211 50		455 25
					11 20
514 00		310 00	824 00		239 96
926 00	12 24		938 24		10,732 74
5,823 10		200 00	6,023 10		54 39
1,060 45	116 11		1,176 56		1,222 36
8,136 56	16 00		8,152 56		3,240 44
					468 51
939 39		346 00	1,285 39		836 74
348 75		323 25	672 00		330 65
1,370 30		1,026 00	2,396 30		127 64
561 39	6 70	49 75	617 84		575 86
					176 25
122 02			122 02		548 26
407,591 24			407,591 24		
323 20	20 95	731 33	1,075 48		2,814 03
	197 33		197 33		
668 49	30 27	2,511 81	3,210 57		37,127 91
56 65			56 65		900 59
	2,364 06		2,364 06		
		2,941 35	2,941 35		23,548 72
		749 19	749 19		
		61 70	61 70		
\$444,384 72	\$6,245 26	\$15,199 05	\$465,829 03	\$126 19	\$100,698 23
					126 19
					\$100,572 04
State for salaries and expenses of Board of Control.....					2,604 94
					\$103,176 98

*The State Prison.*STATEMENT OF
At the Wisconsin State Prison for the

CLASSIFIED ITEMS.	Inventory September 30, 1895.	Purchased during the year.	Trans- ferred to this ac- count dur- ing the year.	Total.
Accounts receivable.....				
Armory.....	\$175 10	\$23 10		\$198 20
Barn, farm and garden.....	3,429 90	931 02	\$24 70	4,385 62
Clothing.....	2,453 58	6,213 13	892 52	9,559 23
Convicts discharged.....		4,681 35		4,681 35
Convicts' earnings.....		266 76		266 76
Convicts escaped.....		286 82		286 82
Discounts.....				
Drug and medical dept..	448 80	1,203 34		1,652 14
Exchange.....		22 40		22 40
Engines and boilers.....	9,435 80	452 82	140 00	10,028 62
Freight and express (not classified).....		7 25		7 25
Fire apparatus.....	514 00			514 00
Fuel.....	926 00	9,022 97		9,948 97
Furniture.....	5,823 10	151 97	93 00	6,068 07
Gas and other lights.....	1,060 45	1,186 51		2,246 96
House furnishing.....	8,136 56	2,116 23	27 50	10,280 29
Indebtedness previous year.....		761 09		761 09
Laundry.....	939 39	660 14		1,599 53
Library.....		417 14	705 00	1,122 14
Machinery and tools.....	348 75	140 14		488 89
Means of instruction.....	1,370 30	101 11		1,471 41
Miscellaneous.....	561 39	593 95		1,155 34
Officers' expenses.....		226 58		226 58
Printing, postage, sta- tionery and telegraph.....	122 02	606 63		728 65
Real estate, including buildings, etc.....	407,591 24		2,282 66	409,873 90
Repairs and renewals.....	323 20	2,898 59		3,221 79
Scraps.....			56 27	56 27
Subsistence.....	668 49	28,043 42	1,896 08	30,607 99
Tobacco.....	56 65	850 54		907 19
United States.....			2,330 00	2,330 00
Wages and salaries.....		26,104 91		26,104 91
Water supply.....		1,382 66		1,382 66
Totals.....	\$444,384 72	\$89,352 57	\$8,447 73	\$542,185 02
Discounts.....		219 20		
		\$89,133 37		459,759 49
Net expenses.....				\$82,425 53

Add amount assigned to this institution and set apart by the Secretary

Current Expenses.

CURRENT EXPENSES.

fiscal year ending September 30, 1896.

Inventory September 30, 1896.	Cash re- ceived on this account during the year.	Trans- ferred from this ac- count dur- ing the year.	Total.	Gained.	Expended.
\$770 71			\$770 71	\$770 71	
195 50			195 50		\$2 70
3,587 49	\$639 74	\$1,896 08	6,123 31	1,737 69	
1,805 23	29 60	132 00	1,966 83		7,592 40
		45 00	45 00		4,636 35
					266 76
					286 82
		219 20	219 20	219 20	
402 76		120 50	523 26		1,128 88
					22 40
8,980 48	96		8,981 44		1,047 18
					7 25
514 00			514 00		
600 00	5 80		605 80		9,343 17
5,981 29			5,981 29		86 78
1,054 07			1,054 07		1,192 89
8,391 39			8,391 39		1,888 90
					761 09
863 10			863 10		736 43
1,090 16			1,090 16		31 98
370 25			370 25		118 64
696 85		705 00	1,401 85		69 56
684 95	11 90		696 85		458 49
					226 58
222 32			222 32		506 33
409,873 90			409,873 90		
222 40	18 27	1,747 82	1,988 49		1,233 30
	56 27		56 27		
600 41	51 73	2,177 70	2,829 84		27,778 15
37 00			37 00		870 19
	2,330 00		2,330 00		
		1,245 00	1,245 00		24,859 91
		1,382 66	1,382 66		
\$446,944 26	\$3,144 27	\$9,670 96	\$459,759 49	\$2,727 60	\$85,153 13
					2,727 60
					\$82,425 53
					2,604 94
					\$85,030 47

of State for salaries and expenses of Board of Control.....

The State Prison.

STATEMENT OF MONEYS RECEIVED AT THE INSTITUTION

	Year ending Sept. 30, 1895.	Year ending Sept. 30, 1896.
Accounts receivable.....	\$562 00	.....
Barn, farm and garden.....	2,914 53	\$639 74
Convict labor.....	53,176 31	50,542 06
Clothing.....	.....	29 60
Discount.....	3 82	.....
Drug and medical department.....	1 25	.....
Engine and boilers.....	.....	96
Fuel.....	12 24	5 80
Gas and other lights.....	116 11	.....
House furnishing.....	16 00	.....
Miscellaneous.....	6 70	11 90
Repairs and renewals.....	20 95	18 27
Scraps.....	197 33	56 27
Subsistence.....	30 27	51 73
United States.....	2,364 06	2,330 00
Knitting shop.....	4,808 58	4,935 78
Tailor shop.....	3,811 66	3,612 91
Totals.....	\$68,041 81	\$62,235 02

Products from Farm and Garden.

PRODUCTS FROM FARM AND GARDEN.

ARTICLES.	1895.		1896.	
	Quantity.	Value.	Quantity.	Value.
Beans	63½ bu.	\$77 25	11½ bu.	\$5 75
Beef			3,447 lbs.	191 79
Beets	315 bu.	101 00	356 bu.	144 50
Cabbage	7,155 h'ds	267 75	11,532 h'ds	298 55
Carrots	531 bu.	191 50	419½ bu.	108 13
Corn	1,559 bu.	459 75	1,157 bu.	126 50
Corn-stalks, estimated		125 00		60 00
Celery			75 h'ds	75
Cucumbers	270 bu.	135 00	26 bu.	13 00
Hay, marsh	20 tons	60 00	5 tons	25 00
Lettuce	19½ b'rls	19 50	20 bu.	5 00
Onions	161 bu.	55 00	445 bu.	158 50
Oats	400 bu.	80 00	245 bu.	39 20
Peas	20 bu.	20 00	69½ bu.	55 50
Pork	761 lbs.	49 14	9,300 lbs.	495 92
Potatoes	4,658 bu.	1,360 25	4,662 bu.	963 45
Radishes	15½ bu.	15 50	26 bu.	26 00
Rutabagas	1,668 bu.	459 00	500 bu.	100 00
Tomatoes	5 bu.	2 50	70 bu.	35 00
Turnips	60 bu.	16 25	74 bu.	28 40
Veal	316 lbs.	18 96	263 lbs.	19 34
		\$3,513 35		\$2,900 28
<i>Amount sold:</i>				
Calf			1	8 00
Calfskins	9	8 05	3	1 60
Cows	7	222 00		
Hides			469 lbs.	18 01
Hogs	63,439 lbs.	2,640 73	18,700 lbs.	610 63
Horses	1 pair	40 00		
Total		\$6,424 13		\$3,538 52



FIFTH BIENNIAL REPORT

OF THE

State Public School

FOR THE

Two Fiscal Years Ending September 30, 1896.

OFFICERS.

S. S. LANDT,	SUPERINTENDENT.
PETER WILLIAMS, }	STATE AGENTS.
H. R. RAWSON, }	
ARTHUR DE GROFF,	CLERK.

TEACHERS.

MISS MAUDE E. UTTER,	MISS MAUD GALE,
MISS EDNA JONES,	MISS MINNIE VAN ANTWERP,
MISS KATHARINE MAC MILLAN,	MISS JULIA C. TORKELSON.

MATRONS.

MRS. JEMIMA I. BREWER (General),	MISS NELLIE ROBINSON,
MISS LUCY SULLIVAN,	MRS. AGNES H. HEATH,
MISS MATILDA JOHNSON,	MRS. ANNIE B. WILLIAMS,
MRS. AMELIA C. LEIGHTON.	

SUPERINTENDENT'S REPORT.

To the State Board of Control:

GENTLEMEN:—In submitting my biennial report I respectfully ask your consideration of the following brief statement of certain conditions and characteristics of the school, which have presented themselves to me most forcibly since I entered upon the duties of superintendent.

THE STATE A PARENT.

I had not been here but a short time before I realized the fact that the conditions are in no particular similar to those of reformatory institutions and that the rules usually established for other public homes for state purposes, if strictly followed, would fail to bring about the effect contemplated in the purpose of this school.

While it is true, some of the children brought here have already formed bad habits, and a few may be incorrigible, the majority are children of good habits and need parental kindness and to be surrounded with conditions as near to the real home as circumstances permit. With this fact in view I have endeavored to impress all of the officers and attendants with a sense of high moral responsibility, and to make this a home in fact, as well as in name. I am pleased to say that the results more than exceed my expectations. Each cottage is a home in itself and is presided over by a competent matron, the children having been classed according to age and sex. The daily life of the inmates is not much different from what they would find in an average home. Our cottage matrons are firm with the unruly, but kind and considerate to all, and corporal punishment is rarely necessary—and then is administered as if by a parent. We have no unnatural or cruel methods of punishment in any department. Persistent violation of reasonable restrictions is not tolerated and the most incorrigible soon find that obedience will be exacted.

State Public School.

Absolute cleanliness and perfect sanitary conditions are easily and universally obtained, and the general health of the inmates is even superior to conditions in the homes of many who come here, and the fact of having passed safely through an epidemic of measles last winter in which one hundred and fifty cases were treated without the loss of a single child or other serious consequences, bears proof of this assertion, as well as evidence of the superior ability of our attending physician, Dr. W. T. Sarles, who has been extremely successful, not only with these, but all other cases to which he has been called at the Institution.

THE SCHOOL DEPARTMENT.

In the school the management is very much the same as in the average common school. It is graded from kindergarten and primary to the higher common branches, and in the matter of discipline is neither more nor less strict than any public school. Our corps of teachers are capable, earnest and conscientious, and are just as kind, considerate and attentive to good work as if the children's parents were holding them to responsibility.

Except some of the older ones who are out during the summer, all children are in school every school day, and in addition to the regular school program they are drilled one half hour in chapel each morning through the week, except Saturday, and again assemble for Sabbath school Sunday afternoon, and while here, as in other chapel exercises, they are instructed just as the children are in any community except that no particular church creed or doctrine is taught, but all allowed perfect freedom of choice.

FINDING HOMES.

No provision of the law regulating this institution is wiser or is more far-seeing than that which enables the state to reach out a strong arm of protection to its helpless wards after they are placed in a family. Too much care cannot be

Superintendent's Report.

exercised in first investigating the character of the home and people where a child is to be indentured, and, second, in keeping watch of the welfare of the child while in such home. To assume the care of dependent and neglected children and then place them in homes where they are made beasts of burden, poorly fed and meanly clothed and inhumanely treated would be worse than brutal, and I am glad to say that the humane purposes of the state in this particular are rightly comprehended and faithfully carried out by our state agents, Messrs. Williams and Rawson.

Before a child is given to a family, a careful inquiry is made of the character of the people and the fostering care of the state is never relaxed till the child passes beyond our control. The daily life at the school is not a mere matter of red tape, nor will it run itself. There are good and bad dispositions which must mingle, and to restrain the evil and protect the good requires constant watchfulness. The parental idea,—the conscientious sense of duty and grave responsibility must be in the mind and heart of every officer and attendant about the school.

ENTERTAINMENT.

Children here are just the same as children everywhere, and to confine hundreds within the walls of a home with no means of entertainment is cruelty. We have resorted to various kinds of entertainment, such as exercises in which all take part, consisting of singing, reciting, etc., and find that both are pleasing and profitable. I regard this as a decidedly important consideration.

School study, eating and sleeping do not fill all the time, and here as elsewhere the evil minded find plenty to do. We should be able to afford means of entertainment for idle moments. The play ground in summer time with its swings, turning poles and other amusements in a measure solves this question, but in winter, time hangs heavily, and it is then that the exercises referred to are so greatly enjoyed.

State Public School.

THE FARM AND GARDEN.

We have been especially fortunate this year in demonstrating the important relation of the farm to the institution, as we have raised nearly all the feed necessary for the dairy, which consists of an unsurpassed herd of twenty-six grade Holstein milch cows which afford an abundance of milk for every inmate. We also have a large number of fine hogs which will supply sufficient pork, and by the addition of the new slaughter house, it will prove a great saving in killing much of our own meat.

In accordance with my belief, that the economy of the farm lies more in the vegetable line than in grain, except corn for the silo and other feed for stock, I have, to a great extent, enlarged the vegetable department and as a result we have been rewarded with a most liberal supply of vegetables of all kinds for table and other uses, including some small fruit, currants and strawberries, and melons by the wagon load.

The farm work is mostly done by the larger boys who prefer this to idleness and it is better they should be employed while here, and particular pains is taken to instruct them in the best ways of doing common farm and garden work.

OUR NEEDS.

We are still in need of a central heating plant, and other modes of lighting as suggested to you by the former superintendent, and I fear that long delay in this regard will result in great harm, as the furnaces in nearly all the cottages are in bad condition. Besides this, their capacity is not sufficient to give us the necessary heat in extreme weather. Our engineer, Mr. Sands, has put them in as good shape as possible for the winter and we are hoping for best results.

The new hospital building is now fairly under way, and when completed will be a most valuable acquisition to the institution and render the care of the sick much easier and far more comfortable to them.

Superintendent's Report.

I am also inclined to the opinion that with a very slight appropriation much might be done to improve the grounds. I have this year extended the drive across them to intersect the highway on the north at no expense whatever, thus assuring the fact of no considerable expense. There should be walks, some more trees, and some ornamental work on the grounds, which can be done by the inmates of the school. In the same way very many improvements, useful and ornamental, may be made with very little outlay of money, by using the labor of older inmates who are better thus employed.

In conclusion, gentlemen of the board, permit me to express a sense of obligation to you for your most generous cooperation in my duties here. Your thorough comprehension of the true character of this work and your readiness to carry out those broad principles has made it possible to at least demonstrate the fact that kindness and humane theories are indispensable to the proper management of this institution.

I am also greatly helped by the efficient services of the clerk, Mr. De Groff, and our general matron, Mrs. Brewer. The work of the superintendent would also be difficult without cottage matrons who are in harmony with his methods and faithful in their duties and I am pleased to report that in this particular I am most ably assisted by them, as well as by the excellent corps of teachers in the school.

Respectfully submitted,

S. S. LANDT,
Superintendent.

State Public School.

TABLE NO. 1.

Number of children received and number dropped from the rolls during the period from November 27, 1886, when the first children were received, until September 30, 1896; together with present disposition of all now wards of the state.

	1895.				1896.			
	Boys.	Girls.	Total.	Total.	Boys.	Girls.	Total.	Total.
Total number received since beginning	919	526	....	1445	1021	583	....	1604
Of whom there has been:								
Adopted	15	34	49	....	18	36	54	....
Married .....	...	5	5	....	...	6	6	....
Died	12	8	20	....	14	10	24	....
Returned to counties	59	50	109	....	67	51	118	....
Returned to homes	6	...	6	....	6	...	6	....
Hospital for insane	1	...	1	....	1	...	1	....
Transferred to industrial schools.	24	2	26	....	25	2	27	....
Escaped from homes and not recaptured	44	3	47	....	53	3	56	....
Total	161	102	....	263	184	108	....	292
Leaving as wards of the school and under charge of the board Sept. 30.	758	424	....	1182	837	475	....	1312
Of these there are:								
In families on indenture	469	295	764	....	588	362	950	....
In families on trial	55	43	98	....	54	44	98	....
On vacation and expired indenture	17	14	31	....	17	15	32	....
In school for blind	1	...	1	....	1	...	1	....
Committed to industrial school ..	4	1	5	....	5	1	6	....
Remaining in the institution Sept. 30.....	212	71	283	....	172	53	225	....
Total wards of the school	758	424	....	1182	837	475	....	1312

Statistical Tables.

TABLE No. 2.

Movement of population.

	1895.	1896.
No. remaining in the school Oct. 1, 1894 and 1895.....	266	283
No. returned from homes.....	89	118
No. admitted during the year.....	217	159
Total.....	572	560
No. placed in homes on indenture during the year.....	262	321
No. returned to counties from the institution.....	25	9
No. died in the institution.....	1	2
No. transferred to industrial school from the institution.....	.....	2
No. hospital for treatment.....	1	1
No. remaining in the institution Sept. 30, 1895 and 1896....	283	225
Total.....	572	560
Average in the school for the year... ..	270	237

TABLE No. 3.

Ages of children admitted.

	1895.			1896.		
	Boys.	Girls.	Total.	Boys.	Girls.	Total.
Between 3 and 4 years.....	5	7	12	3	6	9
Between 4 and 5 years.....	7	10	17	10	.....	10
Between 5 and 6 years.....	12	8	20	6	8	14
Between 6 and 7 years.....	11	14	25	8	4	12
Between 7 and 8 years.....	15	6	21	14	4	18
Between 8 and 9 years.....	13	11	24	10	4	14
Between 9 and 10 years.....	13	4	17	13	9	22
Between 10 and 11 years.....	23	8	31	12	4	16
Between 11 and 12 years.....	14	3	17	9	8	17
Between 12 and 13 years.....	12	7	19	12	4	16
Between 13 and 14 years.....	10	4	14	4	7	11
Totals.....	135	82	217	101	58	159

State Public School.

TABLE NO. 4.

Parentage of children admitted.

	1895.	1896.	Total.
Orphans.....	13	12	25
Having father living.....	60	39	99
Having mother living.....	44	40	84
Having both parents living.....	100	68	168
Total	217	159	376
Number whose parents are separated.....	17	7	24
Number abandoned by father.....	60	51	111
Number abandoned by mother.....	16	24	40
Number whose father was convicted of crime.....	11	9	20
Number whose mother was convicted of crime.....	7	4	11
Number whose father was intemperate.....	35	27	62
Number whose mother was intemperate.....	.....	8	8
Number whose father is or was insane.....	6	10	14
Number whose mother is or was insane.....	18	6	22
Number who came from the poorhouse.....	20	12	36

Statistical Tables.

TABLE NO. 5.

Nativity of parents of children committed in 1895 and 1896, and from the beginning,

	Up to 1895.	1895 and 1896.		
		Boys.	Girls.	Total.
American	641	111	73	825
Bohemian	20	7	5	32
Belgian	3	.....	.....	3
Danish	4	.....	.....	4
Dutch	7	.....	.....	7
English	26	.....	.....	26
French	32	2	2	36
German	254	33	17	304
Irish	21	9	4	34
Italian	1	.....	.....	1
Negro	13	2	4	19
Norwegian	62	9	1	72
Poles	10	2	4	16
Scotch	7	.....	.....	7
Swiss	2	.....	.....	2
Swede	11	3	2	16
Welsh	7	.....	.....	7
Unknown, not given	101	58	26	185
Half breeds	6	.....	.....	6
Canadian French .....	.....	2	.....	2
Total	1,228	238	138	1,604

State Public School.

TABLE No. 6.

Number received from each county.

	1895.			1896.		
	Boys.	Girls.	Total.	Boys.	Girls.	Total.
Adams				1		1
Ashland	4	2	6	2	1	3
Barron	1		1	6	1	7
Brown	1	2	3			
Bayfield	1	1	2	1	3	4
Chippewa	10	5	15	3		3
Clark	6	3	9	2	3	5
Columbia		3	3			
Crawford	3	4	7	3	3	6
Dane	1		1	3	2	5
Door					1	1
Douglas	2		2			
Dodge	1		1	2		2
Dunn	2		2			
Eau Claire	7	3	10	3		3
Fond du Lac	1	1	2	1	3	4
Florence				2	1	3
Grant		3	3			
Green	1		1		1	1
Iowa	1	1	2	1		1
Jackson	4		4	1	2	3
Jefferson	3	1	4			
Juneau	3	1	4	2		2
Lafayette	1		1	1		1
Langlade	2	3	5	2	2	4
La Crosse	5		5	5		5
Lincoln	2	1	3	1		1
Manitowoc				1	4	5
Milwaukee	22	11	33	16	11	27
Monroe	3	3	6	4		4
Marinette		1	1		1	1
Oconto	3	1	4	2	1	3
Outagamie	3	2	5	6	1	7
Polk	1		1	1		1
Pepin					3	3
Portage		2	2			
Price	2		2	3	2	5
Racine	3		3			
Richland	1	4	5			
Rock		2	2	5	1	6
Sauk	4	2	6	3	1	4
Sheboygan				1		1
St. Croix	10	6	16	1	1	2
Trempealeau	6	1	7			

Statistical Tables.

TABLE No. 6—Continued.

Number received from each county.

	1895.			1896.		
	Boys.	Girls.	Total.	Boys.	Girls.	Total.
Taylor.....				1		1
Vernon.....	2	3	5	3	3	6
Walworth.....		1	1		2	2
Waupaca.....	2		2	2	1	3
Winnebago.....	1		1	9	2	11
Wood.....	3	5	8			
Waukesha.....	5	2	7			
Washburn.....	2	2	4	1	1	2
	135	82	217	101	58	159

TABLE No. 7.

Average number of children in school by months and years.

	1895.			1896.		
	Boys.	Girls.	Total.	Boys.	Girls.	Total.
October.....	199	62	261	207	70	277
November.....	198	65	263	205	62	267
December.....	199	68	267	199	54	253
January.....	198	67	265	190	53	243
February.....	193	61	254	181	49	230
March.....	194	60	254	177	47	224
April.....	195	65	260	175	44	219
May.....	200	73	273	175	47	222
June.....	200	72	272	171	49	220
July.....	212	75	287	174	52	226
August.....	217	78	295	178	51	229
September.....	211	76	287	178	57	235
Average for the year.....	201	69	270	184	53	237

State Public School.

TABLE No. 8.

Number received, indentured and placed in homes each month.

	1895.						1896.					
	Received.			Indentured.			Received.			Indentured.		
	Boys.	Girls.	Total.	Boys.	Girls.	Total.	Boys.	Girls.	Total.	Boys.	Girls.	Total.
October	6	10	16	13	13	26	9	8	17	20	14	34
November	6	2	8	9	8	17	14	7	21	27	26	53
December	7	8	15	5	5	10	7	14	23	13	26	39
January	10	4	14	12	13	25	2	1	3	12	13	25
February	5	3	8	5	3	8	5	2	7	22	8	30
March	18	5	23	22	9	31	15	4	19	23	9	32
April	13	13	31	17	11	28	8	7	15	8	6	14
May	10	8	18	20	12	32	12	8	20	19	6	25
June	19	5	24	12	10	22	6	3	9	9	7	16
July	15	10	25	9	7	16	5	5	10	9	3	12
August	11	7	18	14	6	20	10	5	15	10	8	18
September	10	7	17	10	16	26	8	1	9	3	2	5
Total	135	82	217	148	113	261	101	58	159	185	115	300

TABLE No. 9.

Ages of children now in the institution.

	Boys.	Girls.	Total.
Number between the ages of 3 and 4	2	5	7
Number between the ages of 4 and 5	3	2	5
Number between the ages of 5 and 6	9	8	17
Number between the ages of 6 and 7	18	5	23
Number between the ages of 7 and 8	28	10	38
Number between the ages of 8 and 9	20	8	28
Number between the ages of 9 and 10	8	6	14
Number between the ages of 10 and 11	12	6	18
Number between the ages of 11 and 12	11	10	21
Number between the ages of 12 and 13	12	3	15
Number between the ages of 13 and 14	6	8	14
Number between the ages of 14 and 15	7	5	12
Number between the ages of 15 and 16	6	3	9
Number between the ages of 16 and 17	1	2	3
Number between the ages of 17 and 18 .....	.....	1	1
Total September 30, 1896	143	82	225

Statistical Tables.

TABLE No. 10.

Present grading of school.

No. in kindergarten.....	33
No. reading chart.....	46
No. reading in primer.....	34
No. reading in first reader.....	11
No. reading in second reader.....	28
No. reading in third reader.....	46
No. reading in fourth reader.....	25
No. in introductory geography.....	71
No. in grammar school geography.....	10
No. in physiology.....	10
No. in grammar proper.....	56
No. working in numbers.....	111
No. working in arithmetic.....	71

State Public School.

STATEMENT OF CURRENT EXPENSE FUND, 1895.

1894.			
Oct. 1.	Balance.....		\$42,317 16
1895.			
Apr. 25.	Appropriation chap. 356, laws 1895....		80,000 00
Sept. 30.	From steward for sundries during the year.....		631 09
1895.			
Aug. 27.	Transferred for expenses Board of Con- trol.....	\$1,380 10	
Sept. 30.	Paid on account of current expenses this year.....	43,067 68	
Sept. 30.	Balance in hands of treas- urer.....	\$78,045 40	
Sept. 30.	Balance in hands of stew- ard of institution.....	455 07	78,500 47
			<hr/>
		\$122,948 25	\$122,948 25

STATEMENT OF CURRENT EXPENSE FUND, 1896.

1895.			
Oct. 1.	Balance.....		\$78,500 47
1896.			
Sept. 30.	From steward for sundries during the year.....		529 37
Aug. 15.	Transferred for expenses of Board of Control.....	\$1,380 10	
Sept. 30.	Paid on account of current expenses this year.....	46,758 63	
Sept. 30.	Balance appropriation in state treasury.....	\$30,233 50	
	Balance in hands of stew- ard.....	657 61	30,891 11
			<hr/>
		\$79,029 84	\$79,029 84
Oct. 1.	Balance.....		\$30,891 11

Special Appropriations.

STATEMENT OF SPECIAL APPROPRIATION FUND.

Classified Items.	Balance available. Oct. 1, 1894.	Appropriations, 1895.	Covered back in general fund.	Expended during biennial period.	Balance available Sept. 30, 1896.
Payment of liabilities on account of fire loss	\$435 33	.....	\$435 33	.....	.....
New hospital building .....	.....	\$6,000 00	.....	\$1,637 65	\$4,362 35
Totals	\$435 33	\$6,000 00	\$435 33	\$1,637 65	\$4,362 35

State Public School.

STATEMENT OF

At the State Public School for the

CLASSIFIED ITEMS.	Inventory September 30, 1894.	Purchased during the year.	Trans- ferred to this ac- count dur- ing the year.	Total.
Amusements and means of instruction	\$1,480 39	\$279 54		\$1,759 93
Agents' expenses		2,053 84		2,053 84
Barn, farm and garden.	4,682 22	1,708 51	\$70 20	6,460 93
Children's tr'nsportation		538 73		538 73
Clothing	1,061 36	4,542 86		5,604 22
Discount				
Drug and medical dep't.	22 41	1,080 48		1,102 89
Exchange		29		29
Engine and boilers	2,048 00	145 28		2,193 28
Elopers		79 01		79 01
Freight and express.. (not classified)		6 30		6 30
Fire apparatus	2,194 14	113 97		2,308 11
Fuel	2,623 62	4,259 60		6,883 22
Furniture	4,842 72	80 54		4,923 26
Gas and other lights....	968 70	784 94		1,753 64
House furnishing.....	8,798 05	1,215 89		10,013 94
Laundry	990 57	524 30	13 75	1,528 62
Library	14 50			14 50
Machinery and tools....	299 27	17 05		316 32
Miscellaneous	56 06	790 55		846 61
Officers' expenses.....		102 36		102 36
Printing, postage, sta- tionery and telegraph.	184 77	244 48		429 25
Real estate, including buildings, etc	114,436 96			114,436 96
Repairs and renewals...	127 26	868 64		995 90
Subsistence	326 16	8,733 26	2,079 23	11,138 65
Wages and salaries		14,968 35		14,968 35
Totals.....	\$145,157 16	\$43,138 77	\$2,163 18	\$190,459 11
Discounts.....		71 09		
		\$43,067 68		\$148,822 38
Net expenses.....				\$41,636 73

Add amount assigned to this institution and set apart by the Secretary

Current Expenses.

CURRENT EXPENSES.

fiscal year ending September 30, 1895.

Inventory September 30, 1895.	Cash re- ceived on this ac- count dur- ing the year.	Trans- ferred from this ac- count dur- ing the year.	Total.	Gained.	Expended.
\$1,513 05	\$ 35		\$1,513 40		\$216 53
	80 64		80 64		1,973 20
4,603 55	330 17	2,092 98	7,026 70	565 77	538 73
863 23	1 60		864 83		4,739 39
		71 09	71 09	71 09	
33 40			33 40		1,069 49
2,114 18			2,114 18		29
					79 10
					79 01
					6 30
2 301 69			2,301 69		6 42
2 414 80			2,414 80		4,468 42
4,878 71			4,878 71		44 55
1,012 45	52 00		1,064 45		689 19
8,893 61	2 00		8,895 61		1,118 33
1,302 28			1,302 28		226 34
14 50			14 50		
295 68			295 68		20 64
56 06	122 83		178 89		667 72
	10 00		10 00		92 36
159 40			159 40		269 85
114,436 96			114,436 96		
133 38	2 90		136 28		859 62
930 09	3 68	70 20	1,003 97		10,134 68
	24 92		24 92		14,943 43
\$145,957 02	\$631 09	\$2,234 27	\$148,822 38	\$636 86	\$42,273 59
					636 86
					\$41,636 73
					of State for salaries and expenses of Board of Control..... \$1,380 10
					\$43,016 83

State Public School.

STATEMENT OF

At the State Public School for the

CLASSIFIED ITEMS.	Inventory September 30, 1895.	Purchased during the year.	Trans- ferred to this ac- count dur- ing the year.	Total.
Amusements and means of instruction	\$1,513 05	\$498 86		\$2,011 91
Agents' expenses		3,175 36		3,175 36
Barn, farm and garden.	4,603 55	1,839 81		6,443 36
Children's transportat'n		656 90		656 90
Clothing	863 23	4,660 42		5,523 65
Discounts				
Drug and medical dep't.	33 40	1,204 03		1,237 43
Exchange				
Engine and boilers	2,114 18	85 32		2,199 50
Elopers		13 67		13 67
Freight and express (not classified)		4 95		4 95
Fire apparatus	2,301 69	130 80		2,432 49
Fuel	2,414 80	2,758 14		5,172 94
Furniture	4,878 71	650 50		5,529 21
Gas and other lights	1,012 45	899 02		1,911 47
House furnishing	8,893 61	2,150 98		11,044 59
Laundry	1,302 28	235 39	\$10 84	1,548 51
Library	14 50			14 50
Machinery and tools	295 68	47 46		343 14
Miscellaneous	56 06	786 83		842 89
Officers' expenses		90 95		90 95
Printing, postage, sta- tionery and telegraph.	159 40	315 30		474 70
Real estate, including buildings, etc	114,436 96		129 93	114,566 89
Repairs and renewals	133 38	2,042 42		2,175 80
Subsistence	930 09	7,826 75	3,297 60	12,054 44
Wages and salaries		16,680 87		16,680 87
Slaughter house		129 93		129 93
Totals	\$145,957 02	\$46,884 66	\$3,438 37	\$196,280 05
Discounts		126 03		
		\$46,758 63		151,562 74
Net expenses				\$44,717 31

Add amount assigned to this institution and set apart by the Secretary

Current Expenses.

CURRENT EXPENSES.

fiscal year ending September 30, 1896.

Inventory September 30, 1896.	Cash re- ceived on this account during the year.	Transferred from this account during the year.	Total.	Gained.	Expended.
\$1,669 56			\$1,669 56		\$342 35
	\$198 50		198 50		2,976 86
4,943 26	194 39	\$3,308 44	8,446 09	\$2,002 73	
					656 90
894 46	6 56		901 02		4,622 63
		126 03	126 03	126 03	
54 56	1 25		55 81		1,181 62
2,130 39			2,130 39		69 11
					13 67
					4 95
2,418 17			2,418 17		14 32
1,682 20			1,682 20		3,490 74
5,325 92			5,325 92		203 29
966 20	50 80		1,017 00		894 47
9,338 70	2 00		9,340 70		1,703 89
1,303 22			1,303 22		245 29
14 50			14 50		
332 68			332 68		10 46
56 06			56 06		786 83
					90 95
167 52			167 52		307 18
114,566 89			114,566 89		
146 74	40 00		186 74		1,989 06
1,457 94	29 12		1,487 06		10,567 38
	6 75		6 75		16,674 12
		129 93	129 93		
\$147,468 97	\$529 37	\$3,564 40	\$151,562 74	\$2,128 76	\$46,846 07
					2,128 76
					\$44,717 31
					1,380 10
					\$46,097 41

State Public School.

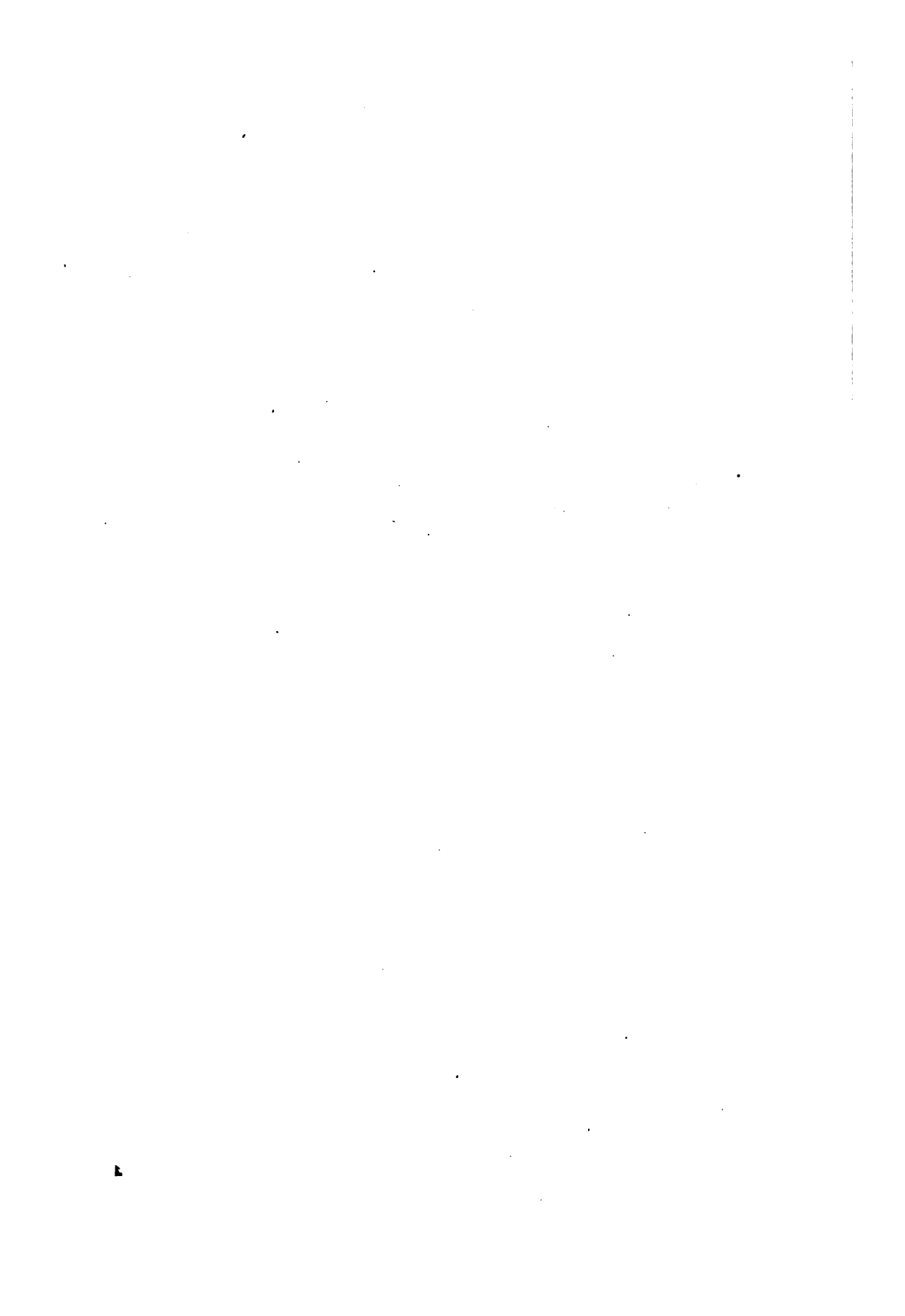
STATEMENT OF MONEYS RECEIVED AT THE INSTITUTION.

Classification.	Year ending Sept. 30, 1895.	Year ending Sept. 30, 1896.
Amusements and means of instruction	\$ 35	
Agents' expenses	80 64	\$198 50
Barn, farm and garden	330 17	194 39
Clothing	1 60	6 56
Drug and medical department		1 25
Gas and other lights	52 00	50 80
House furnishing	2 00	2 00
Miscellaneous	122 83	
Officers' expenses	10 00	
Repairs and renewals	2 90	40 00
Subsistence	3 68	29 12
Wages and salaries	24 92	6 75
Total	\$631 09	\$529 37

Farm and Garden Products.

FARM AND GARDEN PRODUCTS.

ARTICLES.	FOR THE YEAR ENDING SEPT. 30, 1895.		FOR THE YEAR ENDING SEPT. 30, 1896.	
	Quantity.	Value.	Quantity.	Value.
Beef.....	4,857 lbs.	\$265 04	5,420 lbs.	\$261 77
Beets.....	112 doz.	8 31	147 doz.	12 30
Beets.....	27¼ bu.	13 62		
Beet greens.....	4 pns. or bu.	1 00	12 pns. or bu.	5 00
Beans, string.....	4 pns. or bu.	3 00	20 pns. or bu.	15 00
Cabbage.....	500 hds.	18 57	506 hds.	25 30
Corn, sweet, ear.....	592 doz.	21 31	802 doz.	40 10
Cucumbers.....	1,843 doz.	96 45	962 doz.	28 10
Carrots.....	28 bu.	11 20		
Carrots.....	2 doz.	14	23 doz.	1 20
Currants.....	16 bu.	40 00		
Kohlrabi.....			1 doz.	10
Lard.....			903 lbs.	75 84
Lettuce.....	81 pns. or bu.	20 50	25 pns. or bu.	12 50
Milk.....	129,012 lbs.	1,290 12	131,453 lbs.	1,314 53
Musk melons.....			500 no.	15 00
Onions.....	1,056 doz.	52 30	1,227 doz.	61 35
Onions.....	21½ bu.	16 11		
Peas.....	28 pns. or bu.	13 00	7 pns. or bu.	5 25
Potatoes.....	131 bu.	84 00	2,994 bu.	598 80
Pork.....	367 lbs.	22 02	5,770 lbs.	306 88
Parsnips.....			8 doz.	40
Raspberries.....	148 cse.	18 50		
Radishes.....	471 doz.	26 60	579 doz.	28 95
Rutabagas.....			11 bu.	2 75
Squash.....	50 no.	2 61	28 no.	1 40
Tomatoes.....	63 bu.	36 20		
Tomatoes.....			887 doz.	44 35
Tallow.....	275 lbs.	13 75	248 lbs.	10 84
Veal.....	1,611 lbs.	89 83	1,243½ lbs.	83 13
Water melons.....			2,000 no.	100 00
		\$2,164 18		\$3,050 84



Statistics.

County Asylums, Poor Houses, Jails, Etc.

19—B. C.

Statistics.

OFFICERS OF COUNTY ASYLUMS FOR CHRONIC INSANE.

Counties.	Postoffice of Asylum	Superintendent.	Visiting physician.	Trustees.	Post Office of trustees.
Brown	Green Bay	John Cryan	Henry Rhode, Green Bay	Adam Spuhler	Green Bay.
Chippewa	Chippewa Falls.	R. P. Dickinson	P. H. Findley, Chippewa Falls	J. J. Rasmussen	West Green Bay.
Columbia	Wycena	B. Miller	Joseph Chandler, Pardeeville	L. D. Hurd	De Pere.
Dane	Verona	L. P. Edwin	C. K. Jayne, Verona	Robert Patten	Boyd.
Dodge	Juneau	Solomon Rudolf	W. E. Hallock, Juneau	R. D. Whittemore	Chippewa Falls.
Dunn	Menomonie	S. W. Jackson	H. M. Read, Menomonie	Geo. Hartman	Chippewa Falls.
Fond du Lac	Fond du Lac	Louis Mandenchild..	E. H. Grannis, Menomonie	Adam Bogue	Arlington.
Grant	Lancaster	James Alderson	S. S. Powers, Fond du Lac	John Graham	Portage.
Green	Monroe	R. C. Whitcomb	F. M. Cronin, Lancaster	J. A. Erhart	Columbus.
Iowa	Dodgeville	E. J. Perkins	F. M. Confer, Monroe	John A. Quammen	Deerfield.
			W. J. Pearce, Dodgeville	M. R. Doyon	Madison.
				J. S. Meyers	Verona.
				John Herberg	Mayville.
				Fred Engel	Horcon.
				Solomon Rudolf	Juneau.
				J. H. Stout	Menomonie.
				W. H. Smith	Eau Galle.
				A. R. Hall	Knapp.
				F. A. Bartlett	Fond du Lac.
				E. P. Hall	Lamartine.
				Michael Thelen	Ashford.
				Herman Grimm	Cassville.
				John McArthur	Platteville.
				W. T. Scott	Boscobel.
				J. C. Zimmerman	New Glarus.
				R. J. Day	Brodhead.
				J. C. Baker	Monroe.
				Samuel Swinehart	Avoca.
				Ole Steensland	Perry.
				Josephus Bailey	Cobb.

Officers of County Asylums.

Jefferson.....	Jefferson.....	W. E. Voigt.....	W. W. Reed, Jefferson.....	P. C. Quintmeyer..... John Reinel..... E. Rankin.....	Watertown. Jefferson. Fort Atkinson.
La Crosse.....	West Salem.....	C. S. McKown.....	S. R. Watefield, La Crosse.....	F. B. Smith..... A. C. Hanson..... W. W. Taylor.....	West Salem. Mindora. La Crosse.
Manitowoc.....	Manitowoc.....	G. Muller.....	T. Luhmann, Manitowoc.....	Wm. Rahr..... Henry Wilke..... Q. A. Danforth.....	Manitowoc. Two Rivers. Meeme.
Marathon.....	Wausau.....	H. C. Head.....	D. La Count, Wausau.....	Joseph Chesak..... J. H. Reiser..... G. G. Knoller.....	Pontiatowski. Wausau. Dancy.
Milwaukee.....	Wauwatosa.....	M. Buetler.....	M. Buetler, Wauwatosa.....	Chas. Kropp..... Richard Seidel..... H. E. Dickinson..... H. S. Bracken..... Jacob Truss.....	Milwaukee. Milwaukee. Milwaukee. Milwaukee. Milwaukee.
Outagamie.....	Appleton.....	G. R. Downer.....	J. V. Cunavan, Appleton.....	John Dey..... Chas. Clack..... John Pingel..... L. C. Klein..... James H. Crane..... A. P. Coombs..... S. T. Merrill..... V. S. Davis..... K. Killam..... Charles Coleman..... Samuel Kleiner..... William Riesert..... Albert Swartz..... Henry Wolvoord..... Eugene Melatys..... E. V. Warnick..... C. M. Butt..... C. J. Skoneh..... Westby..... Viroqua.....	Hortonville. Apple Creek. Appleton. Racine. Racine. Burlington. Beloit. Beloit. Milton. Baraboo. Sauk City. Reedsburg. Sheboygan. Sheboygan. Waldo. Hillsboro. Viroqua. Westby.
Racine.....	Racine.....	James F. Malone.....	J. R. Sims, Racine.....	John Dey..... Chas. Clack..... John Pingel..... L. C. Klein..... James H. Crane..... A. P. Coombs..... S. T. Merrill..... V. S. Davis..... K. Killam..... Charles Coleman..... Samuel Kleiner..... William Riesert..... Albert Swartz..... Henry Wolvoord..... Eugene Melatys..... E. V. Warnick..... C. M. Butt..... C. J. Skoneh..... Westby..... Viroqua.....	Hortonville. Apple Creek. Appleton. Racine. Racine. Burlington. Beloit. Beloit. Milton. Baraboo. Sauk City. Reedsburg. Sheboygan. Sheboygan. Waldo. Hillsboro. Viroqua. Westby.
Rock.....	Janesville.....	Peter Allen.....	J. Frank Pember, Janesville.....	John Dey..... Chas. Clack..... John Pingel..... L. C. Klein..... James H. Crane..... A. P. Coombs..... S. T. Merrill..... V. S. Davis..... K. Killam..... Charles Coleman..... Samuel Kleiner..... William Riesert..... Albert Swartz..... Henry Wolvoord..... Eugene Melatys..... E. V. Warnick..... C. M. Butt..... C. J. Skoneh..... Westby..... Viroqua.....	Hortonville. Apple Creek. Appleton. Racine. Racine. Burlington. Beloit. Beloit. Milton. Baraboo. Sauk City. Reedsburg. Sheboygan. Sheboygan. Waldo. Hillsboro. Viroqua. Westby.
Sauk.....	Reedsburg.....	William Andras.....	Carl Kordenah, Reedsburg.....	John Dey..... Chas. Clack..... John Pingel..... L. C. Klein..... James H. Crane..... A. P. Coombs..... S. T. Merrill..... V. S. Davis..... K. Killam..... Charles Coleman..... Samuel Kleiner..... William Riesert..... Albert Swartz..... Henry Wolvoord..... Eugene Melatys..... E. V. Warnick..... C. M. Butt..... C. J. Skoneh..... Westby..... Viroqua.....	Hortonville. Apple Creek. Appleton. Racine. Racine. Burlington. Beloit. Beloit. Milton. Baraboo. Sauk City. Reedsburg. Sheboygan. Sheboygan. Waldo. Hillsboro. Viroqua. Westby.
Sheboygan.....	Sheboygan.....	A. J. Whiffin.....	H. Reineking, Sheboygan.....	John Dey..... Chas. Clack..... John Pingel..... L. C. Klein..... James H. Crane..... A. P. Coombs..... S. T. Merrill..... V. S. Davis..... K. Killam..... Charles Coleman..... Samuel Kleiner..... William Riesert..... Albert Swartz..... Henry Wolvoord..... Eugene Melatys..... E. V. Warnick..... C. M. Butt..... C. J. Skoneh..... Westby..... Viroqua.....	Hortonville. Apple Creek. Appleton. Racine. Racine. Burlington. Beloit. Beloit. Milton. Baraboo. Sauk City. Reedsburg. Sheboygan. Sheboygan. Waldo. Hillsboro. Viroqua. Westby.
Vernon.....	Viroqua.....	F. Wilkins.....	F. E. Morley, Viroqua.....	John Dey..... Chas. Clack..... John Pingel..... L. C. Klein..... James H. Crane..... A. P. Coombs..... S. T. Merrill..... V. S. Davis..... K. Killam..... Charles Coleman..... Samuel Kleiner..... William Riesert..... Albert Swartz..... Henry Wolvoord..... Eugene Melatys..... E. V. Warnick..... C. M. Butt..... C. J. Skoneh..... Westby..... Viroqua.....	Hortonville. Apple Creek. Appleton. Racine. Racine. Burlington. Beloit. Beloit. Milton. Baraboo. Sauk City. Reedsburg. Sheboygan. Sheboygan. Waldo. Hillsboro. Viroqua. Westby.
Walworth.....	Elkhorn.....	J. P. Davis.....	W. H. Harbut, Elkhorn.....	John Dey..... Chas. Clack..... John Pingel..... L. C. Klein..... James H. Crane..... A. P. Coombs..... S. T. Merrill..... V. S. Davis..... K. Killam..... Charles Coleman..... Samuel Kleiner..... William Riesert..... Albert Swartz..... Henry Wolvoord..... Eugene Melatys..... E. V. Warnick..... C. M. Butt..... C. J. Skoneh..... Westby..... Viroqua.....	Hortonville. Apple Creek. Appleton. Racine. Racine. Burlington. Beloit. Beloit. Milton. Baraboo. Sauk City. Reedsburg. Sheboygan. Sheboygan. Waldo. Hillsboro. Viroqua. Westby.
Winnebago.....	Winnebago.....	A. C. Austin.....	A. Ross, Oshkosh.....	John Dey..... Chas. Clack..... John Pingel..... L. C. Klein..... James H. Crane..... A. P. Coombs..... S. T. Merrill..... V. S. Davis..... K. Killam..... Charles Coleman..... Samuel Kleiner..... William Riesert..... Albert Swartz..... Henry Wolvoord..... Eugene Melatys..... E. V. Warnick..... C. M. Butt..... C. J. Skoneh..... Westby..... Viroqua.....	Hortonville. Apple Creek. Appleton. Racine. Racine. Burlington. Beloit. Beloit. Milton. Baraboo. Sauk City. Reedsburg. Sheboygan. Sheboygan. Waldo. Hillsboro. Viroqua. Westby.

Statistics.

CENSUS OF INSANE UNDER PUBLIC CARE SEPTEMBER 30, 1895.

Counties.	In state hospital.	In northern hospital.	In Milwaukee hospital.	In county asylums for chronic insane.	In poor houses.	In jails.	Total.	Population in 1895.	Ratio of insanity to population.
Adams	9			2			11	7,532	682
Ashland		19		14	1		34	17,241	507
Barron	12			13	1		26	20,122	568
Bayfield		3		6			9	12,595	1,399
Brown		32		86			118	45,623	389
Buffalo	5			22			27	16,931	623
Burnett	4			12		2	18	5,892	321
Calumet		5		23			28	17,744	633
Chippewa	1	19		45			65	28,727	441
Clark	14			17			31	21,342	688
Columbia	26	2		56			84	30,868	367
Crawford	11			28			39	17,203	441
Dane	40			136	2		178	65,669	369
Dodge	1	24		74			99	47,851	483
Door		6		17		2	25	16,969	678
Douglas		28		12			40	29,986	742
Dunn	14			49			63	25,006	395
Eau Claire	14			44			58	33,172	572
Florence		2		3			5	2,850	570
Fond du Lac		15		97			112	47,436	423
Forest		2					2	1,288	644
Grant	23			71	1		95	38,372	404
Green	9			65			74	23,420	316
Green Lake		16		11			27	15,939	598
Iowa	11			54			65	23,447	351
Iron		6					6	5,338	889

Census of Insane for 1895.

Jackson	10	.....	.....	23	33	16,722	506
Jefferson	.....	.....	.....	72	106	36,317	343
Juneau	20	.....	.....	36	56	18,754	335
Kenosha	.....	.....	.....	28	36	17,548	487
Kewaunee	18	.....	.....	17	25	17,632	705
La Crosse	16	.....	.....	69	87	43,610	501
La Fayette	.....	.....	.....	38	56	21,488	384
Langlade	.....	.....	.....	4	6	11,092	1,848
Lincoln	.....	.....	.....	10	18	14,765	820
Manitowoc	.....	.....	.....	61	75	40,802	544
Marathon	.....	.....	.....	31	43	36,598	851
Marquette	.....	.....	.....	18	34	27,271	802
Marquette	1	.....	.....	13	24	10,203	425
Milwaukee	.....	.....	338	126	464	287,922	621
Monroe	12	.....	.....	19	31	26,350	850
Oconto	.....	.....	.....	29	54	18,339	340
Oneida	.....	.....	.....	.....	8	7,060	857
Outagamie	.....	.....	.....	62	90	44,404	493
Ozaukee	.....	.....	.....	21	34	16,545	487
Pepin	6	.....	.....	8	14	7,567	540
Pierce	7	.....	.....	24	32	23,040	720
Polk	11	.....	.....	25	36	16,117	448
Portage	.....	.....	.....	21	45	28,531	634
Price	.....	.....	.....	3	13	7,257	558
Racine	.....	.....	.....	77	92	41,110	458
Richland	14	.....	.....	25	39	19,619	503
Rock	19	.....	.....	111	130	48,414	372
St. Croix	28	.....	.....	19	48	25,870	538
Sauk	14	.....	.....	51	67	32,919	491
Sawyer	4	.....	.....	3	7	3,741	534
Shawano	.....	.....	.....	8	22	22,573	1,026
Sheboygan	.....	.....	.....	94	116	48,386	417
Taylor	.....	.....	.....	6	18	8,498	468
Trempealeau	12	.....	.....	32	44	21,963	499
Vernon	17	.....	.....	46	65	27,035	416
Vilas	.....	.....	.....	2	2	3,901	1,900

Statistics.

CENSUS OF INSANE UNDER PUBLIC CARE SEPTEMBER 30, 1895—Continued.

Counties.	In state hospital.	In northern hospital.	In Milwaukee hospital.	In county asylums for chronic insane.	In poor houses.	In jails.	Total.	Population in 1895.	Ratio of insanity to population.
Walworth.....	18	.....	.....	66	.....	.....	84	29,162	347
Washington.....	2	.....	.....	1	.....	.....	3	4,266	1,428
Waukesha.....	.....	20	.....	27	3	.....	50	24,077	457
Waupaca.....	.....	28	.....	47	5	.....	80	36,562	570
Waushara.....	.....	20	.....	34	.....	.....	54	30,793	853
Winnebago.....	1	11	.....	7	.....	.....	18	15,355	461
Wood.....	.....	21	.....	103	.....	.....	125	57,627	983
State at large..	31	8	.....	13	1	.....	92	21,637	.....
		42	.....	156	.....	.....	229	.....	.....
Total.....	455	609	338	2,641	24	7	4,074	1,937,915	475

Census of Insane for 1896.

CENSUS OF INSANE UNDER PUBLIC CARE, SEPTEMBER 30, 1896.

Counties.	In state hospital.	In northern hospital.	In Milwaukee hospital.	In county asylums for chronic insane.	In poor houses.	In jails.	Total.	Population in 1895.	Ratio of insanity to population.
Adams.....	7			3			10	7,532	753
Ashland.....		10		17			27	17,241	638
Barron.....	13			20	2		35	20,122	575
Bayfield.....		8		6			14	12,595	899
Brown.....		24		86			110	45,623	415
Buffalo.....	9			23			32	16,931	523
Burnett.....	6			13			19	5,892	310
Calumet.....		5		22			27	17,744	657
Chippewa.....	5	2		47			54	28,727	532
Clark.....	10			22	2		34	21,342	627
Columbia.....	15	2		63			80	30,868	386
Crawford.....	12			34			46	17,203	374
Dane.....	29	1		139			169	65,669	388
Dodge.....		18		78			96	47,851	498
Door.....		2		17			19	16,969	893
Douglas.....	3	20		18			41	29,986	731
Dunn.....	14			42			56	25,006	446
Eau Claire.....	21			42			63	33,172	526
Florence.....		2		3			5	2,850	570
Fond du Lac.....		17		98			115	47,436	412
Forest.....		2					2	1,288	644
Grant.....	13			75	1		89	38,372	431
Green.....	9			65			74	23,420	316
Green Lake.....		11		17			28	15,939	568
Iowa.....	5			54			59	23,447	397
Iron.....		3		8			11	5,338	465

Statistics.

CENSUS OF INSANE UNDER PUBLIC CARE SEPTEMBER 30, 1886.

Counties.	In state hospital.	In northern hospital.	In Milwaukee hospital.	In county asylums for chronic insane.	In poor houses.	In jails.	Total.	Population in 1885.	Ratio of insanity to population.
Jackson	7			23			30	16,722	557
Jefferson				89	1		114	36,317	319
Juneau	15	24		39			54	18,754	347
Kenosha		10		29			39	17,548	449
Kewaunee		9		19	1		29	17,632	608
La Crosse	20			74			94	43,610	464
La Fayette	9			42	1		52	21,488	413
Langlade				5			5	11,092	2,218
Lincoln		8		13	1		22	14,765	671
Manitowoc		21		57			78	40,802	523
Marathon		13		38	1		52	36,598	703
Marquette		12		20			32	27,271	852
Marquette		3		18			21	10,203	485
Milwaukee		1	355	127			483	287,922	594
Monroe	10			22			32	26,350	823
Oconto		18		35			53	18,339	344
Oneida		5		5			10	7,060	706
Outagamie		24		62			86	44,404	516
Ozaukee		7		28			35	16,545	472
Pepin	3			11			14	7,567	540
Pierce	8			27		1	36	23,040	640
Polk	10			23			33	16,117	424
Portage		29		23			52	28,531	548
Price		2		7			9	7,257	806
Racine		22		77			99	41,110	415
Richland	8			32			40	19,619	490

Census of Insane for 1896.

Rock.....	23	.....	105	1	129	48,414	375
St. Croix.....	20	.....	30	1	51	25,870	507
Sauk.....	13	.....	54	.....	67	32,919	490
Sawyer.....	3	.....	4	.....	7	3,741	534
Shawano.....	.....	13	12	.....	25	22,573	903
Sheboygan.....	.....	16	94	.....	110	48,396	439
Taylor.....	.....	7	9	.....	16	8,498	531
Trempealeau.....	9	.....	31	.....	40	21,963	549
Vernon.....	15	.....	49	4	68	27,035	398
Vilas.....	.....	4	.....	.....	4	3,801	950
Walworth.....	15	.....	66	.....	81	29,162	360
Washington.....	3	.....	2	.....	5	4,266	853
Waukesha.....	.....	11	31	4	46	24,077	523
Waupaca.....	.....	20	52	6	78	36,562	469
Waushara.....	.....	17	38	1	56	30,793	549
Winnebago.....	.....	6	11	.....	17	15,355	903
Wood.....	.....	24	102	.....	126	57,627	458
State at large..	40	56	148	2	29	21,637	746
Total.....	402	520	2,816	28	4,123	1,937,915	470

STATISTICS OF COUNTY ASYLUMS FOR 1885 - POPULATION - Continued.

COUNTIES.	No. discharged not improved.		No. escaped.		No. died during year.		Total loss of population.		No. remaining Sept. 30, 1885.		No. absent on leave Sept. 30, 1885.	
	Male.	Fe- male.	Male.	Fe- male.	Male.	Fe- male.	Male.	Fe- male.	Male.	Fe- male.	Male.	Fe- male.
Brown.....	1	1	1	2	4	6	11	54	55	2	1	3
Columbia.....	1	1	3	2	3	4	9	45	56	12	5	17
Dane.....	1	1	1	1	7	3	11	77	70	12	5	17
Dodge.....	1	1	1	4	6	5	8	61	54	1	1	1
Dunn.....	2	1	1	2	6	4	11	68	70	1	2	3
F. du Lac.....	1	1	1	5	5	7	10	77	52	1	2	3
Grant.....	1	1	1	4	8	4	9	60	50	1	3	4
Green.....	1	1	1	4	8	6	12	57	56	1	3	4
Iowa.....	1	1	2	4	6	4	9	59	53	2	1	3
Jefferson.....	1	1	3	4	7	5	9	71	44	1	2	3
La Crosse.....	1	1	1	2	4	4	8	66	52	10	13	23
Manitowoc.....	1	1	1	2	4	3	7	79	42	3	4	7
Marathon.....	1	1	6	2	8	9	13	76	67	3	4	7
Milwaukee.....	1	1	8	5	13	9	15	62	64	3	1	4
Outagamie.....	1	1	4	2	6	6	11	67	49	14	14	28
Racine.....	1	1	3	4	7	4	9	67	55	3	2	5
Rock.....	6	6	7	3	7	5	25	72	64	3	2	5
Sauk.....	2	2	2	2	4	5	9	41	47	2	3	5
Sheboygan.....	3	5	5	8	13	8	13	65	44	1	4	5
Vernon.....	2	2	1	4	5	6	17	70	50	1	4	5
Walworth.....	2	1	1	5	6	11	14	53	42	2	2	4
Winnebago.....	2	1	2	1	6	8	14	101	57	2	1	3
Totals.....	20	11	31	77	144	115	232	1,448	1,193	62	59	121

Statistics.

STATISTICS OF COUNTY ASYLUMS FOR 1895—OCCUPATION.

Countries.	No. who work all day.		No. who work half a day or more.		No. who work a less amount.		No. who do not labor.		No. physically disabled.	
	Male.	Total.	Male.	Total.	Male.	Total.	Male.	Total.	Male.	Total.
	Fe. male.	Fe. male.	Fe. male.	Fe. male.	Fe. male.	Fe. male.	Fe. male.	Fe. male.	Fe. male.	Fe. male.
Brown.....	12	27	12	24	17	32	13	26	13	28
Columbia.....	36	65	5	12	2	8	4	16	4	12
Dane.....	19	28	44	70	15	27	3	7	3	6
Dodge.....	10	21	8	24	9	17	34	53	.....	.....
Dunn.....	2	2	16	38	42	84	9	14	.....	.....
Fond du Lac.....	25	45	5	21	26	77	10	30	.....	.....
Grant.....	13	25	11	30	13	20	14	21	.....	.....
Green.....	21	31	10	24	15	29	12	29	.....	.....
Iowa.....	40	66	10	19	8	16	3	11	.....	.....
Jefferson.....	26	46	10	29	21	32	3	8	.....	.....
La Crosse.....	49	79	4	9	4	13	8	17	.....	.....
Manitowoc.....	40	47	15	19	8	11	16	28	.....	.....
Marathon.....	20	40	.....	.....	51	91	5	12	.....	.....
Milwaukee.....	35	71	5	24	1	1	23	30	.....	.....
Outagamie.....	32	45	9	19	12	28	12	24	.....	.....
Racine.....	56	90	4	8	3	6	7	18	.....	.....
Rock.....	50	90	10	20	10	14	7	12	.....	.....
Sauk.....	20	38	5	15	14	30	2	5	.....	.....
Sheboygan.....	31	53	9	17	9	18	13	21	.....	.....
Vernon.....	43	63	13	21	3	10	11	23	.....	.....
Walworth.....	14	24	20	35	8	15	10	21	.....	.....
Winnebago.....	13	31	23	32	29	41	36	54	.....	.....
Totals.....	607	1,027	267	510	320	584	255	510	139	295

Statistics.

STATISTICS OF COUNTY ASYLUMS FOR 1885.—EXPENDITURES.

Countries.	Paid for salaries and wages.	Paid for subsistence.	Paid for fuel and light.	Paid for clothing.	Paid for furniture.	Paid for repairs.	Paid for other ordinary expenses.	Total gross current expenses.
Brown.....	\$3,022 53	\$3,425 00	\$826 47	\$1,524 99	\$65 25	\$300 00	\$952 85	\$10,117 09
Columbia.....	1,740 16	2,641 33	371 36	816 60	158 90	281 56	3,258 30	9,268 26
Dane.....	3,285 25	2,523 48	210 70	916 38	360 81	237 22	1,999 75	9,333 59
Dodge.....	3,341 17	3,897 74	1,199 68	682 37	133 18	405 19	1,153 59	10,812 92
Dunn.....	3,335 69	2,274 88	760 40	481 88	.....	.....	3,735 02	10,587 87
Fond du Lac.....	3,524 02	4,805 01	2,444 70	1,195 77	244 79	1,406 20	293 29	13,913 78
Grant.....	3,211 40	3,538 43	729 16	942 34	230 49	781 13	1,514 10	10,947 05
Green.....	2,884 00	3,215 76	980 32	1,594 08	122 40	944 00	450 72	10,191 28
Iowa.....	3,751 60	2,368 62	1,011 79	1,031 46	155 59	215 80	2,444 30	10,979 16
Jefferson.....	3,133 74	2,976 91	1,573 77	933 96	137 87	1,283 98	867 31	10,907 54
La Crosse.....	3,650 35	3,263 59	341 65	769 25	590 69	301 70	1,060 00	9,977 23
Manitowoc.....	3,242 85	3,737 23	472 27	978 43	838 19	510 97	624 78	10,434 72
Marathon.....	3,723 42	5,227 93	1,891 84	640 55	1,207 36	202 66	461 87	13,335 63
Milwaukee.....	6,208 88	5,816 84	2,328 91	728 26	753 26	148 48	468 41	16,453 04
Outagamie.....	4,278 89	2,179 84	1,458 97	831 79	77 10	630 02	459 08	9,905 69
Racine.....	4,097 74	4,765 97	1,391 19	927 42	.....	878 61	352 20	12,413 13
Rock.....	3,377 66	3,191 52	3,391 23	871 04	220 55	205 61	1,215 15	12,472 76
Sauk.....	2,178 77	1,910 00	448 28	637 45	260 47	128 27	665 75	6,228 99
Sheboygan.....	3,546 28	2,956 14	990 09	765 58	456 61	507 02	1,540 52	10,762 24
Vernon.....	4,400 87	3,720 64	139 34	450 99	39 80	736 53	499 96	10,048 13
Walworth.....	2,470 91	1,253 55	874 16	916 29	79 12	698 74	525 37	6,818 14
Winnebago.....	4,283 71	5,699 84	3,011 48	1,382 08	180 33	364 46	453 51	15,377 41
Totals.....	\$76,751 89	\$75,190 30	\$26,847 76	\$20,018 96	\$6,312 76	\$11,188 15	\$24,985 83	\$241,305 65

Receipts, Etc., for 1895.

STATISTICS OF COUNTY ASYLUMS FOR 1895—RECEIPTS, ETC.

Countries.	Rec'd from sale of pro- duce, stock, etc.	Received from inmates paid by themselves or friends	Rec'd from other sources.	Total receipts	Net ex- penses.	Number of weeks board furnished.	Average board capita per week.
Brown	\$50 95	.....	.....	\$50 95	\$10,066 14	5,607	\$1 80
Columbia	412 82	\$968 21	.....	1,381 03	7,887 23	5,961	1 32
Dane	226 27	743 09	.....	969 36	8,364 23	7,100	1 18
Dodge	.....	.....	.....	.....	10,812 92	5,859	1 85
Dunn	.....	.....	.....	.....	10,587 87	6,918	1 53
Fond du Lac	885 13	.....	.....	885 13	13,028 65	6,649	1 96
Grant	1,001 83	159 15	\$149 79	1,310 77	9,636 28	5,576	1 72
Green	.....	.....	.....	.....	10,191 28	5,923	1 73
Iowa	196 79	640 79	300 95	1,138 53	9,840 63	5,983	1 65
Jefferson	.....	.....	.....	.....	10,907 54	6,097	1 79
La Crosse	1,466 41	.....	100 00	1,566 41	8,410 82	6,085	1 39
Manitowoc	393 37	.....	.....	393 37	10,041 35	5,665	1 77
Marathon	80 65	1,101 39	191 13	1,373 17	11,952 46	7,119	1 67
Milwaukee	287 40	282 62	.....	570 02	15,883 02	6,385	2 48
Outagamie	1,082 58	.....	.....	1,082 58	8,823 11	5,956	1 47
Racine	147 12	159 38	15 22	321 72	12,091 41	6,282	1 95
Rock	677 41	234 65	22 27	934 33	11,538 43	7,298	1 58
Sauk	342 02	485 99	.....	828 01	5,400 98	3,994	1 35
Sheboygan	.....	476 25	.....	476 25	10,285 99	5,419	1 90
Vernon	601 29	.....	.....	601 29	9,446 84	5,787	1 63
Walworth	593 37	750 82	.....	1,344 19	5,473 95	4,891	1 12
Winnebago	103 62	625 66	.....	729 28	14,648 13	7,581	1 93
Totals	\$8,549 03	\$6,628 00	\$779 36	\$15,956 39	\$225,349 26	134,135	\$1 68

Population for 1896.

STATISTICS OF COUNTY ASYLUMS FOR 1896 — POPULATION — Continued.

COUNTIES.	No. discharged, not improved.		No. escaped.		No. died during year.		Total loss of population.		No. remaining Sept. 30, 1896.		No. absent on leave Sept. 30, 1896.	
	Male.	Female.	Male.	Female.	Male.	Female.	Male.	Female.	Male.	Female.	Male.	Female.
Brown.....	6	9	1	1	2	5	10	15	55	46	2	2
Chippewa.....	4	2	1	1	4	6	7	4	11	54	2	1
Columbia.....	5	3	1	2	3	7	8	10	50	70	12	11
Dane.....	1	1	1	1	3	2	10	11	79	61	1	1
Dodge.....	14	17	1	1	2	3	5	8	63	56	1	1
Dunn.....	3	3	1	1	4	4	5	4	79	49	1	1
Fond du Lac.....	4	9	1	1	3	5	7	5	59	52	1	1
Grant.....	3	3	1	1	5	5	8	17	58	55	3	3
Green.....	3	3	1	1	5	7	10	13	55	57	1	1
Iowa.....	2	11	1	1	2	2	6	6	75	43	1	1
Jefferson.....	1	1	1	1	2	1	4	5	66	59	1	2
La Crosse.....	1	1	1	1	2	2	4	5	86	46	3	3
Manitowoc.....	4	9	2	2	2	3	5	11	92	76	4	4
Marathon.....	1	1	1	1	1	1	4	7	65	62	2	2
Milwaukee.....	4	6	1	1	4	8	12	12	65	62	17	15
Outagamie.....	1	3	1	1	1	3	4	11	12	5	2	2
Racine.....	4	10	4	4	6	8	10	12	62	50	2	2
Rock.....	1	3	4	4	7	5	14	11	88	76	1	1
Sauk.....	4	4	4	4	15	9	15	22	62	61	4	4
Sheboygan.....	4	4	3	3	2	5	3	12	43	51	1	1
Vernon.....	7	1	8	11	5	3	13	7	20	68	1	1
Walworth.....	6	1	2	2	5	4	12	6	48	38	1	1
Winnebago.....	70	76	25	4	78	93	208	206	1,550	1,266	54	52
Totals.....	70	146	25	4	78	93	208	206	1,550	1,266	54	52

Statistics.

STATISTICS OF COUNTY ASYLUMS FOR 1896—OCCUPATION.

COUNTIES.	No. who work all day.		No. who work half a day or more.		No. who work a less amount.		No. who do not labor.		No. physically disabled.		
	Male.	Fe- male.	Male.	Fe- male.	Male.	Fe- male.	Male.	Fe- male.	Male.	Fe- male.	
	Total.	Total.	Total.	Total.	Total.	Total.	Total.	Total.	Total.	Total.	
Brown	15	12	27	10	8	18	15	11	26	12	24
Chippewa	32	17	26	3	2	5	12	28	40	7	29
Columbia	33	8	17	4	6	10	5	7	12	5	12
Dane	19	30	66	15	27	42	15	5	11	.....	2
Dodge	10	11	24	9	8	17	34	21	55	.....	.....
Dunn	14	8	24	24	28	52	7	7	14	6	13
Fond du Lac	25	15	34	28	5	33	10	19	29	8	20
Grant	15	20	21	28	7	33	10	20	30	.....	.....
Green	22	12	33	11	5	22	12	17	29	.....	.....
Iowa	35	10	20	11	7	12	5	16	21	12	29
Jefferson	33	15	46	9	5	14	2	3	5	5	13
La Crosse	50	5	11	6	10	16	4	10	14	2	4
Manitowoc	30	25	28	5	10	15	26	27	53	10	9
Marathon	15	4	28	70	51	121	7	10	17	1	20
Milwaukee	20	16	20	.....	.....	.....	41	30	71	15	3
Outagamie	34	9	19	14	18	32	7	12	19	7	25
Racine	38	11	20	7	10	17	6	5	11	2	15
Rock	27	17	42	16	16	32	19	16	35	15	4
Sauk	22	14	19	9	9	18	7	6	13	7	27
Sheboygan	26	7	17	8	8	16	17	9	26	8	13
Vernon	45	3	11	3	5	8	17	17	34	12	16
Walworth	16	12	28	9	8	17	9	3	12	15	27
Winnebago	30	15	32	34	18	52	29	26	55	4	7
Totals	607	395	1,002	323	268	591	314	277	591	306	326
										140	172
										632	312

Statistics.

STATISTICS OF COUNTY ASYLUMS FOR 1896—EXPENDITURES.

Countries.	Paid for salaries and wages.	Paid for subsistence.	Paid for fuel and light.	Paid for clothing.	Paid for furniture.	Paid for repairs.	Paid for other ordinary expenses.	Total gross current expenses.
Brown	\$3,513 45	\$3,219 52	\$329 72	\$1,561 87	\$79 58	\$250 00	\$1,138 80	\$10,422 94
Chippewa	3,112 66	3,045 71	1,258 25	386 94	637 44	.....	2,747 56	11,188 56
Columbia	2,902 01	2,751 28	40 28	848 40	116 88	251 42	1,188 34	8,108 64
Dane	3,655 66	2,429 74	414 43	1,074 57	299 99	303 91	3,472 92	11,611 25
Dodge	3,217 45	3,233 58	1,180 10	707 23	86 10	917 38	1,046 16	10,388 00
Dunn	3,635 57	1,515 25	210 66	413 33	481 82	145 67	2,757 74	9,160 04
Fond du Lac	3,282 51	3,986 48	1,354 85	796 47	379 71	797 97	554 31	11,162 37
Grant	3,385 65	2,989 17	248 85	1,101 70	401 29	583 27	1,929 29	10,645 23
Iowa	3,339 00	3,018 84	951 96	1,635 04	158 60	602 76	344 52	10,050 72
Lowa	3,771 88	2,267 58	594 91	934 72	429 39	385 02	1,120 79	9,504 29
Jefferson	3,126 91	2,485 89	1,453 81	1,037 03	229 62	988 18	882 32	10,203 76
La Crosse	3,619 39	3,084 53	327 82	1,044 41	172 14	502 73	672 29	9,423 31
Manitowoc	3,277 49	2,907 73	513 27	1,100 85	808 21	765 46	515 66	9,889 67
Marathon	4,339 38	5,256 01	1,208 00	1,167 90	167 42	495 59	2,066 38	14,700 68
Milwaukee	6,194 91	6,589 05	2,561 41	765 71	4,574 05	820 09	820 28	22,325 56
Outagamie	4,626 80	3,126 92	1,281 57	737 51	78 76	640 30	362 75	10,854 61
Racine	4,161 70	4,147 54	2,106 88	1,015 43	.....	1,855 68	205 09	13,495 32
Rock	3,826 83	2,932 56	2,103 86	654 44	356 09	648 82	899 36	11,422 02
Sauk	2,269 51	1,813 59	2,255 82	566 61	402 82	254 85	1,254 52	6,827 78
Sheboygan	3,544 24	3,807 96	694 63	792 81	330 02	494 79	1,411 53	11,076 01
Vernon	4,901 38	3,783 77	948 13	906 67	.....	676 65	536 98	11,756 58
Walworth	2,662 20	1,405 89	805 29	553 99	188 70	906 68	444 48	6,967 23
Winnebago	4,558 37	5,298 10	3,603 77	2,430 20	717 62	584 02	846 48	18,038 56
Totals	\$84,931 14	\$75,136 69	\$24,748 28	\$22,236 92	\$11,089 28	\$13,862 27	\$27,228 55	\$259,253 13

Receipts. Etc.

STATISTICS OF COUNTY ASYLUMS FOR 1896—RECEIPTS, ETC.

COUNTIES.	Received from sale of produce, stock, etc.	Received from inmates, paid by themselves or friends.	Received from other sources.	Total receipts.	Net expenses.	Number of weeks board furnished.	Average per capita per week.
Brown	\$75 05			\$75 05	\$10,347 89	5,040	\$2 05
Chippewa	82 42	\$134 60		219 02	10,969 54	4,102	2 67
Columbia	377 06	953 06	\$2 00	1,330 12	6,778 52	5,288	1 28
Dane	334 51	610 91		945 42	10,685 83	7,737	1 38
Dodge		167 35		167 35	10,220 65	5,858	1 74
Dunn	688 22	221 15		909 37	8,250 67	6,336	1 32
Fond du Lac					11,162 37	6,679	1 67
Grant	1,040 41	391 05	28 11	1,459 57	9,185 66	5,722	1 60
Green					10,050 72	5,963	1 68
Iowa	50 00	590 51	246 45	886 96	8,617 33	5,980	1 44
Jefferson					10,203 76	6,161	1 66
La Crosse	355 93		288 91	644 84	8,778 47	6,442	1 36
Manitowoc	509 73			509 73	9,379 91	6,279	1 49
Marathon	154 58	876 93	98 84	1,130 35	13,570 33	8,414	1 61
Milwaukee	95 34	172 31	4 50	272 15	22,053 41	6,458	3 41
Outagamie	602 05			602 05	10,252 56	6,309	1 62
Racine	1,065 26			1,065 26	12,430 06	6,054	2 03
Rock	198 12	631 27		829 39	10,592 63	8,030	1 31
Sauk	230 08	537 09		767 17	6,060 61	4,586	1 31
Sheboygan		164 14		164 14	10,911 87	4,970	2 19
Vernon	517 17	37 00	342 46	896 63	10,859 95	6,142	1 76
Walworth	385 08	1,112 65		1,507 73	5,459 50	4,672	1 17
Winnebago		156 43		156 43	17,882 13	8,591	2 08
Totals	\$6,771 01	\$6,756 45	\$1,011 27	\$14,538 73	\$244,714 40	141,813	\$1 73

Statistics.

**BILLS FOR THE CARE OF CHRONIC INSANE IN THE COUNTY ASYLUMS
FOR THE YEAR ENDING SEPTEMBER 30, 1895.**

Brown county for its own insane.....	\$5,986 32	.....
For Door county insane.....	171 47	.....
For Kewaunee county insane.....	1,015 68	.....
For Marinette county insane.....	513 43	.....
For Oconto county insane.....	2,086 64	.....
Total to Brown county.....	.....	\$9,778 54
Columbia county for its own insane.....	\$3,687 42	.....
For Adams county insane.....	443 11	.....
For Clark county insane.....	1,043 49	.....
For Jackson county insane.....	170 13	.....
For Marquette county insane.....	337 67	.....
For Portage county insane.....	359 47	.....
For Waushara county insane.....	780 68	.....
For state-at-large.....	4,828 51	.....
Total to Columbia county.....	.....	\$11,650 48
Dane county for its own insane.....	\$9,204 22	.....
For Pierce county insane.....	489 19	.....
For state-at-large.....	767 96	.....
Total to Dane county.....	.....	\$10,461 37
Dodge county for its own insane.....	\$5,878 14	.....
For Lincoln county insane.....	512 52	.....
For Oconto county insane.....	1,819 81	.....
For Shawano county insane.....	865 71	.....
For Washington county insane.....	3,334 48	.....
For state-at-large.....	795 34	.....
Total to Dodge county.....	.....	\$12,176 00
Dunn county for its own insane.....	\$2,937 21	.....
For Barron county insane.....	1,131 41	.....
For Burnett county insane.....	320 50	.....
For Chippewa county insane.....	1,236 25	.....
For Douglas county insane.....	320 75	.....
For Eau Claire county insane.....	1,954 67	.....
For Jackson county insane.....	322 10	.....
For Pierce county insane.....	873 28	.....
For Pepin county insane.....	801 17	.....
For Polk county insane.....	211 25	.....
For St. Croix county insane.....	2,400 82	.....
For Taylor county insane.....	801 39	.....
For Washburn county insane.....	160 92	.....
For state-at-large.....	1,816 98	.....
Total to Dunn county.....	.....	\$15,288 70

County Asylums.

Fond du Lac county for its own insane.....	\$7,140 42	.....
For Douglas county insane.....	167 93	.....
For Green Lake county insane.....	1,692 13	.....
For Marinette county insane.....	1,036 18	.....
For Marquette county insane.....	1,214 86	.....
For Price county insane.....	529 04	.....
For Portage county insane.....	679 54	.....
For Waupaca county insane.....	156 43	.....
	<hr/>	
Total to Fond du Lac county.....		\$12,615 53
Grant county for its own insane.....	\$5,149 13	.....
For Barron county insane.....	187 30	.....
For Crawford county insane.....	3,178 82	.....
For Lafayette county insane.....	1,306 32	.....
For Richland county insane.....	1,725 90	.....
For state-at-large.....	333 63	.....
	<hr/>	
Total to Grant county.....		\$11,966 10
Green county for its own insane.....	\$3,746 39	.....
For Buffalo county insane.....	684 02	.....
For Eau Claire county insane.....	2,206 08	.....
For Jackson county insane.....	847 60	.....
For Lafayette county insane.....	3,868 26	.....
For Polk county insane.....	878 85	.....
	<hr/>	
Total to Green county.....		\$12,231 20
Iowa county for its own insane.....	\$3,671 64	.....
For Buffalo county insane.....	376 90	.....
For Jackson county insane.....	512 79	.....
For Pierce county insane.....	493 14	.....
For Polk county insane.....	2,400 59	.....
For Trempealeau county insane.....	224 33	.....
For Waukesha county insane.....	4,926 16	.....
For state-at-large.....	1,032 58	.....
	<hr/>	
Total to Iowa county.....		\$13,638 13
Jefferson county for its own insane.....	\$5,666 57	.....
For Burnett county insane.....	1,214 40	.....
For Eau Claire county insane.....	174 62	.....
For Juneau county insane.....	4,974 82	.....
For Waukesha county insane.....	84 56	.....
For state-at-large.....	869 38	.....
	<hr/>	
Total to Jefferson, county.....		\$12,984 35
La Crosse county for its own insane.....	\$5,124 21	.....
For Barron county insane.....	474 32	.....
For Buffalo county insane.....	1,806 44	.....
For Clark county insane.....	1,224 26	.....
For Jackson county insane.....	1,116 88	.....
For Monroe county insane.....	169 92
For Trempealeau county insane.....	1,200 22
For state-at-large.....	2,599 48
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Total to La Crosse county.....		\$13,715 73

Statistics.

Marathon county for its own insane.....	\$2,449 50
For Ashland county insane.....	982 39	.....
For Barron county insane.....	654 19	.....
For Bayfield county insane.....	251 82	.....
For Buffalo county insane.....	317 36	.....
For Clark county insane.....	322 54	.....
For Chippewa county insane.....	1,011 99	.....
For Douglas county insane.....	128 64	.....
For Eau Claire county insane.....	798 29	.....
For Florence county insane.....	262 02	.....
For Jackson county insane.....	650 80	.....
For Langlade county insane.....	523 24	.....
For Lincoln county insane.....	848 60	.....
For Marquette county insane.....	115 72	.....
For Pierce county insane.....	170 79	.....
For Portage county insane.....	1,986 46	.....
For Polk county insane.....	816 37	.....
For Sawyer county insane.....	492 70	.....
For Shawano county insane.....	1,064 86	.....
For Trempealeau county insane.....	828 28	.....
For Waupaca county insane.....	1,961 00	.....
For Waushara county insane.....	70 30	.....
For Wood county insane.....	1,827 00	.....
For state-at-large	374 78	.....

Total to Marathon county..... \$18,899 62

Manitowoc county for its own insane.....	\$4,145 37	.....
For Calumet county insane.....	768 09	.....
For Door county insane.....	1,185 05	.....
For Kewaunee county insane.....	180 52	.....
For Marinette county (one idiot).....	.....	.....
For Ozaukee county insane.....	2,931 42	.....
For Waupaca county insane.....	912 71	.....
For state-at-large	3,025 50	.....

Total to Manitowoc county..... \$13,148 66

Milwaukee county for its own insane.....	\$9,446 36
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Total to Milwaukee county..... \$9,446 36

Outagamie county for its own insane.....	\$4,214 17
For Calumet county insane.....	2,164 98	.....
For Door county insane.....	1,319 39	.....
For Kewaunee county insane.....	1,579 10	.....
For Langlade county insane.....	162 18	.....
For Oconto county insane.....	978 75	.....
For Waupaca county insane.....	2,792 68	.....
For Winnebago county insane.....	37 29	.....
For Wood county insane.....	161 73	.....
For state-at-large	163 08	.....

Total to Outagamie county..... \$13,573 35

County Asylums.

Racine county for its own insane.....	\$5,354 14	.....
For Eau Claire county insane.....	1,612 03	.....
For Kenosha county insane.....	4,435 69	.....
For state-at-large	1,163 94	.....
Total to Racine county.....		\$12,566 80
Rock county for its own insane.....	\$7,752 69	.....
For Buffalo county insane.....	252 39	.....
For Crawford county insane.....	477 83	.....
For Lafayette county insane.....	1,379 09	.....
For Richland county insane.....	753 71	.....
For state-at-large	1,434 39	.....
Total to Rock county.....		\$12,050 10
Sauk county for its own insane.....	\$3,438 66	.....
For Burnett county insane.....	125 75	.....
For Juneau county insane.....	837 16	.....
For Monroe county insane.....	399 89	.....
For Pierce county insane.....	462 81	.....
For Richland county insane.....	124 20	.....
For St. Croix county insane.....	124 40	.....
For Trempealeau county insane.....	1,565 74	.....
Total to Sauk county.....		\$7,078 61
Sheboygan county for its own insane.....	\$6,852 64	.....
For Calumet county insane.....	885 92	.....
For Chippewa county insane.....	675 31	.....
For Washington county insane.....	1,022 99	.....
Total to Sheboygan county.....		9,436 86
Vernon county for its own insane.....	\$2,799 21	.....
For Buffalo county insane.....	169 43	.....
For Burnett county insane.....	208 00	.....
For Crawford county insane.....	1,182 88	.....
For Chippewa county insane.....	1,579 18	.....
For Green county insane.....	1 28	.....
For Jackson county insane.....	104 00	.....
For Monroe county insane.....	2,332 91	.....
For Pepin county insane.....	104 00	.....
For Portage county insane.....	176 17	.....
For Richland county insane.....	686 82	.....
For Trempealeau county insane.....	1,028 03	.....
For Wood county insane.....	169 42	.....
For state-at-large	4,170 56	.....
Total to Vernon county.....		\$14,761 89
Walworth county for its own insane.....	\$4,083 82	.....
For Chippewa county insane.....	1,338 16	.....
For Pepin county insane.....	150 83	.....
For Richland county insane.....	1,018 08	.....
For Waukesha county insane.....	1,948 42	.....
Total to Walworth county.....		\$8,539 31

Statistics.

Winnebago county for its own insane.....	\$7,056 90	.....
For Ashland county insane.....	350 13	.....
For Bayfield county insane.....	696 43	.....
For Clark county insane.....	353 64	.....
For Calumet county insane.....	74 52	.....
For Chippewa county insane.....	205 01	.....
For Douglas county insane.....	491 67	.....
For Door county insane.....	87 17	.....
For Eau Claire county insane.....	539 56	.....
For Florence county insane.....	303 41	.....
For Lincoln county insane.....	160 31	.....
For Marinette county insane.....	1,356 93	.....
For Outagamie county insane.....	68 52	.....
For Portage county insane.....	172 52	.....
For Taylor county insane.....	81 32	.....
For state-at-large	2,853 89	.....
 Total to Winnebago county.....	 \$14,751 93	.....
 Grand total.....	 \$270,758 62	.....
 Payment by the state to counties for their own insane.....	 \$115,285 13	.....
Payment by the state to counties for insane from other counties.....	60,694 39	.....
Payment by the state for state insane.....	26,230 00	.....
 Total paid by state.....	 \$202,209 52	.....
Special tax on counties for insane belonging to them kept by other counties	68,549 10	.....
 Total receipts by counties having asylums.....	 \$270,758 62	.....

**BILLS FOR THE CARE OF CHRONIC INSANE IN THE COUNTY ASYLUMS
FOR THE YEAR ENDING SEPTEMBER 30, 1896.**

Brown county for its own insane.....	\$6,258 85	.....
For Door county insane.....	20 86	.....
For Kewaunee county insane.....	287 16	.....
For Marinette county insane.....	520 88	.....
For Oconto county insane.....	2,095 13	.....
 Total to Brown county.....	 \$9,182 88	.....
 Chippewa county for its own insane.....	 \$2,584 07	.....
For Barron county insane.....	741 90	.....
For Burnett county insane.....	76 01	.....
For Eau Claire county insane.....	5,068 57	.....
For St. Croix county insane.....	1,290 72	.....
For Sawyer county insane.....	75 06	.....
 Total to Chippewa county.....	 \$9,836 33	.....

County Asylums.

Columbia county for its own insane.....	\$3,952 50	.....
For Adams county insane.....	242 60	.....
For Calumet county insane.....	100 84	.....
For Clark county insane.....	482 27	.....
For Jackson county insane.....	173 01	.....
For Marquette county insane.....	337 48	.....
For Portage county insane.....	403 46	.....
For Waushara county insane.....	874 31	.....
For state-at-large	4,443 34	.....
Total to Columbia county.....	\$11,009 81	
Dane county for its own insane.....	\$10,512 84	
For Pierce county insane.....	498 65	.....
For state-at-large	1,249 67	.....
Total to Dane county.....	\$12,261 16	
Dodge county for its own insane.....	\$5,646 21	
For Lincoln county insane.....	499 61	.....
For Oconto county insane.....	1,680 35	.....
For Shawano county insane.....	336 56	.....
For Washington county insane.....	3,340 94	.....
For state-at-large	666 67	.....
Total to Dodge county.....	\$12,170 34	
Dunn county for its own insane.....	\$3,088 71	
For Barron county insane.....	1,128 30	.....
For Burnett county insane.....	324 71	.....
For Chippewa county insane.....	406 32	.....
For Douglas county insane.....	323 71	.....
For Eau Claire county insane.....	615 33	.....
For Jackson county insane.....	322 95	.....
For Pepin county insane.....	964 69	.....
For Pierce county insane.....	1,350 04	.....
For Price county insane.....	120 43	.....
For Portage county insane.....	185 38	.....
For Polk county insane.....	751 72	.....
For St. Croix county insane.....	2,352 94	.....
For Taylor county insane.....	807 13	.....
For Washburn county insane.....	162 10	.....
For Waupaca county insane.....	181 17	.....
For state-at-large	1,698 85	.....
Total to Dunn county.....	\$14,782 48	
Fond du Lac county for its own insane.....	\$6,901 71	
For Douglas county insane.....	168 86	.....
For Green Lake county insane.....	1,873 21	.....
For Marinette county insane.....	1,045 31	.....
For Marquette county insane.....	1,165 80	.....
For Portage county insane.....	510 40	.....
For Price county insane.....	533 33	.....
For Sheboygan county insane.....	48 14	.....
For Waupaca county insane.....	156 86	.....
For state-at-large	353 72	.....
Total to Fond du Lac county.....	\$12,757 34	

Statistics.

Grant county for its own insane.....	\$5,377 07	.....
For Barron county insane.....	166 30	.....
For Crawford county insane.....	3,035 52	.....
For Lafayette county insane.....	853 02	.....
For Richland county insane.....	1,864 44	.....
For state-at-large	336 76	.....
Total to Grant county.....		\$11,633 11
Green county for its own insane.....	\$3,866 15	.....
For Buffalo county insane.....	697 77	.....
For Eau Claire county insane.....	746 51	.....
For Jackson county insane.....	803 80	.....
For Juneau county insane.....	725 91	.....
For Lafayette county insane.....	4,567 82	.....
For Polk county insane.....	889 88	.....
Total to Green county.....		\$12,297 84
Iowa county for its own insane.....	\$3,742 08	.....
For Buffalo county insane.....	345 77	.....
For Jackson county insane.....	510 08	.....
For Pierce county insane.....	504 88	.....
For Polk county insane.....	2,202 76	.....
For Richland county insane.....	205 16	.....
For Trempealeau county insane.....	167 86	.....
For Waukesha county insane.....	4,609 73	.....
For state-at-large	868 73	.....
Total to Iowa county.....		\$13,157 04
Jefferson county for its own insane.....	\$6,486 64	.....
For Burnett county insane.....	1,232 38	.....
For Eau Claire county insane.....	50 82	.....
For Juneau county insane.....	3,721 29	.....
For Waukesha county insane.....	156 86	.....
For state-at-large	877 34	.....
Total to Jefferson county.....		\$12,526 32
La Crosse county for its own insane.....	\$5,606 36	.....
For Barron county insane.....	321 32	.....
For Buffalo county insane.....	2,084 04	.....
For Clark county insane.....	1,144 74	.....
For Jackson county insane.....	935 65	.....
For Monroe county insane.....	165 46	.....
For Trempealeau county insane.....	1,675 63	.....
For state-at-large	2,140 93	.....
Total to La Crosse county.....		\$14,074 13
Marathon county for its own insane.....	\$2,604 00	.....
For Ashland county insane.....	1,687 55	.....
For Barron county insane.....	611 32	.....
For Buffalo county insane.....	327 57	.....
For Bayfield county insane.....	333 97	.....
For Chippewa county insane.....	350 47	.....

County Asylums.

Marathon county—continued.	
For Clark county insane.....	1,285 19
For Douglas county insane.....	1,259 31
For Eau Claire county insane.....	253 38
For Florence county insane.....	330 32
For Iron county insane.....	671 45
For Jackson county insane.....	682 73
For Langlade county insane.....	489 63
For Lincoln county insane.....	1,041 87
For Marquette county insane.....	495 28
For Oconto county insane.....	469 92
For Oneida county insane.....	226 57
For Pierce county insane.....	170 46
For Polk county insane.....	675 79
For Portage county insane.....	2,319 38
For Sawyer county insane.....	407 65
For Shawano county insane.....	1,135 89
For Trempealeau county insane.....	838 84
For Waupaca county insane.....	2,000 39
For Waushara county insane.....	319 97
For Wood county insane.....	2,109 61
For state-at-large	585 71
Total to Marathon county.....	\$23,584 22
Manitowoc county for its own insane.....	\$3,704 04
For Calumet county insane.....	959 25
For Door county insane.....	1,168 35
For Iron county insane.....	164 66
For Kewaunee county insane.....	857 41
For Ozaukee county insane.....	4,264 16
For Washington county insane.....	347 88
For Waupaca county insane.....	837 44
For state-at-large	2,911 79
Total to Manitowoc county.....	\$15,214 98
Milwaukee county for its own insane.....	\$9,566 36
Total to Milwaukee county.....	\$9,566 36
Outagamie county for its own insane.....	\$4,461 65
For Calumet county insane.....	2,173 39
For Door county insane.....	1,349 99
For Kewaunee county insane.....	1,483 40
For Langlade county insane.....	153 36
For Oconto county insane.....	1,005 23
For Waukesha county insane.....	780 00
For Waupaca county insane.....	2,626 87
For Winnebago county insane.....	37 71
For Wood county insane.....	162 19
For state-at-large	163 85
Total to Outagamie county.....	\$14,402 64
Racine county for its own insane.....	\$5,655 86
For Eau Claire county insane.....	510 19
For Kenosha county insane.....	4,586 89
For state-at-large	1,056 04
Total to Racine county.....	\$11,808 98

Statistics.

Rock county for its own insane.....	\$7,887 42	.....
For Buffalo county insane.....	313 39	.....
For Crawford county insane.....	1,143 31	.....
For Jackson county insane.....	254 75	.....
For Lafayette county insane.....	1,498 22	.....
For Marinette county insane.....	336 84	.....
For Marquette county insane.....	69 42	.....
For Pepin county insane.....	487 30	.....
For Richland county insane.....	1,241 91	.....
For Sawyer county insane.....	102 84	.....
For Washburn county insane.....	109 71	.....
For Waukesha county insane.....	221 61	.....
For state-at-large	1,475 39	.....
Total to Rock county.....		\$15,142 11
Sauk county for its own insane.....	\$3,671 57	.....
For Adams county insane.....	261 82	.....
For Burnett county insane.....	166 01	.....
For Juneau county insane.....	1,723 48	.....
For Monroe county insane.....	496 67	.....
For Richland county insane.....	164 51	.....
For Pierce county insane.....	1,535 79	.....
For St. Croix county insane.....	162 31	.....
For Trempealeau county insane.....	1,523 95	.....
Total to Sauk county.....		\$9,706 11
Sheboygan county for its own insane.....	\$6,363 72	.....
For Calumet county insane.....	663 92	.....
For Chippewa county insane.....	195 61	.....
For Washington county insane.....	1,184 65	.....
Total to Sheboygan county.....		\$8,407 90
Vernon county for its own insane.....	\$3,660 64	.....
For Buffalo county insane.....	169 84	.....
For Burnett county insane.....	339 70	.....
For Chippewa county insane.....	499 74	.....
For Crawford county insane.....	1,279 43	.....
For Jackson county insane.....	254 00	.....
For Juneau county insane.....	150 92	.....
For Monroe county insane.....	2,720 59	.....
For Pepin county insane.....	169 84	.....
For Portage county insane.....	175 59	.....
For Richland county insane.....	620 63	.....
For Trempealeau county insane.....	1,079 32	.....
For Wood county insane.....	169 84	.....
For state-at-large	4,133 70	.....
Total to Vernon county.....		\$15,423 78
Walworth county for its own insane.....	\$4,050 14	.....
For Chippewa county insane.....	515 13	.....
For Richland county insane.....	1,045 59	.....
For Waukesha county insane.....	2,359 78	.....
Total to Walworth county.....		\$7,970 64

County Asylums.

Winnebago county for its own insane.....	\$7,541 98	.....
For Ashland county insane.....	506 30	.....
For Bayfield county insane.....	717 11	.....
For Calumet county insane.....	156 86	.....
For Chippewa county insane.....	90 16	.....
For Clark county insane.....	232 12	.....
For Door county insane.....	240 78	.....
For Douglas county insane.....	982 58	.....
For Eau Claire county insane.....	155 66	.....
For Florence county insane.....	172 31	.....
For Green Lake county insane.....	747 74	.....
For Iron county insane.....	337 92	.....
For Kewaunee county insane.....	67 72	.....
For Langlade county insane.....	65 77	.....
For Lincoln county insane.....	338 07	.....
For Marinette county insane.....	1,171 51	.....
For Oconto county insane.....	314 86	.....
For Oneida county insane.....	190 03	.....
For Portage county insane.....	174 61	.....
For Price county insane.....	297 73	.....
For Shawano county insane.....	204 35	.....
For Taylor county insane.....	630 64	.....
For Washington county insane.....	60 33	.....
For Waupaca county insane.....	145 01	.....
For Waushara county insane.....	442 14	.....
For Wood county insane.....	46 31	.....
For state-at-large	3,075 18	.....
		<hr/>
Total to Winnebago county.....	\$19,104 77	
		<hr/>
Grand total.....	\$296,020 27	
		<hr/> <hr/>
Payment by the state to counties for their own insane.....	\$123,190 57	
Payment by the state to counties for insane from other counties.....	68,528 26	
Payment by the state for state insane.....	26,037 67	
		<hr/>
Total paid by state.....	\$217,756 50	
Special tax on counties for insane belonging to them kept by other counties	78,263 77	
		<hr/>
Total receipts by counties having asylums.....	\$296,020 27	

Statistics.

DIVISIONS OF APPROPRIATIONS TO COUNTY ASYLUMS FOR
THE YEAR ENDING SEPTEMBER 30, 1895—PART I.

Counties from which transferred.	Counties to be paid for care.	From state.	Special tax on counties from which transferred.	Total.
Adams.....	Columbia.....	\$187 29	\$255 82	\$443 11
Ashland.....	Marathon.....	472 50	509 89	982 39
Ashland.....	Winnebago.....	111 84	138 29	250 13
Barron.....	Dunn.....	554 35	577 06	1,131 41
Barron.....	Grant.....	83 35	103 95	187 30
Barron.....	La Crosse.....	228 21	246 11	474 32
Barron.....	Marathon.....	309 86	344 33	654 9
Bayfield.....	Marathon.....	120 86	130 96	251 82
Bayfield.....	Winnebago.....	312 84	383 59	696 43
Buffalo.....	Green.....	312 86	371 16	684 02
Buffalo.....	Iowa.....	168 00	208 90	376 90
Buffalo.....	La Crosse.....	860 36	946 08	1,806 44
Buffalo.....	Marathon.....	156 43	160 93	317 36
Buffalo.....	Rock.....	122 57	129 82	252 39
Buffalo.....	Vernon.....	78 22	91 21	169 43
Burnett.....	Dunn.....	156 42	164 08	320 50
Burnett.....	Jefferson.....	547 50	696 90	1,244 40
Burnett.....	Sauk.....	61 50	64 25	125 75
Burnett.....	Vernon.....	96 00	112 00	208 00
Calumet.....	Manitowoc.....	363 64	404 45	768 09
Calumet.....	Outagamie.....	1,016 79	1,148 19	2,164 98
Calumet.....	Sheboygan.....	411 21	474 71	885 92
Calumet.....	Winnebago.....	37 26	37 26	74 52
Chippewa.....	Dunn.....	601 50	634 75	1,236 25
Chippewa.....	Marathon.....	491 14	520 85	1,011 99
Chippewa.....	Sheboygan.....	312 85	352 46	665 31
Chippewa.....	Vernon.....	719 79	859 39	1,579 18
Chippewa.....	Walworth.....	616 29	721 87	1,338 16
Chippewa.....	Winnebago.....	96 43	108 58	205 01
Clark.....	Columbia.....	469 28	574 21	1,043 49
Clark.....	La Crosse.....	573 00	651 26	1,224 26
Clark.....	Marathon.....	159 64	162 90	322 54
Clark.....	Winnebago.....	156 42	197 22	353 64
Crawford.....	Grant.....	1,425 21	1,748 61	3,173 82
Crawford.....	Rock.....	234 64	243 19	477 83
Crawford.....	Vernon.....	543 22	639 66	1,182 88
Door.....	Brown.....	78 21	93 26	171 47
Door.....	Manitowoc.....	556 50	628 55	1,185 05
Door.....	Outagamie.....	625 72	693 67	1,319 39
Door.....	Winnebago.....	37 26	49 91	87 17
Douglas.....	Dunn.....	156 42	164 33	320 75
Douglas.....	Fond du Lac.....	78 21	89 72	167 93
Douglas.....	Marathon.....	5 64	74 00	128 64
Douglas.....	Winnebago.....	223 71	267 96	491 67
Eau Claire.....	Dunn.....	958 71	995 96	1,954 67
Eau Claire.....	Green.....	993 00	1,213 08	2,206 08
Eau Claire.....	Jefferson.....	78 21	96 41	174 62
Eau Claire.....	Marathon.....	387 43	410 86	798 29
Eau Claire.....	Racine.....	782 14	829 89	1,612 03
Eau Claire.....	Winnebago.....	234 63	304 93	539 56
Florence.....	Marathon.....	120 86	131 16	252 02
Florence.....	Winnebago.....	143 13	160 28	303 41
Green.....	Vernon.....	64	64	1 28
Green Lake.....	Fond du Lac.....	782 36	909 77	1,692 13
Jackson.....	Columbia.....	78 21	91 92	170 13
Jackson.....	Dunn.....	156 42	165 68	322 10
Jackson.....	Green.....	391 08	456 52	847 60
Jackson.....	Iowa.....	2,346 41	278 15	512 79
Jackson.....	La Crosse.....	510 65	606 23	1,116 88
Jackson.....	Marathon.....	312 96	337 94	650 90
Jackson.....	Vernon.....	48 00	56 00	104 00

Appropriations.

DIVISIONS OF APPROPRIATIONS 1895, PART I.—Continued.

Counties from which transferred.	Counties to be paid for care.	From state.	Special tax on counties from which transferred.	Total.
Juneau	Jefferson	\$2,288 21	\$2,706 61	\$4,974 82
Juneau	Sauk	414 21	422 95	837 16
Kenosha	Racine	2,152 29	2,283 40	4,435 69
Kewaunee	Brown	469 29	546 39	1,015 68
Kewaunee	Manitowoc	84 86	95 66	180 52
Kewaunee	Outagamie	759 00	820 10	1,579 10
La Fayette	Grant	625 71	770 61	1,396 32
La Fayette	Green	1,774 93	2,093 33	3,868 26
La Fayette	Rock	650 79	728 30	1,379 09
Langlade	Marathon	255 64	267 60	523 24
Langlade	Outagamie	78 21	83 97	162 18
Lincoln	Dodge	236 36	276 16	512 52
Lincoln	Marathon	399 00	449 60	848 60
Lincoln	Winnebago	77 13	83 18	160 31
Marinette	Brown	234 64	283 79	518 43
Marinette	Fond du Lac	469 29	565 89	1,035 18
Marinette	Winnebago	611 34	745 59	1,356 93
Marquette	Columbia	156 43	181 24	337 67
Marquette	Fond du Lac	547 50	667 36	1,214 86
Marquette	Marathon	57 86	57 86	115 72
Monroe	La Crosse	78 21	91 71	169 92
Monroe	Sauk	190 29	209 60	399 89
Monroe	Vernon	1,084 28	1,298 63	2,382 91
Oconto	Dodge	855 43	964 38	1,819 81
Oconto	Outagamie	474 00	504 75	978 75
Oconto	Brown	938 57	1,148 07	2,086 64
Outagamie	Winnebago	34 26	34 26	68 52
Ozaukee	Manitowoc	1,391 36	1,440 06	2,831 42
Pepin	Dunn	391 71	409 46	801 17
Pepin	Vernon	48 00	56 00	104 00
Pepin	Walworth	70 29	80 54	150 83
Pierce	Dunn	428 14	445 14	873 28
Pierce	Iowa	234 64	258 50	493 14
Pierce	Dane	234 65	254 54	489 19
Pierce	Marathon	78 21	92 58	170 79
Pierce	Sauk	228 64	234 17	462 81
Polk	Dunn	138 50	107 75	246 25
Polk	Iowa	1,119 64	1,280 95	2,400 59
Polk	Marathon	396 21	420 16	816 37
Polk	Green	391 07	487 78	878 85
Portage	Columbia	159 00	200 47	359 47
Portage	Fond du Lac	299 36	380 18	679 54
Portage	Marathon	974 57	1,011 88	1,986 45
Portage	Vernon	78 21	97 96	176 17
Portage	Winnebago	78 21	94 31	172 52
Price	Fond du Lac	234 64	294 40	529 04
Richland	Grant	783 43	942 47	1,725 90
Richland	Rock	365 57	388 14	753 71
Richland	Walworth	469 29	548 79	1,018 08
Richland	Vernon	312 86	373 98	686 84
Richland	Sauk	61 50	62 70	124 20
St. Croix	Dunn	1,173 21	1,227 61	2,400 82
St. Croix	Sauk	61 50	62 90	124 40
Sawyer	Marathon	234 64	258 06	492 70
Shawano	Dodge	154 43	179 28	333 71
Shawano	Marathon	516 43	548 42	1,064 85
Taylor	Dunn	391 07	410 32	801 39
Taylor	Winnebago	37 26	44 06	81 32
Trempealeau	Iowa	94 29	130 04	224 33
Trempealeau	La Crosse	565 83	634 29	1,200 22
Trempealeau	Marathon	387 00	441 28	828 28
Trempealeau	Vernon	469 29	553 74	1,023 03
Trempealeau	Sauk	770 79	794 95	1,565 74
Washburn	Sauk	78 21	82 71	160 92

County Asylums.

DIVISIONS OF APPROPRIATIONS, 1895 — PART I — Continued.

Counties from which transferred.	Counties to be paid for care.	From state.	Special tax on counties from which transferred.	Total.
Washington	Dodge	\$1,568 14	\$1,766 84	\$3,334 48
Washington	Sheboygan	473 57	549 42	1,022 99
Waukesha	Iowa	2,340 43	2,585 73	4,926 16
Waukesha	Jefferson	38 78	45 78	84 56
Waukesha	Walworth	941 36	1,007 06	1,948 42
Waupach	Fond du Lac	78 21	78 22	156 43
Waupaca	Marathon	948 64	1,012 36	1,961 00
Waupaca	Manitowoc	423 43	489 28	912 71
Waupaca	Outagamie	1,301 79	1,490 89	2,792 68
Waushara	Columbia	351 42	429 26	780 68
Waushara	Marathon	35 15	35 15	70 30
Winnebago	Outagamie	37 29	.....	37 29
Wood	Marathon	880 36	966 64	1,827 00
Wood	Outagamie	78 21	83 52	161 73
Wood	Vernon	78 21	91 21	169 42
		\$80,694 39	\$68,549 10	\$129,243 49

DIVISION OF APPROPRIATIONS TO COUNTY ASYLUMS FOR
THE YEAR ENDING SEPTEMBER 30, 1895.

(PART II.—For their own insane and state at large.)

COUNTIES.	For their own insane.	For state insane.	Total.
Brown	\$5,986 32	.....	\$5,986 32
Columbia	3,687 42	\$4,828 51	8,515 93
Dane	9,204 22	767 96	9,972 18
Dodge	5,378 14	725 34	6,173 48
Dunn	2,937 21	1,816 98	4,754 19
Fond du Lac	7,140 42	.....	7,140 42
Grant	5,149 13	333 63	5,482 76
Green	3,746 39	.....	3,746 39
Iowa	3,671 64	1,032 58	4,704 22
Jefferson	5,666 57	869 38	6,535 95
La Crosse	5,124 21	2,599 48	7,723 69
Marathon	2,449 50	374 78	2,824 28
Manitowoc	4,145 37	3,025 50	7,170 87
Milwaukee	9,446 36	.....	9,446 36
Outagamie	4,214 17	163 08	4,377 25
Racine	5,354 14	1,163 94	6,518 08
Rock	7,752 69	1,434 39	9,187 08
Sauk	3,438 66	.....	3,438 66
Sheboygan	6,852 64	.....	6,852 64
Vernon	2,799 21	4,170 56	6,969 77
Walworth	4,083 82	.....	4,083 82
Winnebago	7,056 90	2,853 89	9,910 79
Totals	\$115,285 13	\$26,230 00	\$141,515 13

*Statistics.*DIVISIONS OF APPROPRIATIONS TO COUNTY ASYLUMS FOR
THE YEAR ENDING SEPTEMBER 30, 1896 — PART I.

Counties from which transferred.	Counties to be paid for care.	From state.	Special tax on counties from which transferred.	Total.
Adams	Columbia.....	\$111 00	\$131 60	\$242 60
Adams	Sauk.....	124 71	137 11	261 82
Ashland	Marathon.....	768 43	919 12	1,687 55
Ashland	Winnebago.....	229 50	275 80	505 30
Barron	Chippewa.....	360 85	381 05	741 90
Barron	Dunn.....	549 00	577 30	1,126 30
Barron	Grant.....	78 43	87 87	166 30
Barron	La Crosse.....	156 85	164 46	321 32
Barron	Marathon.....	235 29	276 03	511 32
Bayfield	Marathon.....	156 86	177 11	333 97
Bayfield	Winnebago.....	324 43	392 68	717 11
Buffalo	Green.....	313 71	384 06	697 77
Buffalo	Iowa.....	156 86	188 91	345 77
Buffalo	La Crosse.....	1,010 36	1,073 68	2,084 04
Buffalo	Marathon.....	156 86	170 71	327 57
Buffalo	Rock.....	151 07	162 32	313 39
Buffalo	Vernon.....	78 42	91 42	169 84
Burnett.....	Chippewa.....	37 93	38 08	76 01
Burnett.....	Dunn.....	156 85	167 86	324 71
Burnett.....	Jefferson.....	549 00	683 38	1,232 38
Burnett.....	Sauk.....	78 43	87 58	166 01
Burnett.....	Vernon.....	156 85	182 85	339 70
Calumet.....	Columbia.....	42 43	58 41	100 84
Calumet.....	Manitowoc.....	454 50	504 75	959 25
Calumet.....	Outagamie.....	1,019 57	1,153 82	2,173 39
Calumet.....	Sheboygan.....	307 71	356 21	663 92
Calumet.....	Winnebago.....	78 43	78 43	156 86
Chippewa.....	Dunn.....	185 78	220 54	406 32
Chippewa.....	Marathon.....	158 36	192 11	350 47
Chippewa.....	Sheboygan.....	87 43	108 18	195 61
Chippewa.....	Vernon.....	219 00	280 74	499 74
Chippewa.....	Walworth.....	198 44	316 69	515 13
Chippewa.....	Winnebago.....	42 43	47 73	90 16
Clark.....	Columbia.....	212 14	270 13	482 27
Clark.....	La Crosse.....	549 00	595 74	1,144 74
Clark.....	Marathon.....	583 50	701 69	1,285 19
Clark.....	Winnebago.....	98 38	133 76	232 12
Crawford.....	Grant.....	1,411 71	1,623 81	3,035 52
Crawford.....	Rock.....	549 21	594 10	1,143 31
Crawford.....	Vernon.....	586 29	693 14	1,279 43
Door.....	Manitowoc.....	549 00	619 35	1,168 35
Door.....	Brown.....	6 43	14 43	20 86
Door.....	Outagamie.....	627 42	722 57	1,349 99
Door.....	Winnebago.....	106 64	132 14	240 78
Douglas.....	Dunn.....	156 85	166 86	323 71
Douglas.....	Fond du Lac.....	78 43	90 43	168 86
Douglas.....	Marathon.....	581 14	678 17	1,259 31
Douglas.....	Winnebago.....	447 64	534 94	982 58
Eau Claire.....	Chippewa.....	2,438 36	2,630 21	5,068 57
Eau Claire.....	Dunn.....	279 64	335 69	615 33
Eau Claire.....	Green.....	268 28	448 23	746 51
Eau Claire.....	Jefferson.....	21 85	28 97	50 82
Eau Claire.....	Marathon.....	113 79	139 59	253 38
Eau Claire.....	Racine.....	233 57	276 62	510 19
Eau Claire.....	Winnebago.....	67 50	88 15	155 65
Florence.....	Marathon.....	156 86	173 46	330 32
Florence.....	Winnebago.....	78 43	93 88	172 31
Green Lake.....	Fond du Lac.....	862 73	1,010 48	1,873 21
Green Lake.....	Winnebago.....	364 07	383 67	747 74
Iron.....	Marathon.....	309 43	362 02	671 45
Iron.....	Manitowoc.....	78 43	86 23	164 66
Iron.....	Winnebago.....	156 86	181 06	337 92
Jackson.....	Green.....	866 00	437 80	1,303 80
Jackson.....	Iowa.....	235 29	274 79	510 08

County Asylums.

DIVISIONS OF APPROPRIATIONS, 1896—PART 1.—Continued.

Counties from which transferred.	Counties to be paid for care.	From state.	Special tax on counties from which transferred.	Total.
Jackson	La Crosse	\$451 50	\$484 15	\$935 65
Jackson	Marathon	313 71	369 02	682 73
Jackson	Columbia	78 43	94 58	173 01
Jackson	Dunn	156 85	166 10	322 95
Jackson	Rock	123 85	130 90	254 75
Jackson	Vernon	115 50	138 50	254 00
Juneau	Green	330 43	395 48	725 91
Juneau	Jefferson	1,713 85	2,007 44	3,721 29
Juneau	Sauk	838 29	885 19	1,723 48
Juneau	Vernon	66 21	84 71	150 92
Kewaunee	Brown	118 29	168 87	287 16
Kewaunee	Manitowoc	409 93	447 48	857 41
Kewaunee	Outagamie	705 85	777 55	1,483 40
Kewaunee	Winnebago	30 21	37 51	67 72
Kenosha	Racine	2,159 79	2,427 10	4,586 89
La Fayette	Grant	382 71	470 31	853 02
La Fayette	Rock	705 21	793 01	1,498 22
La Fayette	Green	2,079 21	2,488 61	4,567 82
Langlade	Marathon	235 29	254 34	489 63
Langlade	Outagamie	78 43	79 93	158 36
Langlade	Winnebago	30 21	35 56	65 77
Lincoln	Marathon	480 21	561 66	1,041 87
Lincoln	Dodge	235 28	284 33	499 61
Lincoln	Winnebago	156 86	181 21	338 07
Marinette	Brown	235 29	285 59	520 88
Marinette	Fond du Lac	470 58	574 73	1,045 31
Marinette	Rock	165 21	171 63	336 84
Marinette	Winnebago	538 93	632 58	1,171 51
Marquette	Columbia	156 86	180 62	337 48
Marquette	Fond du Lac	522 85	643 15	1,165 80
Marquette	Marathon	235 29	259 99	495 28
Marquette	Rock	34 71	34 71	69 42
Monroe	La Crosse	78 43	87 03	165 46
Monroe	Sauk	235 28	261 39	496 67
Monroe	Vernon	1,236 42	1,484 17	2,720 59
Oconto	Brown	941 14	1,153 99	2,095 13
Oconto	Dodge	789 00	891 35	1,680 35
Oconto	Marathon	220 71	249 21	469 92
Oconto	Outagamie	470 57	534 66	1,005 23
Oconto	Winnebago	148 93	165 93	314 86
Oneida	Marathon	102 86	123 71	226 57
Oneida	Winnebago	88 29	101 74	190 03
Ozaukee	Manitowoc	2,023 43	2,238 73	4,262 16
Pepin	Dunn	470 57	494 12	964 69
Pepin	Rock	238 28	249 02	487 30
Pepin	Vernon	78 42	91 42	169 84
Pierce	Dane	235 27	263 38	498 65
Pierce	Iowa	656 15	693 89	1,350 04
Pierce	Pierce	235 29	269 59	504 88
Pierce	Marathon	78 43	92 03	170 46
Pierce	Sauk	739 93	795 86	1,535 79
Polk	Dunn	367 29	384 43	751 72
Polk	Green	392 14	497 74	889 88
Polk	Iowa	1,026 00	1,176 75	2,202 75
Polk	Marathon	313 93	361 86	675 79
Portage	Columbia	184 29	219 17	403 46
Portage	Dunn	88 72	96 66	185 38
Portage	Fond du Lac	221 57	288 83	510 40
Portage	Marathon	1,092 43	1,226 95	2,319 38
Portage	Vernon	78 42	97 17	175 59
Portage	Winnebago	78 43	96 18	174 61

Statistics.

DIVISIONS OF APPROPRIATIONS, 1896, PART I—Concluded.

Counties from which transferred.	Counties to be paid for care.	From state.	Special tax on counties from which transferred.	Total.
Price	Dunn	\$58 72	\$61 71	\$120 43
Price	Fond du Lac	235 29	298 04	533 33
Price	Winnebago	130 29	167 44	297 73
Richland	Grant	856 07	1,008 37	1,864 44
Richland	Iowa	88 08	117 08	205 16
Richland	Rock	604 50	537 41	1,241 91
Richland	Sauk	78 43	86 08	164 51
Richland	Vernon	279 64	340 99	620 63
Richland	Walworth	468 22	577 37	1,045 59
St. Croix	Chippewa	629 36	661 36	1,290 72
St. Croix	Dunn	1,142 57	1,210 37	2,352 94
St. Croix	Sauk	78 43	83 88	162 31
Sawyer	Rock	48 85	53 99	102 84
Sawyer	Chippewa	37 28	37 78	75 06
Sawyer	Marathon	187 50	220 15	407 65
Shawano	Dodge	156 86	179 70	336 56
Shawano	Marathon	532 07	603 82	1,135 89
Shawano	Winnebago	90 00	114 35	204 35
Sheboygan	Fond du Lac	19 07	29 07	48 14
Taylor	Dunn	392 14	414 99	807 13
Taylor	Winnebago	293 57	337 07	630 64
Trempealeau	Iowa	78 43	89 43	167 86
Trempealeau	La Crosse	809 57	866 06	1,675 63
Trempealeau	Marathon	392 14	446 70	838 84
Trempealeau	Sauk	732 00	791 95	1,523 95
Trempealeau	Vernon	489 00	590 32	1,079 32
Washburn	Dunn	78 42	83 68	162 10
Washburn	Rock	54 85	54 86	109 71
Washington	Dodge	1,568 57	1,772 37	3,340 94
Washington	Manitowoc	167 79	190 09	347 88
Washington	Sheboygan	549 00	635 65	1,184 65
Washington	Winnebago	28 29	32 04	60 33
Waukesha	Iowa	2,169 64	2,440 09	4,609 73
Waukesha	Jefferson	78 43	78 42	156 85
Waukesha	Outagamie	389 00	411 00	780 00
Waukesha	Rock	106 92	114 69	221 61
Waukesha	Walworth	1,106 79	1,252 99	2,359 78
Waupaca	Dunn	88 71	92 46	181 17
Waupaca	Fond du Lac	78 43	78 43	156 86
Waupaca	Marathon	941 14	1,059 25	2,000 39
Waupaca	Manitowoc	392 14	445 30	837 44
Waupaca	Outagamie	1,221 86	1,405 01	2,626 87
Waupaca	Winnebago	61 93	83 08	145 01
Waushara	Columbia	392 14	482 17	874 31
Waushara	Marathon	156 86	163 11	319 97
Waushara	Winnebago	215 57	226 57	442 14
Winnebago	Outagamie	18 85	18 86	37 71
Wood	Marathon	985 71	1,123 90	2,109 61
Wood	Outagamie	78 42	83 77	162 19
Wood	Vernon	78 42	91 42	169 84
Wood	Winnebago	21 43	24 88	46 31
Totals		\$68,528 26	\$78,263 77	\$146,792 03

County Asylums.

**DIVISIONS OF APPROPRIATIONS TO COUNTY ASYLUMS FOR
THE YEAR ENDING SEPTEMBER 30, 1896.**

PART II. (For their own insane and state at large.)

Counties.	For their own insane.	For state insane.	Total.
Brown	\$6,258 85		\$6,258 85
Chippewa	2,584 07		2,584 07
Columbia	3,952 50	\$4,443 34	8,395 84
Dane	10,512 84	1,249 67	11,762 51
Dodge	5,646 21	666 67	6,312 88
Dunn	3,088 71	1,698 85	4,787 56
Fond du Lac	6,901 71	353 72	7,255 43
Grant	5,377 07	336 76	5,713 83
Green	3,866 15		3,866 15
Iowa	8,742 08	868 73	4,610 81
Jefferson	6,486 64	877 34	7,363 98
La Crosse	5,606 36	2,140 93	7,747 29
Marathon	2,604 00	585 71	3,189 71
Manitowoc	3,704 04	2,911 79	6,615 83
Milwaukee	9,566 36		9,566 36
Outagamie	4,461 65	163 85	4,625 50
Racine	5,655 86	1,056 04	6,711 90
Rock	7,887 42	1,475 39	9,362 81
Sauk	3,671 57		3,671 57
Sheboygan	6,363 72		6,363 72
Vernon	3,660 64	4,133 70	7,794 34
Walworth	4,050 14		4,050 14
Winnebago	7,541 98	3,075 18	10,617 16
Totals	\$123,190 57	\$26,037 67	\$149,228 24

Per Capita Cost, Etc.

STATEMENT

Of population, weekly per capita cost, etc., of Wisconsin State Hospital, the Milwaukee County Hospital for the Insane, and the various county asylums for the chronic insane, for the year ending September 30, 1896.

NAME OF INSTITUTION.	Average population.	Total current expense.	Weekly cost per capita.
Wisconsin State Hospital for the Insane.....	397	\$103,475 01	\$5 01
Northern Hospital for the Insane.....	556	117,891 87	4 07
Milwaukee County Hospital for the Insane.....	355	70,483 61	3 79
Brown County Asylum.....	105	10,347 89	2 05
Chippewa County Asylum.....	79	10,969 54	2 67
Columbia County Asylum.....	101	6,778 52	1 28
Dane County Asylum.....	148	10,695 83	1 88
Dodge County Asylum.....	116	10,220 65	1 74
Dunn County Asylum.....	129	8,250 67	1 32
Fond du Lac County Asylum.....	128	11,162 37	1 67
Grant County Asylum.....	110	9,185 66	1 60
Green County Asylum.....	113	10,050 72	1 68
Iowa County Asylum.....	112	8,617 33	1 44
Jefferson County Asylum.....	117	10,203 76	1 66
La Crosse County Asylum.....	122	8,778 47	1 36
Marathon County Asylum.....	157	13,570 33	1 61
Manitowoc County Asylum.....	126	9,379 94	1 49
Milwaukee County Asylum.....	127	22,053 41	3 41
Outagamie County Asylum.....	120	10,252 56	1 62
Racine County Asylum.....	117	12,430 08	2 05
Rock County Asylum.....	150	10,592 63	1 31
Sauk County Asylum.....	91	6,060 61	1 31
Sheboygan County Asylum.....	108	10,911 87	2 19
Vernon County Asylum.....	120	10,359 95	1 76
Walworth County Asylum.....	91	5,459 50	1 17
Winnebago County Asylum.....	169	17,882 13	2 06
Totals.....	4,062	\$536,549 89	\$2 54

County Asylums.

STATEMENT

Showing total cost, acres in farms, and cost of same, number of inmates and where from, in county asylums of Wisconsin for the year ending Sept. 30, 1895.

County Asylum.	Total cost, exclusive of farm.	Acres in farm.	Cost of farm.	Number of inmates from own country.	Number of inmates from other countries	Total number of inmates.
Brown	\$30,073 08	113	\$5,000 00	86	23	109
Chippewa (not opened until 1896)	54,785 15	240	7,000 00	.....	.....	.....
Columbia	28,489 43	200	5,200 00	49	52	101
Dane	52,542 90	485	24,250 00	130	17	147
Dodge	43,909 64	220	17,000 00	74	41	115
Dunn	30,831 58	420	10,500 00	46	92	138
Fond du Lac	59,855 96	58	5,800 00	97	32	129
Grant	41,635 49	423	21,150 00	71	39	110
Green	42,294 50	320	12,000 00	65	48	113
Iowa	49,120 61	420	18,600 00	52	61	113
Jefferson	71,500 28	182	12,000 00	72	43	115
La Crosse	84,788 13	320	8,225 00	69	49	118
Marathon	89,754 38	235	5,000 00	31	112	143
Manitowoc	49,948 37	173	15,800 00	61	60	121
Milwaukee	85,807 11	40	20,000 00	126	.....	126
Outagamie	76,901 08	335	18,023 90	62	54	116
Racine	62,965 82	144	10,843 75	76	46	122
Rock	143,559 32	380	33,000 00	108	28	136
Sauk	26,994 88	165	7,000 00	45	43	88
Sheboygan	54,882 05	40	6,000 00	85	24	109
Vernon	60,051 70	230	8,200 00	47	73	120
Walworth	29,516 15	240	9,600 00	64	31	95
Winnebago	99,964 49	291	14,259 00	102	56	158
Totals	\$1,420,172 10	5,674	\$299,051 65	1,618	1,024	2,642

Weekly Cost per Capita.

WEEKLY COST PER CAPITA OF INSTITUTIONS FOR THE INSANE.

As reported by the officers in charge of each.

FOR FIRST DECADE.

INSTITUTIONS.	1861	1862	1863	1864	1865	1866	1867	1868	1869	1870
State hospital.....	\$4 61	\$3 79	\$3 75	\$3 63	\$5 08	\$4 30	\$4 50	\$4 43	\$4 42	\$4 30
Northern hospital.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....

FOR SECOND DECADE.

INSTITUTIONS.	1871	1872	1873	1874	1875	1876	1877	1878	1879	1880
State hospital.....	\$4 12	\$4 59	\$5 12	\$4 81	\$5 22	\$5 85	\$5 03	\$4 81	\$4 73	\$4 93
Northern hospital.....	.....	.....	9 27	6 41	6 46	5 14	4 68	4 61	4 20	4 35
Milwaukee hospital.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	2 91

FOR THE THIRD DECADE.

INSTITUTIONS.	1881	1882	1883	1884	1885	1886	1887	1888	1889	1890
State Hospital.....	\$4 42	\$3 92	\$3 90	\$3 46	\$3 53	\$3 46	\$3 55	\$3 74	\$3 78	\$3 83
Northern Hospital.....	4 38	3 57	3 89	3 87	3 73	3 22	3 32	3 80	3 44	3 70
Milwaukee Hospital.....	3 66	4 14	3 89	3 86	3 94	3 16	3 79	3 88	3 21	3 58
COUNTY ASYLUMS.										
Brown.....	2 15	2 16	2 00	1 61	1 88	1 65	1 70	1 89	1 85
Columbia.....	1 32	1 33	1 67	1 27	1 39	1 48	1 52	1 65
Dane.....	2 09	2 04	1 90	1 68	1 61	1 34	1 57	1 75
Dodge.....	2 33	2 27	2 11	1 93	1 80	1 82	1 86	1 78
Dunn.....
Fond du Lac.....	2 30	1 85	1 78	1 60	1 81
Grant.....	2 00	2 00	1 87	1 81	1 89	1 56	1 47	1 79
Green.....	1 71	1 94	1 73	1 41	1 47	1 65	1 72	1 74
Iowa.....	1 57	1 30	1 70	1 24
Jefferson.....	1 02	95	1 28	1 40	1 50	1 52	1 60	1 68	1 62
La Crosse.....	2 30	1 80	1 32
Manitowoc.....	1 73	1 93	1 87	1 80	1 72	1 51
Milwaukee.....	3 23	2 54
Outagamie.....	3 28
Racine.....	3 73
Rock.....	1 70	1 57	1 33	1 73	2 14	1 83	1 61	1 47	1 37
Sauk.....	1 49	1 17	1 39	1 09
Sheboygan.....	2 30	2 24	2 19	2 10	2 10	2 37	2 63	2 29	1 98
Vernon.....	2 64	1 68
Walworth.....	1 32	1 29	1 28	1 52	80	1 09	1 22	1 28	1 33
Winnebago.....	1 47	1 13	1 50	1 28	1 33	1 32	1 25	1 25	1 18
Av. for county asylums..	\$1 66	\$1 68	\$1 79	\$1 89	\$1 70	\$1 65	\$1 64	\$1 69	\$1 75

County Asylums.

FOR FOURTH DECADE.

INSTITUTIONS.	1891	1892	1893	1894	1895	1896
State Hospital.....	\$4 17	\$3 89	\$3 71	\$4 02	\$5 33	\$5 01
Northern Hospital.....	3 56	3 56	3 70	3 73	4 56	4 07
Milwaukee Hospital.....	3 65	3 51	3 95	3 16	3 63	3 79
COUNTY ASYLUMS.						
Brown.....	2 00	1 75	1 80	1 95	1 85	2 05
Chippewa.....						2 67
Columbia.....	1 53	1 55	1 65	1 84	1 32	1 28
Dane.....	1 70	1 60	1 8	1 40	1 18	1 38
Dodge.....	1 75	1 98	1 99	2 00	1 85	1 74
Dunn.....		1 86	1 55	1 55	1 53	1 32
Fond du Lac.....	1 98	2 25	2 14	1 90	1 96	1 67
Grant.....	1 74	1 99	1 67	1 89	1 72	1 60
Green.....	1 90	1 52	1 65	1 58	1 73	1 68
Iowa.....	1 44	1 58	1 53	1 23	1 65	1 44
Jefferson.....	1 88	1 87	1 86	1 54	1 79	1 68
La Crosse.....	1 35	1 37	1 49	1 27	1 39	1 36
Marathon.....				4 26	1 77	1 49
Manitowoc.....	1 60	1 61	1 52	1 72	1 67	1 61
Milwaukee.....	2 51	2 74	2 71	2 51	2 48	3 41
Outagamie.....	2 10	1 85	1 72	1 71	1 47	1 62
Racine.....	2 01	1 89	2 21	1 94	1 95	2 05
Rock.....	1 21	1 32	1 14	1 53	1 58	1 31
Sauk.....	1 09	1 08	1 15	1 18	1 35	1 31
Sheboygan.....	2 31	2 26	2 19	1 83	1 90	2 19
Vernon.....	1 66	1 55	1 62	1 49	1 63	1 76
Walworth.....	1 38	1 21	1 45	1 38	1 12	1 17
Winnebago.....	1 16	1 56	1 53	1 68	1 93	2 08
Av. for county asylums.....	\$1 78	\$1 70	\$1 74	\$1 74	\$1 68	\$1 73

Systems of Poor Relief.

SYSTEMS OF POOR RELIEF.

Counties.	Systems.	Counties.	Systems.
Adams	County, with poorhouse.	Marathon	Mixed, with poorhouse.
Ashland	County, with poorhouse.	Marinette	Town.
Barron	Mixed, with poorhouse.	Marquette	Town.
Bayfield	Town.	Milwaukee	County, with poorhouse.
Brown	Mixed, with poorhouse.	Monroe	County, with poorhouse.
Buffalo	Town.	Oconto	Town, city poorhouse in
Burnett	Town.		Oconto.
Calumet	Town.	Outagamie ...	Town, city poorhouse in
Chippewa	County, with poorhouse.		Appleton.
Clark	Mixed, with poorhouse.	Ozaukee	Town.
Columbia	County, with poorhouse.	Pepin	Town.
Crawford	County, with poorhouse.	Pierce	County, with poorhouse.
Dane	County, with poorhouse.	Polk	Town.
Dodge	Mixed, with poorhouse.	Portage	Town, city poorhouse in
Door	Town.		Stevens Point.
Douglas	County, with poorhouse.	Price	Mixed, with poorhouse.
Dunn	Mixed, with poorhouse.	Racine	Mixed, with poorhouse.
Eau Claire	Mixed, with poorhouse.	Richland	County, with poorhouse.
Florence	Town.	Rock	County, with poorhouse.
Fond du Lac	Mixed, with poorhouse.	St. Croix	County, with poorhouse.
Forest	Town.	Sauk	County, with poorhouse.
Grant	Mixed, with poorhouse.	Sawyer	County, with poorhouse.
Green	County, with poorhouse.	Shawano	Town.
Green Lake	Town.	Sheboygan ...	Town, city poorhouse in
Iowa	County, with poorhouse.		Sheboygan.
Jackson	Mixed, with poorhouse.	Taylor	County, with poorhouse.
Jefferson	County, with poorhouse.	Trempealeau ..	Town.
Juneau	County, with poorhouse.	Vernon	County, with poorhouse.
Kenosha	Town, city poorhouse in	Walworth	County, with poorhouse.
	Kenosha.	Washburn	Town.
Kewaunee	Mixed, with poorhouse.	Washington ..	County, with poorhouse.
La Crosse	County, with poorhouse.	Waukesha	Mixed, with poorhouse.
La Fayette	Mixed, with poorhouse.	Waupaca	Mixed, with poorhouse.
Langlade	Town.	Waushara	Town.
Lincoln	County, with poorhouse.	Winnebago ...	Mixed, with poorhouse.
Manitowoc	Town.	Wood	County, with poorhouse.

Pauperism.

STATISTICS OF PAUPERISM.

The years 1895 and 1896—ending September 30th.

Movement of population in poorhouses.	1895.	1896.
Number in poorhouse at the beginning of the year.....	1,312	1,468
Of whom were males.....	914	1,023
And females.....	398	445
There were received during the year.....	1,237	1,404
Of whom were males.....	928	1,098
And females.....	309	306
There were born in poorhouses.....	25	17
Of whom were males.....	14	3
And females.....	11	14
Making the total in poorhouses during the year.....	2,574	2,889
Of whom were males.....	1,856	2,124
And females.....	718	765
There were discharged during the year.....	966	1,015
Of whom were males.....	749	790
And females.....	217	225
There were placed out during the year.....	30	26
Of whom were males.....	19	15
And females.....	11	11
Ran away during the year.....	18	25
Of whom were males.....	13	19
And females.....	5	6
There died in poorhouses during the year.....	142	139
Of whom were males.....	111	94
And females.....	41	45
Number remaining in poorhouses at the end of the year.....	1,408	1,684
Of whom were males.....	964	1,206
And females.....	444	478

Ages of Paupers.

AGES OF PAUPERS IN POORHOUSES.

	1895.	1896.
Number of inmates under five years of age at close of year	20	18
There had been in all during the year	84	55
There were between five and sixteen at close of year	28	35
There had been in all during the year	82	70
There were of sound mind and body at the close of year	8	19
There had been in all during the year	8	30
There were between sixteen and sixty at close of year	636	809
There had been in all during the year	845	1,486
There were over sixty years of age at close of year	551	755
There had been in all during the year	747	1,108
Ages not reported at close of year	173	67
Ages not reported in all during year	816	175

Pauperism.

CAUSES OF PAUPERISM IN POOR HOUSES.

Officers in charge report as follows for those in poor houses during each year.

	1895.	1896.
Insanity	30	36
Epilepsy	39	45
Idiocy	145	146
Deaf-muteism	11	18
Blindness	90	62
Old age	519	954
Disease	371	779
Deformity or loss of limbs	70	87
Lying in cases	30	25
Not disabled	206	337
Causes not reported	1,063	200

NATIVITY OF PAUPERS IN POOR HOUSES DURING EACH YEAR.

	1895.	1896.
Number of inmates of native birth	621	823
Number of foreign birth	931	1,814
Number whose nativity was not reported	1,022	252

Financial Statements.

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS OF POORHOUSES.

EXPENDITURES.	1895.	1896.
Salaries of overseers and matrons.....	\$23,662 97	\$24,621 55
Wages of employes.....	21,022 02	23,575 59
Medical attendance.....	7,081 26	5,655 13
Groceries and provisions.....	39,681 24	44,726 30
Fuel and lights.....	9,858 50	9,637 46
Clothing.....	9,353 10	9,251 00
Furniture.....	2,089 58	2,352 61
Ordinary repairs.....	6,644 70	7,002 81
Other ordinary expenses.....	16,216 28	15,797 83
Total current expenses.....	\$135,609 65	\$142,620 28
RECEIPTS.		
From sales of farm produce.....	\$11,035 25	\$11,278 19
From expenses of inmates refunded.....	1,598 59	662 25
From other sources.....	1,980 74	2,039 88
Total receipts.....	\$14,614 58	\$13,980 32
The net expenses therefore were.....	\$120,995 07	\$128,639 96
Total number of weeks' board furnished.....	75,319	89,316
Average cost of support per week.....	\$1 36	\$1 44

Poor Relief.

Marinette.....	5,523 38	2,326 49	2,605 58	3,909 78	5,079 71	9,620 49	16,146 75	44,614 15	6,673 45	20,988	31
Marquette.....	1,200 00	1,152 44	920 00	1,215 00	30,277 43	825 00	1,432 15	7,651 54	1,065 05	9,845	26
Milwaukee.....	124,641 11	52,641 09	52,500 00	39,256 85	4,500 00	53,816 35	108,832 41	461,808 22	65,972 60	297,793	19
Monroe.....	4,500 00	5,000 00	3,500 00	5,739 84	4,743 90	5,070 96	4,850 25	31,370 73	5,458 96	21,060	34
Oconto.....	4,614 88	4,274 04	3,643 43	4,156 25	5,500 00	3,277 94	10,275 99	38,422 77	5,006 01	15,772	35
Oneida.....	4,780 61	5,722 76	5,024 51	5,272 83	5,490 39	15,277 99	12,316 45	53,855 58	7,097 94	39,892	10
Outagamie.....	1,183 67	1,275 00	1,198 95	698 60	1,500 00	500 00	4,567 04	9,923 26	417 61	16,171	10
Ozaukee.....	205 00	4,530 66	208 70	623 21	1,150 00	9,755 25	1,703 74	5,250 96	750 13	7,249	11
Pepin.....	3,900 15	2,745 00	1,964 12	6,096 30	4,796 91	3,705 37	3,078 52	31,849 03	4,549 96	21,466	21
Pierce.....	1,602 82	2,911 29	4,258 79	2,701 22	1,716 77	2,999 24	9,078 45	16,663 92	2,850 96	14,490	16
Portage.....	4,000 00	3,994 13	2,500 00	6,826 46	5,000 00	5,448 66	7,291 43	4,992 13	4,481 04	23,960	16
Racine.....	8,465 11	5,428 57	6,603 97	6,199 70	4,491 84	4,735 56	3,143 54	31,367 32	5,951 61	38,284	17
Richland.....	2,235 84	2,000 00	3,243 23	3,000 00	3,668 00	3,363 39	6,446 73	39,071 29	3,257 14	19,161	27
Rock.....	4,096 16	14,141 43	4,748 68	15,350 95	11,698 21	8,285 19	9,555 16	95,757 86	12,251 12	45,156	23
St. Croix.....	5,000 00	5,500 00	5,086 45	9,438 00	7,542 35	5,861 76	5,613 70	39,212 61	5,601 90	24,755	21
Sauk.....	5,000 00	5,500 00	3,364 00	9,438 00	8,760 01	14,982 00	4,613 53	57,912 03	8,273 14	31,639	23
Sawyer.....	1,531 00	1,168 06	1,777 00	2,555 00	2,152 33	2,459 17	5,913 08	18,012 88	2,624 32	8,060	14
Shawano.....	6,341 21	6,723 01	5,457 42	20,759 05	5,776 11	2,459 17	19,636 96	73,258 96	10,465 14	45,493	26
Sheboygan.....	3,216 03	4,597 75	4,255 73	6,780 75	6,237 49	5,832 32	3,166 37	32,968 74	3,841 69	20,588	18
Taylor.....	2,925 00	4,506 14	3,520 14	3,961 93	3,966 58	5,002 99	3,586 16	26,891 54	3,620 04	23,728	22
Trempealeau.....	3,100 00	3,800 00	4,000 00	3,509 00	3,500 00	3,821 24	3,619 10	29,340 34	3,620 04	23,728	22
Vernon.....	7,000 00	6,000 00	9,000 00	8,512 00	11,737 12	10,643 31	1,429 35	1,698 93	8,949 46	28,462	29
Vilas.....	1,600 00	2,745 00	3,590 00	2,790 00	32,060 00	900 00	5,560 39	95,452 82	8,350 40	28,462	29
Walworth.....	1,600 00	6,915 61	6,303 77	6,726 37	5,097 96	1,531 00	2,753 34	4,303 34	1,434 44	23,893	28
Washington.....	4,475 03	8,450 00	10,698 53	6,879 80	4,479 99	9,174 53	9,929 72	45,622 99	6,946 14	23,893	28
Waukesha.....	6,927 19	2,010 19	2,892 96	1,738 06	2,790 76	4,561 99	5,275 57	47,261 41	6,761 63	23,893	28
Waupaca.....	2,257 00	17,026 95	16,860 74	13,489 88	17,969 11	14,710 11	12,266 98	105,438 13	15,069 73	14,688	15
Waushara.....	3,134 35	4,350 00	5,172 62	5,834 86	5,160 62	4,417 47	4,566 01	33,419 56	4,774 22	11,968	26
Wood.....	3,850 00										
Total.....	\$411,744 92	\$382,059 62	\$412,896 85	\$417,714 19	\$397,650 60	\$443,676 91	\$383,182 10	\$3,018,885 20	\$441,299 31	1,755,238	\$ 025

Pauperism.

LIST OF SUPERINTENDENTS OF POOR HOUSES.

COUNTIES.	Name of person in charge of poor house.	Postoffice address.	Salary.
Adams	H. H. Mason	Big Spring.....	\$400 00
Ashland.....	H. L. Smart.....	High Bridge.....	300 00
Barron	Robert Miller.....	Barron	500 00
Brown	W. L. Witters.....	Green Bay.....	420 00
Chippewa	Thos. G. Smith.....	Chippewa Falls.....	581 22
Clark	C. H. Ebbe.....	Neillsville.....	600 00
Columbia	B. Miller.....	Wyocena.....	333 33
Crawford	A. N. Scovill.....	Seneca.....	900 00
Dane	L. P. Edwin.....	Verona.....	320 00
Dodge.....	S. Rudolf.....	Juneau.....	400 00
Douglas.....	William Quinn.....	West Superior.....	800 00
Dunn.....	Willis Bailey.....	Menominee.....	400 00
Eau Claire.....	H. T. Herrell.....	Eau Claire.....	500 90
Fond du Lac.....	L. Manderschied.....	Fond du Lac.....	480 00
Grant	James Alderson.....	Lancaster.....	480 00
Green	R. C. Whitcomb.....	Monroe.....	240 00
Iowa	E. J. Perkins.....	Dodgeville.....	400 00
Jackson.....	J. C. Tucker.....	Black River Falls.....	500 00
Jefferson.....	W. E. Voigt.....	Jefferson.....	380 00
Juneau.....	R. F. Jones.....	New Lisbon.....	750 00
Kewaunee.....	Henry Schmiling.....	Alaska.....	450 00
La Crosse.....	J. E. Howser.....	La Crosse.....	550 00
La Fayette.....	Frank Higgins.....	Darlington.....	700 00
Lincoln.....	D. E. Dean.....	Merrill.....	500 00
Marathon.....	August Seefeldt.....	Wausau.....	730 00
Milwaukee.....	F. Wetenkamp.....	Wauwatosa.....	1,000 00
Monroe.....	A. Bass.....	Sparta.....	700 00
Pierce.....	John Rasmus.....	Ellsworth.....	400 00
Price.....	Chas. H. Rosen.....	Phillips.....	800 00
Richland.....	Simon Nichols.....	Richland Center.....	700 00
St. Croix.....	Thos. A. Walby.....	Pleasant Valley.....	600 00
Sauk	Wm. Andrus.....	Reedsburg.....	360 00
Sawyer.....	J. Mortenson.....	Hayward.....	480 00
Taylor.....	Henry Brehm.....	Medford.....	450 00
Vernon.....	Geo. Welch.....	Viroqua.....	600 00
Walworth.....	John P. Davis.....	Elkhorn.....	500 00
Washington.....	P. Illion.....	Salter.....	700 00
Waukesha.....	David C. Johnson.....	Waukesha.....	800 00
Waupaca.....	W. P. Carew.....	Little Wolf.....	500 00
Winnebago.....	A. C. Austin.....	Winnebago.....	500 00
Wood.....	A. Abrams.....	Port Edwards.....	600 00
CITY POOR HOUSES.			
Appleton.....	Joseph Ulman.....	Appleton.....	360 00
Kenosha.....	Geo. Berens.....	Kenosha.....	150 00
Oconto.....	Mrs. L. O'Connor.....	Oconto.....	.....
Stevens Point.....	S. R. Haynes.....	Stevens Point.....	.....
Sheboygan.....	Hans Seivers.....	Sheboygan.....	600 00
Stockbridge.....	Edward Gilson.....	Stockbridge.....	.....

*County Jails.***COUNTY JAILS.****MOVEMENT OF POPULATION.**

	1895.			1896.		
	Male.	Female	Total.	Male.	Female	Total.
Number prisoners in jail Nov. 1.....	584	35	619	432	30	462
Number received during the year.....	20,346	420	20,766	20,660	430	21,090
Total number during year.....	20,930	455	21,385	21,092	460	21,552
Number removed to state prison during year.....	261	12	273	281	3	284
Number removed to industrial schools..	153	32	185	151	42	193
Number let out on bail.....	424	14	438	369	22	391
Number let out on nulle persequi.....	93	4	97	174	11	185
Number discharged on writ of habeas corpus.....	28	2	30	27	.....	27
Number escaped and not recaptured....	42	1	43	177	.....	177
Number died in jail.....	5	1	6	6	.....	6
Number otherwise removed.....	19,363	356	19,719	19,480	356	19,836
Total number passed out.....	20,369	422	20,791	20,665	434	21,099
Number prisoners remaining.....	561	33	594	427	26	453

CLASSIFICATION OF PRISONERS.

	1895.	1896.
Number serving sentence in jail.....	14,425	14,880
Number waiting trial.....	2,185	2,190
Number of city or village prisoners not charged against the county.....	536	497
Number detained as witnesses.....	132	52
Number of insane or idiotic prisoners.....	309	300
Number of vagrants or tramps received without commitment....	3,798	3,653
Totals.....	21,385	21,55

County Jails.

ESCAPES.

	1895.	1896.
Number different attempts at escape.....	95	231
Number unsuccessful attempts at escape.....	43	35
Number successful attempts at escape.....	52	196
* Number of persons actually escaped.....	52	196
Number recaptured.....	24	22

* Of these escapes a number were tramps at work outside of the jail and no effort made to recapture them.

ALLEGED OFFENSES OF PRISONERS AWAITING TRIAL.

	1895.			1896.		
	Male.	Female	Total.	Male.	Female	Total.
Murder.....	36	3	39	40	2	42
Manslaughter.....	11		11	5	1	6
Rape.....	43		43	37		37
Assault with intent to kill.....	51	1	52	61		61
Assault to do bodily harm.....	56	1	57	91		91
Other crimes against the person.....				5		5
Arson.....	30	2	32	15		15
Burglary.....	244	1	245	289	3	272
Embezzlement.....	42		42	40		40
Forgery.....	58		58	69	1	70
Larceny.....	107	2	109	105	4	109
Horse stealing.....	27		27	23	1	24
Obtaining money or property under false pretenses.....	71	3	74	63	3	71
Robbery.....	55	3	58	65	1	66
Other crimes against property.....	13	6	19	179	9	188
Adultery.....	24	9	33	27	15	42
Bigamy.....	4		4	12	2	14
Incest.....	5		5	7		7
Fornication.....	13	15	28	7	3	10
Seduction.....	2		2	4		4
Perjury.....	6		6			
Miscellaneous.....	380	16	396	320	18	338
Selling liquor to Indians.....	185		185	133		133
Violation of revenue laws.....	16	1	17	24		24
Liquor on reservation.....	8		8			
Robbing mail.....	8		8	18		18
Other offenses against U. S. laws.....	26	2	28	19		19
Offenses not reported.....	598		598	484		484

Statistics.

OFFENSES OF PRISONERS SENTENCED.

	1895.		1896.	
	Male.	Fe-male.	Male.	Fe-male.
Assault and battery	852	6	911	10
Bastardy	50	.....	53	.....
Contempt of court.....	19	1	59	.....
Drunk and disorderly	4,594	63	4,017	66
Fornication	14	1	19	4
Larceny	888	23	930	7
Malicious mischief	214	1	155	5
Prostitution .....	.....	141	.....	110
Violation of liquor laws.....	55	.....	49	.....
Vagrancy.....	6,846	48	8,210	5
Miscellaneous.....	338	3	216	8
Abusive and obscene language.....	127	.....	26	.....
Offenses not reported.....	141	.....	.....	.....

ADDITIONAL FACTS.

	1895.		1896.	
	Male.	Fe-male.	Male.	Fe-male.
Number of foreign born prisoners.....	4,008	119	5,201	136
Number of native born prisoners.....	6,944	177	6,577	173
Number who could not read or write.....	427	16	590	5
Number habitually intemperate.....	1,871	12	3,514	25
Number between 16 and 21 years of age.....	1,036	90	925	37
Number under 16 years of age.....	364	30	225	18
Number insane or idiotic persons on Sept. 30.....	3	2	3	.....

County Jails.

COUNTY JAILS, 1896.

COUNTRIES.	Material of which constructed.	Date of construction.	Original cost of jail, including additions.	No. OF CELLS.		How many can properly be accommodated.	REMARKS.
				For males.	For females.		
Ashland.....	Stone and brick.....	1888	\$35,000 00	16	4	50	First class jail, in good condition and well maintained. The ventilation and sanitation are good. Cells are of steel, with corridors three feet wide around cage. Water closets in each cell and in outer room. Room for women in sheriff's residence. Considered fire proof.
Barron.....	Stone and brick.....	1892	10,000 00	6	2	26	
Bayfield.....	Brick.....	1883	12,500 00	7	1	20	This is a new jail and a credit to Bayfield county.
Brown.....	Brick and stone.....	1867	40,000 00	21	1	42	Prisoners were moved in November 11th, 1893. Basement jail with department above. The latter is clean and sanitary conditions not bad.
Buffalo.....	Brick and stone.....	1888	5,000 00	3	.....	12	A very good brick building. Covered buckets are used. Ventilation fair. Room upstairs for female prisoners. Not very neatly kept.
Burnett.....	Oak timber.....	1887	700 00	3	.....	6	Not often used. A very poor jail. Not very well kept.
Calumet.....	Stone and iron.....	1877	5,000 00	4	2	12	A small jail, but answers fairly well as there are not many prisoners confined therein.
Clark.....	Stone and brick.....	1877	2,000 00	2	2	6	Not large enough nor properly ventilated. Two cells in sheriff's residence for females. The ventilation and sanitary conditions are very bad.
Columbia.....	Brick and iron.....	1887	18,000 00	16	3	38	A well constructed jail but defective in regard to sewerage. Female cells above sheriff's residence.
Chippewa.....	Stone and brick.....	1875	20,000 00	20	2	44	This jail is in fair condition and fairly well kept.
Crawford.....	Stone and iron.....	1886	5,500 00	10	3	20	A new jail with modern improvements. Facilities for separation of sexes.
Dane.....	Stone and brick.....	1883	48,000 00	40	4	88	A practically fireproof and very complete jail. One of the best in the state.
Dodge.....	Stone and brick.....	1891	20,000 00	10	4	50	A good jail with modern improvements.
Door.....	Brick and iron.....	1882	4,000 00	5	1	6	A well built jail with separate cell for women.
Douglas.....	Brick.....	1885	17,000 00	8	1	32	Of approved construction with steel cage, but too small for the needs of the county.
Dunn.....	Brick.....	1883	.....	8	2	8	A very well kept jail.
Eau Claire.....	Brick.....	1884	20,000 00	9	1	30	A very good jail, supplied with city water.
Florence.....	Stone and brick.....	1889	7,000 00	3	1	12	Sufficiently large for present needs. Everything in first class condition at the time of last inspection.
Fond du Lac.....	Stone and brick.....	1869	40,000 00	36	.....	42	A good jail, lacking, however, facilities for the proper separation of sexes.

Statistics.

Forest.....	Wood and iron.....	1883	5,500 00	2	1	18	A poor jail.
Grant	Stone and brick.....	1872	22,000 00	12	1	23	Steel cage with twelve cells. Ventilation poor. A new sheriff's residence contiguous to this jail was erected in 1884.
Green.....	Brick and iron.....	1871	30,000 00	8	1	22	A very good jail and safe. Not many prisoners confined in this jail. During "tramp season" about six prisoners a day is the average.
Green Lake.....	Stone.....	1870	6,500 00	3	.....	6	Fairly well built. Steel cages on first floor. No provision made for separation of sexes.
Iowa.....	St ne and iron.....	1875	12,000 00	8	.....	10	A fairly good building with separate apartment for women.
Iron.....	Brick.....	1883	9,500 00	12	.....	30	A first-class jail in all appointments. Fine cage and good beds. Well supplied with water and well ventilated.
Jackson	Brick.....	1878	5,000 00	4	1	10	Ventilation and sewerage good. City water. Separate rooms for females.
Jefferson.....	Stone and brick.....	1874	18,000 00	16	2	38	A fair jail kept in good order.
Juneau.....	Stone and brick.....	1875	23,000 00	14	1	40	This jail is of good construction and fully meets the requirements of the county.
Kenosha.....	Stone and brick.....	1885	7,500 00	9	1	24	Two cages, one above the other. Separate room which may be used for females. Fairly well kept.
Kewaunee	Stone and brick.....	1885	5,600 00	6	.....	6	A good jail, except that there are no facilities for the separation of sexes.
La Crosse.....	Stone and brick.....	1890	50,000 00	26	2	52	A very fine jail. Heated by steam and lighted by electricity. Department for females. Finely kept.
La Fayette.....	Stone.....	1859	.....	8	.....	16	Stone building lined with plank. The cells are of wood and the jail is not properly constructed to hold criminals. The danger from fire is great. The building is unsanitary, damp and foul.
Langlade	Stone and brick.....	1885	8,000 00	4	.....	12	Two steel cages on each floor. The jail is too small for the needs of the county.
Lincoln	Stone and brick.....	1885	11,500 00	3	2	10	A fair jail with good facilities for the separation of sexes but poor facilities for the classification of offenders.
Manitowoc.....	Stone and brick.....	1892	30,000 00	20	4	38	A fine jail furnished with all modern conveniences. Separate cell for females.
Marathon	Brick	1874	11,000 00	14	.....	20	A very good jail with iron cage.
Marinette	Stone and brick.....	1892	25,000 00	16	5	52	New, with all modern improvements, well kept and in good condition. Separate cells for insane.
Marquette	Stone and brick.....	1866	8,000 00	2	.....	4	Steel cage in one room of basement of court house. This jail is not constructed according to law as it is dark, low and unhealthy.
Milwaukee.....	Stone and iron.....	1885	.....	69	3	100	This is the best jail in the state and its capacity is sufficient. All women or girl prisoners are confined in what is known as the female ward, which is separate from the part occupied by the males. Capacity of female department is 16.

County Jails.

COUNTY JAILS, 1896—Continued.

COUNTIES.	Material of which constructed.	Date of construction.	Original cost of jail, including additions.	No. OF CELLS.		How many can properly be accommodated.	REMARKS.
				For males.	For females.		
Monroe.....	Stone and brick.....	1891	16,500 00	16	6	44	A very satisfactory jail and hitherto has had good management.
Oconto.....	Stone and brick.....	1887	9,000 00	7	.....	20	A very good jail, well supplied with water closets and bath rooms. Separate room for females.
Oneida.....	Stone and brick.....	1888	15,000 00	6	.....	12	A good building with iron cages. Large room for the temporary detention of women and boys.
Outagamie.....	Brick and wood.....	1886	30,000 00	23	.....	43	This is what is called a rotary cage and is fairly satisfactory.
Ozaukee.....	Brick and iron.....	1894	17,500 00	5	2	12	New building, having five double cells for males and two single cells for women. Bath tubs. Building heated by steam.
Pepin.....	Brick.....	1870	18,000 00	3	.....	9	On the first floor of court house. Considered safe.
Pierce.....	Stone.....	1881	2,900 00	2	.....	6	The ventilation is bad.
Polk.....	Stone.....	1881	2,900 00	2	.....	6	Located in basement of stone building, the two upper floors of which are occupied by county offices.
Portage.....	Stone and iron.....	1871	30,000 00	8	.....	10	The jail part is damp and unsuitable for occupancy.
Price.....	Brick, stone and iron.....	1894	15,000 00	6	3	18	Basement jail. No ventilation or sewerage. Condensed by the board. The county has plans perfected and will erect a new first class jail without unnecessary delay.
Richland.....	Stone.....	1868	8,000 00	2	.....	4	This is a very good little jail and well kept. Has separate cells for females.
Racine.....	Stone and brick.....	1893	23,000 00	24	.....	37	A very poorly constructed jail. Steel cage with four cells in second story. Two cells on ground floor not used, having been condemned. There are not cells enough.
Rock.....	Stone and wood.....	1860	.....	14	1	35	This is a new jail, first class in every respect and well kept.
St. Croix.....	Stone.....	1856	.....	5	.....	5	Building old and generally in poor condition. A new jail should be provided, especially since Rock is a wealthy county and its people among the most enlightened in the state.
							Located in the basement of court house. This jail is a poor one and unsafe. It should be condemned.

Statistics.

Sank	Stone and brick	1880	20,000 00	18	3	26	This is a model jail and one of the best in the state for the money expended.
Sawyer	Wood	1884	3,500 00	6	.....	30	Three steel cells for males and one wooden cell for women. Answers the purposes.
Shawano	Stone	1880	18,000 00	10	.....	10	In a very unsanitary condition and unfit for use.
Sheboygan	Stone and Brick	1883	21,500 00	18	2	38	Undoubtedly one of the best jails in the state.
Taylor	Brick	1892	14,000 00	12	.....	40	Ventilating system, perfect.
Trempealeau	Brick and iron	1884	9,000 00	2	1	4	Good substantial building. Sewerage poor.
Vernon	Stone and brick	1880	5,000 00	8	.....	16	Not large but sufficient for the needs of the county.
Vilas	Stone and brick	1885	12,000 00	4	1	11	A fair jail with separate apartments for females.
Walworth	Stone and brick	1878	10,000 00	11	3	33	A good substantial jail with modern improvements.
Washburn	Wood	1883	4,500 00	5	.....	8	Altogether the jail is creditable to Walworth county, being as it is in every way superior to the average. Should be condemned as it is not safe nor suitable for a jail. No sewerage. Condemnation proceedings postponed for the reason that the county funds are at present tied up.
Washington	Stone and brick	1887	14,000 00	5	.....	20	This is a very good jail, with steel cage and cells. Separate cell for women.
Waupaca	Brick	1886	12,000 00	12	.....	50	New jail with all modern improvements. Facilities for separation of sexes.
Waushara	Brick	1882	2,000 00	5	.....	5	Not very secure and of small proportion. Females kept in cell on upper floor.
Winnebago	Stone and brick	1859	60,000 00	18	.....	40	This is a basement jail which should be condemned.
Wood	Stone and iron	1882	6	6	.....	6	A basement jail with comparatively few prisoners.
Waukesha	Stone and iron	1885	22,000 00	8	2	18	Very complete. Large enough to accommodate all classes of offenders except tramps.

Police Stations.

POLICE STATIONS.

Visited by the Board during the past biennial period.

Name of place.	Material of which constructed.	Date when constructed.	Cost including additions.	No. of cells.	Size of each cell (feet).	Size of outer room.	Capacity.	How heated.	How ventilated.	Safeguards against fire.
Alnapee	Brick	1891	\$800 00	2	5x7	12x16	3	Stove	Windows	Fireproof.
Antigo	Wood	1887	50 00	2	6x9	None	2	Stove	Windows	Force pump and hose.
Ashland	Stone	1872	300 00	5	6x18	10x40	12	Stove	Windows	Hydrant and hose.
Albany	Wood	1881	2,800 00	2	8x8	20x30	10	Stove	Windows	In engine house.
Amery	Brick and wood.	1884	1,150 00	2	8x8	12x24	5	Stove	Windows	Hose.
Appleton	Wood	1884	1,000 00	2	4x7	12x19	4	Stove	Windows	Hydrant near.
Arcadia	Stone	1885	450 00	2	7x12	3x18	4	Stove	Windows	Fire engine.
Auburndale	Wood	1883	400 00	2	8x10	12x18	4	Stove	Windows	None.
Auburndale	Wood	1876	250 00	2	8x10	12x18	4	Stove	Windows	Engine house.
Augusta	Wood	1876	150 00	2	8x12	None	2	Stove	Windows	None.
Avoca	Stone	1874	200 00	2	7x10	12x15	4	Stove	Windows	None.
Argyle	Wood	1882	200 00	2	8x10	None	4	Stove	Windows	Under fire department.
Alma	Wood	1894	100 00	2	7x12	None	4	Stove	Windows	None.
Alma Center	Wood	1872	14,000 00	2	7x10	10x14	4	Stove	Windows	Engine house.
Baldwin	Brick	1875	1,000 00	3	5x10	12x16	6	Stove	Windows	None.
Berlin	Wood	1875	1,000 00	4	6x8	9x24	4	Stove	Windows	Near engine house.
Bayfield	Wood	1888	4,000 00	4	4x8	14x23	4	Stove	Shafts	Waterworks.
Beaver Dam	Brick	1888	4,500 00	2	5x15	12x20	6	Stove	Windows	None.
Baraboo	Brick and stone.	1893	12,500 00	2	15x15	12x20	6	Stove	Windows	None.
Beloit	Brick and stone.	1877	2,600 00	6	5x7	9x20	6	Stove	Windows	Fire company.
Browtown	Wood	1890	125 00	2	5x7	5x12	2	Stove	Windows	None.
Boscobel	Wood	1874	2,500 00	1	12x14	12x14	2	Stove	Windows	Near fire company.
Bloomer	Wood	1885	130 00	2	1x5	5x12	6	Stove	Windows	None.
Bloomington	Wood	1890	100 00	2	5x7	7x18	2	Stove	Windows	None.
Brandon	Stone and iron.	1890	900 00	2	4x8	7x12	2	Stove	Windows	None.
Bridgton	Wood	1883	200 00	4	7x10	None	2	Stove	Windows	None.
Brodhead	Stone	1871	1,000 00	3	5x7	10x16	3	Stove	Windows	None.
Burlington	Stone and wood.	1888	5,000 00	2	4x11	30x20	10	Stove	Windows	Engine house.
Butternut	Stone and wood.	1897	500 00	1	1x5	10x20	3	Stove	Windows	Fire company.
Blancheville	Wood	1882	500 00	3	6x9	35x20	3	Stove	Windows	None.
Brule	Wood	1882	150 00	1	12x16	None	10	Stove	Windows	None.
Bangor	Wood	1891	9x3	2	9x3	6x12	3	Stove	Windows	None.
Benton	Wood	1893	250 00	2	3x9	5x9	3	Stove	Windows	None.
Belmont	Stone	1874	175 00	2	8x16	8x16	2	Stove	Windows	None.

Statistics.

Blair	1879	50 00	11x11	None	Stove	Windows	None.
Barron	1880	100 00	8x10	16x12	Stove	Windows	None.
Cassville	1874	200 00	8x8	8x16	Stove	Windows	Fireproof.
Centralia	1885	75 00	6x8	8x12	Stove	Windows	None.
Chetek	1885	2,400 00	5x8	5x20	Stove	Windows	Cap on stove.
Chippewa Falls	1884	200 00	7x8	7x14	Stove	Ventilators	Watchman.
Clear Lake	1885	250 00	5x8	4x18	Stove	Windows	None.
Clintonville	1870	500 00	5x8	10x14	Stove	Windows	Fire engine.
Colby	1891	250 00	6x8	8x13	Stove	Windows	Fire engine.
Columbus	1883	25,000 00	4x8	14x14	Stove	Windows	Engine house.
Com'wealth	1888	800 00	6x2	22x24	Stove	Shaft	None.
Cumberland	1882	100 00	4x8	14x18	Stove	Shaft	None.
Cedarburg	1886	800 00	7x8	8x16	Stove	Ventilator	None.
Cadota	1883	125 00	6x2	6x2	Stove	Windows	Fire company.
Cambria	1887	800 00	7x8	8x16	Stove	Windows	None.
Wood	1883	125 00	6x2	5x12	Stove	Windows	None.
Wood	1883	200 00	12x12	18x20	Stove	Windows	None.
Camp Douglas	1883	350 00	6x2	16x16	Stove	Windows	None.
Wood	1882	400 00	5x2	16x16	Stove	Windows	None.
Cambridge	1884	200 00	3x8	5x12	Stove	Windows	None.
Cudahy	1883	200 00	3x8	5x12	Stove	Windows	None.
Wood	1883	250 00	6x8	20x8	Stove	Windows	None.
Chilton	1888	200 00	5x8	20x8	Stove	Windows	Fire engine.
Wood	1883	200 00	5x8	20x8	Stove	Windows	None.
Cuba City	1881	75 00	5 1/2 x 8	6 1/2 x 10	Stove	Windows	None.
Wood	1886	1,500 00	5 1/2 x 8	6 1/2 x 10	Stove	Windows	None.
Deerfield	1886	4,000 00	5x7	20x20	Stove	Windows	None.
Delavan	1888	4,000 00	5x7	20x20	Stove	Windows	None.
Depere	1884	3,000 00	4x2	5x12	Stove	None	Engine house.
Depere West	1881	3,000 00	6x8	5x12	Stove	None	Fire engine.
Brick and wood	1886	500 00	6x8	9x9	Stove	Windows	None.
Wood	1886	500 00	6x8	9x9	Stove	Windows	None.
Edgerton	1888	3,600 00	6x8	8x14	Stove	Windows	None.
Brick	1888	3,600 00	6x8	8x14	Stove	Windows	None.
Wood and stone	1874	500 00	6x8	5x12	Furnace	Windows	City water.
Brick	1883	200 00	6x8	5x12	Stove	Windows	City water.
Wood	1879	200 00	6x8	5x12	Stove	Windows	None.
Elroy	1879	200 00	6x8	5x12	Stove	Windows	None.
Stone and wood	1883	7,000 00	16x16	None	Stove	Windows	Fire department.
Wood and stone	1886	800 00	15x20	None	Stove	Windows	Fire department.
Elkhart Lake	1882	150 00	12x12	12x12	Stove	Windows	None.
Fairchild	1882	150 00	12x12	12x12	Stove	Windows	None.
Fennimore	1882	150 00	12x12	12x12	Stove	Windows	None.
Fifield	1888	5,000 00	7x12	None	Stove	Windows	None.
Wood and iron	1888	5,000 00	7x12	None	Stove	Windows	None.
Ft. Atkinson	1875	5,000 00	7x12	None	Stove	Windows	None.
Wood	1882	4,000 00	8x12	10x14	Stove	Windows	None.
Fountain City	1882	4,000 00	8x12	10x14	Stove	Ventilator	None.
Florence	1883	85,000 00	5x8	20x20	Stove	Windows	Engine house.
Wood	1883	85,000 00	5x8	20x20	Stove	Windows	Engine house.
Fond du Lac	1878	350 00	5x8	12x12	Stove	Ventilator	City water.
Brick and stone	1882	300 00	5x8	12x12	Stove	Ventilator	Fire proof.
Fox Lake	1882	200 00	7x8	7x12	Stove	Windows	None.
Wood	1880	150 00	7x8	7x12	Stove	Windows	None.
Wood	1889	150 00	7x8	7x12	Stove	Windows	None.
Glidden	1883	150 00	8x14	10x16	Stove	Windows	None.
Wood	1879	250 00	8x14	10x16	Stove	Windows	None.
Grand Rapids	1879	250 00	8x14	10x16	Stove	Windows	None.
Wood	1879	250 00	8x14	10x16	Stove	Windows	None.
Hewn timber	1879	800 00	12x16	12x16	Stove	Ventilator	None.

Police Stations.

POLICE STATIONS—Continued.

Name of place.	Material of which constructed.	Date when constructed.	Cost including additions.	No. of cells.	Size of each cell (feet).	Size of outer room.	Capacity.	How heated.	How ventilated.	Safeguards against fire.
Gratiot.....	Wood.....	1890	150 00	2	6x8	10x12	2	Stove.....	Windows.....	None.
Gile.....	Wood.....	1886	150 00	2	7x9	10x14	4	Stove.....	Windows.....	None.
Green Bay, W.....	Stone and iron.....	1860	.....	4	6x8	7x10	4	Stove.....	Windows.....	Fire department.
Glenwood.....	Stone.....	.....	.....	3	6x7	5x18	3	Stove.....	Window.....	Fire company.
Hammond.....	Wood.....	1892	600 00	3	7x11	9x11	3	Stove.....	Windows.....	None.
Hayward.....	Stone and iron.....	1885	175 00	3	6x8	12x24	10	Stove.....	Windows.....	None.
Hillside.....	Stone and wood.....	.....	350 00	3	10x10	25x60	6	Stove.....	Windows.....	Engine house.
Hillsboro.....	Wood.....	1885	130 00	2	7x9	4x6	3	Stove.....	Windows.....	None.
Hortonville.....	Wood.....	1887	200 00	2	6x8	6x14	6	Stove.....	Windows.....	None.
Hurley.....	Wood.....	1887	300 00	2	6x8	6x8	6	Stove.....	Windows.....	None.
Independence.....	Wood.....	1887	2,000 00	6	7x8	9x22	12	Stove.....	Flues.....	Fire department.
Iron River.....	Wood.....	1897	7,450 00	2	7x7	13x23	4	Stove.....	Windows.....	Fire department.
Iron Belt.....	Wood.....	1892	140 00	2	6x8	5x11	10	Stove.....	Windows.....	None.
Janesville.....	Stone and wood.....	1892	300 00	2	7x7	15x16	4	Stove.....	Windows.....	None.
Kalkaska.....	Brick and iron.....	1888	850 00	5	4x8	7x18	5	Stove.....	Windows.....	Engine house.
Kilbourn.....	Brick and iron.....	1894	600 00	2	7x7	14x16	4	Stove.....	Windows.....	None.
Kiel.....	Wood.....	1893	1,900 00	2	8x10	20x40	8	Stove.....	Windows.....	In engine house.
Kingston.....	Stone.....	1892	150 00	2	6 1/2 x 8	5x11	2	Stove.....	Windows.....	Fire proof.
La Crosse No.1.....	Brick and stone.....	1891	City hall	6	.....	10x20	30	Steam.....	Windows.....	Fire proof.
La Crosse No.2.....	Brick and iron.....	1884	En. house	4	.....	12x12	10	.....	Windows.....	Fire proof.
La Crosse (10th ward).....	Brick.....	1893	500 00	2	7x9	10x12	10	Steam.....	Windows.....	Fire proof.
Lake Mills.....	Wood.....	1894	100 00	2	8x12	None	2	Stove.....	Windows.....	None.
Lake Geneva.....	Wood.....	1895	800 00	2	6x7	4x14	4	Stove.....	Windows.....	City water.
Lake Valley.....	Wood.....	1894	150 00	2	6x8	8x12	2	Stove.....	Windows.....	None.
Lane Rock.....	Wood.....	1898	1,200 00	2	6x8	18x20	2	Stove.....	Windows.....	None.
Le Roy.....	Wood.....	1890	1,200 00	2	6x7	7x9	2	Stove.....	Windows.....	None.
Little Chute.....	Wood.....	1897	150 00	2	8x10	4x6	3	Stove.....	Windows.....	None.
Lynville.....	Brick and wood.....	1890	1,700 00	2	6x7	10x12	4	Stove.....	Windows.....	None.
Madison.....	Wood.....	1890	1,150 00	4	5x10	5x10	4	Stove.....	Windows.....	None.
Manitowoc.....	Brick.....	1866	2,500 00	2	5x7	16x18	8	Stove.....	Windows.....	Engine house adjacent.
Manitowoc.....	Brick and iron.....	.....	500 00	4	6x8	8x12	8	Stove.....	Windows.....	Engine house, adjacent.
Marshfield.....	Wood.....	1897	400 00	2	6x7	8x16	4	Stove.....	Windows.....	None.

Statistics.

Marathon	Wood	1898	900 00	2	10x10	20x20	4	Stove	Windows	None.	None.
Marinette	Brick	1898	1,100 00	4	5x8	10x16	10	Stove	Windows	Engine house adjacent.	None.
Mayville	Wood	1891	150 00	2	8x10	12x20	2	Stove	Windows	None.	None.
Montello	Wood	1898	50 00	1	8x12	None	10	None	Windows	None.	None.
Muscoda	Wood	1874	850 00	1	6x8	6x8	2	Stove	Windows	None.	None.
Mazon	Stone	1872	225 00	2	6x12	5x7	3	Stove	Windows	Fireproof.	None.
Mellen	Wood	1893	700 00	2	6x8	10x16	4	Stove	Windows	None.	None.
Menasha	Brick and wood	1895	18,000 00	2	7x11	10x15	6	Stove	Windows	In engine house.	None.
Monticello	Stone	1891	150 00	1	5x7	5x11	4	Stove	Windows	Fireproof.	None.
Mount Horeb	Stone	1895	125 00	1	12x14	Hall	2	None	Windows	Fireproof.	None.
Merrill	Brick	1898	25,000 00	3	5x8	Hall	24	Steam	Windows	Water works.	None.
Merrillan	Wood	1893	300 00	1	8x12	7x12	4	Stove	Windows	None.	None.
Milwaukee	Brick, stone and iron	1895	37,000 00	28	5x8	Cor'dor	56	Steam	Direct	Fire department adjacent.	None.
"Central"	Brick, stone and iron	1891	35,000 00	28	5x8	Cor'dor	50	Steam	Direct	Watchmar	None.
Milwaukee	Stone, brick and iron	1896	38,000 00	21	5x7	6x40	16	Steam	Direct	Fireproof.	None.
"N. W. Side"	Wood	1892	150 00	2	6x8	6x12	2	Stove	Opening	None.	None.
Maiden Rock	Wood	1884	400 00	1	10x12	3x40	1	Stove	Windows	Fire extinguisher.	None.
Mason	Wood	1893	700 00	2	6x8	12x16	4	Stove	Windows	None.	None.
Morse	Stone	1898	275 00	1	12x11	None	4	Stove	Windows	Grenades.	None.
Mineral P't*	Wood	1898	250 00	2	7x7	1x20	4	Stove	Windows	None.	None.
Minocqua	Wood	1887	200 00	1	6x6	11x12	4	Stove	Windows	None.	None.
Mondovi	Wood	1896	3,500 00	2	12x24	12x24	6	Stove	Windows	Fireproof.	None.
Monico	Stone	1887	100 00	1	10x10	None	4	None	Windows	None.	None.
Mauston	Wood and stone	1894	27,000 00	4	5x9	10x20	4	Stove	Windows	In engine house.	None.
New Glarus	Brick and stone	1887	1,200 00	2	6x8	50x80	4	Furnace	Windows	None.	None.
Neenah	Wood and stone	1890	200 00	2	6x7	12x16	4	Stove	Windows	None.	None.
Necedah	Wood	1892	200 00	2	7x8	8x12	8	Steam	Windows	Adjoining engine house.	None.
Nellville	Brick and stone	1875	1,200 00	4	5x8	10x10	4	Stove	Windows	None.	None.
New Richm'nd	Brick and wood	1896	20,000 00	2	6x8	21x22	17	Stove	Windows	Engine house in rear.	None.
New Lisbon	Brick	1885	45,000 00	11	Cor'dor	Cor'dor	2	Steam	Shafts	Fireproof	None.
Oconomowoc	Stone and iron	1885	400 00	2	4x10	18x20	2	Stove	Windows	None.	None.
Oshkosh	Wood	1890	400 00	2	7x7	18x20	6	Stove	Windows	Hose	None.
Ogema	Wood	1898	500 00	3	6x10	5x12	4	Stove	Windows	None.	None.
Onalaska	Wood	1892	150 00	2	10x12	None	2	Stove	Windows	None.	None.
Poynette	Planks	1892	100 00	1	7x9	6x14	4	Stove	Windows	None.	None.
Pardeeville	Wood	1887	250 00	2	6x7	16x20	4	Stove	Windows	None.	None.
Palmyra	Wood	1887	200 00	2	7x8	10x14	4	Stove	Windows	None.	None.
Pence	Wood	1883	600 00	2	6x8	5x8	4	Stove	Windows	None.	None.
Pelican Lake	Wood	1895	150 00	2	6x8	5x8	4	Stove	Windows	None.	None.
Pewaunee	Wood	1895	150 00	2	6x8	5x8	4	Stove	Windows	None.	None.
Pittsville	Wood	1895	150 00	2	6x8	5x8	4	Stove	Windows	None.	None.

Police Stations.

POLICE STATIONS—Continued.

Name of place.	Material of which constructed.	Date when constructed.	Cost including additions.	No. of cells.	Size of each cell (feet).	Size of outer room.	Capacity.	How heated.	How ventilated.	Safeguards against fire.
Plainfield.....	Wood.....	1886	370 00	4	5x7	16x20	4	Stove.....	Windows.....	Good.
Platteville.....	Stones and brick.....		250 00	1	10x10	10x10	3	Stove.....	Windows.....	None.
Portage.....	Brick.....	1891	3,000 00	4	6x7	22x25	18	Stove.....	Windows.....	None.
Peshigo.....	Wood.....		150 00	2	4x7	14x16	2	Stove.....	Windows.....	None.
Potosi.....	Wood.....		150 00	2	6x11		2	Stove.....	Windows.....	None.
Prentice.....	Wood.....	1887	150 00	2	6x11		2	Stove.....	Windows.....	None.
Prescott.....	Wood.....	1881	400 00	2	4x6	9x14	10	Stove.....	Windows.....	None.
Princeton.....	Stones and iron.....	1880	800 00	2	7x9	5x14	2	Stove.....	Windows.....	Fireproof.
Plymouth.....	Stones and iron.....	1887	1,600 00	2	8x8	20x30	8	Stove.....	Windows.....	None.
Pra. du Chien.....	Brick.....	1886	250 00	5	6x7	10x20	10	Stove.....	Windows.....	Fire department.
Prairie du Sac.....	Wood.....			2			4	Stove.....	Windows.....	None.
Perkinstown.....	Wood.....	1892	300 00	2	6x8	8x12	4	Stove.....	Windows.....	None.
Racine.....	Brick and iron.....	1894	1,450 00	1	6x7	12x17		Stove.....	Windows.....	None.
Randolph.....	Wood.....	1883	1,200 00	3	7x7	8x18	8	Stove.....	Windows.....	Fireproof.
Readsburg.....	Brick and stone.....	1888	1,000 00	2	4x7	8x9	2	Stove.....	Windows.....	Chemical engine.
Reedsville.....	Wood.....	1893	1,400 00	2	6x8	8x12	2	Stove.....	Windows.....	In engine house.
Rhinelander.....	Stones.....	1888	2,500 00	6	6x8	8x14	6	Stove.....	Ventilators.....	In engine house.
Rio.....	Wood.....	1887	300 00	2	7x8	8x8	4	Stove.....	Windows.....	Fireproof.
Rice Lake.....	Wood.....	1881	300 00	3	5x9	6x8	3	Stove.....	Windows.....	None.
Ripon.....	Stones.....	1882	1,000 00	4	5x9	9x12	12	Stove.....	Windows.....	None.
River Falls.....	Wood.....	1876	50 00	2	7x8	12x16	4	Stove.....	Windows.....	Fireproof.
Richland Center.....	Wood.....		50 00	2	7x7	17x10	2	Stove.....	Windows.....	Destroyed by fire in May, '94.
Saxon.....	Wood.....	1883	300 00	2	5x8	14x18	2	Stove.....	Windows.....	None.
Schlesli'gville.....	Wood.....	1891	500 00	2	5x8	12x30	6	Stove.....	Windows.....	None.
Seymour.....	Wood.....	1880	150 00	6	12x12		6	Stove.....	Windows.....	In engine house.
Shawano.....	Wood.....		600 00	6	7x8	Hall	6	Stove.....	Windows.....	None.
Sheboygan.....	Wood and brick.....	1850	100 00	2	5x2		11	Stove.....	Windows.....	None.
Sharon.....	Wood.....	1892	500 00	3	5x2	8x9	1	Stove.....	Windows.....	None.
So. Superior.....	Wood.....	1894	500 00	3	4x7	Cor. 10x3	3	Stove.....	Windows.....	Fire department.
Superior east.....	Wood.....	1888	5,000 00	6	4x7	8x20	30	Stove.....	Windows.....	None.
Superior west.....	Brick.....	1883		3	4x7	8x20		Stove.....	Windows.....	Fire department.
So. Milwaukee.....	Wood.....	1880	150 00	2	5x9	10x12	2	Stove.....	Windows.....	None.
Shullsburg.....	Wood.....	1892	800 00	2	5x9	10x12	4	Stove.....	Windows.....	Fire department.
Spooner.....	Brick.....	1875	3,000 00	1	6x6	10x12	10	Stove.....	Windows.....	None.
Sparta.....	Brick.....	1870	1,100 00	1	8x10	16x18	4	Stove.....	Hole in roof.....	In engine house.

Statistics.

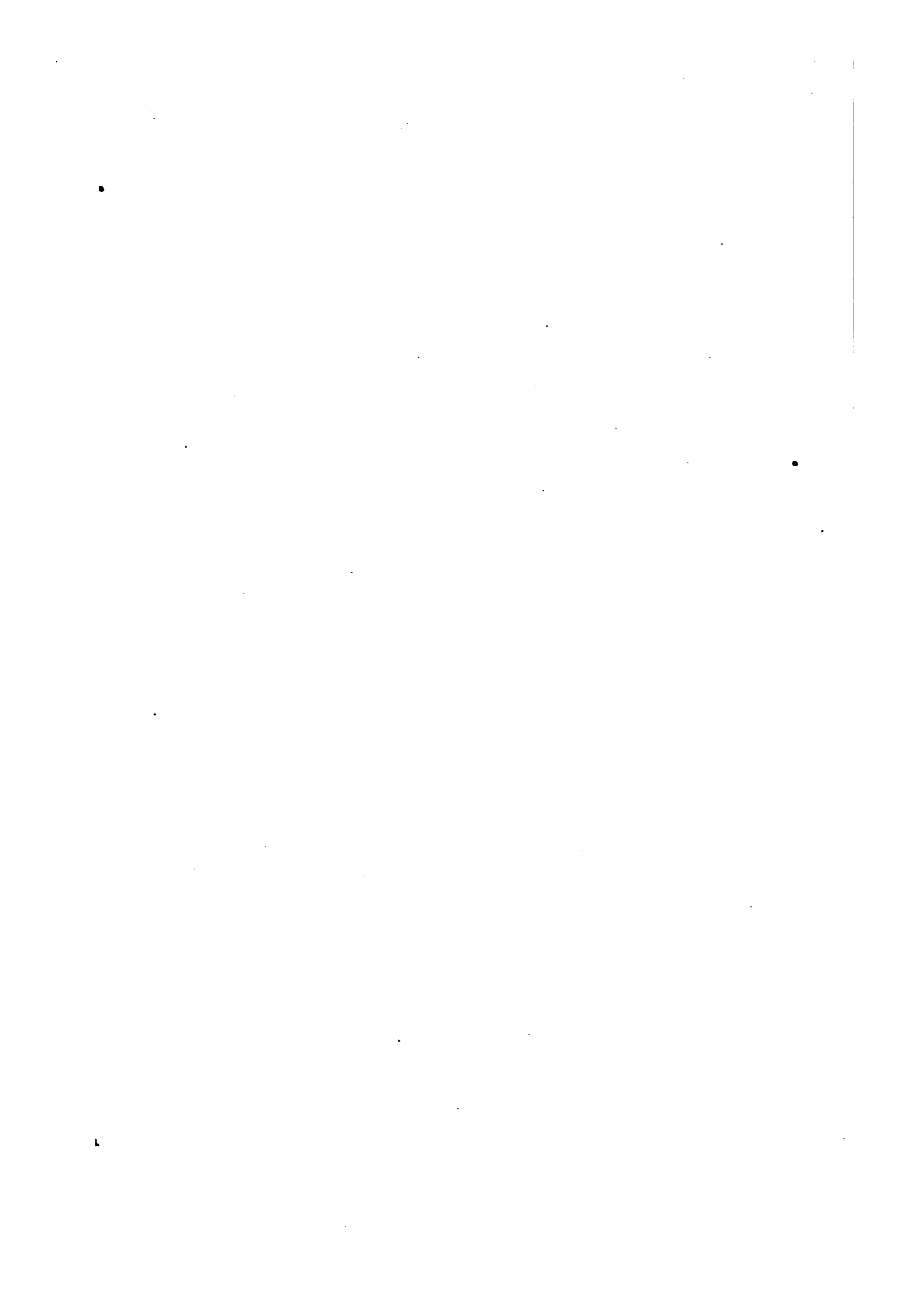
Sank City	Wood	1889	400 00	2	5x7	20x20	4 Stove	Windows	In engine house.
Spring Green	Wood	1879	1, 000 00	2	7x8	16x18	4 Stove	Windows	In engine house.
St. Croix Falls	Hewn logs	1876	250 00	3	7x8	5x15	2 Stove	Windows	None.
Stevens Point	Stone	1874	1, 000 00	4	8x8	15x21	4 Stove	Windows	Hydrant near.
No. 1	Wood	1875	1, 000 00	4	8x8	20x24	4 Stove	Windows	Hydrant near.
No. 2	Wood	1880	250 00	4	7x7	7x14	5 Stove	Windows	In engine house.
Sturgeon Bay	Wood	1875	750 00	3	{ 6x12	17x23	4 Stove	Windows	Hydrant near.
Stoughton	Wood	1895	150 00	3	5x7	5x10	6 Stove	Windows	None.
Stanley	Wood	1891	200 00	2	7x14	7x14	4 Stove	Windows	None.
Soldiers Grove	Wood	1889	450 00	2	7x14	15x18	4 Stove	Windows	None.
Tomahawk	Wood	1880	450 00	2	7x14	15x18	4 Stove	Windows	None.
Three Lakes	Wood	1888	75 00	3	6x8	8x12	3 None	None	None.
Turtle Lake	Wood	1876	9, 000 00	1	9x12	12x12	4 Stove	Windows	In engine house.
Tomah	Stone	1872	3, 000 00	2	6x11	10x14	4 Stove	Windows	Fire proof.
Trempealeau	Brick and wood	1872	3, 000 00	2	6x11	10x14	4 Stove	Windows	None.
Two Rivers	Wood	1887	150 00	2	7x8	12x16	4 Stove	Windows	None.
Upson	Wood	1887	1, 200 00	4	2, 4x8	6x7	16 Stove	Windows	Fire department.
Washburn	Brick	1879	700 00	4	{ 12, 12x8	8x12	5 Stove	Win dows & flues	Adjoining engine house.
Waupun	Stone and iron	1884	12, 000 00	4	7x15	9x38	8 Furnace	Windows	Hydrant.
Wausau	Brick and stone	1870	200 00	2	4x8	10x7	2 Stove	Windows	None.
Waterloo	Wood	1890	200 00	2	8x16	10x7	4 Stove	Windows	None.
Wauzeka	Wood	1872	500 00	4	7x10	4x8	4 Stove	Windows	None.
Weyauwega	Stone	1879	500 00	2	6x8	10x12	4 Stove	Windows	Water works.
Whitewater	Wood	1870	200 00	2	10x12	12x12	6 Stove	Windows	None.
Winnebago	Wood	1884	20, 000 00	3	5x8	5x20	6 Stove	Windows	In engine house.
Watertown	Stone and brick	1889	400 00	2	8x8	9x12	4 Stove	Windows	None.
Wenococ	Wood	1883	250 00	3	5x8	8x8	3 Stove	Windows	None.
Wittenburg	Wood	1883	600 00	2	8x7	7x13	5 Stove	Ventilator.	None.
Westboro	Wood	1888	200 00	1	8x11	1x11	2 Stove	Windows	None.
Whitehall	Wood	1893	600 00	2	7x10	20x30	4 Stove	Windows	None.
Wauaukee	Wood	1890	300 00	3	6x8	5x18	3 Stove	Windows	None.
Wrightstown	Stone and wood	1889	300 00	3	5x6	6x6	6 Stove	Windows	Fire department.
West Superior	Wood	1885	150 00	1	10x12	.....	2 Stove	Windows	None.
steel plant	Wood	1884	.....	2	5x18	12x18	2 Stove	Windows	None.
West Salem	Wood	.....	.....	2	.....	.....	.....	Windows	None.
Woodruff	Stone and brick	2	Windows	None.
Waupaca	Stone and brick	1894	2	Windows	None.

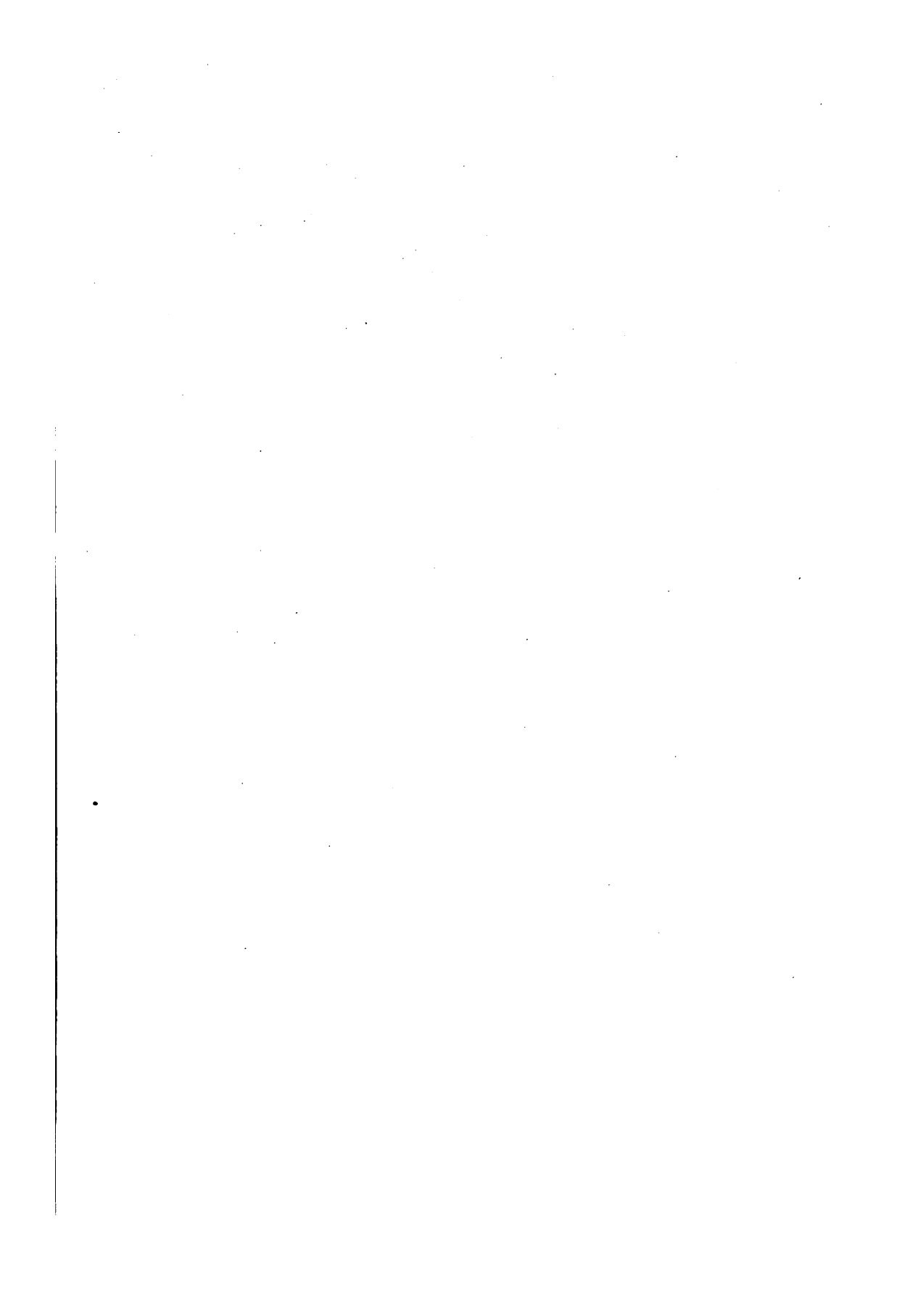


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